Project Design Phase-II
Solution Requirements (Functional & Non-functional)

Date	13 October 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID02309
Project Name	Project - Web Phishing Detection
Maximum Marks	4 Marks

Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Input	User needs to download the extension and the extension inputs an URL in the required field to check its validation.
FR-2	Website Comparison	Model compares the websites using the Blacklist and Whitelist approach.
FR-3	Feature extraction	After comparing, if none is found on comparison then it extracts features using heuristic and visual similarity approach.
FR-4	Prediction	Model predicts the URL using Machine Learning algorithms such as Logistic Regression, KNN
FR-5	Classifier	Model sends all output to the classifier and produces the final result.
FR-6	Announcement	Model then displays whether the website is a legal site or a phishing site.
FR-7	Events	This model needs the capability of retrieving and displaying accurate result for a website

Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	**Usability**	Usability is commonly considered to be the enemy of security. In general, being secure means taking extra steps to avoid falling for different attacks. This is especially true of phishing where the best ways to prevent most phishing attacks are commonly known, but cybersecurity guidance is rarely followed. Our extension helps in achieving this in an easier and affordable way.

NFR-2	**Security**	Phishing is a type of cybersecurity attack during which malicious actors send messages pretending to be a trusted person or entity. Lack of security awareness among employees is also one of the major reasons for the success of phishing.
NFR-3	**Reliability**	Reliability Factor is determined on the basis of the outcome of these strata, using Rough Set Theory . Reliability Factor determines the possibility of a suspected site to be Valid or Fake. Using Rough set Theory most and the least influential factors towards Phishing are also determined.
NFR-4	**Performance**	The two main characteristics of a phishing site are that it looks extremely similar to a legitimate site and that it has at least one field to enable users to input their credentials. A common indicator of a phishing attempt is a suspicious attachment.
NFR-5	**Availability**	Phishing is a type of social engineering attack often used to steal user data, including login credentials and credit card numbers. It occurs when an attacker, masquerading as a trusted entity, dupes a victim into opening an email, instant message, or text message.
NFR-6	**Scalability**	Scalable detection and isolation of phishing, the main ideas are to move the protection from end users towards the network provider and to employ the novel bad neighbourhood concept, in order to detect and isolate both phishing email senders and phishing web servers. Since our way of doing this is with the help of an extension, it can be used in any chromium based web browser, thus making it more scalable.