Project Report Documentation

VirtualEye - Lifeguard For Swimming Pools To Detect Active Drowning

1. INTRODUCTION

Project overview & Purpose:

Swimming is one of the best exercises that helps people to reduce stress in this urban lifestyle. Swimming pools are found larger in number in hotels, and weekend tourist spots and barely people have them in their house backyard. Beginners, especially, often feel it difficult to breathe underwater which causes breathing trouble which in turn causes a drowning accident. Worldwide, drowning produces a higher rate of mortality without causing injury to children. Children under six of their age are found to be suffering the highest drowning mortality rates worldwide. Such kinds of deaths account for the third cause of unplanned death globally, with about 1.2 million cases yearly. To overcome this conflict, a meticulous system is to be implemented along the swimming pools to save human life.

By studying body movement patterns and connecting cameras to artificial intelligence (AI) systems we can devise an underwater pool safety system that reduces the risk of drowning. Usually, such systems can be developed by installing more than 16 cameras underwater and ceiling and analysing the video feeds to detect any anomalies. but AS a POC we make use of one camera that streams the video underwater and analyses the position of swimmers to assess the probability of drowning, if it is higher than an alert will be generated to attract lifeguards' attention.

Note: The system is not designed to replace a lifeguard or other human monitor, but to act as an additional tool. "It helps the lifeguard to detect the underwater situation where they can't easily observe.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

Existing Problem:

Safety in water has been a concern for many centuries for the survival of human lives. The latest technology advancements have enabled us to come up with effective drowning detection methods (DDM). A recent report from World Health

Organizations (WHO) gives us some insight into the drowning incidents globally. The number of reported drowning deaths globally is 37200. The highest numbers of deaths are in low and middle-income countries. The survey also points that children have the largest death ratio compared to adults. Majority of the drowning deaths are reported from open water bodies like lakes and sea, and not in pools. In the report WHO has recommended various drowning prevention techniques like constructing fences across the lakes, to prevent accidental fall to teaching school age children swimming as a part of their curriculum in schools.

According to Jeff Ellis and Associates, an International Aquatic Safety and Risk Management Consulting firm, drowning is divided into five stages .

Stage 1 - Shocking surprise:

This initial stage is characterised by the shock of drowning and difficulty in breathing. The person starts to show a higher level of distress and attempts to reach the surface of the water, but in the vertical direction.

Stage 2 - Involuntary Breath Holding:

In this stage the attempt to come to the surface of water stops. He starts involuntary breath holding. Water has entered the mouth, causing the epiglottis to close. The victims gradually become unconscious, as breath is stopped.

Stage 3- Unconsciousness:

The victim becomes unconscious, and the body starts to sink to the bottom of the water. Unless breathing is re-established, the victim remains unconscious.

Stage 4- Hypoxic Convulsions:

The oxygen level in the brain reduces drastically. The victim's skin turns blue, especially in the lips and fingernail beds.

Stage 5- Clinical Death:

Death is the final stage of drowning Any prediction of drowning during the early stages always reduces risks during the rescue operations.

References:

[1] Global report on drowning

http://www.who.int/violence_injury_prevention/publicati ons/drowning_global_report/Final_report_full_web.pdf Ju1 2018 [2] 5 Stages of drowning

http://www.dedhamhealthfoundation.org/water/victimrecognition/stages-of-dr owning/ Jul 2018 [3] Life Guard Training

- https://public.rcas.org/hs/chs/chshomework/Lists/Swimming/Attachments/805/Life%20Guard%20Training%201.do cm Ju1 2018
 - [4] Kingi wearables http://www.kingii.com/kingii_wearable.html Jul 2018
- [5] Zou Xu; Wang Tingjun; Liu Lujun; Liao Zhonghao; Fan Jiayang; ZhangYuanfei; Zeng Shun, Swimming Pool Anti-Drowning Monitoring System.

