PROJECT REPORT FORMAT

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1.Introduction

1.1Project Overview

The leading cause of death in the developed world is heart disease. Therefore, there needs to be work done to help prevent the risks of having a heart attack or stroke.

1.2Purpose

Know fundamental concepts and can work on IBM Cognos Analytics. Gain a broad understanding of plotting different visualizations to provide a suitable solution.

Able to create meaningful Visualizations and Dashboard(s)

2. Literature Survey

2.1References

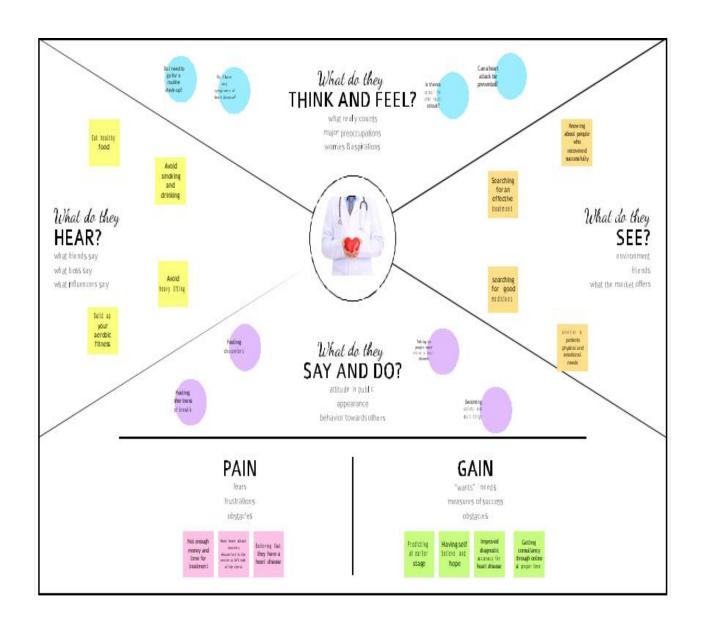
- 1. Bo Jin ,Chao Che, Zhen Liu, Shulong Zhang, Xiaomeng Yin, And Xiaopeng Wei, "Predicting the Risk of Heart Failure With EHR Sequential Data Modeling", IEEE Access 2018.
- 2. Aakash Chauhan , Aditya Jain , Purushottam Sharma , Vikas Deep, "Heart Disease Prediction using Evolutionary Rule Learning", "Computational "International Intelligence Technology" (CICT 2018). and Conference on Communication
- 3.Ashir Javeed, Shijie Zhou, Liao Yongjian, Iqbal Qasim, Adeeb Noor, Redhwan Nour4, Samad Wali And Abdul Basit, "An Intelligent Learning System based on Random Search Algorithm and Optimized Random Forest Model for Improved Heart Disease Detection", IEEE Access 2017

2.2Problem Statement Definition

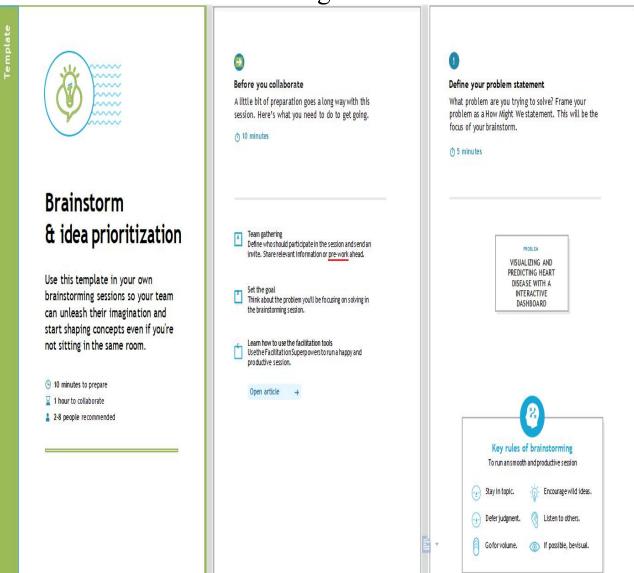
The leading cause of death in the developed world is heart disease. Therefore, there needs to be work done to help prevent the risks of having a heart attack or stroke.

