#### Assignment -2

Assignment Date	27 September 2022	
Team ID	PNT2022TMID32006	
Project Name	DemandEst- Al Powered Food	
	Demand Forecaster	
Student Name	MATHIVANAN R	
Student Roll Number	731619104032	
Maximum Marks	2 Marks	

#### Question-1. Download dataset

#### **Solution:**

vNuml	Customer	Surname	CreditSco	Geograph	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfPrcHa	sCrCard IsA	ctiveM	Estimated Exi	ted
1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0	1	1	1	101348.9	1
2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.6	0
3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.8	3	1	0	113931.6	1
4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0	2	0	0	93826.63	0
5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.8	1	1	1	79084.1	0
6	15574012	Chu	645	Spain	Male	44	8	113755.8	2	1	0	149756.7	1
7	15592531	Bartlett	822	France	Male	50	7	0	2	1	1	10062.8	0
8	15656148	Obinna	376	Germany	Female	29	4	115046.7	4	1	0	119346.9	1
9	15792365	He	501	France	Male	44	4	142051.1	2	0	1	74940.5	0
10	15592389	H?	684	France	Male	27	2	134603.9	1	1	1	71725.73	0
11	15767821	Bearce	528	France	Male	31	6	102016.7	2	0	0	80181.12	0
12	15737173	Andrews	497	Spain	Male	24	3	0	2	1	0	76390.01	0
13	15632264	Kay	476	France	Female	34	10	0	2	1	0	26260.98	0
14	15691483	Chin	549	France	Female	25	5	0	2	0	0	190857.8	0
15	15600882	Scott	635	Spain	Female	35	7	0	2	1	1	65951.65	0
16	15643966	Goforth	616	Germany	Male	45	3	143129.4	2	0	1	64327.26	0
17	15737452	Romeo	653	Germany	Male	58	1	132602.9	1	1	0	5097.67	1
18	15788218	Henderso	549	Spain	Female	24	9	0	2	1	1	14406.41	0
19	15661507	Muldrow	587	Spain	Male	45	6	0	1	0	0	158684.8	0
20	15568982	Нао	726	France	Female	24	6	0	2	1	1	54724.03	0
21	15577657	McDonald	732	France	Male	41	. 8	0	2	1	1	170886.2	0
22	15597945	Dellucci	636	Spain	Female	32	8	0	2	1	0	138555.5	0
23	15699309	Gerasimo	510	Spain	Female	38	4	0	1	1	0	118913.5	1
24	15725737	Mosman	669	France	Male	46	3	0	2	0	1	8487.75	0
25	15625047	Yen	846	France	Female	38	5	0	1	1	1	187616.2	0
26	15738191	Maclean	577	France	Male	25	3	0	2	0	1	124508.3	0
27	15736816	Young	756	Germany	Male	36	2	136815.6	1	1	1	170042	0
28	15700772	Nebechi	571	France	Male	44	9	0	2	0	0	38433.35	0
29	15728693	McWillian	574	Germany	Female	43	3	141349.4	1	1	1	100187.4	0
30	15656300	Lucciano	411	France	Male	29	0	59697.17	2	1	1	53483.21	0
31	15589475	Azikiwe	591	Spain	Female	39	3	0	3	1	0	140469.4	1
32	15706552	Odinakacl	533	France	Male	36	7	85311.7	1	0	1	156731.9	0
33	15750181	Sanderso	553	Germany	Male	41	9	110112.5	2	0	0	81898.81	0
34	15659428	Maggard	520	Spain	Female	42	6	0	2	1	1	34410.55	0
35	15732963	Clements	722	Spain	Female	29	9	0	2	1	1	142033.1	0
36	15794171	Lombardo	475	France	Female	45	0	134264	1	1	0	27822.99	1
37	15788448	Watson	490	Spain	Male	31	3	145260.2	1	0	1	114066.8	0
38	15729599	Lorenzo	804	Spain	Male	33	7	76548.6	1	0	1	98453.45	0
39	15717426	Armstron	850	France	Male	36	7	0	1	1	1	40812.9	0
40	15585768	Cameron	582	Germany	Male	41	6	70349.48	2	0	1	178074	0