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- [6] Wai Kit Wong, Joe How Hui, Chu Kiong Loo and Way Soong Lim, "Off-time swimming pool surveillance using thermal imaging system", International journal of innovative computing, information and control, vol. 9 (3), 2013, pp. 366-371
- [7] Chi Zhang and Xiaoguang Li, "A Novel Camera-Based Drowning Detection Algorithm", Proceedings of Advances in Image and Graphics Technologies, Beijing, China, June 2015, pp. 224-233
- [8] Lei Fei, Wang Xueli and Chen Dongsheng, "Drowning Detection Based on
- Background Subtraction", Proceedings of the National Power Systems Conference (NPSC) - 2018, December 14-16, NIT Tiruchirappalli, India International Conferences on Embedded Software and System, 2009, pp. 341-343
- [9] Alvin H. Kam, Wenmiao Lu and Wei-Yun Yau, "A Video-Based Drowning

Detection System", Proceedings of the 7th European Conference on Computer Vision-Part IV, Copenhagen, Denmark, May 2002, pp. 297-311 [10] Average breath holding time https://www.normalbreathing.com/index-

CP-normals.php Jul 2018 [11]Aboli Kulkarni, Kshitij Lakhani and Shubham Lokhande, "A Survey of Underwater Wireless Communication Technologies", Journal of communication and information systems, VOL. 31,

NO. 1, 2016 page 242 [12]Ian F. Akyildiz, Dario Pompili, Tommaso Melodia, Challenges for efficient communication in underwater acoustic sensor networks, ACM Sigbed Review

1 (2) (2004) 3-8 [13]https://www.mouser.com/ds/2/813/HCSR04-1022824.pdf

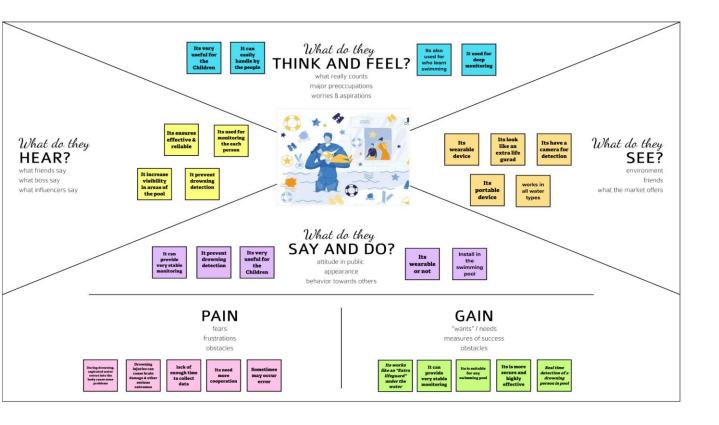
Problem Statement:



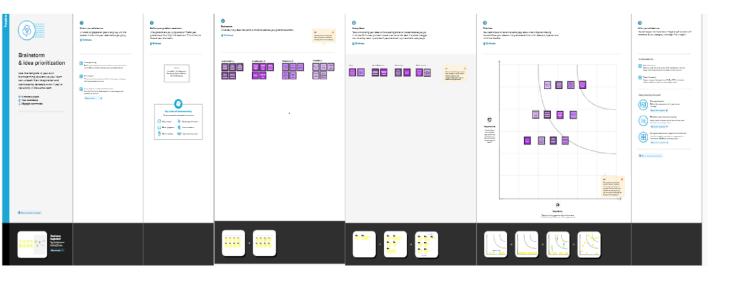
| Problem Statement (PS) | I am (Customer) | I'm trying to | But | Because | Which makes me feel |
|------------------------------|--------------------|---|---|--|---------------------|
| PS-1 | Student | Swim in the pool because It builds muscular strength and increases immunity | Not safety in the pool when drowning | No one can monitoring while drowning | Frustration |
| PS-2 | Teacher | Swim in the pool because | I am a beginner | Drowning is going to be the number one | Fear |
| | | swimming is the best exercise | | fear for every beginner. | |
| PS-3 | Businessman | Swim in the swimming pool because its give a relaxation | I scare about drowning | I have a breath issue | Disappointment |

