## **Assignment -3**

## **Python Programming**

Assignment Date	30 September 2022
Student Name	Swetha.S
Student Roll Number	311419205044
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

## Problem Statement :- Build CNN Model for Classification Of Flowers

- Download the Dataset : Dataset
- Image Augmentation
- Create Model
- Add Layers (Convolution, MaxPooling, Flatten, Dense-(Hidden
- Layers), Output))
- Compile The Model
- Fit The Model
- Save The Model
- Test The Model

## **Solution:**

```
# Used for manipulating directory paths
import os
import shutil
from os.path import isfile, join, abspath, exists, isdir, expanduser
from os import listdir, makedirs, getcwd, remove
from pathlib import Path
# Data visualisation
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
from PIL import Image
from skimage.io import imread
import cv2
from tensorflow.keras.utils import to categorical
# Specifically for manipulating zipped images and getting numpy arrays
of pixel values of images.
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mimg
import numpy as np
# Plotting library
from mpl toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D # needed to plot 3-D surfaces
# dl libraries specifically for CNN
from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.utils import load img
from tensorflow.keras.utils import img to array
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
```

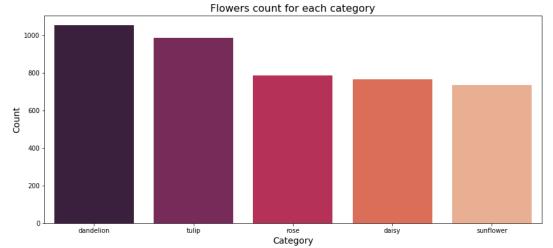
```
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten, Conv2D, Ma
xPooling2D
from keras import optimizers
# Tells matplotlib to embed plots within the notebook
%matplotlib inline
import math
# Dataset folder
flowersPath = Path('C:/Users/sri nandhini/Downloads/Flowers-
Dataset/flowers')
# Each species of flower is contained in a separate folder, & this is t
o get all the sub-directories
flowers = os.listdir(flowersPath)
print("Number of types of flowers: ", len(flowers))
print("Types of flowers: ", flowers)
# A list which contains tuples, the type of flower and the correspondin
g image path
flowersList = []
for species in flowers:
    # Get all the file names
    allFlowers = os.listdir(flowersPath / species)
    # Add them to the list
    for flower in allFlowers:
         flowersList.append((species, str(flowersPath /species) + '/' +
flower))
# Build a dataframe
# load the dataset as a pandas data frame
flowersList = pd.DataFrame(data=flowersList, columns=['category', 'imag
e'], index=None)
flowersList.head()
# Build a dataframe
# · load · the · dataset · as · a · pandas · data · frame · · · · ·
flowersList = pd.DataFrame(data=flowersList, columns=['category', 'image'], index=None)
flowersList.head()
   category
                                            image
       daisy C:\Users\sri nandhini\Downloads\Flowers-Datase...
 1
       daisy C:\Users\sri nandhini\Downloads\Flowers-Datase...
 2
       daisy C:\Users\sri nandhini\Downloads\Flowers-Datase...
 3
       daisy C:\Users\sri nandhini\Downloads\Flowers-Datase...
       daisy C:\Users\sri nandhini\Downloads\Flowers-Datase...
# Let's check how many samples for each category are present
print("Total number of flowers in the dataset: ", len(flowersList))
flowerNum = flowersList['category'].value counts()
print("Flowers in each category: ")
```