#### Question-2. Load the dataset

#### **Solution:**

import numpy as np import
pandas as pd import seaborn
as sns import
matplotlib.pyplot as plt import
sklearn
data = pd.read\_csv(r'Churn\_Modelling.csv') df.head

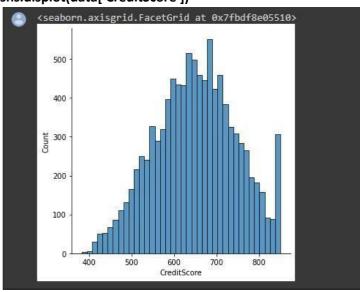
< bound	method	NDFrame.he	ead of Ro	owNumber	Custo	merId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Ag
0		1 15634	4602 Hargrave		619	France	Female	42			
1		2 1564	7311 Hill		608	Spain	Female	41			
2		3 15619	93 <b>0</b> 4 Onio	9	502	France	Female	42			
3		4 1570:	1354 Bon:	Ĺ	699						
4		5 1573	7888 Mitchell	Ĺ	850	Spain	Female	43			
		501 125001F0V		2				*****			
9995	99	96 1560	6229 Obijiaku	i	771	France	Male	39			
9996	99	97 15569	9892 Johnstone	2	516	France	Male	35			
9997	99	98 1558	4532 Liu	ı	709	France	Female	36			
9998	99	99 1568	2355 Sabbatin	Ĺ	772	Germany	Male	42			
9999	100	00 15628	8319 Walker	,	792	France	Female	28			
	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProduct:	HasCrCa	rd I	sActiveMe	mber \				
0	2	0.00			1		1				
1	1	83807.86		Ĺ	0		1				
2	8	159660.80		3	1		0				
3		0.00		2	0		0				
4	2	125510.82		Ĺ	1		1				
	***		5.50		100						
9995	5	0.00		2	1		0				
9996	10	57369.61		L	1		1				
9997	7			Ĺ	0		1				
9998	3	75075.31		2	1		0				
9999	4	130142.79			1		0				
	Estimat	edSalary (	Exited								
0	1	01348.88	1								
1	1	12542.58	0								
2	1	13931.57	1								
3	- 47	93826.63	0								
4	10	79084.10	0								
9995	15	96270.64	0								
9996	1	01699.77	0								
9997	004	42085.58	1								
9998	59	92888.52	1								
9999		38190.78	0								

#### **Question-3.** Perform Below Visualizations.

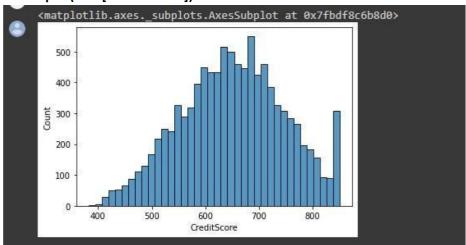
#### 3.1 Univariate Analysis

#### **Solution:**

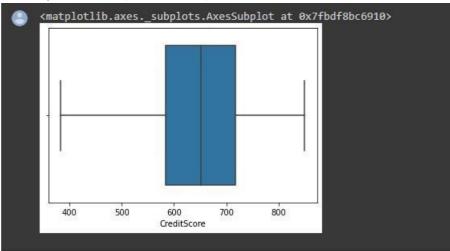
#### sns.displot(data['CreditScore'])



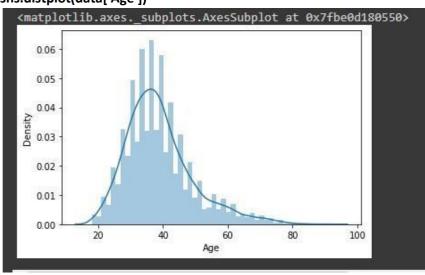
#### sns.histplot(data['CreditScore'])