3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

Empathy Map Canvas



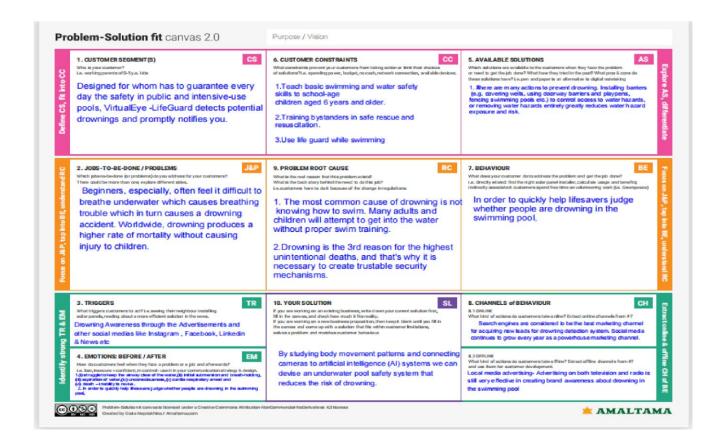
Ideation & Brainstorming



Proposed Solution

| S.No. | Parameter | Description |
|-------|--|--|
| 1. | Problem Statement (Problem to be solved) | Children and Young people like beginners often feel it difficult to breathe underwater which causes breathing trouble which in turn causes a drowning accident. |
| 2. | Idea / Solution description | The camera is connected with (AI) system. It monitoring the every movement of the peoples in the pool. |
| 3. | Novelty / Uniqueness | It is higher then an alert will be generated to attract lifeguard's attention. |
| 4. | Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction | This technology has the advantage of instantly identifying and alerting the person who is drowning in a short amount of time and its look like an extra life guard. Its used for monitoring the each person. |
| 5. | Business Model (Revenue Model) | App and device offered for the customers. Child and People who are beginners to swim is our target customers. They want to tell the benefit of our products to the partners, activities, resources. By selling our device with app the revenue is generated. |
| 6. | Scalability of the Solution | It increase visibility in areas of the pool and Its look like an extra life guard. |

Problem Solution fit



4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

| FR No. | Functional Requirement (Epic) | Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task) |
|--------|-------------------------------|---|
| FR-1 | Installation | First we should Needed to be fixed in the underwater of the swimming pools without creating any disturbance to the people |
| FR-2 | Deduction | Detect the person in the swimming pool who is either horrified or in an unconscious stage. |
| FR-3 | Support | Take swim tubes or take the help of rescuer |
| FR-5 | Audio system | Send an audio alert via audio system in the swimming pool. |
| FR-6 | Prior Alert | Send alert message to the lifeguard |

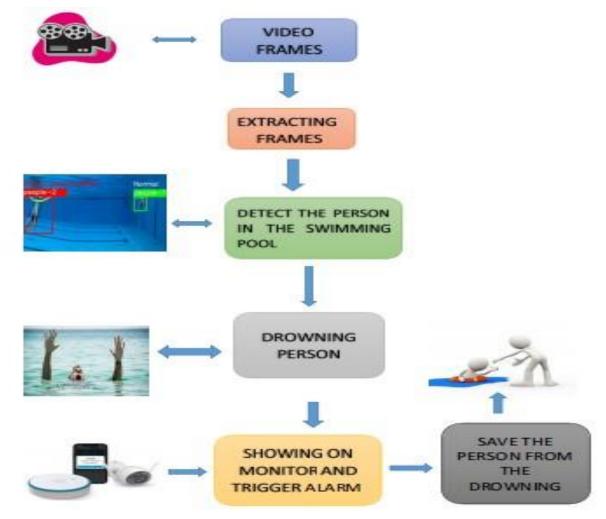
Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

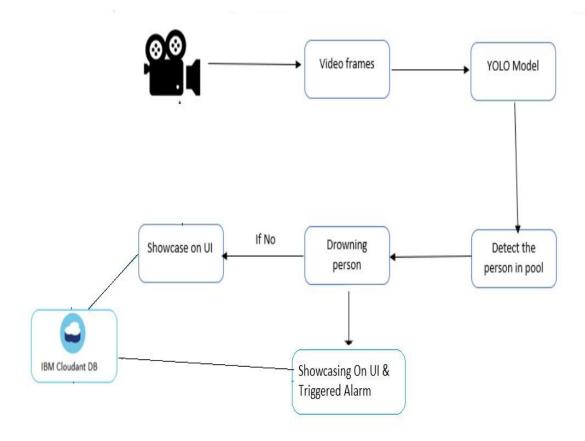
| FR No. | Non-Functional Requirement | Description |
|--------|----------------------------|--|
| NFR-1 | Usability | To ensure the safety of each and every person present in the pool. A Lifeguard should be present all the time in the pool. |
| NFR-2 | Security | Lifeguards should be aware of the alert message to save the life of the swimmer |
| NFR-3 | Reliability | Virtual eye lifeguard triggers an immediate prior alarm if a swimmer is in peril, helping to avoid panic even in critical situations. |
| NFR-4 | Performance | The alarm is triggered when the swimmer's pulse rate is decreasing or increasing |
| NFR-5 | Availability | Equipment include lifesaver rings,rescue tubes, inflatable vests, aShepherd's Crook, life hooks, spine boards, and first aid kit etc Remember to keep them near the swimming pool. |
| NFR-6 | Scalability | Virtual eye lifeguard detects potential drownings and promptly notifies you. It features the latest artificial intelligence Technology, machine learning, deep learning etc and its easily adapts to the user. |