print(flowerNum)

```
# Let's check how many samples for each category are present
 print("Total number of flowers in the dataset: ", len(flowersList))
flowerNum = flowersList['category'].value_counts()
 print("Flowers in each category: ")
 print(flowerNum)
Total number of flowers in the dataset: 4317
Flowers in each category:
dandelion
             1052
tulip
              984
               784
rose
daisy
              764
sunflower
              733
Name: category, dtype: int64
# A list for storing names of some random samples from each category
RanSamples = []
# Get samples fom each category
for category in flowerNum.index:
    samples = flowersList['image'][flowersList['category'] == category]
.sample(4).values
    for sample in samples:
        RanSamples.append(sample)
# Plot the samples
f, ax = plt.subplots(5, 4, figsize=(15, 10))
for i, sample in enumerate(RanSamples):
    ax[i//4, i%4].imshow(mimg.imread(RanSamples[i]))
    ax[i//4, i%4].axis('off')
plt.show()
# Plot the samples
f, ax = plt.subplots(5,4, figsize=(15,10))
for i, sample in enumerate(RanSamples):
   ax[i//4, i%4].imshow(mimg.imread(RanSamples[i]))
   ax[i//4, i%4].axis('off')
plt.show()
```



```
# Let's do some visualization and see how many samples we have for each
category
f, axe = plt.subplots(1,1,figsize=(14,6))
sns.barplot(x = flowerNum.index, y = flowerNum.values, ax = axe, palett
e="rocket")
axe.set_title("Flowers count for each category", fontsize=16)
axe.set_xlabel('Category', fontsize=14)
axe.set_ylabel('Count', fontsize=14)
plt.show()
```



```
# Make directory 'test', with 2 sub directories, 'trainDir', & 'validDi
r'
trainDir = './test/trainDir'
valDir = './test/valDir'
# test_dir = './test/test_dir'
def create_directory(dirName):
    if os.path.exists(dirName):
        shutil.rmtree(dirName)
    os.makedirs(dirName)
    # Inside the trainDir & valDir sub-directories, sub-directories for each flower is created
    for flower in flowers:
        os.makedirs(os.path.join(dirName, flower))
create_directory(trainDir)
create_directory(valDir)
```

```
# lists for training & validation image & label
trainImg = []
trainLabel = []
validImg = []
validLabel = []
# for copying 100 samples to the validation dir & others to the train d
for flower in flowerNum.index:
    samples = flowersList['image'][flowersList['category'] == flower].v
alues
    diffPics = np.random.permutation(samples)
    for i in range (100):
        name = diffPics[i].split('/')[-1]
        shutil.copyfile(diffPics[i],'./test/valDir/' + str(flower) + '/
'+ name)
        try:
            # add image to list
            img = plt.imread('./test/valDir/' + str(flower) + '/'+ name
)
            #resize all of the image to 150*150
            img = cv2.resize(img, (150, 150))
            validImg.append(np.array(img))
            # add label to list
            if (str(flower) == "dandelion"):
                validLabel.append(0)
            elif (str(flower) == "tulip"):
                validLabel.append(1)
            elif (str(flower) == "rose"):
                validLabel.append(2)
            elif (str(flower) == "daisy"):
                validLabel.append(3)
            elif (str(flower) == "sunflower"):
                validLabel.append(4)
        except Exception as e:
            None
    for i in range(101,len(diffPics)):
        name = diffPics[i].split('/')[-1]
        shutil.copyfile(diffPics[i],'./test/trainDir/' + str(flower) +
'/' + name)
        try:
            # add image to list
            img = plt.imread('./test/trainDir/' + str(flower) + '/' + n
ame)
            #resize all of the image to 150*150
            img = cv2.resize(img, (150, 150))
            trainImg.append(np.array(img))
            # add label to list
            if (str(flower) == "dandelion"):
```

```
trainLabel.append(0)
            elif (str(flower) == "tulip"):
                trainLabel.append(1)
            elif (str(flower) == "rose"):
                trainLabel.append(2)
            elif (str(flower) == "daisy"):
                trainLabel.append(3)
            elif (str(flower) == "sunflower"):
                trainLabel.append(4)
        except Exception as e:
            None
# Let computer read the 5 category
validLabel = to categorical(validLabel, num classes = 5)
trainLabel = to_categorical(trainLabel,num_classes = 5)
print(validLabel)
print(trainLabel)
# Make new test and validation images as pixcel
validImg=np.array(validImg)
validImg=validImg/255
trainImg=np.array(trainImg)
trainImg=trainImg/255
print("\nLengths of the corresponding array dimensions: \n")
print(np.shape(validImg),np.shape(validLabel),np.shape(trainImg),np.sha
pe(trainLabel))
 [[1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
  [1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
  [0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
  [0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
