# **Training the model on IBM**

Date	17-Nov-2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID27643
Project Name	Developing a Flight Delay Model Using Machine Learning
Maximum Marks	8 Marks

## **Import libraries**

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

## Import label encoder

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report
from sklearn.metrics import jaccard\_score

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

#### **Import dataset**

import os, types import pandas as pd from botocore.client import Config import ibm\_boto3

def\_\_iter (self): return 0

@hidden\_cell

The following code accesses a file in your IBM Cloud Object Storage

```
You might want to remove those credentials before you share the notebook
```

```
cos_client = ibm_boto3.client(service_name='s3',
  ibm api key id='BmleA4MV5fW02WAmF6zCBnBmBBkh7otufBwtC7V84yVO',
  ibm auth endpoint="https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/oidc/token",
  config=Config(signature version='oauth'),
  endpoint_url='https://s3.private.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud')
bucket = 'randommodel-donotdelete-pr-jpkful51t7p3nj'
object key = 'Processed data15.csv'
body = cos_client.get_object(Bucket=bucket,Key=object_key)['Body']
Add missing __iter__method, so pandas accepts body as file-like object
if not hasattr(body, "__iter__"): body.__iter__ = types.MethodType(__iter, body)
df = pd \cdot read \cdot csv(body)
df.head()
df.head(90)
columns= ['carrier', 'dest', 'origin']
le=LabelEncoder()
for i in columns:
   df[i]=le.fit_transform(df[i])
df['carrier'].unique()
df['origin'].unique()
df['dest'].unique()
df.head(90)
From column(years) to column(distance)
X = df.iloc[:, 0:6].values
X[0:5]
y = df['delayed']
y.head().to_frame()
```

```
for i in range(0, 20):
  X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=i)
```

### **Creating random forest classifier**

```
clf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=i)
  clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

#### **Determining the score**

```
train_score = clf.score(X_train, y_train)
    test_score = clf.score(X_test, y_test)
    print("Test: {}, Train: {} and Random State: {}".format(test_score, train_score, i))

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=18)
    clf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=18)
    clf.fit(X_train, y_train)

print("Train set: ", clf.score(X_train, y_train))

print("Test set: ", clf.score(X_test, y_test))
```

#### **Predicting the trained Classifier to the test**

```
yhat = clf.predict(X_test)
```

#### Viewing the predicted probabilities of first 10 observations

```
wml_client = APIClient(wml_credentials)
wml_client.spaces.list()

SPACE_ID = "7c5663ee-671c-49d2-a415-a27bac157d6d"
wml_client.set.default_space(SPACE_ID)

wml_client.software_specifications.list(500)
```

### Save and Deploy the model

```
import sklearn
sklearn.__version___

MODEL_NAME = 'Flight'
DEPLOYMENT_NAME = 'model_deploy'
DEMO_MODEL = clf
```

#### **Set Python Version**

software\_spec\_uid = wml\_client.software\_specifications.get\_id\_by\_name('runtime-22.1-py3.9')

#### Setup model meta

```
model_props = {
   wml_client.repository.ModelMetaNames.NAME: MODEL_NAME,
   wml_client.repository.ModelMetaNames.TYPE: 'scikit-learn_1.0',
   wml_client.repository.ModelMetaNames.SOFTWARE_SPEC_UID: software_spec_uid
}
```

#### Save model

```
model_details = wml_client.repository.store_model(
    model=DEMO_MODEL,
    meta_props=model_props,
    training_data=X_train,
    training_target=y_train
)
model_details
model_id = wml_client.repository.get_model_id(model_details)
```

#### Set meta

```
deployment_props = {
   wml_client.deployments.ConfigurationMetaNames.NAME:DEPLOYMENT_NAME,
   wml_client.deployments.ConfigurationMetaNames.ONLINE: { }
}
```

# **Deploy**

```
deployment = wml_client.deployments.create(
    artifact_uid=model_id,
    meta_props=deployment_props
)
```