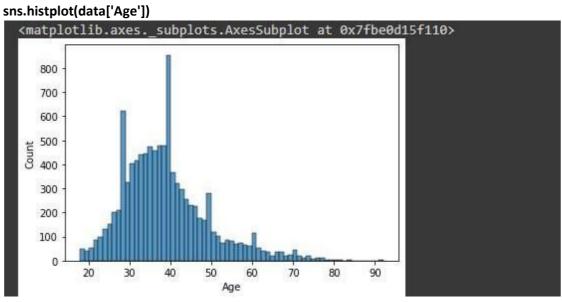


#### sns.boxplot(x = data['CreditScore'])

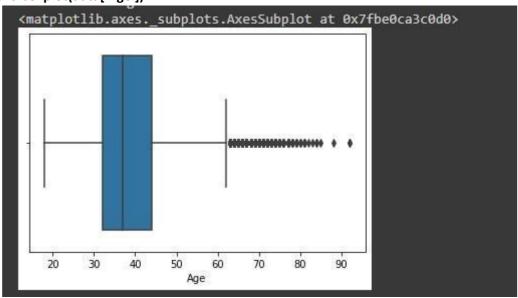


#### sns.distplot(data['Age'])





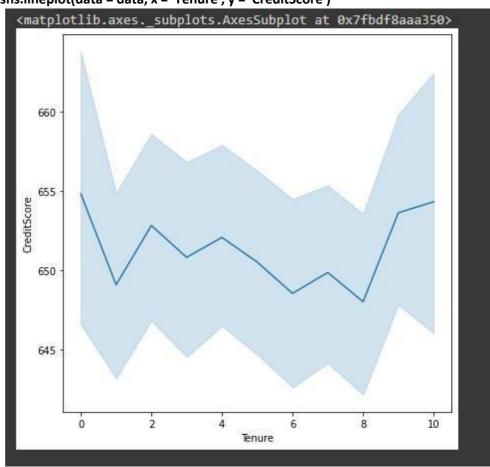
#### sns.boxplot(data['Age'])



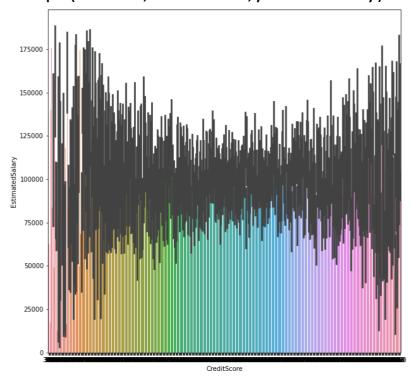
#### 3.2 Bivariate Analysis

#### **Solution:**

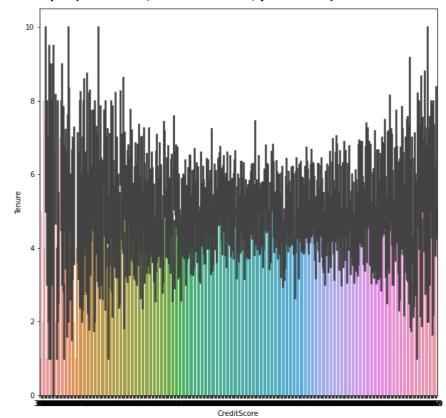
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sns.lineplot(data = data, x = 'Tenure', y = 'CreditScore')



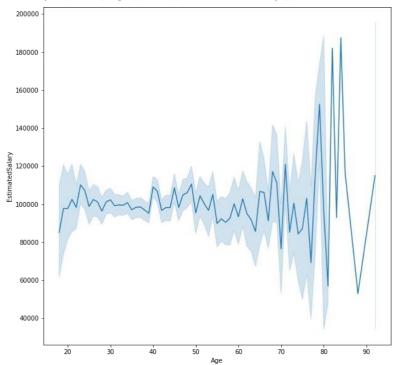
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'EstimatedSalary')