3. Ideation and Proposed Solution

3.1Empathy Map Canvas



3.2 Ideation and Brainstorming





Brainstorm

Write down any ideas that come to mind that address your problem statement.

10 minutes





Group ideas

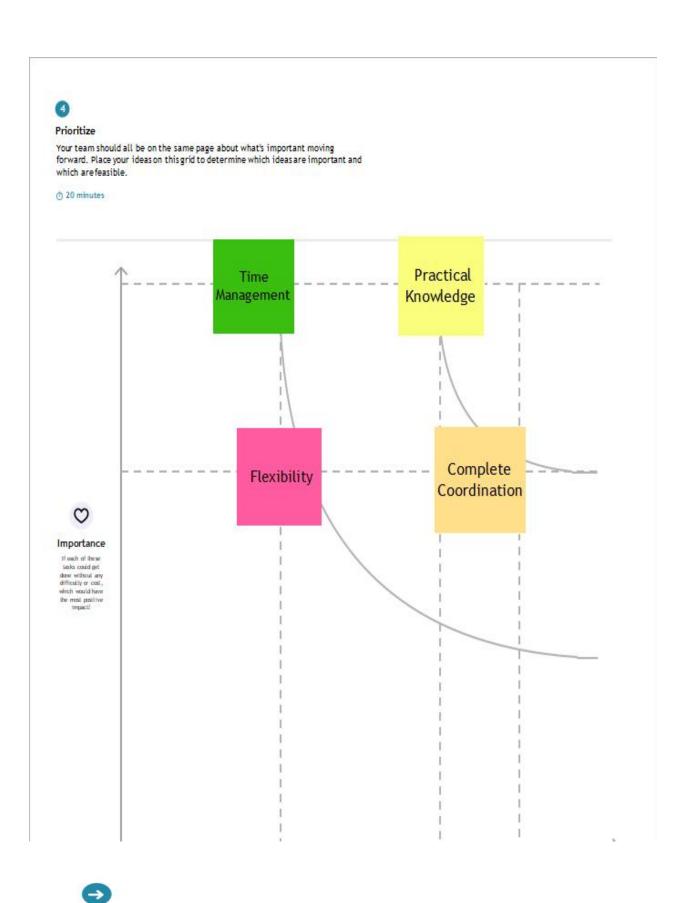
Take turns sharing your ideas while clustering similar or related notes as you go. In the last 10 minutes, give each cluster a sentence-like label. If a cluster is bigger than six sticky notes, try and see if you and break it up into smaller sub-groups.

Early diagnosis of heart disease is significant to minimize the heart related issues.

when asked to define
value in their
healthcare
experience, patients
on average ranked
having knowledge
and competent
practitioners

In order to protect from heart disease, don't smoke, drink alcohol.

focusing on patient experience could broadly improve value



After you collaborate

You can export the mural as an image or <u>pdf</u> to share with members of your company who might find it helpful.

Quick add-ons

Share the mural
Share a view link to the mural with stakeholders to keep
them in the loop about the outcomes of the session.

Export the mural
Export a copy of the mural as a PNG or PDF to attach to
emails, include in slides, or save in your drive.

Keep moving forward



Strategy blueprint

Define the components of a new idea or strategy.

Open the template



Customer experience journey map

Understand customer needs, motivations, and obstacles for an experience.

Open the template



Strengths, weaknesses, opportunities & threats

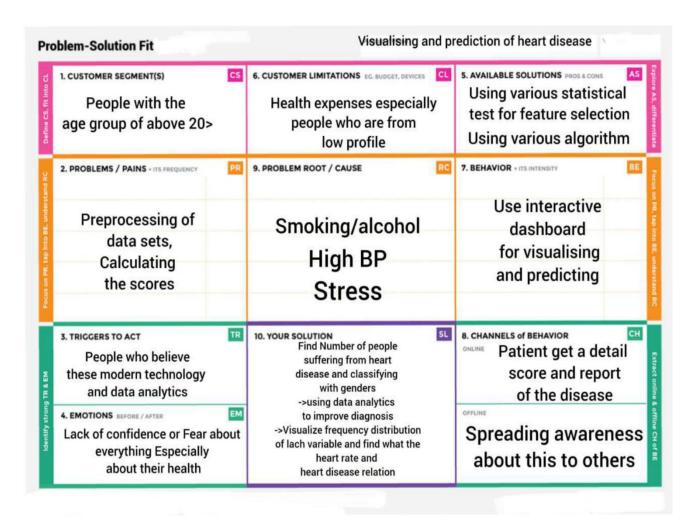
Identify strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT) to develop a plan.

