

REAL-TIME RIVER WATER QUALITY MONITORING AND CONTROL SYSTEM

TEAM ID:

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ABSTRACT:

Current water quality monitoring system is a manual system with a monotonous process and is very time-consuming. This paper proposes a sensor-based water quality monitoring system. The main components of Wireless Sensor Network (WSN) include a microcontroller for processing the system, communication system for inter and intra node communication and several sensors. Real-time data access can be done by using remote monitoring and Internet of Things (IoT) technology. Data collected at the apart site can be displayed in a visual format on a server PC with the help of Spark streaming analysis through Spark MLlib, Deep learning neural network models, Belief Rule Based (BRB) system and is also compared with standard values. If the acquired value is above the threshold value automated warning SMS alert will be sent to the agent. The uniqueness of our proposed paper is to obtain the water monitoring system with high frequency, high mobility, and low powered. Therefore, our proposed system will immensely help Bangladeshi populations to become conscious against contaminated water as well as to stop polluting the water.

LITERATURE REVIEW:

A Wireless Sensor Network for River Water Quality Monitoring in India This paper introduces a river water quality monitoring system based on wireless sensor network which helps in continuous and remote monitoring of the water quality data in India. The wireless sensor node in the system is designed for monitoring the pH of water, which is one of the main parameters that affect the quality of water.

AUTHOR: J. Navarajan

DESCRIPTION: An Detection on water pollution and water management using smart sensors IOT to ensure the safe supply of drinking water the quality should be monitored in real time for that purpose new approach IOT (Internet of Things) based water quality monitoring has been proposed. This system consists some sensors. Which measure the water quality parameter such as pH, turbidity, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, temperature. The measured values from the sensors are processed by microcontroller and these processed values are transmitted remotely to the core controller that is raspberry pi using Zigbee protocol. Based on a study of existing water quality monitoring system and scenario of water we can say that proposed system is more suitable to monitor water quality parameters in real time. Based on a study of existing water quality monitoring system and scenario of water we can say that proposed system is more suitable to monitor water quality parameters in real time.

AUTHOR: Natasa Markovic

DESCRIPTION: A Sensor Web for River Water Pollution Monitoring and Alert System Sensor Web has provided infrastructure for collecting and processing data from distributed and heterogeneous sensors. This set of technologies has found various implementations, especially in the area of environmental monitoring. The Sensor Web architecture for crisis management, described in this paper, provides active monitoring of measuring parameters and timely responses in cases of environmental disasters. The River Water Management and Alert System built on this architecture enable access, control and management of river water pollution.

AUTHOR: K. A. UnnikrishnaMenon

DESCRIPTION: An Wireless Sensor Network for River Water Quality Monitoring in India This paper introduces a river water quality monitoring system based on wireless sensor network which helps in continuous and remote monitoring of the water quality data in India. The wireless sensor node in the system is designed for monitoring the pH of water, which is one of the main parameters that affect the quality of water. Wireless sensor Network which aids in River Water Quality Monitoring. This paper also proposes a novel technique for the design of a water quality sensor node which can be used for monitoring the pH of water.

AUTHOR: B. Aswinkumar

DESCRIPTION: This research paper focuses on Detection on water pollution and water management using smart sensors IOT. To ensure the safe supply of drinking water the quality should be monitored in real time for that purpose new approach IOT (Internet of Things) based water quality monitoring has been proposed. This system consists some sensors. Which measure the water quality parameter such as pH, turbidity, conductivity, dissolved oxygen, temperature. The measured values from the sensors are processed by microcontroller and these processed values are transmitted remotely to the core controller that is raspberry pi using Zigbee protocol. Based on a study of existing water quality monitoring system and scenario of water we can say that proposed system is more suitable to monitor water quality parameters in real time. Based on a study of existing water quality monitoring system and scenario of water we can say that proposed system is more suitable to monitor water quality parameters in real time.

AUTHOR: Leonid Stoimenovet

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AUTHOR: Alif Akbar Pranata, Jae Min Lee

DESCRIPTION: This paper investigates a real-time water quality monitoring system by using a proposed broker less publisher subscriber (pub/sub) architecture framework. On the system, sensors sense the water measurement metrics, including temperature, pH, and dissolved oxygen level. All collected data are stored in a database and computed stochastically for further analysis on water quality. A complementary experiment compares the proposed pub/sub architecture and MQTT, a lightweight protocol on which IoT mostly uses, to show better performance of the proposed architecture in case of network latency and throughput for diverse message payload size, thus suggesting the future IoT implementation of the system.

AUTHOR: Hafiz Kamaludin, Widad Ismail

DESCRIPTION: The paper suggests an Internet of Things (IoT) based system implementation by embedding the Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) system, Wireless Sensor Network (WSN) platform and Internet Protocol (IP) based communication into a single platform for water quality monitoring (WQM) purpose. The suggested radio frequency for the proposed WSN communication to be deployed in vegetation area is 920MHz. The measured water parameter in this proposed system is pH level by using an analog pH sensor.

AUTHOR: karuppasamy M.E., Ph. D, B Abinaya

DESCRIPTION: The main reason for need of effective and efficient monitoring and control of water quality in lakes, rivers and sea tends to keeping the human resources healthy and sustainable, and to increase population growth and urbanization. Due to climate changes and variability so many huge impacts are caused by the water system to the natural environment. Incredible methods are used by collecting water samples, testing and analyses in water laboratories alone. In his paper, Water Sensor Network (WSN) system prototype is developed for water quality monitoring in Lakes is presented. These kind of growth was introduced by the assessment of widespread atmosphere that including accessibility of cellular network coverage at the site of process.