#### ASSIGNMENT – 2 Python Programming

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Maximum Marks	2 Mark

## Question-1:

### 1. Importing Required Package

#### **Solution:**

```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

#### Question-2:

### 2. Loading the Dataset

#### **Solution:**

```
df = pd.read_csv("/content/Churn_Modelling.csv")
df
```

### **Output:**



#### 3. Visualizations

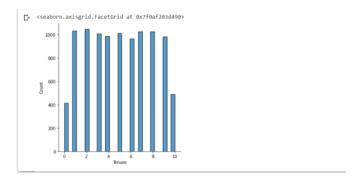
# Question-3:

# **3.1 Univariate Analysis**

## **Solution:**

sns.displot(df.Tenure)

# **Output:**

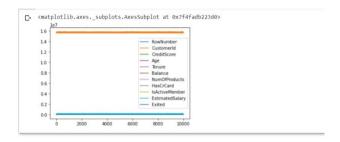


# **3.2 Bi-Variate Analysis**

## **Solution:**

df.plot.line()

# **Output:**



# 3.3 Multi - Variate Analysis

#### **Solution:**

```
sns.lmplot("Age", "NumOfProducts", df, hue="NumOfProducts", fit_reg=False);
```

# **Output:**



# 4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

# Question-4:

### **Solution:**

df.describe()

## **Output:**

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.00000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889288	1.530200	0.70550	0.515100	100090.239881	0.203700
std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405202	0.581654	0.45584	0.499797	57510.492818	0.402769
min	1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1,000000	0.00000	0.000000	11.580000	0.000000
25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	51002.110000	0.000000
50%	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000	1.000000	1.00000	1.000000	100193.915000	0.000000
75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.240000	2.000000	1.00000	1.000000	149388.247500	0.000000
max	10000.00000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090000	4.000000	1.00000	1.000000	199992.480000	1.000000

# **5. Handle the Missing values.**

# Question-5:

#### **Solution:**

```
data = pd.read_csv("Churn_Modelling.csv")
pd.isnull(data["Gender"])
```

# **Output:**

```
D+ 0 False
1 False
2 False
3 False
4 False
5 False
9995 False
9996 False
9997 False
9998 False
9998 False
Name: Gender, Length: 10000, dtype: bool
```

# Question-6:

## 6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers.

#### **Solution:**

```
df["Tenure"] = np.where(df["Tenure"] >10, np.median,df["Tenure"])
df["Tenure"]
```

# **Output:**

```
E* 0 2
1 1
2 8
3 1
4 2
9995 5
9996 10
9997 7
9998 3
9999 4
Name: Tenure, Length: 10000, dtype: object
```

# Question-7:

# 7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

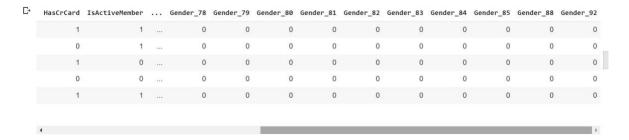
#### **Solution:**

```
pd.get_dummies(df, columns=["Gender", "Age"], prefix=["Age", "Gender"]
).head()
```

## **Output:**

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember		Gender_78
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	2	0.00	1	1	1	***	0
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	1	83807.86	1	0	-1		0
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	8	159660.80	3	1	0		0
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	1	0.00	2	0	0		0
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	2	125510.82	1	1	1		0

### **Output:**



# Question-8:

- 8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables
- 8.1 Split the data into Independent variables.

#### Solution:

```
X = df.iloc[:, :-2].values
print(X)
```

#### **Output:**

```
☐ [[1 15634602 'Hargrave' ... 1 1 1]

[2 15647311 'Hill' ... 1 0 1]

[3 15619304 'Onio' ... 3 1 0]

...

[9998 15584532 'Liu' ... 1 0 1]

[9999 15682355 'Sabbatini' ... 2 1 0]

[10000 15628319 'Walker' ... 1 1 0]]
```

### 8.2 Split the data into Dependent variables.

#### **Solution:**

```
Y = df.iloc[:, -1].values print(Y)
```

### **Output:**

```
[+ [1 0 1 ... 1 1 0]
```

# Question-9:

## 9. Scale the independent variables

#### **Solution:**

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
df[["RowNumber"]] = scaler.fit_transform(df[["RowNumber"]])
print(df)
```

#### **Output:**

# Question-10:

#### 10. Split the data into training and testing

#### **Solution:**

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
train_size=0.8
X = df.drop(columns = ['Tenure']).copy()
y = df['Tenure']
X_train, X_rem, y_train, y_rem = train_test_split(X,y, train_size=0.8)
test_size = 0.5
X_valid, X_test, y_valid, y_test = train_test_split(X_rem,y_rem, test_size=0.5)
print(X_train.shape), print(y_train.shape)
print(X_valid.shape), print(y_valid.shape)
print(X_test.shape), print(y_test.shape)
```

## **Output:**

```
C* (8000, 13)
(8000,)
(1000, 13)
(1000,)
(1000,)
(1000,)
(None, None)
```