Open the template

3.3 Proposed Solution

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	Predicts the chances of Heart Disease and classifies patient's risk level .
2.	Idea / Solution description	->Find Number of people suffering from heart disease and classifying with genders ->using data analytics to improve diagnosis ->Visualize frequency distribution of lach variable and find what the heart rate and heart disease relation>Chest pain is the key to recognize the heart disease. In this work, the heart diseases are predicted by considering major factors with four types of chest pain. The role of exploratory data using tableau provided a visual appealing and accurate clustering experience.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Using various statistical test for feature selection and to find out the most efficient classification algorithm that can help us to detect heart diseases at early stage. This algorithm can be used on heart records of the patient or by using it on classification reports.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	people thinks heart disease is uncurable and people can understand with what heart disease he/she may have affected and understand that 80% preventable cases of heart disease and stroke and detecting the disease at earliest.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Cost efficiency,potential consumer space is huge.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	As these are being analyzed using data analytics method, the scaling is flexible hence it is scalable.

3.4 Problem Solution Fit



4. Requirement Analysis

4.1 Functional Requirement

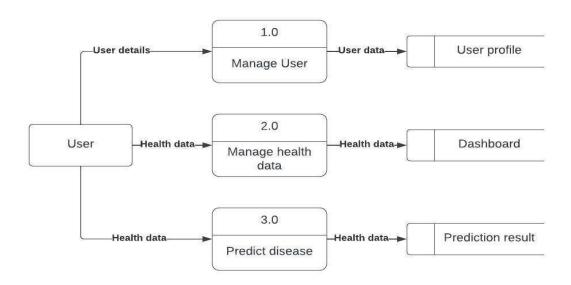
FR No.	Functional Requirement(Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Enables user to make registration for the applicationthrough Gmail.
FR-2	User Confirmation	Once after registration, the user will get confirmation via E-mail.
FR-3	Visualizing Data	User can visualize the trends on the heart diseasethrough Dashboard created using IBM Cognos Analytics.
FR-4	Generating Report	User can view his/her health report and can make decisions accordingly.

4.2 Non- Functional Requirement

NFR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	The application will have a simple
		and user-friendly graphical interface.
		Users will be ableto understand and
		use all the features ofthe application
		easily. Any action has to be
		performed with just a few clicks.
NFR-2	Security	For security of the application the
		techniqueknown as database
		replication should be used, so that all
		the important data should bekept
		safe. In case of crash, the system
		shouldbe able to backup and recover
		the data.
NFR-3	Reliability	The application has to be consistent
		at everyscenario and has to work
		without failure in any environment.
NFR-4	Performance	Performance of the application depends
		on the response time and the speed of
		the data submission. The response time
		of the applicationis direct and faster
		which depends on the efficiency of
		implemented algorithm.
NFR-5	Availability	The application has to be available 24 x 7 for
		users without any interruption.
NFR-6	Scalability	The application can withstand the
	-	increase in the Number of users and has
		to be able to develop higher versions.