  [0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]]
 [[1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
 [1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
  [1. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
  [0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
  [0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]
  [0. 0. 0. 0. 1.]]
 Lengths of the corresponding array dimensions:
 (500, 150, 150, 3) (500, 5) (3812, 150, 150, 3) (3812, 5)
def createModel():
    model = Sequential()
    # learn a total of 32 filters, kernel size 3x3
    model.add(Conv2D(32, (3, 3), input shape=(150,150,3), padding="Same
", activation='relu'))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
    # learn a total of 64 filters, kernel size 3x3
```

```
model.add(Conv2D(64, (3, 3), padding="Same", activation='relu'))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
    # learn a total of 96 filters, kernel size 3x3
    model.add(Conv2D(96, (3, 3), padding="Same", activation='relu'))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
    # learn a total of 128 filters, kernel size 3x3
    model.add(Conv2D(128, (3, 3), padding="Same", activation='relu'))
    model.add(MaxPooling2D((2, 2)))
    # Add Dense layers on top
    1. flatten the 3D output to 1D
    2. add dense layer to top
    '''dfwsssssssssssssssssssssssssssss
    model.add(Flatten())
    model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
    model.add(Dense(5, activation='softmax'))
   return model
# Compile
model = createModel()
batch size = 128
epochs = 50
model.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy',
            optimizer='RMSProp',
            metrics=['accuracy'])
model.summary()
Model: "sequential"
Layer (type)
                          Output Shape
                                                 Param #
______
                          (None, 150, 150, 32)
conv2d (Conv2D)
                                                 896
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D (None, 75, 75, 32)
conv2d 1 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 75, 75, 64)
                                                 18496
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling (None, 37, 37, 64)
2D)
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 37, 37, 96)
                                                55392
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling (None, 18, 18, 96)
2D)
conv2d 3 (Conv2D)
                          (None, 18, 18, 128)
                                                110720
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling (None, 9, 9, 128)
2D)
```

```
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling (None, 9, 9, 128)
 2D)
                         (None, 10368)
 flatten (Flatten)
 dense (Dense)
                         (None, 256)
                                               2654464
 dense 1 (Dense)
                         (None, 5)
                                                 1285
______
Total params: 2,841,253
Trainable params: 2,841,253
Non-trainable params: 0
# Create data argument to prevent overfitting
datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
       featurewise center=False, # set input mean to 0 over the datas
et
       samplewise center=False, # set each sample mean to 0
        featurewise std normalization=False, # divide inputs by std of
 the dataset
       samplewise std normalization=False, # divide each input by its
 std
       zca whitening=False, # apply ZCA whitening
       rotation_range=90, # randomly rotate images in the range (90,
0 to 180)
        zoom range = 0.1, # Randomly zoom image
       width shift range=0.1, # randomly shift images horizontally (f
raction of total width)
       height shift range=0.1, # randomly shift images vertically (fr
action of total height)
       shear range=0.1,
       horizontal flip=True, # randomly flip images
       vertical flip=False # randomly flip images
datagen.fit(trainImg)
# start training
verbose - 0 shows nothing; 1 will show animated progress bar; 2 will on
ly mention the number of epoch.
batch size - the number of samples that will be propagated through the
network.
epochs - an arbitrary cutoff, use to separate training into distinct ph
ases.
1.1.1
History = model.fit(trainImg, trainLabel, batch size=batch size, epochs
= epochs, validation data = (validImg, validLabel), verbose=1)
```

```
30/30 [===
                                      - 81s 3s/step - loss: 1.6917 - accuracy: 0.2922 - val_loss: 1.8472 - val_accuracy: 0.2320
Epoch 2/50
30/30 [===
                                      - 76s 3s/step - loss: 1.3195 - accuracy: 0.4557 - val_loss: 1.1729 - val_accuracy: 0.5260
Epoch 3/50
30/30 [===:
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 1.1525 - accuracy: 0.5391 - val_loss: 1.0298 - val_accuracy: 0.6220
Epoch 4/50
30/30 [===
