Define CS,

fit into

C C

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

CS

Who is your customer?

Candidate who wants to select the university according to their eligibility criteria.

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS



What constraints prevent your customers from taking actions or limit their choices of solutions?

- An ability to think and work independently.
- A positive attitude towards study.
- A passion for the chosen course subject.
- An ability to preserve and complete tasks.
- An inquiring mind.
- Good written English.

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS



Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have

- counselling process.
- advise from the seniors and literate person.

- Some of them choosing the alternatives.
- making decision for choosing a right college.
- chance of occurrence of error is less
- Proper response fast, efficient, and reliable.

Cons:

- Lack of proper guidance.
- · Lack of awareness.
- Lack of prior knowledge

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS



Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers?

To find the probability for a student to get an admit in the university before applying. Get all the required documents before counselling or admission.

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE



What is the real reason that this problem exists?

It helps student for making decision for choosing a right college based on their eligibility.

What is the back story behind the need to do this job?

The Candidate will do it because to get right University respected to their marks.

7. BEHAVIOUR



What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done?

To find the right University according to their marks, predict their willing university where they are eligible. The allotment is depending upon the percentage of the candidate and the availability.





Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC

3. TRIGGERS



What triggers customers to act?

The Candidate must get an eligible percentage to get their desired university.

4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER



How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards?

Before:

Insecure, customer would not know the process, suffering to select the right University, total time for the entrance allotment was more.

After:

Secure, User friendly, easy to use, Avoids data redundancy and inconsistency, fast, efficient, and reliable. chance of occurrence of error is less.

10. YOUR SOLUTION



If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality.

If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behavior.

- Predicting right college which falls under student eligibility criteria
- 2. finding possibility to get into the college
- 3. Admission arrived in a quicker way to get into the college.
- Rightful identity mentor choosing the right institutions.
 Student predict the rightful environment for their graduation.

8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR



8.1 ONLINE

What kind of actions do customers take online?

- Guide for the helpline.
- Analysing reviews of various colleges
- Bug or report support.

8.2 OFFLINE

What kind of actions do customers take offline?

Predicting college and find the possibilities and according to their eligibility allot the seats