FINAL DELIVERABLES PROJECT REPORT

TEAM ID	PNT2022TMID49419	
PROJECT TITLE	IOT BASED SMART CROP PROTECTION SYSTEM	
	FOR AGRICULTURE	

OBJECTIVES:

Agriculture is the backbone of the economy but because of animal interface in agricultural lands, there will be huge loss of crops. This paper monitor and protection procedure for farm safety against animal attacks. It is proposed to develop a smart agriculture system that makes use of technologies such as ARDUINO, IOT and WSN. The feature of this paper incudes development of a system which can monitor temperature, humidity, water level and even the movement of animals through SENSORS using ARDUINO board. In case of any obstacle detected sends a notification to the application developed for the same to the farmer's smartphone using Wi-Fi. Hence, every time farmer will get to know the changes his farm. This project will be more help ful for the farmer's welfare.

Design Methodology:

The most important factors needed are Internet, Arduino UNO, sensors such as temperature sensor, humidity sensor, u v sensor, u v cameras for image processing, wi-fi module, GSM module, PIR sensor, motion detector and a smartphone that is connected to the internet and the Arduino. All the sensors are connected to the Arduino and are placed at its specific coverage distances. The temperature and humidity levels are monitored and graphs are updated every 1 hour. If the humidity level and temperature increase or decreases from its normal level an intimation is sent in the form of message and mail to the connected smartphone. The graphs of these are stored in the cloud for future references. The PIR sensor and UV sensors detect the motion of animals and birds for a particular range. The thermal radiation temperature of humans at different ages is fed to the system so there won't be any false alarm. If any invasion of animals is found, the u v camera focuses on the region and the processed image is sent to the farmer. After seeing the image of the animal that entered, they can decide to take any actions. A fence is built around the field to prevent large animals from entering where the sensors are placed at all the corners of the field fully covering the entire region.

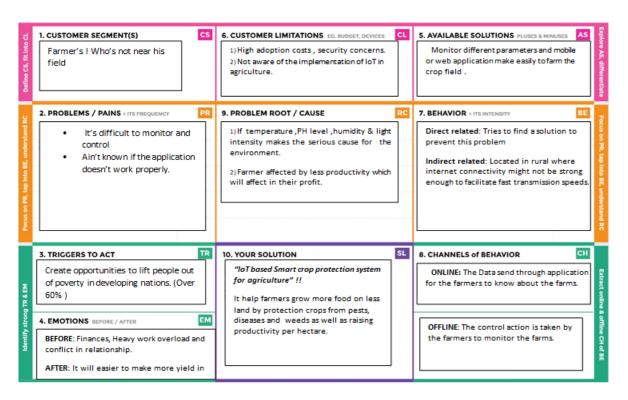
Implementation:

Firstly, we should create codes for connecting the sensors to the Arduino and connecting the Arduino to the Wi-fi module and connecting them to the Internet. Then we should create codes to monitor and intimate messages about humidity and temperature on a regular basis, and codes should be written for PIR sensor and UV sensor to make sure that the motion detection of animals is being intimidated and preventive measures are taken. The preventive measure for every problem should be given according to the problem that arose and the codes for every problem and their solution should be fed on the cloud to access and as a result if the person doesn't know what to do in this type of situation then they can refer to the solutions. Codes should be written to not to intimate humans and also there should be power backup for the system to function efficiently. The backup system is solar and all the products used should consume less power and function more efficiently. The system should be made in a way that it can function more effectively even when there is very low data rate. The program should be coded in such a way.

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Problem Statement (PS)	I am (Customer)	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1	Farmer	Monitor my crops	There are some disturbances	Of birds, animals & insects	Very frustrated and depressed about my field
PS-2	Farmer	Prevent animals from attacking my field	There is no easy and helpful technology	Of many kinds of birds & animals attack according to the type of cultivation	Unable to do anything many times

PROPOSED SOLUTION FIT:



REQUIRED SOFTWARE:

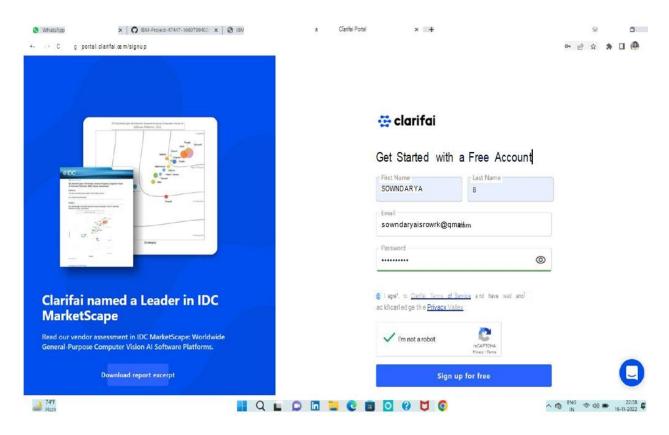
- CLARIFAI
- IBM WATSON IOT PLATFORM
- PYTHON IDLE
- NODE RED
- MIT APP INVENTOR

