

Delivery of Sprint-4

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Team ID	PNT2022TMID21805
Project Name	Crude Oil Price Prediction

REGISTER FOR IBM CLOUD

The process of registering for IBM Cloud account for all the members of the team was successfully completed.

TRAIN THE ML MODEL ON IBM

DATA PREPROCESSING

Importing The Libraries

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Importing The Dataset

```
import os, types
import pandas as pd
from botocore.client import Config
import ibm_boto3
```

```
def __iter__(self): return 0
```

```
# @hidden_cell
```

```
# The following code accesses a file in your IBM Cloud Object Storage. It includes your credentials.
```

```
# You might want to remove those credentials before you share the notebook. cos_client = ibm_boto3.client(service_name='s3', ibm_api_key_id='DniKDOiBzjciVYi0IFC0XLbDwNMPgaL7RkoNT-y7NhQ2',
```

```
ibm_auth_endpoint="https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/oidc/token",
config=Config(signature_version='oauth'), endpoint_url='https://s3.private.us.cloud-object-
storage.appdomain.cloud')
```

```
bucket = 'crudeoilpricepredictionusinglstm-donotdelete-pr-cscxajvuz8ywfj' object_key
= 'Crude Oil Prices Daily.xlsx'
```

```
body = cos_client.get_object(Bucket=bucket,Key=object_key)['Body']
```

```
data = pd.read_excel(body.read()) data.head()
```

```
# # Handling Missing Values
```

```
data.isnull().any()
```

```
data.isnull().sum()
```

```
data.dropna(axis=0,inplace=True)
```

```
data.isnull().sum()
```

```
data_oil = data.reset_index()["Closing Value"] data_oil
```

```
# # Feature Scaling
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler scaler
```

```
= MinMaxScaler ( feature_range = (0,1) )
```

```
data_oil = scaler.fit_transform(np.array(data_oil).reshape(-1,1))
```

```
# # Data Visualization
```

```
plt.title('Crude Oil Price') plt.plot(data_oil)
```

```
# # Splitting Data Into Train and Test
```

```
training_size = int(len(data_oil)*0.65) test_size
```

```
= len(data_oil)-training_size
```

```
train_data, test_data = data_oil[0:training_size,:], data_oil[training_size:len(data_oil),:1]
```

```
training_size, test_size
```

```
# # Creating A Dataset With Sliding Windows
```

```
import numpy def
```

```
create_dataset(dataset, time_step=1):
```

```
dataX, dataY = [], []
```

```

    for i in range(len(dataset)-time_step-1):
a = dataset[i:(i+time_step), 0]
dataX.append(a)
dataY.append(dataset[i+time_step, 0])
    return np.array(dataX), np.array(dataY)

time_step = 10
X_train, y_train = create_dataset(train_data, time_step)
X_test, ytest = create_dataset(test_data, time_step)

X_train = X_train.reshape(X_train.shape[0],X_train.shape[1],1)
X_test = X_test.reshape(X_test.shape[0],X_test.shape[1],1)

```

MODEL BUILDING

Importing The Model Building Libraries

```

from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM

```

Initializing The Model

```

model = Sequential()

```

Adding LSTM Layers

```

model.add(LSTM(50,return_sequences = True, input_shape = (10,1)))
model.add(LSTM(50,return_sequences = True)) model.add(LSTM(50))

```

Adding Output Layers

```

model.add(Dense(1))
model.summary()

```

Configure The Learning Process

```

model.compile(loss='mean_squared_error', optimizer = 'adam')

```

Fitting The Model

```

model.fit(X_train, y_train, validation_data = (X_test, ytest), epochs = 10, batch_size = 64,
verbose = 1)

```

```

train_predict=model.predict(X_train)
test_predict=model.predict(X_test)

```

```
train_predict = scaler.inverse_transform(train_predict) test_predict
= scaler.inverse_transform(test_predict)
```

```
import math from sklearn.metrics import
mean_squared_error
math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_train,train_predict))
```

Save The Model

```
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model model.save("Crude_oil.h5")
```

```
get_ipython().system('tar -zcvf crude-oil-predict-model.tgz Crude_oil.h5')
```

