

Modern Complexity Theory (CS1.405)

Assignment 1

Deadline: August 27, 2024 (Tuesday), 17:00 PM

Venue for Submission: CSTAR, A3-110, Vindhya Block, IIIT Hyderabad

Total Marks: 100

**NOTE:** It is strongly recommended that no student is allowed to copy from others.

No assignment will be taken after the deadline.

Write the following while submitting ONLY HARDCOPY:

Modern Complexity Theory (CS1.405)

Assignment 1

Name:

Roll No.:

Questions

1. Determine the languages recognized by the following DFAs.

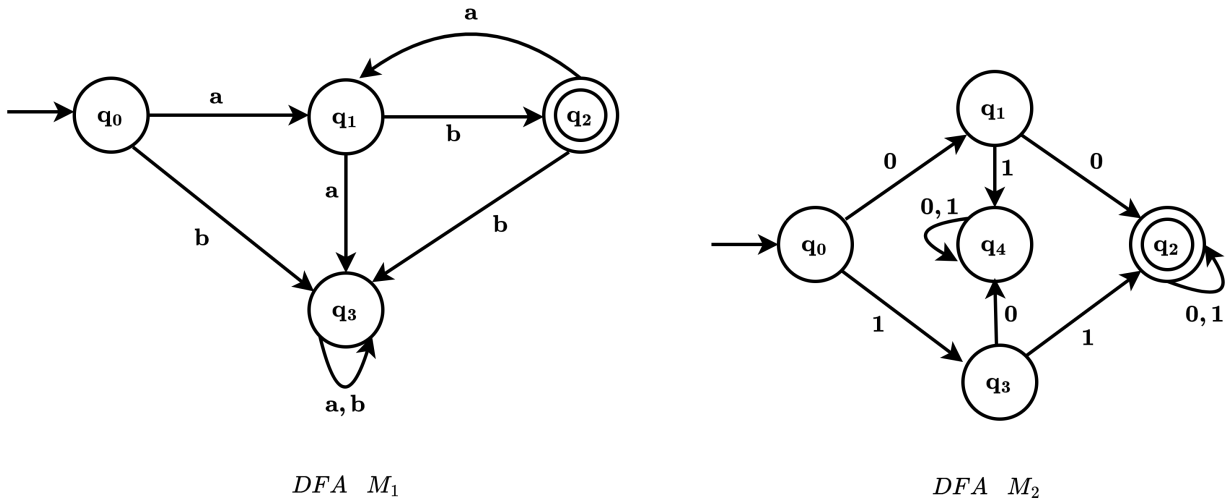


Figure 1:

2. Give state diagrams of DFAs recognizing the following languages. The alphabet is  $\{0,1\}$ .

(a)  $\{w | w \text{ is any string except } 11 \text{ and } 111\}$

(b)  $\{w | w \text{ contains an even number of } 0\text{s, or contains exactly two } 1\text{s}\}$

[(5+5)=10]

3. (a) Consider the language  $L$  over  $\{a, b\}$  which contains the strings whose lengths are from the arithmetic progression

$$P = \{2, 5, 8, 11, \dots\} = \{2 + 3n \mid n \geq 0\}.$$

That is,

$$L = \{x \in \{a, b\}^* \mid |x| \in P\}.$$

Construct a DFA recognizing  $L$ .

- (b) In general, for any arithmetic progression  $P' = \{k' + kn \mid n \geq 0\}$  with  $k, k' \in \mathbb{N}$  if we consider the language

$$L' = \{x \in \Sigma^* \mid |x| \in P'\}.$$

over an alphabet  $\Sigma$ , then design a generalized DFA that recognizes  $L'$ . [(5+5)=10]

4. (a) Prove that, if  $M$  is an NFA (Non-Deterministic Finite Automata) then  $L(M) = \{w \mid w \text{ is accepted by } M\}$  is DFA-recognizable, where  $L(M)$  is the language recognized by the NFA,  $M$ .  
(b) Prove that, FA-recognizable languages are closed under union. [(5+5)=10]
5. Show that the collection of decidable languages is closed under concatenation. [10]
6. Prove that, every nondeterministic Turing machine has an equivalent deterministic Turing machine. [10]
7. Let  $L$  be a language. Prove that,  $L$  is decidable if and only if both  $L$  and the complement  $\bar{L}$  of  $L$  are Turing-recognizable. Give an example of a language which is not decidable but Turing-recognizable. [10]
8. Show that the collection of Turing-recognizable languages is closed under intersection. [10]
9. Prove that, every language accepted by a  $k$ -tape Turing machine is also accepted by a single-tape Turing machine. [10]
10. Show that any language decided by a Turing machine TM with work tape that is infinite in both directions in  $T(n)$  steps can also be decided by a Turing machine TM with work tape infinite in only one direction in  $O(T(n))$  steps. [10]

**All the best!!!**