



Project Title: Smart Surveillance System (SSS)



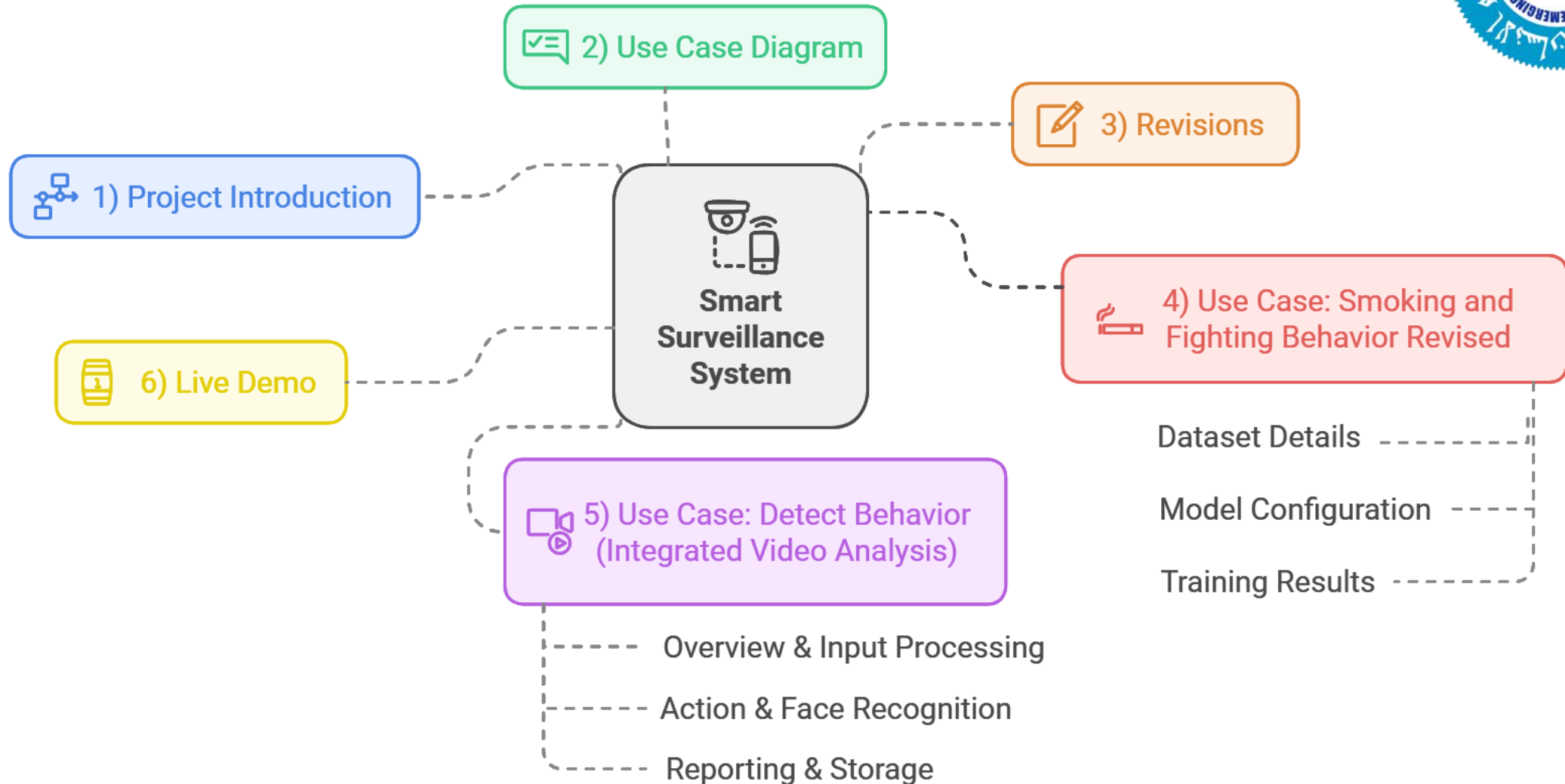
Team

| | |
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Outline

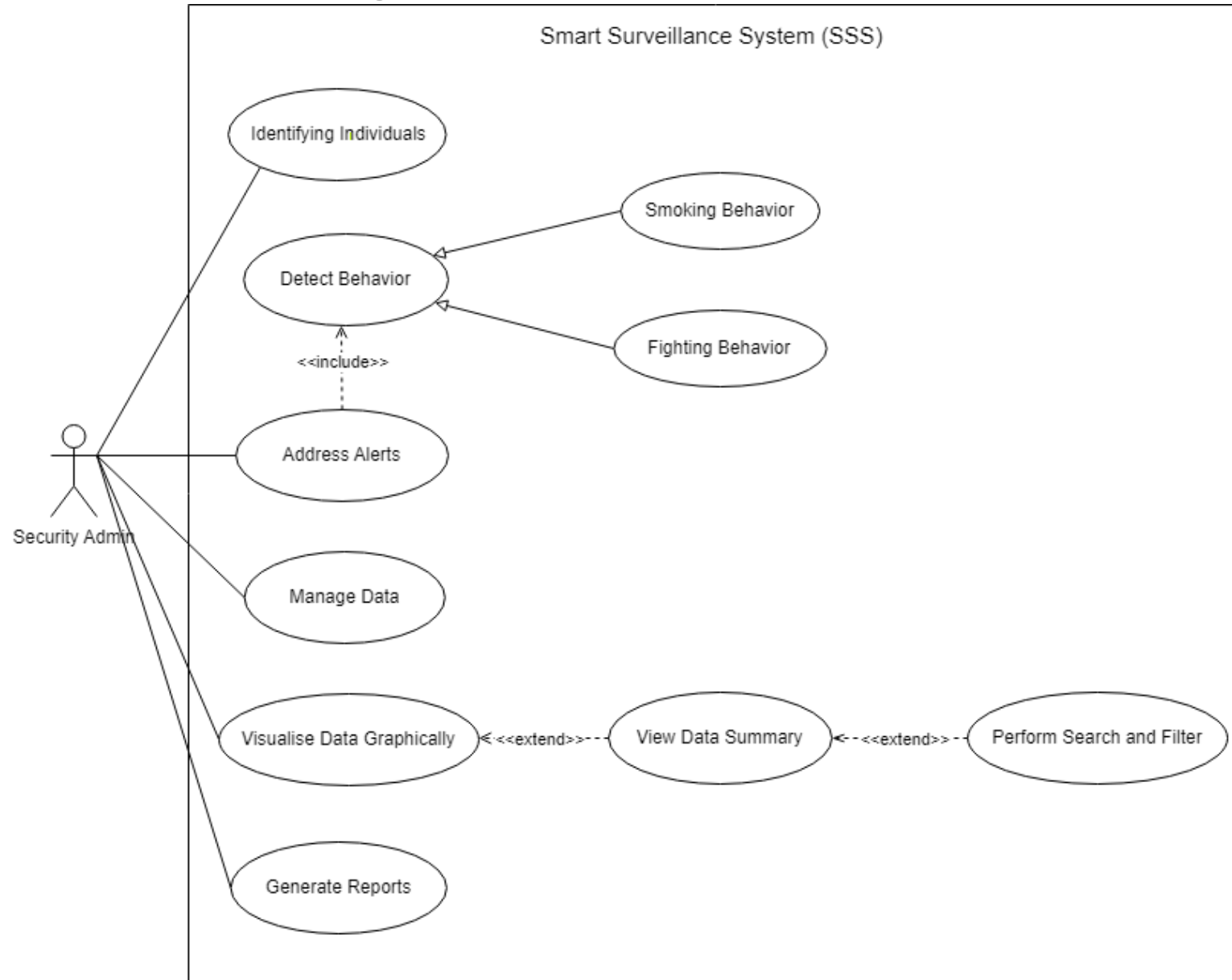


Project Introduction



SSS is a pioneering solution **addressing surveillance gaps** in university CCTV systems. It integrates **facial recognition**, computer vision, and behavior analysis for comprehensive monitoring. By proactively identifying and tracking specific behaviors, such as **smoking or fighting**, it overcomes human limitations in overseeing multiple cameras, ensuring continuous monitoring and precise risk management.

Use Case Diagram



Revisions



- **New Detection Model:**
 - **Problem:**
 - 1- Old model cannot be converted to real time application
 - 2- After action detection, facial recognition module could not identify the actual person of interest.
 - **Solution:** Spatio Temporal Action Detection model that introduces bounding boxes around individuals performing specific behaviors.
- **Dataset:** Balanced dataset with 54 videos for Smoking and 54 for Fighting.
- **Evaluation Metric:** Mean Average Precision (mAP)



Use Case: Smoking and Fighting Behavior Revised

Dataset Details



- Created a dataset of 2 classes: **Custom Smoking** and Fighting (108 Videos, 54 Each)
- Data split into training (90 videos, 45 each) and validation (18 videos, 9 each) sets for model training.
- All Data consisted of CCTV footages.
- Annotated using CVAT