Training the model on IBM cloud

```
get_ipython().system('pip install ibm_watson_machine_learning')
```

```
from ibm_watson_machine_learning import APIClient wml_credentials
= {
    "url": "https://us-south.ml.cloud.ibm.com",
    "apikey": "uVEty-CB4dYcccQ_Jq9V-atVXmL1dByE_wiDm95lcyTQ"
}
```

```
client = APIClient(wml_credentials)
```

```
def guid_from_space_name(client, NewSpace):
    space = client.spaces.get_details()
    return(next(item for item in space['resources'] if item['entity']['name'] ==
NewSpace)['metadata']['id'])
```

```
space_uid = guid_from_space_name(client, 'NewSpace') print("Space
UID = " + space_uid)
```

```
client.set.default_space(space_uid)
```

```
client.software_specifications.list()
```

```
software_spec_id = client.software_specifications.get_id_by_name('tensorflow_rt22.1py3.9')
print(software_spec_id)
```

```
model.save('crude.h5')
```

```
get_ipython().system('tar -zcvf crude-oil.tgz Crude.h5')
```

```

software_space_uid =
client.software_specifications.get_uid_by_name('tensorflow_rt22.1py3.9')
software_space_uid

model_details = client.repository.store_model(model='crude.tgz',meta_props={
client.repository.ModelMetaNames.NAME:"crude_oil_model",
client.repository.ModelMetaNames.TYPE:"tensorflow_2.7",
client.repository.ModelMetaNames.SOFTWARE_SPEC_UID:software_spec_id }
)
model_id = client.repository.get_model_uid(model_details) model_id

client.repository.download(model_id,'crude_oil_model.tar.gb')

```

INTEGRATE FLASK WITH SCORING END POINT

App.py

```

from flask import Flask,render_template,request,redirect
import pandas as pd import numpy as np
from flask import Flask, render_template, Response, request import
pickle
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder import
requests

# NOTE: you must manually set API_KEY below using information retrieved from your IBM
Cloud account.
API_KEY = "uVEty-CB4dYcccQ_Jq9V-atVXmL1dByE_wiDm95lcyTQ"
token_response = requests.post('https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/identity/token',
data={"apikey":API_KEY, "grant_type": 'urn:ibm:params:oauth:grant-type:apikey'}) mltoken
= token_response.json()["access_token"]
header = {'Content-Type': 'application/json', 'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken}

app = Flask(__name__)

@app.route('/',methods=["GET"]) def
index(): return
render_template('index.html')
@app.route('/predict',methods=["POS
T","GET"]) def predict(): if
request.method == "POST":
string = request.form['val'] string
= string.split(',')

```

```

temp_input = [eval(i) for i in string]

x_input = np.zeros(shape=(1, 10))
x_input.shape

lst_output = []
n_steps = 10
i=0    while(i<10):
    if(len(temp_input)>10):
        x_input = np.array(temp_input[1:])
x_input = x_input.reshape(1,-1)    x_input =
x_input.reshape((1,n_steps, 1))    yhat =
model.predict(x_input, verbose = 0)
temp_input.extend(yhat[0].tolist())
temp_input = temp_input[1:]
lst_output.extend(yhat.tolist())    i=i+1

else:
    x_input = x_input.reshape((1, n_steps,1))
yhat = model.predict(x_input, verbose = 0)
temp_input.extend(yhat[0].tolist())
lst_output.extend(yhat.tolist())    i=i+1

# NOTE: manually define and pass the array(s) of values to be scored in the next line
payload_scoring = {"input_data": [{ "values": [[x_input]]  }]}

response_scoring =
requests.post('https://ussouth.ml.cloud.ibm.com/ml/v4/deployments/7f67cbcd-6222-413b-
9901b2a72807ac82/predictions?version=2022-10-30', json=payload_scoring,
headers={'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken})
predictions = response_scoring.json()
print(response_scoring.json())

val = lst_output[9]
return render_template('web.html' , prediction = val)

if request.method=="GET":
    return render_template('web.html')

if __name__=="__main__":
    model = load_model('C:/Users/rkara/IBM/Sprint - 4/Crude_oil.tar.gz')
app.run(debug=True)

```

OUTPUT:

Home Page



Prediction Page



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying "127.0.0.1:5000/predict". The page title is "Crude Oil Price Prediction". Below the title is a text input field with the placeholder text "Enter the crude oil price for first 10 days:". Below the input field is a blue "Submit" button. The background of the page features a dark blue grid with a glowing orange line graph showing an upward trend, ending in a bright orange star.

If no values are entered a error message is displayed



The screenshot shows the same web browser window as the previous one, but with an error message displayed. The text input field now contains the text "Please fill out this field." in red. Below the input field is a blue "Submit" button. The background of the page features a dark blue grid with a glowing orange line graph showing an upward trend, ending in a bright orange star.

Entering the crude oil price for ten days



The predicted result is displayed below