5. PROJECT DESIGN

Solution Architecture:



TECHNOLOGY ARCHITECTURE:



USER STORIES:

| User Type | Functional Requireme nt (Epic) | User Story Numbe r | User Story / Task | Acceptance criteria | Priority |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|----------|
| Customer (Mobile user) | Installation | USN-1 | As a user, I can install the virtual eye - lifeguard drowning system | I can install | High |
| | Deduction | USN-2 | As a user, I will receive confirmation about the drowning detection | I can receive confirmation about detection | High |
| | Support | USN-3 | As a user, I can get the support from the virtual eye system | I can get the support | High |
| | Prior Alert | USN-4 | As a user, I can get the alert when the person is drowning | I can get the alert | High |
| | Protection | USN-5 | As a user , I can save the person from drowning | I can save the person | High |
| User Type | Functional Requireme nt (Epic) | User Story Numbe r | User Story / Task | Acceptance criteria | Priority |
| Customer (Web user) | | | | | |

| Customer Care Executive | Customer care | USN-6 | As a user, I can contact customer care about the drowning system | I can get the service from customer care | High |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------|--|--|------|
| Administrat or | | | | | |

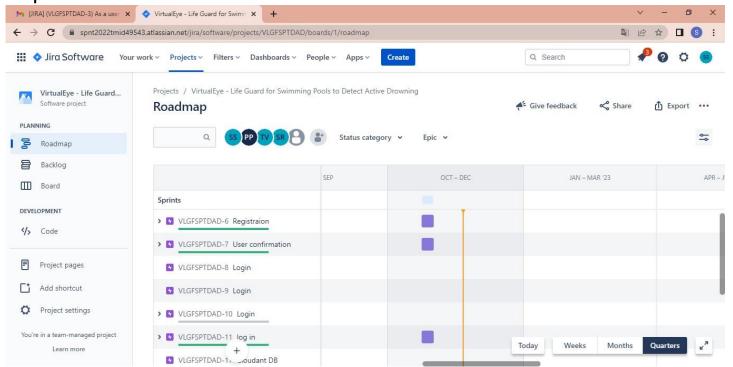
6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

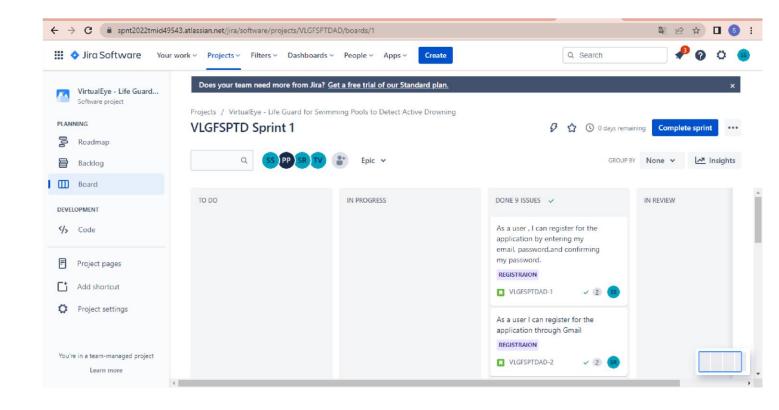
| S.NO | MILESTONE | DESCRIPTION | DURATION |
|------|--|--|----------|
| 1 | Prerequisites | Prerequisites are all the needs at the requirement level needed for the execution of the different phases of a project. | 1 WEEK |
| 2 | Create & Configure IBM cloud services | IBM Cloud provides solutions that enable higher levels of compliance, security, and management, with proven architecture patterns and methods for rapid delivery for running mission critical workloads. | 2 WEEK |
| 3 | Develop the python script | A Python script is a set of commands included in a file that is intended to be run similarly to a program. The concept is that the file will be run or performed from the command line or from within a Python interactive shell to perform a particular activity. Of course, the file includes methods and imports different modules. | 1 WEEK |

