Assignment -4

Python Programming

Assignment Date	21 October 2022
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Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Problem Statement :- SMS SPAM Classification

Problem Statement: Over recent years, as the popularity of mobile phone devices has increased, Short Message Service (SMS) has grown into a multi-billion dollar industry. At the same time, reduction in the cost of messaging services has resulted in growth in unsolicited commercial advertisements (spams) being sent to mobile phones. Due to Spam SMS, Mobile service providers suffer from some sort of financial problems as well as it reduces calling time for users. Unfortunately, if the user accesses such Spam SMS they may face the problem of virus or malware. When SMS arrives at mobile it will disturb mobile user privacy and concentration. It may lead to frustration for the user. So Spam SMS is one of the major issues in the wireless communication world and it grows day by day

- Download the Dataset:- Dataset
- Import required library
- Read dataset and do pre-processing
- Create Model
- Add Layers (LSTM, Dense-(Hidden Layers), Output)
- Compile the Model
- Fit the Model
- Save The Model
- Test The Mode

Solution:

import numpy as np

import pandas as pd

import seaborn as sns

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

%matplotlib inline

import re

import nltk

from nltk.corpus import stopwords

from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer

from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import one_hot

from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences

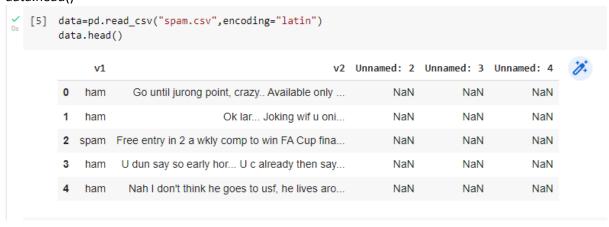
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM

from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense

from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding

from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score,confusion_matrix data=pd.read_csv("spam.csv",encoding="latin") data.head()



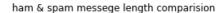
data.columns

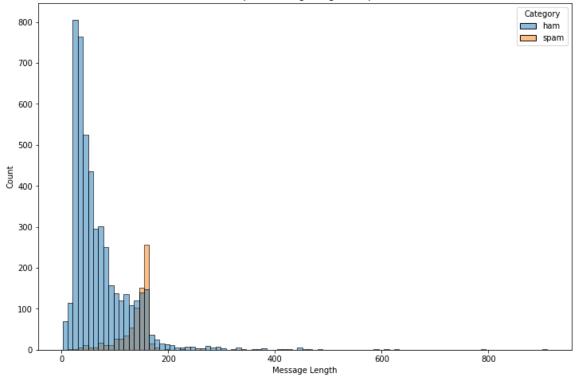
```
[6] data.columns
        Index(['v1', 'v2', 'Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'], dtype='object')
data=data.drop(columns=["Unnamed: 2","Unnamed: 3","Unnamed: 4"])
data=data.rename(
  "v1":"Category",
  "v2":"Message"
},
  axis=1
)
data.head()
          data.head()
              Category
                                                                Message
                              Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
           0
                    ham
           1
                                                Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
                    ham
           2
                   spam
                          Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
           3
                           U dun say so early hor... U c already then say ...
                    ham
                             Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
                    ham
```

```
data.isnull().sum()

✓ [10] data.isnull().sum()

         Category
                      0
         Message
         dtype: int64
data.info()
 (11) data.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 5572 entries, 0 to 5571
         Data columns (total 2 columns):
          # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
             Category 5572 non-null object
          1 Message 5572 non-null object
         dtypes: object(2)
         memory usage: 87.2+ KB
data["Message Length"]=data["Message"].apply(len)
fig=plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
sns.histplot(
 x=data["Message Length"],
 hue=data["Category"]
plt.title("ham & spam messege length comparision")
plt.show()
```





ham_desc=data[data["Category"]=="ham"]["Message Length"].describe() spam_desc=data[data["Category"]=="spam"]["Message Length"].describe()

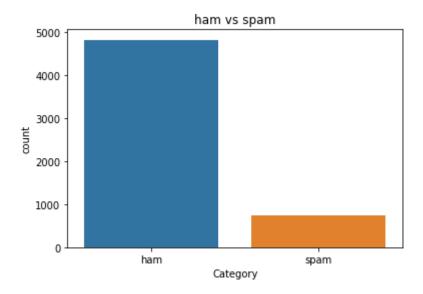
```
print("Ham Messege Length Description:\n",ham_desc)
print("************************")
print("Spam Message Length Description:\n",spam_desc)
 Ham Messege Length Description:
  count
            4825.000000
             71.023627
 mean
             58.016023
 std
 min
              2.000000
             33.000000
 25%
 50%
             52.000000
 75%
             92.000000
            910.000000
 max
 Name: Message Length, dtype: float64
 Spam Message Length Description:
  count
           747.000000
           138.866131
 mean
            29.183082
 std
 min
            13.000000
 25%
           132.500000
 50%
           149.000000
  75%
           157.000000
           224.000000
 max
```

Name: Message Length, dtype: float64

data.describe(include="all")

