

Define CS, fit into CC	<div><div>1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)<div>CS</div></div><div>Who is your customer? i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids</div><div>Job seekers of age 21 tp 40</div></div>	<div><div>6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS<div>CC</div></div><div>What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices.</div><div>Number of options, Location constraints Awareness</div></div>	<div><div>5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS<div>AS</div></div><div>Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking</div><div>Manual Searching, Linkedin. Job seekers would tire themselves by searching jobs continuously.</div></div>	Explore AS, differentiate
	<div><div>2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS<div>J&P</div></div><div>Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one; explore different sides.</div><div>User should be provided with realtime job updates of popular companies</div></div>	<div><div>9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE<div>RC</div></div><div>What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job? i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations.</div><div>Due to high requirements of jobs, Job seekers need a platform where they search and get the job they like.</div></div>	<div><div>7. BEHAVIOUR<div>BE</div></div><div>What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done? i.e. directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace)</div><div>User need to find the job they aim for through websites of the company they like and the position they search for and the skills they have</div></div>	
Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC				Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC
Identify strong TR & EM	<div><div>3. TRIGGERS<div>TR</div></div><div>What triggers customers to act? i.e. seeing their neighbour installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news.</div><div>Seeking jobs from offices, finding job openings, and getting the jobs they like.</div></div>	<div><div>10. YOUR SOLUTION<div>SL</div></div><div>If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality. If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behaviour.</div><div>Users can filter the job they search for and their requirements can be met according to their inputs in the system. Users may able to reach the job offers soon due to the real-time updates on the current job offers</div></div>	<div><div>8.CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR<div>CH</div></div><div>8.1 ONLINE What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7</div><div>8.2 OFFLINE What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development.</div><div>8.1 ONLINE User needs to surf the internet for job offers</div><div>8.2 OFFLINE Job seeker needs to move from place to place in search of jobs</div></div>	Identify strong TR & EM
	<div><div>4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER<div>EM</div></div><div>How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job afterwards? i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design.</div><div>They feel frustrated due to lack of or abundance of options</div><div>lost, agitated > confident, clear-minded, stress-free</div></div>			

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