5. Project Design

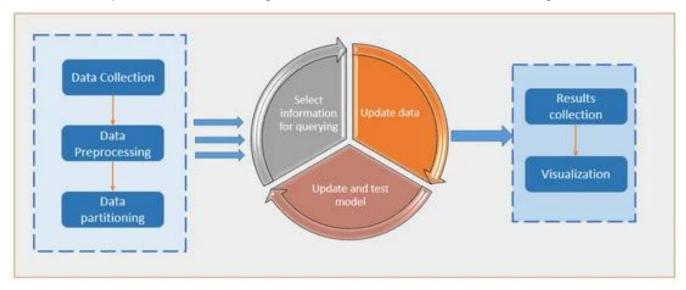
5.1 Data Flow Diagrams

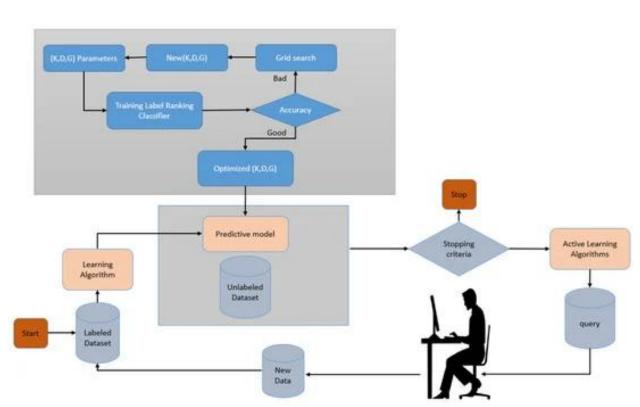


5.2 Solution and Technical Architecture

Solution architecture is a complex process – with many sub-processes – that bridges the gap between business problems and technology solutions. Its goals are to:

- Find the best tech solution to solve existing business problems.
- Describe the structure, characteristics, behavior, and other aspects of the software to project stakeholders.
- Define features, development phases, and solution requirements.
- Provide specifications according to which the solution is defined, managed, and delivered.





TECHNICAL ARHITECTURE

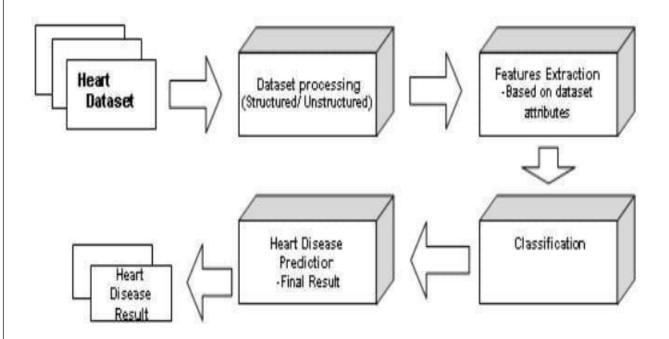


Table-1 : Components & Technologies:

S.N o	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	How user interacts with application e.g. WebUI, Mobile App, Chatbot etc.	HTML, CSS, JavaScript / Angular Js / React Js etc.
2.	Application Logic-1	Logic for a process in the application	Java / Python
3.	Application Logic-2	Logic for a process in the application	IBM Watson STT service
4.	Application Logic-3	Logic for a process in the application	IBM Watson Assistant
5.	Database	Data Type, Configurations etc.	MySQL, NoSQL, etc.
6.	Cloud Database	Database Service on Cloud	IBM DB2, IBM Cloudant etc.
7.	File Storage	File storage requirements	IBM Block Storage or Other StorageService or Local Filesystem
8.	External API-1	Purpose of External API used in the application	IBM Weather API, etc.
9.	External API-2	Purpose of External API used in the application	Aadhar API, etc.
10.	Machine Learning Model	Purpose of Machine Learning Model	Object Recognition Model, etc.
11.	Infrastructure (Server / Cloud)	Application Deployment on Local System / CloudLocal Server Configuration: Cloud Server Configuration:	Local, Cloud Foundry, Kubernetes, etc.

Table-2: Application Characteristics:

S.N o			Technology
1.	Open-Source Frameworks	List the open-source frameworks used	Technology of Opensource framework
2.	Security Implementations	List all the security / access controls implemented, use of firewalls etc.	e.g.SHA-256, Encryptions, IAM Controls, OWASP etc.
3.	Scalable Architecture	Justify the scalability of architecture (3 – tier, Microservices)	Technology used
4.	Availability	Justify the availability of application (e.g.Use of load balancers, distributed servers etc.)	Technology used
5.	Performance	Design consideration for the performance of the application (number of requests per sec, use of Cache, use of CDN's) etc.	Technology used

5.3 User Stories

User Type	Functio nal Require ment (Epic)	User Stor Y Num ber	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
r (Web user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the applicationby entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	I can access my account / Dashboard.	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmationemail once I have registered for the application.	I can receive confirmation email &click confirm.	High	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-3	As a user, I can log into the application byentering email & password.	I can access my account / Dash boar d whe n logg edin.	High	Sprint-1
Custome r (Web user)	Dashboard	USN-4	User can view his/her complete medical analysis and accuracy of diseaseprediction.	I can view my medical analys is in the dashb oard.	High	Sprint-2