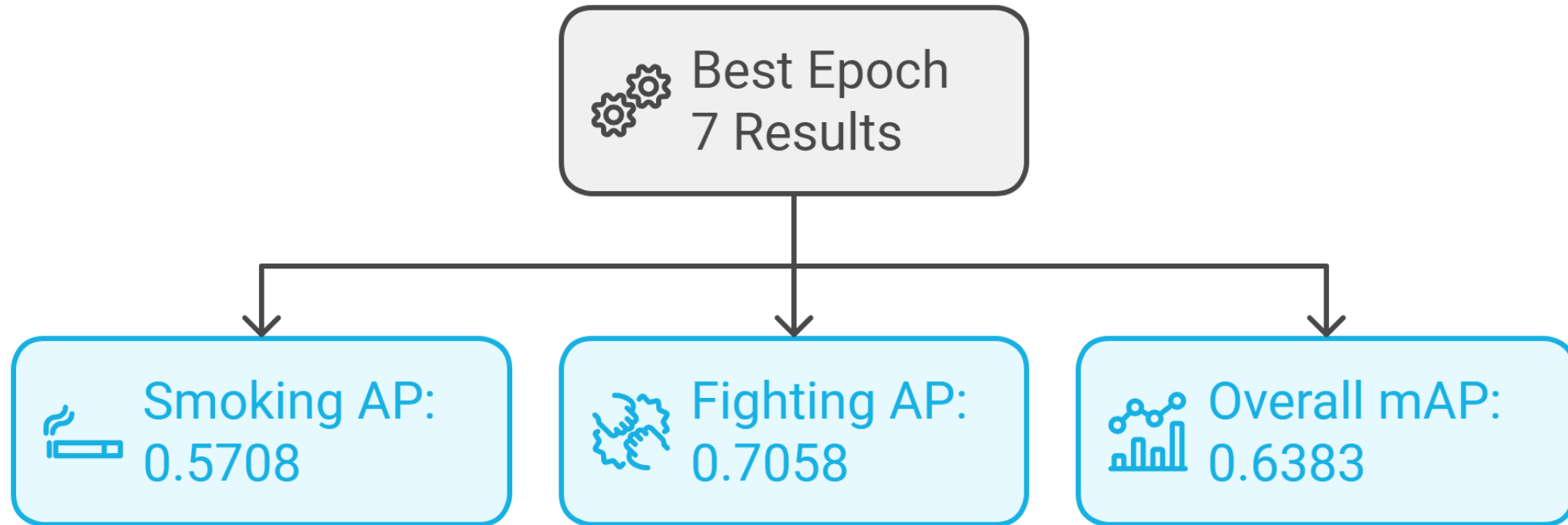


Model Configuration



- **FastRCNN with ResNet3dSlowFast backbone**, optimized for spatiotemporal action detection in videos on custom dataset.
- **Froze the first two layers** to focus on task specific features and maintain general patterns.
- Dataset based on **AVADATASET** format, provided by Google.
- Training Pipeline includes multiple **data augmentation** techniques such as Random Rescaling, Cropping, Color Jitter, and Fixed Resize.
- Used AdamW as optimizer, with weight decay (0.05), and layer-specific learning rates. Loss Function used is Cross Entropy.
- Evaluator based on **AVAMetric**: Mean Average Precision mAP score.
- **Initial Learning Rate**: 0.00001
- **Warm-Up Phase**: Gradual increase to 0.0001 over 5 epochs.
- **Cosine Annealing Decay**: Begins at epoch 5, gradually decays towards 0.000001

Training Results





Use Case: Detect Behavior

Integrated Video Analysis – Action & Face Detection



Overview & Input Processing

- Reads a video stream, extracting frames in sequence.
- A human detector (Pre-trained Faster R-CNN by MMDetection) finds people per frame
- Frames are buffered to provide temporal context for action detection.
- Each person detected gets assigned a unique ID and tracked across frames.

Integrated Video Analysis – Action & Face Detection



Action & Face Recognition

- Fine-tuned model classifies actions (smoking and fighting) based on buffered frames.
- When a high-confidence action is found for a certain temporal window, we start gathering that person's frames.
- Cropped face regions based upon bounding boxes are analyzed with face recognition to identify known individuals or label them "Unknown."

Integrated Video Analysis – Action & Face Detection



Reporting & Storage

- Once an action sequence is confirmed, evidence (cropped images) are saved locally.
- System sends results and image to a Smart Surveillance Web App server.

Surveillance Pipeline Process





Live Demo



Thank You