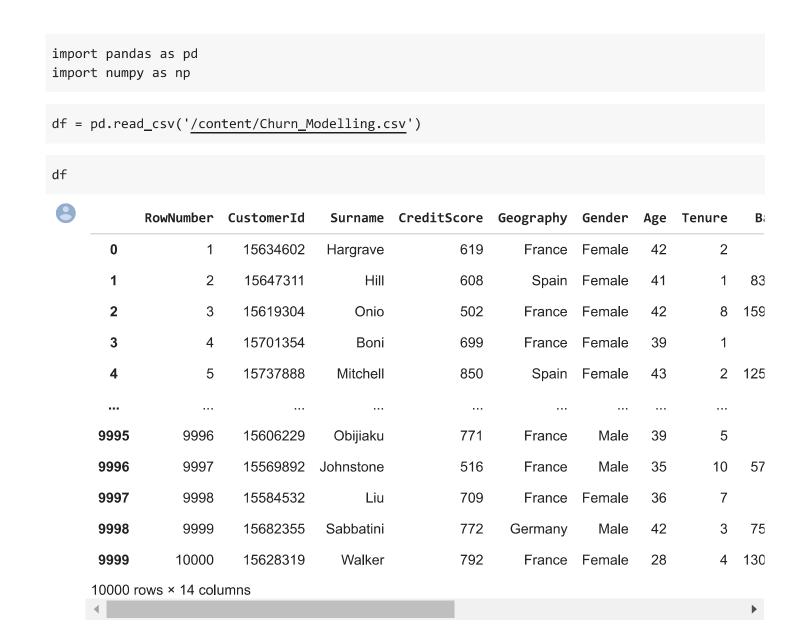
Task 1 Download the dataset

The Churn_Modelling.csv dataset is downloaded

Task 2 Load the Dataset



Task 3 Perform Visualizations

Univariate Analysis

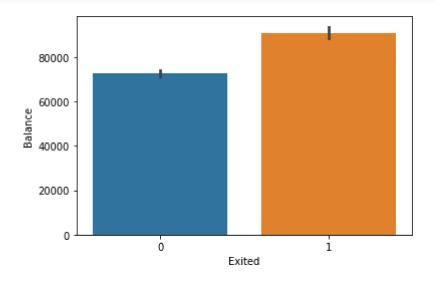
```
df['Age'].mean()
    38.9218

df['Balance'].median()
    97198.54000000001
```

▼ Bivariate Analysis

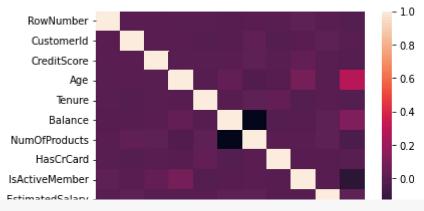
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
sns.barplot(x = df['Exited'] , y = df['Balance']);
```

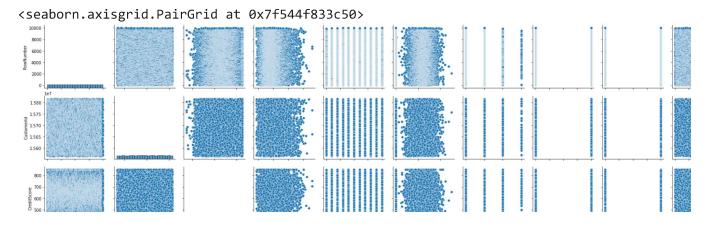


Multi Variate Analysis

```
sns.heatmap(df.corr());
```



sns.pairplot(df)



Task 4 Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset

df.de	escribe(•	.		1 1 1 1	
		RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance
	count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance
count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889288
std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405202
min	1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000
50%	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000
75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.240000
max	10000.00000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090000

▼ Task 5 Handle the Missing values

Tenure

u.e.1	1	1	1 1	1	1.	. 1.	_ 1
<pre>df.isnull().sum()</pre>							
RowNumber	0						
CustomerId	0						
Surname	0						
CreditScore	0						
Geography	0						
Gender	0						
Age	0						

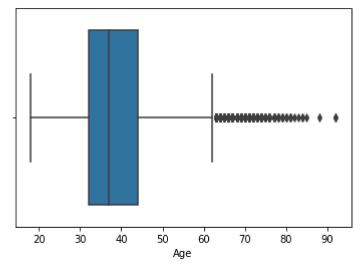
```
Balance 0
NumOfProducts 0
HasCrCard 0
IsActiveMember 0
EstimatedSalary 0
Exited 0
dtype: int64
```

There are no null values present in the given dataset

Task 6 Find the outliers and replace the outliers