                                  ===] - 76s 3s/step - loss: 1.0546 - accuracy: 0.5847 - val_loss: 1.2276 - val_accuracy: 0.5220
Epoch 5/50
                          :=======] - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.9765 - accuracy: 0.6267 - val loss: 0.9820 - val accuracy: 0.6060
30/30 [====
Epoch 6/50
30/30 [====
                                      - 75s 3s/step - loss: 0.8994 - accuracy: 0.6388 - val_loss: 1.0915 - val_accuracy: 0.6040
Epoch 7/50
30/30 [====
                                      - 75s 3s/step - loss: 0.8571 - accuracy: 0.6700 - val loss: 0.9734 - val accuracy: 0.6520
Epoch 8/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.7530 - accuracy: 0.7122 - val_loss: 0.9513 - val_accuracy: 0.6440
Epoch 9/50
30/30 [===
                                      - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.7285 - accuracy: 0.7251 - val loss: 0.8217 - val accuracy: 0.6660
Epoch 10/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.6202 - accuracy: 0.7636 - val_loss: 1.0112 - val_accuracy: 0.6020
Epoch 11/50
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.5634 - accuracy: 0.7946 - val loss: 0.9757 - val accuracy: 0.6740
30/30 [====
Epoch 12/50
30/30 [=
                                         76s 3s/sten - loss: 0 4831 - accuracy: 0 8200 - val loss: 0 9257 - val accuracy: 0 6700
Epoch 13/50
30/30 [====
                               ======] - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.4029 - accuracy: 0.8507 - val_loss: 0.9934 - val_accuracy: 0.6620
Epoch 14/50
30/30 [==
                                       - 241s 8s/step - loss: 0.3064 - accuracy: 0.8901 - val_loss: 1.1231 - val_accuracy: 0.6840
Epoch 15/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.2870 - accuracy: 0.8993 - val_loss: 1.3973 - val_accuracy: 0.6320
Epoch 16/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.1974 - accuracy: 0.9370 - val loss: 1.3903 - val accuracy: 0.6720
Epoch 17/50
30/30 [=
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.2098 - accuracy: 0.9334 - val loss: 1.2315 - val accuracy: 0.6760
Epoch 18/50
                          =======] - 268s 9s/step - loss: 0.2109 - accuracy: 0.9465 - val_loss: 1.3186 - val_accuracy: 0.6820
30/30 [=====
Epoch 19/50
30/30 [====
                            :======] - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.1306 - accuracy: 0.9586 - val_loss: 1.3738 - val_accuracy: 0.7000
Epoch 20/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 75s 2s/step - loss: 0.1326 - accuracy: 0.9633 - val_loss: 1.3699 - val_accuracy: 0.7120
Epoch 21/50
30/30 [===
                                       - 75s 2s/step - loss: 0.0931 - accuracy: 0.9732 - val_loss: 1.4408 - val_accuracy: 0.7000
Epoch 22/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 75s 3s/step - loss: 0.1330 - accuracy: 0.9675 - val_loss: 1.4551 - val_accuracy: 0.7140
Epoch 23/50
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.1027 - accuracy: 0.9698 - val_loss: 1.4749 - val_accuracy: 0.6880
30/30 [=====
30/30 [====
                                         76s 3s/step - loss: 0.0735 - accuracy: 0.9811 - val_loss: 1.6582 - val_accuracy: 0.6800
Epoch 25/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.0967 - accuracy: 0.9740 - val loss: 1.6456 - val accuracy: 0.6820
Epoch 26/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 289s 10s/step - loss: 0.1099 - accuracy: 0.9756 - val_loss: 1.4278 - val_accuracy: 0.6820
Epoch 27/50
30/30 [=====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.0334 - accuracy: 0.9945 - val loss: 3.0830 - val accuracy: 0.5840
Epoch 28/50
30/30 [====
                               =====] - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.0711 - accuracy: 0.9814 - val_loss: 1.8990 - val_accuracy: 0.7040
Epoch 29/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.1002 - accuracy: 0.9780 - val loss: 1.7395 - val accuracy: 0.7000
Epoch 30/50
30/30 [====
                                         76s 3s/step - loss: 0.0648 - accuracy: 0.9850 - val_loss: 2.1520 - val_accuracy: 0.6580
Epoch 31/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.0446 - accuracy: 0.9908 - val loss: 2.0066 - val accuracy: 0.6840
Epoch 32/50
30/30 [====
                                         211s 7s/step - loss: 0.0675 - accuracy: 0.9808 - val_loss: 1.8640 - val_accuracy: 0.7100
Epoch 33/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.0981 - accuracy: 0.9795 - val loss: 1.6887 - val accuracy: 0.7100
Epoch 34/50
30/30 [====
                                       - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.0327 - accuracy: 0.9903 - val_loss: 1.9431 - val_accuracy: 0.6700
Epoch 35/50
30/30 [====
                               ======] - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.0128 - accuracy: 0.9971 - val_loss: 1.9119 - val_accuracy: 0.7140
Epoch 36/50
30/30 [====
                            =======] - 76s 3s/step - loss: 0.1129 - accuracy: 0.9769 - val loss: 1.6934 - val accuracy: 0.6900
```