		USN-5	User can view the accuracy	I can view the	High	Sprint-2
			of occurrenceof heart	accuracyof		
			disease.	heart disease in		
				the dashboard.		
Customer	Helpdesk	USN-6	As a customer care	I can post my	Medium	Sprint-3
Care			executive, he/she canview	queries inthe		
Executive			the customer queries.	dashboard.		
		USN-7	As a customer care executive,	I can get	High	Sprint-3
			he/she cananswer the	support from		
			customer queries.	helpdesk.		
Administra	User Profile	USN-8	As an admin, he/she can	I can view my	High	Sprint-4
tor			update the healthdetails of	updatedhealth		
			users.	details.		
		USN-9	As an admin, he/she can	I can access my	High	Sprint-4
			add or deleteusers.	account		
				/ Dashboard		
				whe		
				n		
				logg		
				edin.		
		USN-10	As an admin, he/she can	I can view the	High	Sprint-4
			manage the userdetails.	organizeddata		
				of myself.		

6. Project Planning and Scheduling 6.1 Sprint Planning and Estimation

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the applicationby entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	2	High	1
Sprint-1		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	1	High	2
Sprint-2		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the applicationthrough Facebook	2	Low	4
Sprint-1		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the applicationthrough Gmail	2	Medium	3
Sprint-1	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	1	High	2
Sprint-2	Dashboard	USN-6	Profile - view & update your profile	2	High	4

Sprint-1		USN-7	Change Password - user can changethe password	1	High	2
Sprint-1		USN-8	Home - Analyze your Heart	2	High	4
Sprint-3		USN-9	The user will have to fill in the below13 fields for the system to predict a disease -Age in Year -Gender -Chest Pain Type -Fasting Blood Sugar -Resting Electrographic Results(Restecg) -Exercise Induced Angina(Exang) -The slope of the peak exercise STsegment -CA — Number of major vesselscolored by fluoroscopy -Thal -Trest Blood Pressure -Serum Cholesterol - Maximum heartrate	2	High	3
		USN-10	View Doctors - view doctor detail by searching by names or filter byspecialty	1	Medium	4
Sprint-3	System Requirment	USN-11	I. Hardware Requirementi. Laptop or PCI5 processor system or higher	2	High	2
			 4 GB RAM or higher 128 GB ROM or higher ii. Android Phone (12.0 and above) 			
Sprint-3		USN-12	II. Software Requirementiii. Laptop or PCWindows 10 or higherAndroid Studio	2	Medium	2
Sprint-4	Dashboard	USN-13	Query	1	High	1

USN-14	Toll Free	1	High	1
USN-15	Ratings	2	Medium	2
USN-16	Verification	2	High	2
USN-17	Validation	1	High	2
USN-18	Feedback – send feedback	2	Medium	3
	to theAdmin			

6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duratio n	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as onPlanned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	18	06 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	11 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	19	19 Nov 2022

Velocity:

Imagine we have a 10-day sprint duration, and the velocity of the team is 20 (points per sprint). Let's calculate the team's average velocity (AV) per iteration unit (story points per day)