```
sns.boxplot(df['Age']);
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the FutureWarning

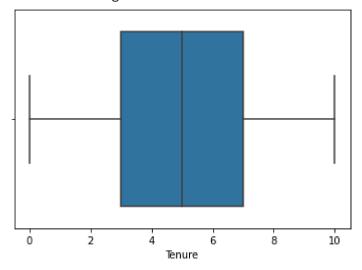


```
sns.boxplot(df['EstimatedSalary']);
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the FutureWarning

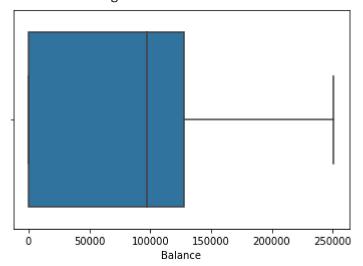
```
sns.boxplot(df['Tenure']);
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the FutureWarning



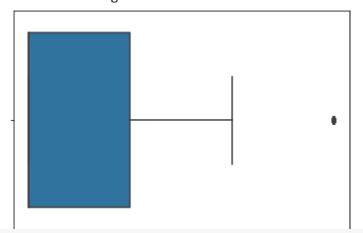
```
sns.boxplot(df['Balance']);
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the FutureWarning



```
sns.boxplot(df['NumOfProducts']);
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/_decorators.py:43: FutureWarning: Pass the FutureWarning



```
outliers=[]
def detect_outliers(data):
    threshold=3
    mean = np.mean(data)
    std =np.std(data)
    for i in data:
        z_score= (i - mean)/std
        if np.abs(z_score) > threshold:
            outliers.append(y)
            return outliers
outlier_pt=detect_outliers(df)
outlier_pt
```

Task 7 Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

df.info() #There are few columns that are in oblject data type instead of int64 or float 64 t

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 10000 entries, 0 to 9999
Data columns (total 14 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	RowNumber	10000 non-null	int64
1	CustomerId	10000 non-null	int64
2	Surname	10000 non-null	object
3	CreditScore	10000 non-null	int64
4	Geography	10000 non-null	object
5	Gender	10000 non-null	object
6	Age	10000 non-null	int64
7	Tenure	10000 non-null	int64
8	Balance	10000 non-null	float64
9	NumOfProducts	10000 non-null	int64
10	HasCrCard	10000 non-null	int64

```
11 IsActiveMember 10000 non-null int64
12 EstimatedSalary 10000 non-null float64
13 Exited 10000 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(9), object(3)
memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le = LabelEncoder()

df['Geography'] = le.fit_transform(df['Geography'])

df['Gender'] = le.fit_transform(df['Gender'])

df
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Bi
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	0	0	42	2	
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	2	0	41	1	83
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	0	0	42	8	159
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	0	0	39	1	
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	2	0	43	2	125
9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	0	1	39	5	
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	0	1	35	10	57
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	0	0	36	7	
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	1	1	42	3	75
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	0	0	28	4	130

10000 rows × 14 columns

Task 8 and Task 10 Split the data into dependent and independent variables

	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	Num
0	15634602	Hargrave	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	
1	15647311	Hill	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	
2	15619304	Onio	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	
3	15701354	Boni	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	
4	15737888	Mitchell	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	
							•••		
9995	15606229	Obijiaku	771	0	1	39	5	0.00	
9996	15569892	Johnstone	516	0	1	35	10	57369.61	
9997	15584532	Liu	709	0	0	36	7	0.00	
9998	15682355	Sabbatini	772	1	1	42	3	75075.31	
9999	15628319	Walker	792	0	0	28	4	130142.79	

10000 rows × 13 columns

Task 9 Scale the independent variables

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler

n = MinMaxScaler()
```

```
s = StandardScaler()

x = df[['Age', 'Tenure']].values
y = df['Gender'].values

n_xtrain = n.fit_transform(xtrain)

n_xtest = n.fit_transform(xtest)
```

Colab paid products - Cancel contracts here

X