CLARIFAI:

Clarifai provides an end-to-end platform with the easiest to use UI and API in the market. Clarifai Inc. is an artificial intelligence (AI) company that specializes in computer vision and uses machine learning and deep neural networks to identify and images and videos. The company offers its solution via API, mobile SDK, and on-premise solutions.

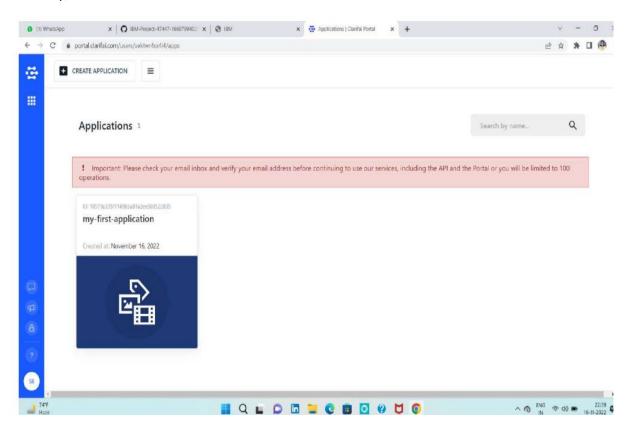
STEP 1:

• Open Clarifai portal in web browser.



STEP 2:

Finally, Created an account



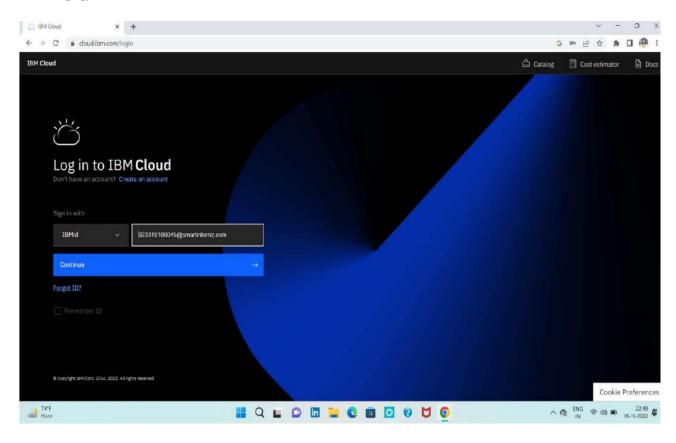
IBM WATSON IOT PLATFORM:

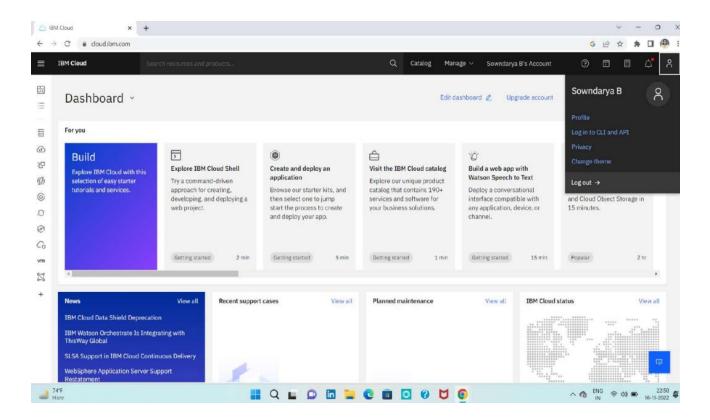
We need to have basic knowledge of the following cloud services:

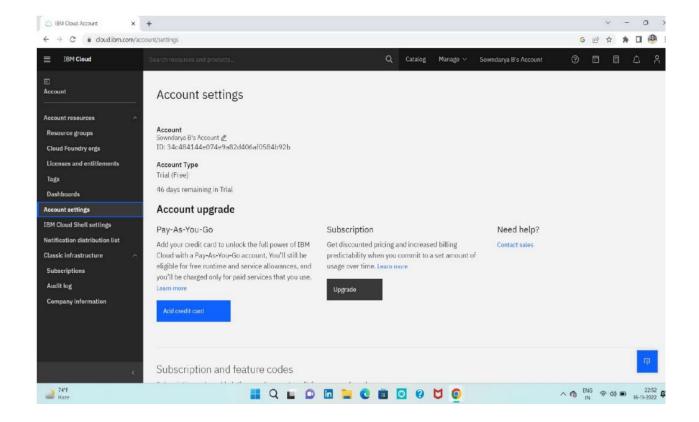
- IBM Watson IoT Platform
- Node-RED Service
- Cloudant DB

We need to create an IBM Cloud Account to complete this project.