	Category	Message	Message Length
count	5572	5572	5572.000000
unique	2	5169	NaN
top	ham	Sorry, I'll call later	NaN
freq	4825	30	NaN
mean	NaN	NaN	80.118808
std	NaN	NaN	59.690841
min	NaN	NaN	2.000000
25%	NaN	NaN	36.000000
50%	NaN	NaN	61.000000
75%	NaN	NaN	121.000000
max	NaN	NaN	910.000000





ham_count=data["Category"].value_counts()[0] spam_count=data["Category"].value_counts()[1]

total_count=data.shape[0]

```
print("Ham contains:{:.2f}% of total data.".format(ham_count/total_count*100))
print("Spam contains:{:.2f}% of total data.".format(spam_count/total_count*100))
Ham contains:86.59% of total data.
Spam contains:13.41% of total data.
```

#compute the length of majority & minority class minority_len=len(data[data["Category"]=="spam"]) majority_len=len(data[data["Category"]=="ham"])

#store the indices of majority and minority class minority_indices=data[data["Category"]=="spam"].index majority_indices=data[data["Category"]=="ham"].index

#generate new majority indices from the total majority_indices

#with size equal to minority class length so we obtain equivalent number of indices length

random_majority_indices=np.random.choice(

majority_indices,

size=minority_len,

replace=False

#concatenate the two indices to obtain indices of new dataframe undersampled_indices=np.concatenate([minority_indices,random_majority_indices])

#create df using new indices
df=data.loc[undersampled_indices]

)

```
#shuffle the sample
df=df.sample(frac=1)
#reset the index as its all mixed
df=df.reset_index()
#drop the older index
df=df.drop(
  columns=["index"],
)
The resulting dataframes have **1494** rows and **4** columns
df.shape
 (1494, 3)
df["Category"].value_counts()
 spam
 ham
 Name: Category, dtype: int64
sns.countplot(
  data=df,
  x="Category"
plt.title("ham vs spam")
plt.show()
                             ham vs spam
     700
     600
     500
     400
     300
     200
     100
```

Display the head of new **df**

spam

Category

ham

0

df.head()

df.head()

Category		Message	Message Length
0	spam	Congratulations ur awarded either å£500 of CD	152
1	spam	Congratulations - Thanks to a good friend U ha	158
2	ham	You sure your neighbors didnt pick it up	40
3	spam	Urgent UR awarded a complimentary trip to Euro	161
4	ham	In xam hall boy asked girl Tell me the startin	185

Created new column **Label** and encode **ham** as **0** and **spam** as **1**

df.head()

df.head()

	Category	Message	Message Length	Label
0	spam	Congratulations ur awarded either å£500 of CD	152	1
1	spam	Congratulations - Thanks to a good friend U ha	158	1
2	ham	You sure your neighbors didnt pick it up	40	0
3	spam	Urgent UR awarded a complimentary trip to Euro	161	1
4	ham	In xam hall boy asked girl Tell me the startin	185	0

Import libraries to perform word **tokenization**

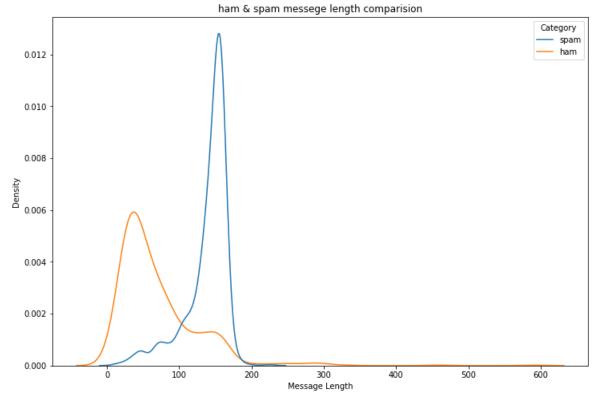
stemmer=PorterStemmer()

#declare empty list to store tokenized message corpus=[]

#iterate through the df["Message"]

```
for message in df["Message"]:
  #replace every special characters, numbers etc.. with whitespace of message
  #It will help retain only letter/alphabets
  message=re.sub("[^a-zA-Z]"," ",message)
  #convert every letters to its lowercase
  message=message.lower()
  #split the word into individual word list
  message=message.split()
  #perform stemming using PorterStemmer for all non-english-stopwords
  message=[stemmer.stem(words)
      for words in message
      if words not in set(stopwords.words("english"))
  #join the word lists with the whitespace
  message=" ".join(message)
  #append the message in corpus list
  corpus.append(message)
vocab_size=10000
oneHot_doc=[one_hot(words,n=vocab_size)
     for words in corpus
     ]
df["Message Length"].describe()
           1494.000000
  count
            104.014726
  mean
  std
              56.243274
  min
               2.000000
  25%
              49.000000
  50%
            118.000000
  75%
             153.000000
  max
             588.000000
  Name: Message Length, dtype: float64
fig=plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
sns.kdeplot(
  x=df["Message Length"],
  hue=df["Category"]
)
```

plt.title("ham & spam messege length comparision") plt.show()



```
sentence_len=200
embedded_doc=pad_sequences(
  oneHot_doc,
  maxlen=sentence_len,
  padding="pre"
)
extract_features=pd.DataFrame(
  data=embedded_doc
)
target=df["Label"]
```

df_final=pd.concat([extract_features,target],axis=1)

