Assignment -2

Python Programming

Assignment Date	23 september 2022
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Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Data Visualization and Pre-processing

Question-1: 1.

Load the dataset

Solution:

```
import pandas as pd import
seaborn as sns import
matplotlib.pyplot as plt import numpy
as np sns.set_style('darkgrid')
sns.set(font_scale=1.3)
```

In [2]:

```
df=pd.read_excel("/content/Churn_Modelling.xlsx")
```

In [1]:

```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
sns.set_style('darkgrid')
sns.set(font_scale=1.3)
```

In [2]:

```
df=pd.read_excel("/content/Churn_Modelling.xlsx")
```

Question-2:

2. Perform Below Visualizations.

- Univariate Analysis
- Bi - Variate Analysis
- Multi - Variate Analysis

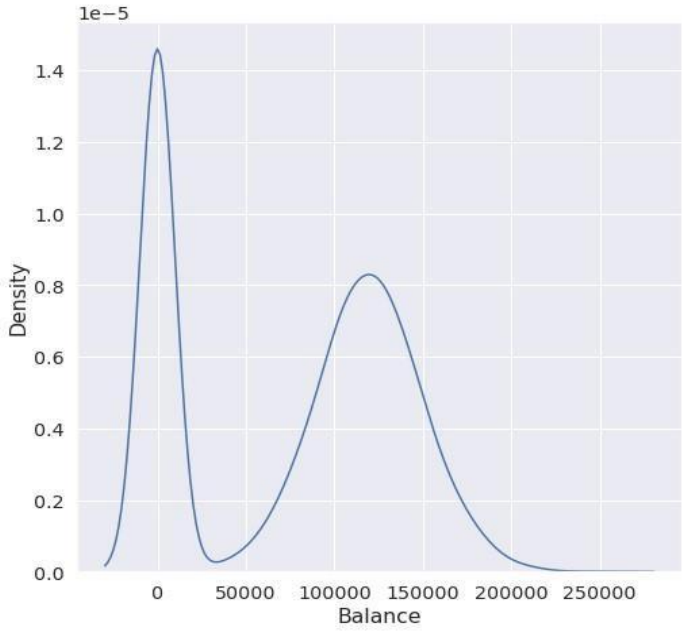
Solution:

.

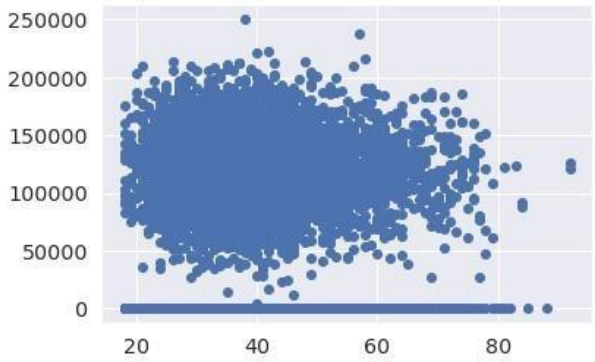
```
#Perform Univariate Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.kdeplot(x=df['Balance'])
```

In [7]:
```
#Perform Univariate Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
sns.kdeplot(x=df['Balance'])
```

Out[7]:
```
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fc3f3579c50>
```




```
#Perform Bivariate Analysis  plt.scatter(df.Age,df.Balance)
```




```
#Perform Bivariate Analysis df.corr()
```

Out[9]:

	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
CreditScore	1.000000	-0.003965	0.000842	0.006268	0.012238	-0.005458	0.025651	-0.001384	-0.027094
Age	-0.003965	1.000000	-0.009997	0.028308	-0.030680	-0.011721	0.085472	-0.007201	0.285323
Tenure	0.000842	-0.009997	1.000000	-0.012254	0.013444	0.022583	-0.028362	0.007784	-0.014001
Balance	0.006268	0.028308	-0.012254	1.000000	-0.304180	-0.014858	-0.010084	0.012797	0.118533
NumOfProducts	0.012238	-0.030680	0.013444	-0.304180	1.000000	0.003183	0.009612	0.014204	-0.047820
HasCrCard	-0.005458	-0.011721	0.022583	-0.014858	0.003183	1.000000	-0.011866	-0.009933	-0.007138
IsActiveMember	0.025651	0.085472	-0.028362	-0.010084	0.009612	-0.011866	1.000000	-0.011421	-0.156128
EstimatedSalary	-0.001384	-0.007201	0.007784	0.012797	0.014204	-0.009933	-0.011421	1.000000	0.012097
Exited	-0.027094	0.285323	-0.014001	0.118533	-0.047820	-0.007138	-0.156128	0.012097	1.000000

```
                                        #Perform Bivariate Analysis
import statsmodels.api as sm
```

```
#define response variable y
= df['CreditScore']

#define explanatory variable x =
df[['EstimatedSalary']]

#add constant to predictor variables x
= sm.add_constant(x)

#fit linear regression model model
= sm.OLS(y, x).fit()

#view model summary print(model.summary())
```