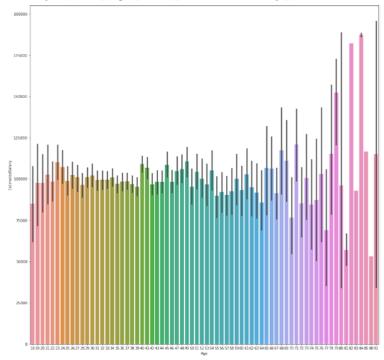
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Tenure')



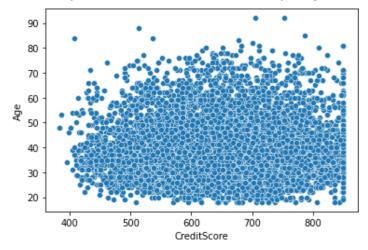
## plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)) sns.lineplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])



plt.figure(figsize=(17,17))
sns.barplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])

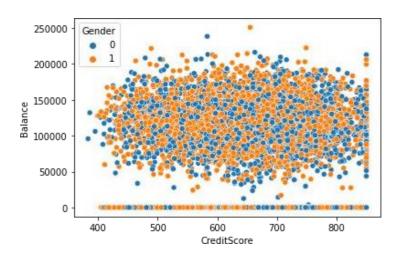


#### sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Age')

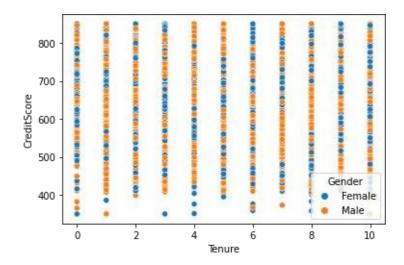


#### 3.3 Multivariate Analysis

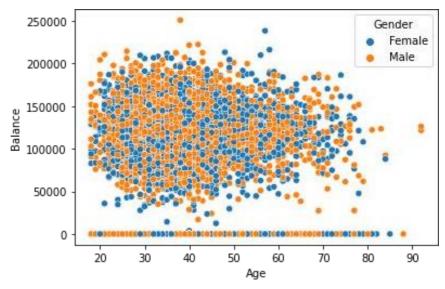
Solution: sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Balance', hue = 'Gender')



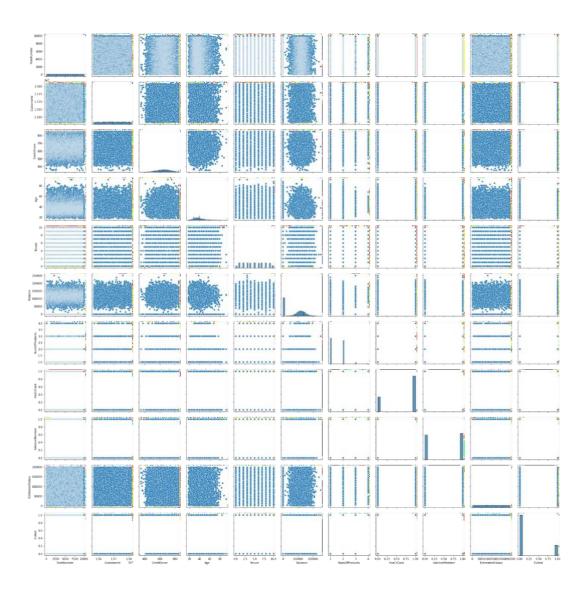
sns.scatterplot(data['Tenure'], data['CreditScore'], hue = data['Gender'])



sns.scatterplot(data['Age'], data['Balance'], hue = data['Gender'])



sns.pairplot(data)



Question-4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

#### Solution: data.mean(numeric\_only

#### = True)

RowNumber 5.000500e+03 CustomerId 1.569094e+07 CreditScore 6.505288e+02 Age 3.892180e+01 Tenure 5.012800e+00 Balance 7.648589e+04 NumOfProducts 1.530200e+00 HasCrCard 7.055000e-01 IsActiveMember 5.151000e-01 EstimatedSalary 1.000902e+05 2.037000e-01 Exited dtype: float64