LOGIN:







PYTHON IDLE INSTALLATION:

Python is a computer programming language often used to build websites and software, automate tasks, and conduct data analysis. Python is a general- purpose language, meaning it can be used to create a variety of different programs and isn't specialized for any specific problems.

STEP 1:

• Python is installed successfully

```
| Python 3.8.4 (tags/v3.8.4:dfa645a, Jul 13 2020, 16:46:45) [MSC v.1924 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32 Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.

>>> print("hello world")

>>> |
```

STEP 2:

- The required python libraries are installed.
- Watson IoT Python SDK to connect to IBM Watson IoT Platform using python code is installed
- pip install wiotp-sdk

- Python client library for IBM Text to Speech is installed
- pip install –upgrade "ibm-watson>=5.0.0

```
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Collecting like witton-5.0.0"
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- Required Libraries for cloud object storage is installed.
- pip install ibm-cos-sdk

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• pip install -U ibm-cos-sdk



• pip install boto3

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pip install resources

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C. Miscolar resources (0.1; te
```

pip install cloudant

```
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```

DATA FROM PYTHON TO IBM:

Python code to generate random data and pass it to IBM Watson IoT platform

Source Code:

import time import sys

```
import ibmiotf.application import ibmiotf.device import random
```

```
#Provide your IBM Watson Device
Credentialsorganization = "wu5b55"
deviceType = "crop1"
deviceId = "1234"
authMethod =
"token" authToken =
"1234567890"
# Initialize
GPIOtry:
      deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id":
deviceId, "auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
      deviceCli =
      ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
except Exception as e:
      print("Caught exception connecting
      device: %s" % str(e))sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the
cloud as an event of type"greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.conn
ect()while
True:
   temp=random.randint(0,
   100)
```

```
Hum=random.randint(0,1
          00)
          moisture=random.randint
          (0,100)
          data = { 'temperature' : temp, 'Humidity': Hum, 'Moisture':moisture }
def myOnPublishCallback():
            print ("Temperature = " + str(temp)+" C Humidity = " +
       str(hum)+ " moisture = " +str(moisture) + "to IBM Watson")
          success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor",
       "json", data, qos=0,on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
          if not success:
            print("Not connected to
          IoTF")time.sleep(10)
          deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
       # Disconnect the device and application
       from the clouddeviceCli.disconnect()
```

DATA GENERATION IOT PLATFORM:

Source code is deployed on IBM Watson IoT platform to generate sensor data.

Source Code:

{

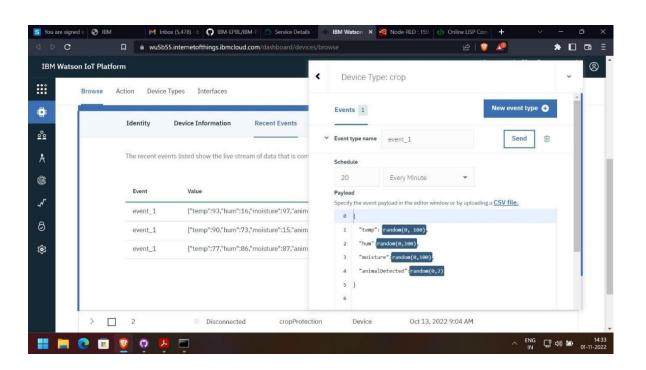
"temperature": random(0, 100),

} "humidity": random(0, 100),

"moisture": random(0, 100),

Output:

"animalDetected":random(0,2)



PYTHON CODE TO IBM:

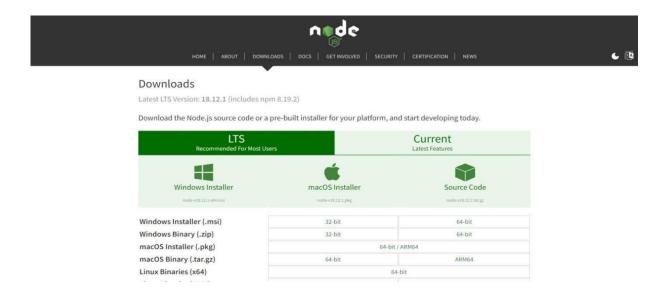
import time