OLS Regression Results

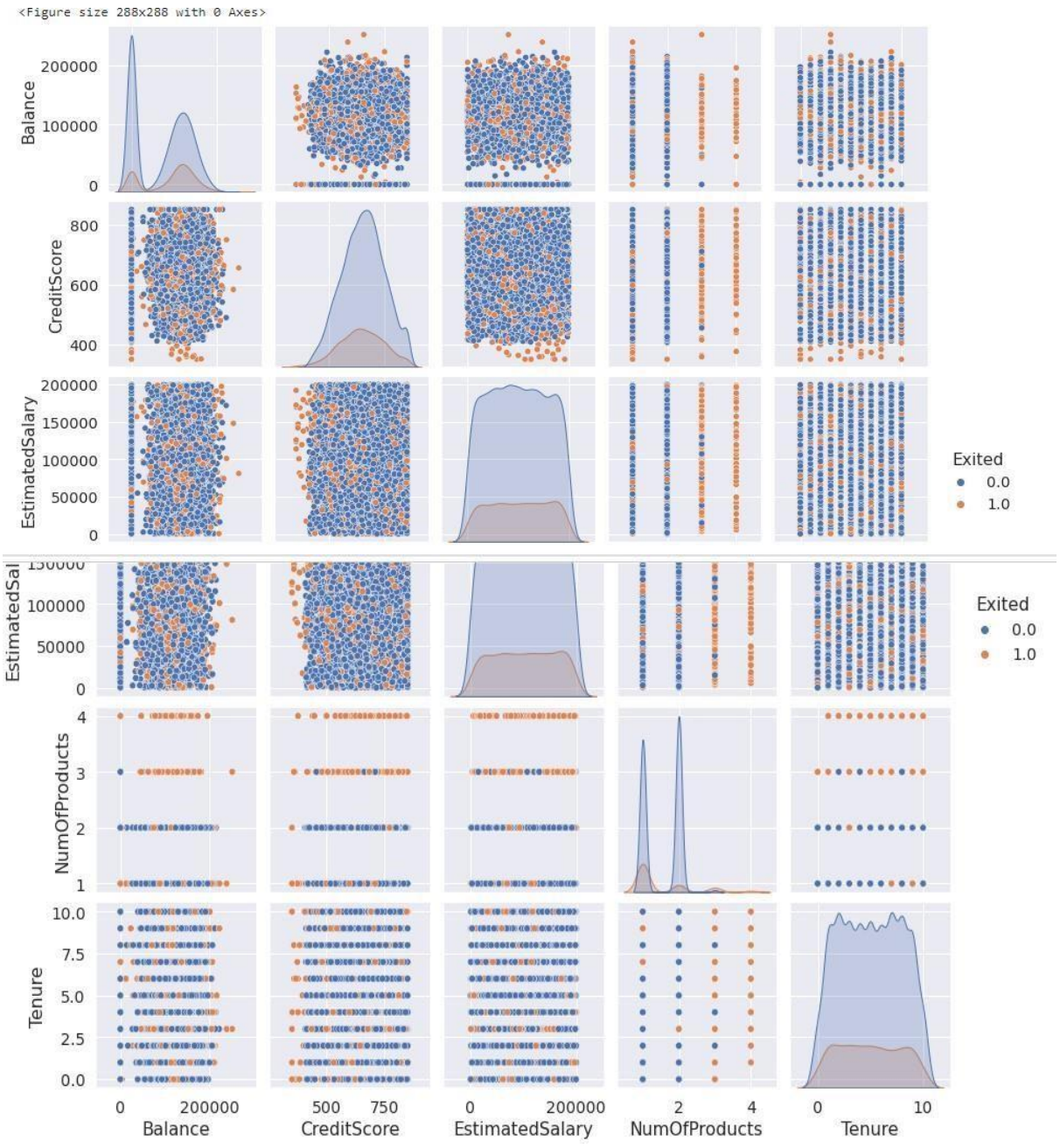
Dep. Variable:	CreditScore	R-squared:	0.000
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	-0.000
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	0.01916
Date:	Thu, 29 Sep 2022	Prob (F-statistic):	0.890
Time:	14:58:55	Log-Likelihood:	-59900.
No. Observations:	10000	AIC:	1.198e+05
Df Residuals:	9998	BIC:	1.198e+05
Df Model:	1		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P>|t|	[0.025	0.975]
const	650.7617	1.940	335.407	0.000	646.958	654.565
EstimatedSalary	-2.326e-06	1.68e-05	-0.138	0.890	-3.53e-05	3.06e-05