| 4 | Develop web application | A web application (or web app) is application software that runs in a web browser, unlike software programs that run locally and natively on the operating system (OS) of the device. | 3 WEEK |
|---|-------------------------|---|--------|
| 5 | Ideation phase | Ideation is the process where you generate ideas and solutions through sessions such as Sketching, Prototyping, Brainstorming, Brain writing, Worst Possible Idea, and a wealth of other ideation techniques. | 1 WEEK |
| 6 | Project design phases | Project design is an early phase of a project where the project's key features, structure, criteria for success, and major deliverables are planned out. The aim is to develop one or more designs that can be used to achieve the desired project goals. | 2 WEEK |
| | | | |

| 7 | Project planning phase | In the Planning Phase, the Project Manager works with the project team to create the technical design, task list, resource plan, communications plan, budget, and initial schedule for the project, and establishes the roles and responsibilities of the project team and its stakeholders. | 2 WEEK |
|---|---------------------------------|--|--------|
| 8 | Project development phase | Project development is the process of planning and allocating resources to fully develop a project or product from concept to go-live. | 4 WEEK |

Reports From Jira Software





7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

```
import re
import numpy as np
import os
from flask import Flask, app, request, render template
from tensorflow.keras import models
from tensorflow.keras.models import load model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image from
tensorflow.python.ops.gen array ops import concat
from tensorflow.keras.applications.inception_v3 import preprocess_input
import cvlib as cv
from cvlib.object detection import draw bbox
import cv2
import time
import numpy as np
from playsound import playsound
import requests
from flask import Flask, request, render_template, redirect, url_for
#Loading the model
```

```
from cloudant.client import Cloudant
# Authenticate using an IAM API key
client
Cloudant.iam('2eb40045-a8d6-450d-9d24-52cc7cbb2810-bluemix','Ud0wunTPOI 8h5ZtEqi1IXk1
gIKeYLmpUsCn0EeO8T4z', connect=True)
# Create a database using an initialized client
my_database = client.create_database('my_database')
app=Flask( name )
#default home page or route
@app.route('/')
def index():
    return render template('index.html')
@app.route('/index.html')
def home():
    return render_template("index.html")
#registration page
@app.route('/register')
def register():
    return render template('register.html')
@app.route('/afterreg', methods=['POST'])
def afterreg():
    x = [x for x in request.form.values()]
   print(x)
    data = {
    '_id': x[1], # Setting _id is optional
    'name': x[0],
```

```
'psw':x[2]
}
print(data)
query = {'_id': {'$eq': data['_id']}}
```

```
docs = my_database.get_query_result(query)
    print(docs)
    print(len(docs.all()))
    if (len(docs.all())==0):
        url = my database.create document(data)
        #response = requests.get(url)
        return render template('register.html', pred="Registration Successful, please
login using your details")
    else:
              return render_template('register.html', pred="You are already a member,
please login using your details")
#login page
@app.route('/login')
def login():
    return render template('login.html')
@app.route('/afterlogin',methods=['POST'])
def afterlogin():
    user = request.form[' id']
   password = request.form['psw']
    print(user,password)
    query = {'_id': {'$eq': user}}
```

```
docs = my_database.get_query_result(query)
print(docs)

print(len(docs.all()))

if(len(docs.all())==0):
    return render_template('login.html', pred="The username is not found.")

else:
    if((user==docs[0][0]['_id'] and passw==docs[0][0]['psw'])):
        return redirect(url_for('prediction'))
    else:
        print('Invalid User')
```

```
@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
    return render_template('logout.html')

@app.route('/prediction')
def prediction():
    return render_template('prediction.html')

@app.route('/result',methods=["GET","POST"])
def res():
    webcam = cv2.VideoCapture('drowning.mp4')

if not webcam.isOpened():
    print("Could not open webcam")
    exit()
```

```
t0 = time.time() #gives time in seconds after 1970
      #variable dcount stands for how many seconds the person has been standing still
for
   centre0 = np.zeros(2)
   isDrowning = False
   #this loop happens approximately every 1 second, so if a person doesn't move,
    #or moves very little for 10seconds, we can say they are drowning
    #loop through frames
   while webcam.isOpened():
        # read frame from webcam
       status, frame = webcam.read()
       if not status:
            print("Could not read frame")
           exit()
        # apply object detection
       bbox, label, conf = cv.detect common objects(frame)
        #simplifying for only 1 person
        \#s = (len(bbox), 2)
       if(len(bbox)>0):
           bbox0 = bbox[0]
            #centre = np.zeros(s)
```