```
import sys
import ibmiotf.application
import ibmiotf.device import
random
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "wu5b55"
deviceType = "crop1"
deviceId = "1234"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "1234567890"
# Initialize GPIO
try:
      deviceOptions={"org":organization,"type":deviceType,"id":
deviceId, "auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}deviceCli =
      ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions) #.....
except Exception as e:
      print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as
an event of type "greeting" 10 times
deviceCli.connect()
```

```
while True:
        #Get Sensor Data from DHT11
        temp=random.randint(0,100)
        Hum=random.randint(0,100)
        moisture=random.randint(0,100)
        data = { 'temperature' : temp, 'Humidity': Hum,
 'Moisture':moisture }
#print data
        def myOnPublishCallback():
            print ("Temperature = " + str(temp)+" C Humidity = " +
str(hum)+ " moisture = " + str(moisture) + "to IBM Watson")
        success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0,
 on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
        if not success:
            print("Not connected to IoTF")
        time.sleep(10)
        deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
 deviceCli.disconnect()
```

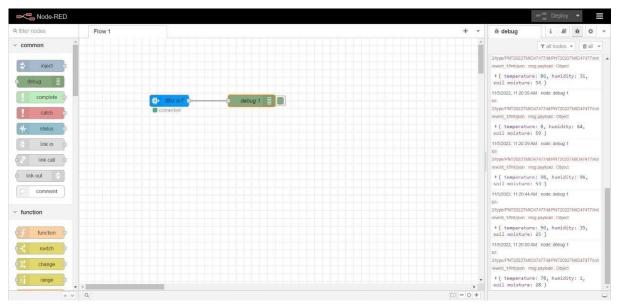
NODE-JS CONNECTION:

STEP1: Download and Install NODE JS.

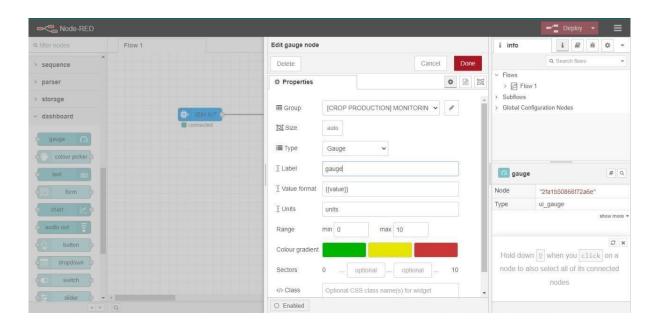


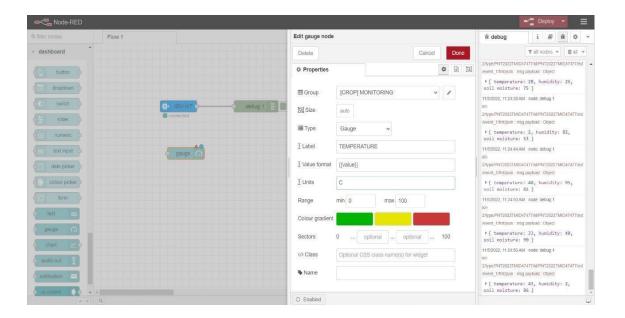
STEP2: Setup node.js and configure command prompt for error check. open node-red from the generated link.

STEP3: Connect IBM IOT in and Debug 1 and Deploy.



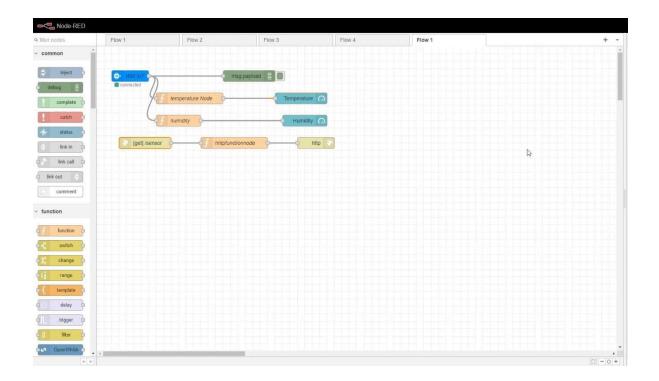
STEP4: Edit gauge node (Here the gauge nodes are named as Temperature, Humidity and Soilmoisture).





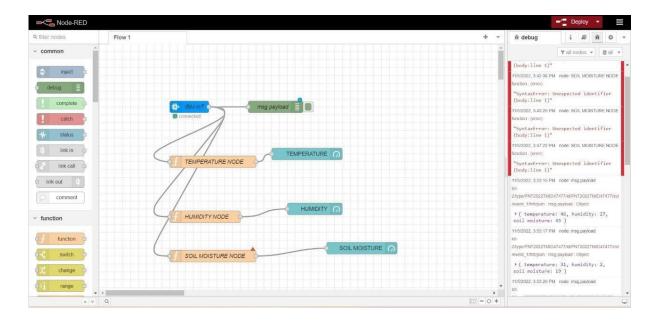
SIMULATION:

STEP1: Simulated program to get the random values



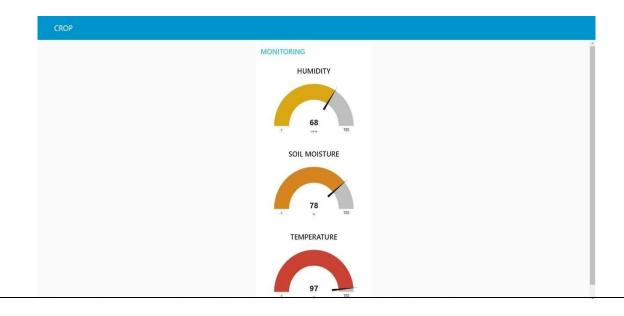