Omnibus:	132.939	Durbin-Watson:	2.014
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	84.242
Skew:	-0.072	Prob(JB):	5.10e-19
Kurtosis:	2.574	Cond. No.	2.32e+05

Notes:
[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
[2] The condition number is large, 2.32e+05. This might indicate that there are
strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

```
#Perform Multivariate Analysis plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))
sns.pairplot(data=df[["Balance","CreditScore","EstimatedSalary","NumOfProducts","Tenure","Exited"]],hue="Exited")
```



Question-3:

3. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

Solution:

```
#Perform Descriptive Statistics
df=pd.DataFrame(df) print(df.sum())
```

```
CreditScore                                                 6505288.0
Geography          FranceSpainFranceFranceSpainSpainFranceGermany...
Gender             FemaleFemaleFemaleFemaleFemaleMaleMaleFemaleMa...
Age                                                         389218.0
Tenure                                                       50128.0
Balance                                                  764858892.88
NumOfProducts                                               15302.0
HasCrCard                                                    7055.0
IsActiveMember                                               5151.0
EstimatedSalary                                        1000902398.81
Exited                                                       2037.0
dtype: object
```

```
#Perform Descriptive Statistics print("----
Sum Value-----") print(df.sum(1)) print("--------
-------------------------") print("----Product
Value-----") print(df.prod())
print("-----------------------------------")
```

```
----Sum Value-----
0       102015.88
1       197002.44
2       274149.37
3        94567.63
4       205492.92
          ...
9995     97088.64
9996    159633.38
9997     42840.58
9998    168784.83
9999    169159.57
Length: 10000, dtype: float64
---------------------------------
-----Product Value-----
CreditScore        inf
Age                inf
Tenure             0.0
Balance            0.0
NumOfProducts      inf
HasCrCard          0.0
IsActiveMember     0.0
EstimatedSalary    inf
Exited             0.0
dtype: float64
---------------------------------
```

```
#Perform Descriptive Statistics print("---------
-Mean Value-----------") print(df.mean())
print("--------------------------------") print("-
---------Median Value---------")
print(df.median()) print("----------------------
-------") print("----------Mode Value---------
```

```
---") print(df.mode()) print("------------------
-------------")
```

```
----------Mean Value-----------
CreditScore           650.528800
Age                    38.921800
Tenure                  5.012800
Balance             76485.889288
NumOfProducts           1.530200
HasCrCard               0.705500
IsActiveMember          0.515100
EstimatedSalary    100090.239881
Exited                  0.203700
dtype: float64
--------------------------------
----------Median Value---------
CreditScore           652.000
Age                    37.000
Tenure                  5.000
Balance             97198.540
NumOfProducts           1.000
HasCrCard               1.000
IsActiveMember          1.000
EstimatedSalary    100193.915
Exited                  0.000
dtype: float64
--------------------------------
----------Mode Value------------
   CreditScore Geography Gender   Age  Tenure  Balance  NumOfProducts
0        850.0    France   Male  37.0     2.0      0.0            1.0

   HasCrCard  IsActiveMember  EstimatedSalary  Exited
0        1.0             1.0         24924.92     0.0
--------------------------------
```

Question-4:

4.Handle the Missing values

Solution:

```
#Handling with missing Values df.isnull().values;
#Checking values are null


#Handling with missing Values df.notnull()#Checking
values are not null
```

Out[16]:

	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
1	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
2	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
3	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
4	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9995	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
9996	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
9997	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
9998	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True
9999	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True	True

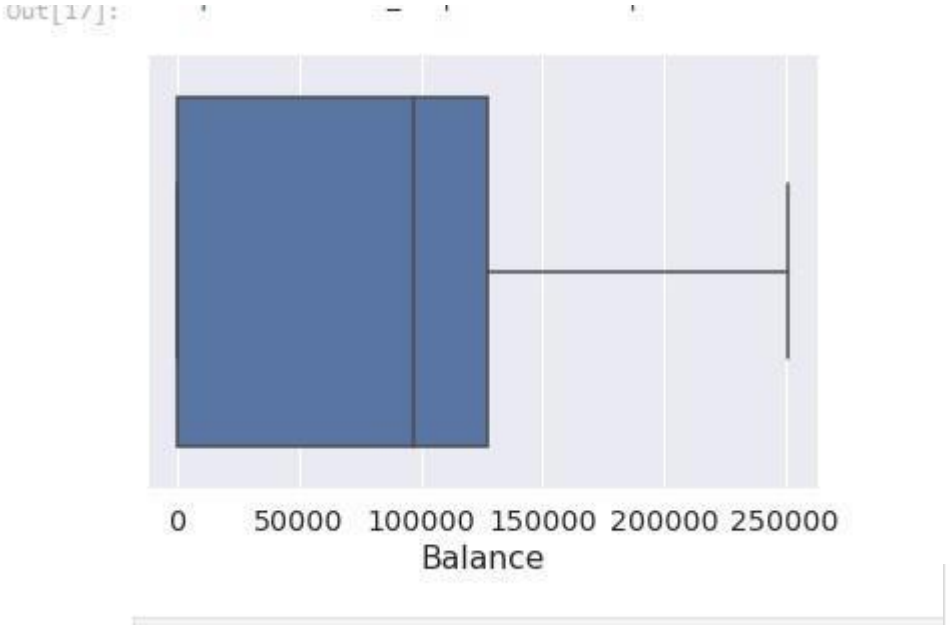
10000 rows × 11 columns

Question-5:

5. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

Solution:

```
#Find outliers & replace the outliers sns.boxplot(df['Balance'])
```




```
#Find outliers & replace the outliers
print(np.where(df['Balance']>100000))
```

```
(array([   2,    4,    5, ..., 9987, 9993, 9999]),)
```

In [19]:

```
#Find outliers & replace the outliers from
scipy import stats import numpy as np    z =
np.abs(stats.zscore(df["EstimatedSalary"]))
print(z)
```

```
0       0.021886
1       0.216534
2       0.240687
3       0.108918
4       0.365276
          ...
9995    0.066419
9996    0.027988
9997    1.008643
9998    0.125231
9999    1.076370
Name: EstimatedSalary, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
```

Question-6:

6. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

Solution:

```
#Check for categorical columns & performs encoding from
sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

df['Gender'].unique() df['Gender'].value_counts()
encoding=LabelEncoder()
df["Gender"]=encoding.fit_transform(df.iloc[:,1].values) df
```

```
]: #Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
   from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
   df['Gender'].unique()

]: array(['Female', 'Male'], dtype=object)

]: #Check for categorical columns & performs encoding
   df['Gender'].value_counts()

]: Male      5457
   Female    4543
   Name: Gender, dtype: int64
```

Out[22]:

	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	619.0	France	0	42.0	2.0	0.00	1.0	1.0	1.0	101348.88	1.0
1	608.0	Spain	2	41.0	1.0	83807.86	1.0	0.0	1.0	112542.58	0.0
2	502.0	France	0	42.0	8.0	159660.80	3.0	1.0	0.0	113931.57	1.0
3	699.0	France	0	39.0	1.0	0.00	2.0	0.0	0.0	93826.63	0.0
4	850.0	Spain	2	43.0	2.0	125510.82	1.0	1.0	1.0	79084.10	0.0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9995	771.0	France	0	39.0	5.0	0.00	2.0	1.0	0.0	96270.64	0.0
9996	516.0	France	0	35.0	10.0	57369.61	1.0	1.0	1.0	101699.77	0.0
9997	709.0	France	0	36.0	7.0	0.00	1.0	0.0	1.0	42085.58	1.0
9998	772.0	Germany	1	42.0	3.0	75075.31	2.0	1.0	0.0	92888.52	1.0
9999	792.0	France	0	28.0	4.0	130142.79	1.0	1.0	0.0	38190.78	0.0

10000 rows × 11 columns

Question-7:

7.Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

Solution:

```
#Split the data into Dependent & Independent Variables print("----------
Dependent Variables----------")
X=df.iloc[:,1:4] print(X) print("----------------------
------------------") print("---------Independent
Variables---------") Y=df.iloc[:,4] print(Y)
print("----------------------------------------")
```

Question-8:

8. Scale the independent variables

Solution:

```
        #Split the data into Dependent & Independent Variables
print("----------Dependent Variables----------")
X=df.iloc[:,1:4] print(X) print("---------------
------------------------") print("---------
Independent Variables---------") Y=df.iloc[:,4]
print(Y)
print("----------------------------------------")
```

Question-9:

9. Split the data into training and testing

Solution:

```
#Split the data into training & testing from sklearn.model_selection
import train_test_split
```

In [34]:

```
#Split the data into training & testing
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y,
test_size=4,random_state=4) x_train x_test y_train y_test
```

Out[31]:

	const	EstimatedSalary
1603	1.0	23305.85
8713	1.0	41248.80
4561	1.0	143317.42
6600	1.0	174123.16

In [32]:

```
#Split the data into training & testing
y_train
```

Out[32]:

```
2558    727.0
7642    811.0
8912    623.0
3319    430.0
6852    600.0
        ...
456     733.0
6017    487.0
709     686.0
8366    637.0
1146    614.0
Name: CreditScore, Length: 9996, dtype: float64
```

Out[34]:

	const	EstimatedSalary
2558	1.0	137903.54
7642	1.0	121765.00
8912	1.0	109470.34
3319	1.0	2923.61
6852	1.0	7312.25
...	...	...
456	1.0	7666.73
6017	1.0	9085.00
709	1.0	147794.63
8366	1.0	102515.42
1146	1.0	54776.64

9996 rows × 2 columns