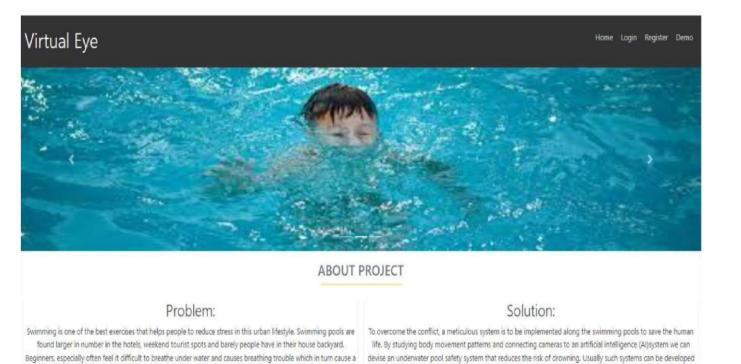
```
#for i in range(0, len(bbox)):
               #centre[i] =[(bbox[i][0]+bbox[i][2])/2,(bbox[i][1]+bbox[i][3])/2]
           centre = [(bbox0[0]+bbox0[2])/2, (bbox0[1]+bbox0[3])/2]
           #make vertical and horizontal movement variables
           hmov = abs(centre[0]-centre0[0])
           vmov = abs(centre[1]-centre0[1])
           #there is still need to tweek the threshold
           #this threshold is for checking how much the centre has moved
           x=time.time()
           threshold = 10
           if(hmov>threshold or vmov>threshold):
               print(x-t0, 's')
               t0 = time.time()
               isDrowning = False
           else:
               print(x-t0, 's')
               if((time.time() - t0) > 10):
                   isDrowning = True
            #print('bounding box: ', bbox, 'label: ' label ,'confidence: ' conf[0],
centre: ', centre)
           #print(bbox,label ,conf, centre)
           print('bbox: ', bbox, 'centre:', centre, 'centre0:', centre0)
           print('Is he drowning: ', isDrowning)
           centre0 = centre
           # draw bounding box over detected objects
       out = draw bbox(frame, bbox, label, conf,isDrowning)
       #print('Seconds since last epoch: ', time.time()-t0)
```

centre = [0,0]

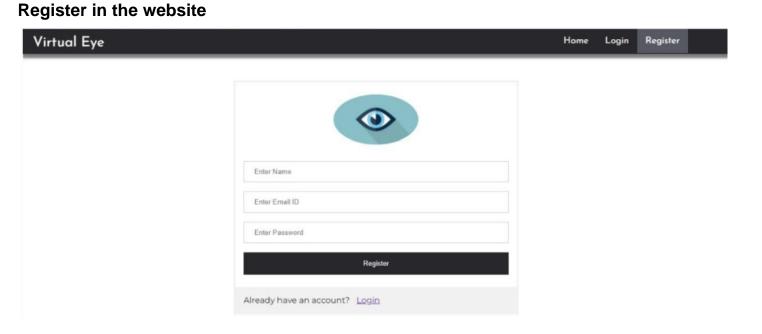
```
# display output
        cv2.imshow("Real-time object detection", out)
        if(isDrowning == True):
            playsound('alarm.mp3')
            webcam.release()
            cv2.destroyAllWindows()
               return render template('prediction.html',prediction="Emergency !!! The
Person is drowning")
            #return render template('base.html')
        # press "Q" to stop if
       cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
            break
    # release resources
   webcam.release()
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
    #return render_template('prediction.html',)
""" Running our application """
if name == " main ":
    app.run(debug=True)
```

