LITERATURE SURVEY

TITLE	AUTHORS AND YEAR	JOURNAL	TECHNIQUES /METRICS	PROBLEM DESCRIPTION
Detecting Parkinson's Disease by using the MRI	G.Solana- Lavelle (2021)	IJIRMF	Logistic RF Naive Bayes Bayesian Net KNN MLP	In this approach for PD on MRI with the four main stages: (1) Region detection, (2) Extracting the features, (3) Selection of features, (4) classify the class, and (5) assessment of performance. Advantage: high accuracy
Parkinson's Disease detection on MRI scanned images by using convolutional neural network	Sabyasachi Chakraborty et al (2020)	ELSEVIER	METRICS Accuracy Precision Specificity Recall F1-Score ROC-AUC	In this paper, Parkinson's disease is detected by using the convolutional neural network model with the t1 weighted MRI scans. 35 layers include input and output, using the CNN network. Advantage: minimal error rate

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Detection of Parkinson's Disease in MRI using CNN	Shah et al	JNeurosci	SVM GA-ELM RVM Decision tree Nave Bayes	In this paper, the automatic detection of PD is done by a convolution neural network and the classifications are for healthy conditions and Parkinson's affected person. In all experiments, the classification accuracy in 68%. Advantage: Under different angles
Detection of Parkinson's Disease using DL	Sumeet Shinde et al (2019)	ELSEWIE R	SVM VBM	In this paper, 2D CNN gave an input called the axial slices of the NMS-MRI with a boxed region around the brainstem. Passing through the chain of the convolutional layer. Advantage:high accuracy

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Parkinson's disease using the ANN for Classification	Nalini T S, et.al.,(2020)	Conference Proceedings	ANN	This study is taken for the earlier detection of the disease using the processing of image techniques and ANN. The various regions of the image are separated as the features for developing the model. Advantage: more reliable accuracy.
Parkinson disease using ML	Anna-maija penttinen,et.al. (2020)	JNeurosci	CNN licensed	In this Paper, Parkinson disease have been diagnosis by machine learning algorithms. The main steps used here in this article is feature selection and classification processes. Here in this paper, the PD patient are detected by using speech. Advantage: striatal connection

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Prediction of the Parkinson Disease	Matthew P.Adams, et.al, (2021)	ELSEVIER	GA-ELM Decision Tree Naïve Bayes SVM	The variability in the various images are clustered together and the separate class is formed along with the motor function issues. The matrices are used to evaluate the model performance for the better prediction of the Parkinson's disease. Advantage:requiring segmentation
Syndromes of the Parkinson disease	Yun Jung Bae, et.al, (2021)	RSNA	Logistic RF Naïve Bayes Bayesian Net KNN MLP	In this approach, by using transfer of the he Nigro some and dopamine the early detection of the PD can be done. The tensor imaging system is used for the edge detection in the research of the PD in the earlier stage. Advantage:improve diagnostic performance.

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Early detection of Parkinson's disease using ML	Soheil Esmaeilzad eh et al (2020)	IJARIIE- ISSN(O)	K-means clustering, decision tree, Random forest classifier	By using machine learning technique, the problem can be so lived with error rate. Advantage:hand-crafted features
Early detection of Parkinson's disease using Machine Learning	Wu Wang(2020)	IEEE	SVM LSTM	In this approach, the proposed deep learning model and twelve machine learning and ensemble learning methods based on relatively small data including 183 healthy individuals and 401 early PD patients shows the superior detection performance of the designed model, which achieve the highest accuracy, 96.45% on average. Advantage: minimal error rate

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