#### data.median(numeric\_only = True)

RowNumber 5.000500e+03
CustomerId 1.569074e+07
CreditScore 6.520000e+02
Age 3.700000e+01
Tenure 5.000000e+00
Balance 9.719854e+04
NumOfProducts 1.000000e+00
HasCrCard 1.000000e+00
ISActiveMember 1.000000e+00
EstimatedSalary 1.001939e+05
Exited 0.000000e+00

dtype: float64

#### data['CreditScore'].mode()

0 850 dtype: int64

#### data['EstimatedSalary'].mode()

0 24924.92 dtype: float64

#### data['HasCrCard'].unique()

array([1, 0])

#### data['Tenure'].unique()

array([ 2, 1, 8, 7, 4, 6, 3, 10, 5, 9, 0])

#### data.std(numeric\_only=True)

 RowNumber
 2886.895680

 CustomerId
 71936.186123

 CreditScore
 96.653299

 Age
 10.487806

 Tenure
 2.892174

 Balance
 62397.405202

 NumOfProducts
 0.581654

 HasCrCard
 0.455840

 ISActiveMember
 0.499797

 EstimatedSalary
 57510.492818

 Exited
 0.402769

 dtype: float64

data.describe()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.00000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889288	1.530200	0.70550	0.515100	100090.239881	0.203700
std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405202	0.581654	0.45584	0.499797	57510.492818	0.402769
min	1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	11.580000	0.000000
25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	51002.110000	0.000000
50%	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000	1.000000	1.00000	1.000000	100193.915000	0.000000
75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.240000	2.000000	1.00000	1.000000	149388.247500	0.000000
max	10000.00000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090000	4.000000	1.00000	1.000000	199992.480000	1.000000

#### data['Tenure'].value\_counts()

Name: Tenure, dtype: int64

**Question-5.** Handle the Missing values.

Solution: data.isnull().any()

RowNumber	False
CustomerId	False
Surname	False
CreditScore	False
Geography	False
Gender	False
Age	False
Tenure	False
Balance	False
NumOfProducts	False
HasCrCard	False
IsActiveMember	False
EstimatedSalary	False
Exited	False
dtype: bool	

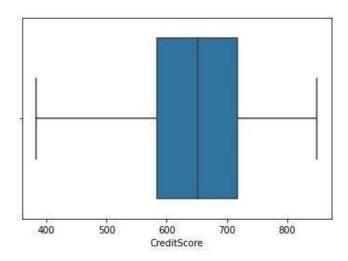
### data.isnull().sum()

RowNumber	0
CustomerId	0
Surname	0
CreditScore	0
Geography	0
Gender	0
Age	0
Tenure	0
Balance	0
NumOfProducts	0
HasCrCard	0
IsActiveMember	0
EstimatedSalary	0
Exited	0
dtype: int64	

**Question-6.** Find the outliers and replace the outliers

Solution: sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore']) #Outlier detection

- box plot

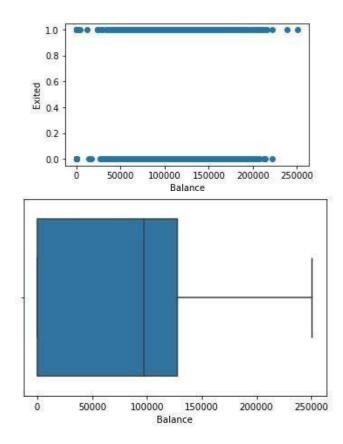


fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (5,3)) #Outlier detection - Scatter plot ax.scatter(data['Balance'], data['Exited'])

# x-axis label
ax.set\_xlabel('Balance')

# y-axis label ax.set\_ylabel('Exited')
plt.show()

#### sns.boxplot(x=data['Balance'])



# from scipy import stats #Outlier detection - zscore zscore = np.abs(stats.zscore(data['CreditScore'])) print(zscore) print('No. of Outliers : ', np.shape(np.where(zscore>3)))

```
0.332952
1
       0.447540
      1.551761
2
       0.500422
3
      2.073415
9995 1.250458
9996 1.405920
9997
      0.604594
      1.260876
1.469219
9998
9999
Name: CreditScore, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
No. of Outliers : (1, 0)
```