STEP2:

Generate debug message from IBM Watson IoT Platform and connect the nodes.



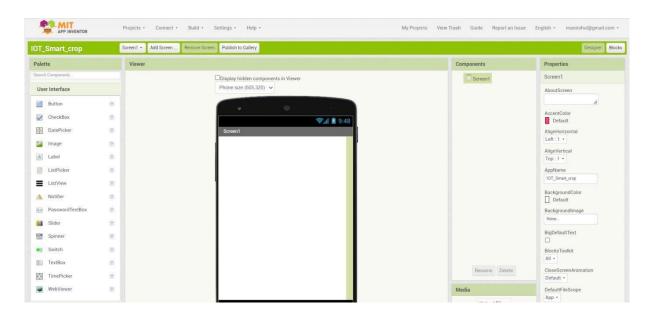
STEP3: Generate the some output from recent events.



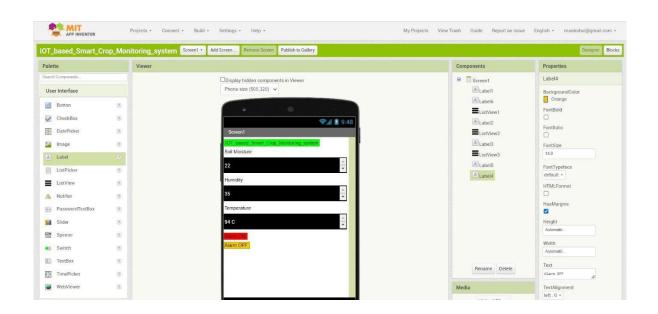


MIT APP INVENTOR:

STEP 1: MIT APP inventor to design the APP.



STEP 2: Customize the App interface to Display the Values.



ADVANTAGES:

- Farmers can monitor the health of farm animals closely, even if they are physically distant.
- Smart farming systems reduce waste, improve productivity and enable management of a greater number of resources through remote sensing.
- High reliance.
- Enhanced Security.

DISADVANTAGES:

- Farms are located in remote areas and are far from access to the internet.
- A farmer needs to have access to crop data reliably at any time from any location, so connection issues would cause an advanced monitoring system to be useless.
- High Cost
- Equipment needed to implement IoT in agriculture is expensive.

APPLICATIONS:

- Monitoring the crop field with the help of sensors (light, humidity, temperature, soil moisture, etc.)
- Automating the irrigation system
- Soil Moisture Monitoring (including conductivity and pH)

CONCLUSION:

AS a result of this system, we can detect the changes in the field easily and intimate the farmers about it and also we can take precautions and do remedies accordingly. Here we use very low power consuming highly efficient components that give us accurate results and also they perform at low data rate conditions without any lag and help in finding the remedies. This crop protection system helps in detection of all kinds of external dangers and it saves time and money to the farmers before any loss that may occur. With the help of this system the farmers can be in a peaceful environment at ease without any pressure.

GITHUB LINK: IBM-Project-10070-1659090292/LITERATURE SURYVEY.docx at main · IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-10070-1659090292 (github.com)	
DEMO VIDEO:	