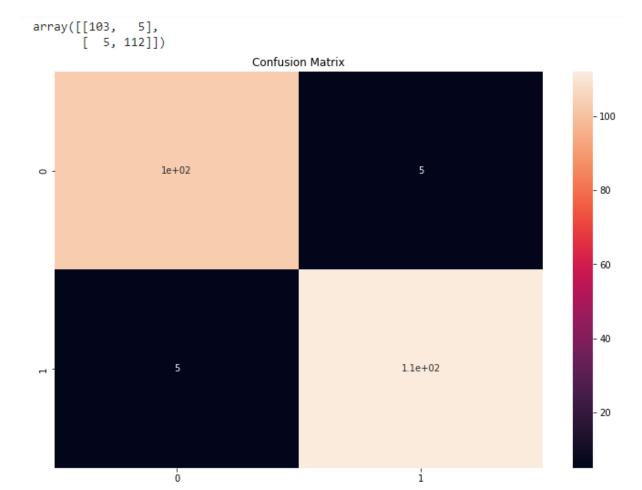
df final.head()



5 rows x 201 columns

```
X=df_final.drop("Label",axis=1)
y=df_final["Label"]
X_trainval,X_test,y_trainval,y_test=train_test_split(
  Χ,
  у,
  random_state=42,
  test_size=0.15
)
X_train,X_val,y_train,y_val=train_test_split(
  X_trainval,
  y_trainval,
  random_state=42,
  test_size=0.15
)
model=Sequential()
feature_num=100
model.add(
  Embedding(
    input_dim=vocab_size,
    output_dim=feature_num,
    input_length=sentence_len
  )
)
model.add(
  LSTM(
  units=128
)
model.add(
  Dense(
    units=1,
    activation="sigmoid"
  )
)
model.compile(
  optimizer=Adam(
  learning_rate=0.001
```

```
),
 loss="binary crossentropy",
 metrics=["accuracy"]
)
model.fit(
 X train,
 y_train,
 validation_data=(
   X val,
   y_val
 ),
 epochs=10
)
Epoch 1/10
34/34 [====
           =========] - 24s 532ms/step - loss: 0.4982 - accuracy: 0.7987 - val_loss: 0.2507 - val_accuracy
Epoch 2/10
34/34 [====
           =========] - 12s 348ms/step - loss: 0.1531 - accuracy: 0.9518 - val_loss: 0.0826 - val_accuracy
Epoch 3/10
34/34 [====
                ========] - 13s 386ms/step - loss: 0.0559 - accuracy: 0.9824 - val_loss: 0.0450 - val_accuracy
Epoch 4/10
            ===========] - 12s 343ms/step - loss: 0.0259 - accuracy: 0.9926 - val_loss: 0.0970 - val_accuracy
34/34 [====
Epoch 5/10
         34/34 [====
Epoch 6/10
34/34 [====
           ==========] - 12s 341ms/step - loss: 0.0085 - accuracy: 0.9981 - val_loss: 0.0863 - val_accuracy
Epoch 7/10
34/34 [====
           Epoch 8/10
              ========] - 13s 384ms/step - loss: 0.0062 - accuracy: 0.9991 - val_loss: 0.1202 - val_accuracy
34/34 [====
Epoch 9/10
         34/34 [====:
Epoch 10/10
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f5d53dc9b90>
y_pred=model.predict(X_test)
y_pred=(y_pred>0.5)
 8/8 [======] - 1s 93ms/step
score=accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
print("Test Score:{:.2f}%".format(score*100))
 Test Score:95.56%
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
fig=plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
sns.heatmap(
 cm,
 annot=True,
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
cm
```



#The function take model and message as parameter def classify_message(model,message):

oneHot=[one_hot(word,n=vocab_size)]

```
#We will treat message as a paragraphs containing multiple sentences(lines)
#we will extract individual lines
for sentences in message:
    sentences=nltk.sent_tokenize(message)

#Iterate over individual sentences
for sentence in sentences:
    #replace all special characters
    words=re.sub("[^a-zA-Z]"," ",sentence)

#perform word tokenization of all non-english-stopwords
    if words not in set(stopwords.words('english')):
        word=nltk.word_tokenize(words)
        word=" ".join(word)

#perform one_hot on tokenized word
```

```
#create an embedded documnet using pad_sequences
  #this can be fed to our model
  text=pad_sequences(oneHot,maxlen=sentence_len,padding="pre")
  #predict the text using model
  predict=model.predict(text)
  #if predict value is greater than 0.5 its a spam
  if predict>0.5:
   print("It is a spam")
  #else the message is not a spam
  else:
    print("It is not a spam")
message1="I am having a bad day and I would like to have a break today"
message2="This is to inform you had won a lottery and the subscription will end in a week so call
us."
classify_message(model,message1)
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 27ms/step
It is not a spam
classify_message(model,message2)
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 26ms/step
It is a spam
```