#### q = data.quantile([0.75,0.25]) q

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0.75	7500.25	15753233.75	2238.25	718.0	1.0	1.0	44.0	7.0	127644.24	2.0	1.0	1.0	149388.2475	0.0
0.25	2500.75	15628528.25	773.75	584.0	0.0	0.0	32.0	3.0	0.00	1.0	0.0	0.0	51002.1100	0.0

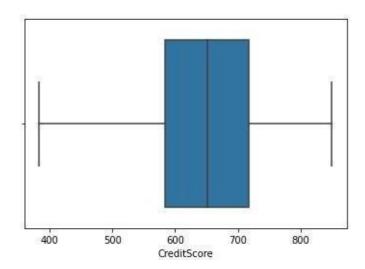
#### iqr = q.iloc[0] - q.iloc[1] iqr

RowNumber	4999.5000
CustomerId	124705.5000
Surname	1464.5000
CreditScore	134.0000
Geography	1.0000
Gender	1.0000
Age	12.0000
Tenure	4.0000
Balance	127644.2400
NumOfProducts	1.0000
HasCrCard	1.0000
IsActiveMember	1.0000
EstimatedSalary	98386.1375
Exited	0.0000
dtype: float64	

u = q.iloc[0] + (1.5\*iqr) u

```
RowNumber 1.499950e+04
CustomerId 1.594029e+07
Surname 4.435000e+03
CreditScore 9.190000e+02
Geography 2.500000e+00
Gender 2.500000e+00
                 6.200000e+01
 Age
 Tenure
          1.300000e+01
3.191106e+05
 Balance
 NumOfProducts 3.500000e+00
                   2.500000e+00
 HasCrCard
 IsActiveMember 2.500000e+00
 EstimatedSalary 2.969675e+05
 Exited
                    0.000000e+00
 dtype: float64
I = q.iloc[1] - (1.5*iqr)
 rowNumber -4.998500e+03
CustomerId 1.544147a-2a7
 Surname
                   -1.423000e+03
 CreditScore 3.830000e+02
Geography -1.500000e+00
                    -1.500000e+00
 Gender
                     1.400000e+01
 Age
           -3.000000e+00
 Tenure
 Balance
                    -1.914664e+05
 NumOfProducts -5.000000e-01
                    -1.500000e+00
 HasCrCard
 IsActiveMember
                    -1.500000e+00
 EstimatedSalary -9.657710e+04
 Exited
                      0.000000e+00
 dtype: float64
Q1 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.25) #Outlier detection - IQR
Q3 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.75)
iqr = Q3 - Q1 print(iqr) upper=Q3 + 1.5 * iqr
lower=Q1 - 1.5 * iqr
count = np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] >upper)) count
= count + np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] < lower))
print('No. of outliers : ', count)
 98386.1375
 No. of outliers: 0
```

data['CreditScore'] = np.where(np.logical\_or(data['CreditScore']>900, data['CreditScore']<383), 65 0, data['CreditScore']) sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])



```
upper = data.Age.mean() + (3 * data.Age.std()) #Outlier detection - 3 sigma lower
= data.Age.mean() - (3 * data.Age.std())
columns = data[ ( data['Age'] > upper ) | ( data['Age'] < lower ) ]
print('Upper range : ', upper) print('Lower range : ', lower)
print('No. of Outliers : ', len(columns))

Upper range : 70.38521935511383
   Lower range : 7.458380644886169
No. of Outliers : 133</pre>
```

columns = ['EstimatedSalary', 'Age', 'Balance', 'NumOfProducts', 'Tenure', 'CreditScore'] #After outlier removal

```
for i in columns:

Q1 = data[i].quantile(0.25)

Q3 = data[i].quantile(0.75)

iqr = Q3 - Q1 upper=Q3 +

1.5 * iqr lower=Q1 - 1.5 *

iqr

count = np.size(np.where(data[i] > upper)) count

= count + np.size(np.where(data[i] < lower))

print('No. of outliers in ', i, ':', count)

No. of outliers in EstimatedSalary : 0

No. of outliers in Age : 0

No. of outliers in Balance : 0

No. of outliers in NumOfProducts : 0

No. of outliers in Tenure : 0

No. of outliers in CreditScore : 0
```