Epoch 1/50

```
30/30 [====
             Epoch 38/50
30/30 [====
                                 - 75s 2s/step - loss: 0.1073 - accuracy: 0.9801 - val_loss: 1.8164 - val_accuracy: 0.6580
Epoch 39/50
30/30 [====
                                 - 54s 2s/step - loss: 0.0138 - accuracy: 0.9963 - val_loss: 2.1048 - val_accuracy: 0.6700
Epoch 40/50
30/30 [====
                                 - 55s 2s/step - loss: 0.0083 - accuracy: 0.9982 - val_loss: 1.9964 - val_accuracy: 0.6960
Epoch 41/50
30/30 [====
                                 - 55s 2s/step - loss: 0.0668 - accuracy: 0.9811 - val_loss: 2.0973 - val_accuracy: 0.6820
Epoch 42/50
30/30 [====
                                 - 55s 2s/step - loss: 0.0049 - accuracy: 0.9984 - val_loss: 2.2556 - val_accuracy: 0.6940
Epoch 43/50
30/30 [==
                                  56s 2s/step - loss: 0.1110 - accuracy: 0.9785 - val_loss: 2.1043 - val_accuracy: 0.7000
Epoch 44/50
                                 - 56s 2s/step - loss: 0.0073 - accuracy: 0.9974 - val_loss: 2.1646 - val_accuracy: 0.7020
30/30 [====
Epoch 45/50
30/30 [====
                                 - 57s 2s/step - loss: 0.1225 - accuracy: 0.9808 - val_loss: 2.0253 - val_accuracy: 0.6840
Epoch 46/50
30/30 [====
                              ==] - 56s 2s/step - loss: 0.0061 - accuracy: 0.9982 - val_loss: 2.3290 - val_accuracy: 0.6800
Epoch 47/50
30/30 [====
                      ========] - 57s 2s/step - loss: 0.0643 - accuracy: 0.9819 - val_loss: 2.2455 - val_accuracy: 0.6700
Epoch 48/50
           Epoch 49/50
30/30 [====
                     ========] - 58s 2s/step - loss: 0.0523 - accuracy: 0.9861 - val_loss: 2.1841 - val_accuracy: 0.6740
Epoch 50/50
                    =========] - 57s 2s/step - loss: 0.0061 - accuracy: 0.9987 - val_loss: 2.0135 - val_accuracy: 0.6800
30/30 [====
# start training
1.1.1
```

verbose - 0 shows nothing; 1 will show animated progress bar; 2 will on ly mention the number of epoch.

batch\_size - the number of samples that will be propagated through the
network.

epochs - an arbitrary cutoff, use to separate training into distinct ph ases.

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