

Problem-Fit Solution

Problem-Solution fit canvas 2.0

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|-------------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Define CS, fit into | <p>1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) CS</p> <p>Who is your customer?</p> <p>1) Customers who are not able to solve them Own complaints of what they are facing. 2) Customers who do not know the solution of their questions they get.</p> | <p>6. CUSTOMER CC</p> <p>What constraints prevent your customers from <u>making action</u> or limit their choices of solutions? <u>low</u> spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices.</p> <p>1) This application will be supported by almost all the devices. 2) The solution we propose will have an alert via email feature, <u>if</u> expense exceed the given limit. 3) This solution also provides insights in a graphical way.</p> | <p>5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS AS</p> <p>Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? <u>low</u> pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking</p> <p>1) By reading the guidelines properly. 2) offer a solution and give options whenever possible. 3) Address to issue within the company. 4) By communicating properly</p> | Explore AS, |
| | Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand | <p>2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS J&P</p> <p>Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one; explore different sides.</p> <p>1) The application <u>allow</u> the customers to find the solution for their queries. 2) They <u>will</u> able to categorize their expenses. 3) They will be also given option for the general <u>questions</u>. 4) They also get the free solution where we provide our agents.</p> | <p>9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE RC</p> <p>What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job? <u>low</u> customers have to do it because of the change in regulations.</p> <p>1) Lot of customers don't know the guidelines for their problems. 2) Some customers have of lack of <u>knowledge</u>. 3) Not knowing the answer to a question. 4) not reading the guidelines properly</p> | |
| Identify strong TR & EM | | <p>3. TRIGGERS TR</p> <p>What triggers customers to act? <u>low</u> seeing their <u>neighbour</u> installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news.</p> <p>1) Customers can know to solve their solutions.</p> | <p>10. YOUR SOLUTION SL</p> <p>If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality. If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer <u>behaviour</u>.</p> <p>1) To design a personal help desk using flask. 2) To provide insights on their queries in a graphical way.</p> | <p>8. CHANNELS OF BEHAVIOUR CH</p> <p>8.1 ONLINE: What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7</p> <p>1) All their data are secured and being updated to cloud storage</p> <p>8.2 OFFLINE: What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development.</p> <p>1) Make sure they find the best solutions for their complaints.</p> |