$$AV = \frac{sprint\ duration}{velocity} = \frac{20}{10} = 2$$



7. Coding and Solutioning

7.1 Feature 1

html>

```
<!DOCTYPE
               <html lang="en" dir="ltr">
               <head>
                 <meta charset="utf-8">
                 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
                 <title>Heart Disease Predictor</title>
                 <\!\!link\,rel="stylesheet"\,type="text/css"\,href="\{\{url\_for('static',filename='style.css')\}\}">
                 k href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Pacifico&display=swap" rel="stylesheet">
               </head>
               <body>
                 <!-- Website Title -->
                 <div class="container">
                   <h2class='container-heading'><span class="heading_font">Heart Disease Predictor</span></h2>
                      <\!\!p\!\!>\!\!A\ Machine\ Learning\ Web\ Application\ that\ predicits\ chances\ of\ having\ heart\ Disease\ or\ not,\ Built\ with\ Flask\ and\ Deployed
               using Heroku.<br>
                         <(Note:This model is 82.67% accurate)</p>
                    </div>
                 </div>
                 <!-- Text Area -->
                 <div class="ml-container">
                    <form action="{{ url_for('predict')}}" method="POST">
                         <labelfor="age">Age</label>
                         <input type="text" id="age" name="age" placeholder="Your age.."><br>
                         <label for="sex">Sex</label>
                         <select id="sex" name="sex">
                           <option selected>----select option---</option>
                           <option value="1">Male</option>
```

```
<option value="0">Female</option>
  <label for="cp">Chest Pain Type</label>
   <select id="cp" name="cp">
     <option selected>----select option---</option>
     <option value="0">Typical Angina
     <option value="1">Atypical Angina
     <option value="2">Non-anginal Pain
     <option value="3">Asymtomatic</option>
   </select><br>
  <label for="trestbps">Resting Blood Pressure</label>
                              <input type="text" id="trestbps" name="trestbps" placeholder="A number in range [94-200] mmHg"><br/>br>
  <label for="chol">Serum Cholesterol</label>
   <input type="text" id="chol" name="chol" placeholder="A number in range [126-564] mg/dl"><br>
  <label for="fbs">Fasting Blood Sugar</label>
  <select id="fbs" name="fbs">
     <option selected>----select option---</option>
     <option value="1">Greater than 120 mg/dl</option>
     <option value="0">Less than 120 mg/dl</option>
  </select><br>
  <label for="restecg">Resting ECG Results</label>
   <selectid="restecg" name="restecg">
     <option selected>----select option---</option>
     <optionvalue="0">Normal</option>
     <option value="1">Having ST-T wave abnormality</option>
     <option value="2">Probable or definite left ventricular
       hypertrophy</option>
  </select><br>
  <label for="thalach">Max Heart Rate </label>
  <\!\!\text{input type} = \text{"text" id} = \text{"thalach" name} = \text{"thalach" placeholder} = \text{"A number in range [71-202] bpm"} > <\!\!\text{br}>
  <label for="exang">Exercise-induced Angina</label>
   <selectid="exang" name="exang">
     <option selected>----select option---</option>
     <option value="1">Yes</option>
     <option value="0">No</option>
  </select><br>
   <label for="oldpeak">ST depression</label>
                                   <\!input\,type="text"\,id="oldpeak"\,name="oldpeak"\,placeholder="ST\,depression,\,typically\,in\,[0-6.2]"><\!br>
   <label for="slope">slope of the peak exercise ST segment</label>
   <select id="slope" name="slope">
     <option selected>----select option---</option>
     <option value="0">Upsloping</option>
     <option value="1">Flat</option>
     <option value="2">Downsloping</option>
   </select><br>
   <label for="ca">Number of Major vessels</label>
  <input type="text" id="ca" name="ca" placeholder="Typically in [0-4]"><br>
  <label for="thal">Thalassemia</label>
  <select id="thal" name="thal">
     <option selected>----select option---</option>
     <option value="0">Normal</option>
     <option value="1">Fixed Defect</option>
     <option value="2">Reversible Defect</option>
  </select><br>
<inputtype="submit" class="my-cta-button" value="Predict">
```

</div>
</body>
</html>

7.2 Feature 2

```
<!DOCTYPE
<html>
                    lang="en" dir="ltr">
                                        <meta charset="utf-8">
                                        <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
                                        <title>Heart Disease Predictor</title>
                                        k rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="{{ url for('static', filename='style.css')}}">
                                        <scriptsrc="https://kit.fontawesome.com/5f3f547070.js"crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
                                                                     khref="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Pacifico&display=swap"rel="stylesheet">
                           </head>
                   <body>
                        <!-- Website Title -->
                                        <div class="container">
                            <h2 class='container-heading'><span class="heading" font">Heart Disease Predictor</span></h2>
                            <div class='description'>
                                                     A Machine Learning Web App, Built with Flask, Deployed using Heroku.
                                        </div>
                           </div>
                                        <!-- Result -->
                                        <div class="results">
                                                         {% if prediction==1 %}
                                                                  <h1>Prediction: <span class='danger'>Oops! You have Chances of Heart
              Disease.</span></h1>
                                                                  <h1>Prediction: <span class='safe'>Great! You DON'T chances have Heart
              Disease.</span></h1>
                                                       {% endif %}
                                        </div>
                      </div>
                           </body>
              </html>
```

8. Testing

8.1 Test Cases

A test case is nothing but a series of step executed on a product, using a predefined set of input data, expected to produce a pre-defined set of outputs,in a given environment. It describes "how" to implement those test cases. Test case specifications are useful as it enlists the specification details of the items.