Run the Application and Output:

```
127.0.0.1 - - [14/Nov/2022 19:16:41] "POST /afterlogin HTTP/1.1" 302 -
127.0.0.1 - - [14/Nov/2022 19:16:41] "GET /prediction HTTP/1.1" 200 -
127.0.0.1 - - [14/Nov/2022 19:16:42] "GET /static/style.css HTTP/1.1" 304 -
127.0.0.1 - - [14/Nov/2022 19:16:42] "GET /static/js/JScript.js HTTP/1.1" 304 -
127.0.0.1 - - [14/Nov/2022 19:16:42] "GET /static/img/second.jpg HTTP/1.1" 304 -
5.816675424575806 5
bbox: [[114, 112, 804, 372]] centre: [459.0, 242.0] centre0: [0. 0.]
Is he drowning: False
4.5444793701171875 s
bbox: [[114, 112, 804, 372]] centre: [459.0, 242.0] centre0: [459.0, 242.0]
Is he drowning: False
8.752950429916382 s
bbox: [[114, 112, 804, 372]] centre: [459.0, 242.0] centre0: [459.0, 242.0]
Is he drowning: False
12.785400867462158 5
bbox: [[120, 112, 800, 372]] centre: [460.0, 242.0] centre0: [459.0, 242.0]
Is he drowning: True
```



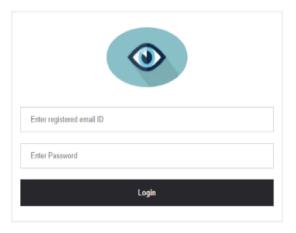
drowning accident. Worldwide, drowning produces a higher rate of mortality without causing injury to children.



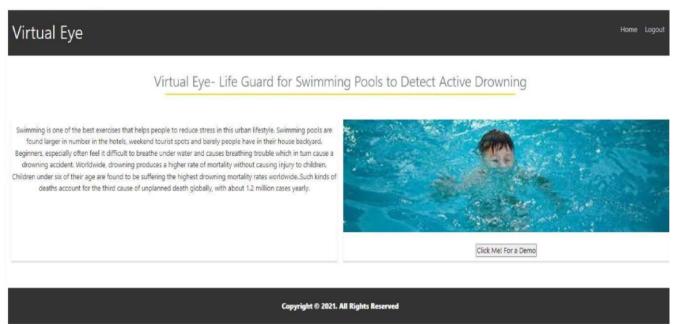
by installing more than 16 cameras underwater and ceiling and analysing the video feeds to detect any anomalies .

Login with your Credential

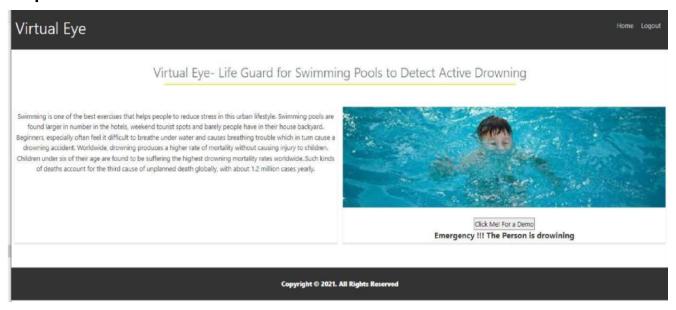
Virtual Eye Home Login Register



After Login



Output

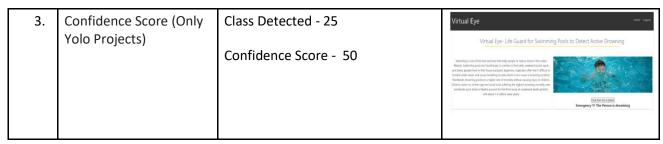


8. TESTING

Performance Testing:

Project team shall fill the following information in the model performance testing template.

| S.No. | Parameter | Values | Screenshot |
|-------|---------------|--|--|
| 1. | Model Summary | - | Virtual Eye ABOUT PROJECT Problem: Solution: Soluti |
| 2. | Accuracy | Training Accuracy - 28 Validation Accuracy - 45 | Virtual Eye tone top Region This has been been been been been been been bee |



UAT Report

1. Purpose of Document

The purpose of this document is to briefly explain the test coverage and open issues of the [ProductName] project at the time of the release to User Acceptance Testing (UAT).