Question-7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

#### **Solution:**

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder le = LabelEncoder() oneh = OneHotEncoder() data['Surname'] = le.fit\_transform(data['Surname']) data['Gender'] = le.fit\_transform(data['Gender']) data['Geography'] = le.fit\_transform(data['Geography']) data.head()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	15634602	1115	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
1	2	15647311	1177	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
2	3	15619304	2040	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
3	4	15701354	289	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
4	5	15737888	1822	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	1	3	1	79084.10	0

Question-8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables split the data in X and Y

#### **Solution:**

## x # independent values ( inputs) x = data.iloc[:, 0:13]

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary
0	1	15634602	1115	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88
1	2	15647311	1177	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58
2	3	15619304	2040	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57
3	4	15701354	289	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63
4	5	15737888	1822	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10
		900	100	100	377	955	7754	1893	1000	277	778	775	200
9995	9996	15606229	1999	771	0	1	39	5	0.00	2	1	0	96270.64
9996	9997	15569892	1336	516	0	1	35	10	57369.61	1	1	1	101699.77
9997	9998	15584532	1570	709	0	0	36	7	0.00	1	0	1	42085.58
9998	9999	15682355	2345	772	1	1	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52
9999	10000	15628319	2751	792	0	0	28	4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78

10000 rows × 13 columns

y # dependent values (output) y = data['Exited']

```
0 1
1
       0
2
       1
3
       0
4
      0
      . .
9995 0
9996
      0
9997
      1
9998
      1
9999
       0
Name: Exited, Length: 10000, dtype: int64
```

Question-9. Scale the independent variables

#### **Solution:**

from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler sc = StandardScaler() x\_scaled = sc.fit\_transform(x) x\_scaled

```
array([[-1.73187761, -0.78321342, -0.46418322, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 0.02188649],
[-1.7315312, -0.60653412, -0.3909112, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, 0.21653375],
[-1.73118479, -0.99588476, 0.62898807, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.2406869],
...,
[1.73118479, -1.47928179, 0.07353887, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, -1.00864308],
[1.7315312, -0.11935577, 0.98943914, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -0.12523071],
[1.73187761, -0.87055909, 1.4692527, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -1.07636976]])
```

Question-10. Split x and y into Training and Testing

#### **Solution:**

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split x\_train, x\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(x\_scaled, y, test\_size = 0.3, random\_state = 0)

x\_train

```
array([[ 0.92889885, -0.79703192, -1.47580983, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.77021814],
[ 1.39655257, 0.71431365, -1.58808148, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -1.39576675],
[ -0.4532777, 0.96344969, -0.24082173, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, -1.49965629], ...,
[ -0.60119484, -1.62052514, -0.36136603, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 1.41441489],
[ 1.67853045, -0.37403866, 0.72589622, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 0.84614739],
[ -0.78548505, -1.36411841, 1.3829808, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.32630495]])
```

#### x\_train.shape

(7000, 13)

#### x\_test

#### x\_test.shape

(3000, 13)

#### y\_train

```
1
 7681
 9031 0
 3691 0
      1
 202
 5625 0
     9
 9225
     0
 4859
     0
 3264
 9845
      0
 2732
 Name: Exited, Length: 7000, dtype: int64
y_test
 9394 0
 898
       1
 2398
      0
 5906
      0
 2343
       0
 4004
      0
```

Name: Exited, Length: 3000, dtype: int64