The purpose of testing is to discover errors . Testing is the process of trying to discover every conceivable fault or weakness in a work product . It provide a way to check the functionality of component , sub assemblies , assemblies and/or a finished product. It is the process of exercising software with the intent of

fail in an unacceptable manner. There are various types of testing. Each test typeaddressing a specific testing requirement.

The testing report are submitted in github account.

8.2 User Acceptance Testing

User acceptance testing is a critical phase of any project and requiressignificant participant by the end user. It also ensure that the system meets the functional requirement.

9. Results

9.1 Performance Metrics

Classification	Report precision	recall	f1-score	support
0 1	0.98 1.00	1.00 0.98	0.99	132 125
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99 0.99 0.99	257 257 257

Accuracy: 98.83%

10. Advantages and Disadvantages

ADVANTAGE

- The advantage of this model are high performance and accuracy rate.
- It is very flexible and high rates of success are achieved
- The application when implemented using random forests has more accuracy rate when compare to other algorithm. In this system, we achieve around 98%.

11. Conclusion

The primary objective of the proposed algorithm is to minimize Makespanand improve fitness function. Improving the load balance process through task Scheduling can result in efficient utilization of cloud resources. The objective of this proposed work was to provide an enhanced load balancing algorithm. Result proved that our algorithm reduce makespan and provide efficient resources utilization of compared to existing dynamic LBA (load balancing algorithm). It also shows that the proposed algorithm can function in a dynamic cloud environment where user requests arrive in random order and where there are manychanges in the length of the user requests. The algorithm is also to handle large size requests compared to the existing approach.

12. Future Scope

In the future, various other metrics like throughput, average time, resources utilizing, waiting time, etc. can be considered. In the future, author will work to optimize the cloud resources further and enhance cloud-based application performance, such as considering more SLA (service level agreement) parameters. For example, the algorithm will be tested based on the number of violation and themigration count for better performance. Also, the algorithm will be comprehensively compared to other existing algorithm in the literature.

13. Appendix

13.1 Source Code

PYTHON

Python is a computer programming language often used to **build websites and software**, **automate tasks**, **and conduct data analysis**. Python is a general-purpose language, meaning it can be used to create a variety of different programs and isn't specialized for any specific problems.

```
#Importingessentiallibraries
```

```
from flask import Flask, render template, request
  import pickle
 import numpy as np
# Load the Random Forest CLassifier model
filename='heart-disease-prediction-knn-model.pkl'
model = pickle.load(open(filename, 'rb'))
  app = Flask( name )
  @app.route('/')
 def home():
              return render_template('main.html')
@app.route('/predict', methods=['GET','POST'])
   def predict():
     if request.method == 'POST':
          age = int(request.form['age'])
          sex = request.form.get('sex')
          cp = request.form.get('cp')
          trestbps=int(request.form['trestbps'])
          chol = int(request.form['chol'])
          fbs = request.form.get('fbs')
          restecg = int(request.form['restecg'])
          thalach = int(request.form['thalach'])
          exang = request.form.get('exang')
          oldpeak=float(request.form['oldpeak'])
          slope = request.form.get('slope')
          ca = int(request.form['ca'])
          thal = request.form.get('thal')
          data = np.array([[age,sex,cp,trestbps,chol,fbs,restecg,thalach,exang,oldpeak,slope,ca,thal]])
          my_prediction = model.predict(data)
          return render_template('result.html', prediction=my_prediction)
if <u>na</u>me <u>==</u>' main ':
              app.run(debug=True)
```

14. Github and Project Demo Link

PROJECT DEMO LINK:

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-10956-1659247896/blob/main/Final%20Deliverables/Project%20demonstration%20video.mp4 Github:

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-10956-1659247896