2. Defect Analysis

This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved

| Resolution | Severity 1 | Severity 2 | Severity 3 | Severity 4 | Subtotal |
|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|----------|
| By Design | 1 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 10 |
| Duplicate | 1 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 4 |
| External | 2 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 6 |
| Fixed | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 6 |
| Not Reproduced | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Skipped | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Won't Fix | 0 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 5 |
| Totals | 6 | 11 | 10 | 7 | 34 |

3. Test Case Analysis

This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested

| Section | Total Cases | Not Tested | Fail | Pass |
|---------------------|-------------|------------|------|------|
| Print Engine | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Client Application | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Security | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Outsource Shipping | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Exception Reporting | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

| Final Report Output | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
|---------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Version Control | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

Test Cases Report

| | | | Da | ate | 18+Nov-2.2 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------|------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|-----------------|--------|-------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------|--|
| | | | Te | am ID | PNT2022TMID49643 | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | Pr | roject Name | Virtual Eye - Lifeguard For Swimming Pool To Detect | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | aximum Mark | 4 marks | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| Test case ID | Feature Type | Component | Test Scenario P | | Steps To Execute | Vest Data | Expected Result | Actual Result | Status | Commets | TC for Automation (Y/N) | BUG ID | Executed By | |
| N. A. Care I.D | reside type | Component | REAL SCHOOL OF | | 1.Enter URL and click go 2.Click on My Account dropdown button 3.Verify login/Singup popup displayed or not | 55e:///C: | Login/Signup popup should | ALGER RESULT | 30.01 | Commence | Lyny | 10010 | Cartain by | |
| LoginPage_TC_O Functional | | Home Page | Verify user is able to see the Logi | | | 20Structure/te molates/login. html | | Working as expe | Pass | | | | Sakthimari, Poorn | ima, Sivar <mark>a</mark> njani, Thangal |
| .oginPugo_TC_C | o ui | Home Page | Werlfy the UI eleme | m's in Login/Si | Litter URL and dick go Club on My Account depodement button Viversi kepinkingsi popus with helow II elements: acmal cet to be La password her bas Advanced her bas Advan | filed/I/C; /User/RCOT/ Downbadd/Proj ed?k 20 Structure/te malates/login tuml | e.Last password? Recovery password link | Working as expe | Fail | Steps are not cle | ar to follow | BUG-1234 | Sakthimari, Poom | ima, Svaranjani, Thangal |
| oginPage_TC_C | Functional | Home page | Verify user is able to | | Litrer URL(https://js.hopeneer.com/) and click go 2.Click on My Account dropdown button 3.Inter Valid us ename/email in Email text box 4.Inter valid password in password text box 5.Click on legio button | Use mame: sakthi@gmail. com pass word: Testing123 | User should navigate to user account homepage | working as | | | | | Sakthimari, Poom | ima, Sivaranjani, Thunga |
| | | | N. A. 110.110.0 | | LEnter UR Lihttps://shopenser.com/j and click go 2.Click on My Account drop:down button 3.Enter InValid username/email in Email text box 4.Enter valid password in password text box 5.Click on login button | Use mame: thangal@gmail pass word: Testing457 | Application should show 'Incorrect email or password' validation | | | | | | | |
| ginPage TC C | | Login page | Verify user is able to | | | | message. | working as | | | | | | ima, Sivaranjani, Thanga |

9. Advantages

It represents an additional level of safety and protection for swimmers. It ensures effective and reliable drowning detection by limiting the number of alarms generated by disturbance factors. Prevents drowning accidents by improving the rescue time of the lifeguards.

10.Disadvantages

A limitation of this equipment is that if too many swimmers, the occlusion problem arises. The other is that the camera is mounted upon the water, and monitors the Swimmer posture change.

11. Conclusion

Once we have the working drowning detection model we can feed live video footage of the swimming pool to it so that it can keep detecting continuously for any

drowning activities. If drowning is detected it will be highlighted on the system screen as well as alarms will be raised to alert security guards so that they can initiate rescue

12. Future Scope

The global anti-drowning system market size was valued at USD 67.68 million in 2021. It is projected to reach USD 98.86 million by 2030, growing at a CAGR of 4.3% during the forecast period (2022-2030). The residential segment by application is estimated to grow at a CAGR of 3.9% during the forecast period.

13. GitHub Link:

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-10614-1659192811

Project Demo Link:

https://youtu.be/ubkgj4BNtw4