

# **IBM - NALAIYA THIRAN PROJECT**

## **PERSONAL EXPENSE TRACKER APPLICATION**

**TEAM ID : PNT2022TMID18300**

**TEAM SIZE : 4**

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER	CONTENTS	PAGE NO
<b>1</b>	<b>INTRODUCTION</b> 1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW 1.2 PURPOSE	<b>4</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>LITERATURE SURVEY</b> 2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM 2.2 REFERENCES 2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION	<b>5</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>IDEATION &amp; PROPOSED SOLUTION</b> <b>INTRODUCTION</b> 3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS 3.2 IDEATION & BRAINSTROMING 3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION 3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT	<b>8</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS</b> 4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT 4.2 NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS	<b>12</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>PROJECT DESIGN</b> 5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAMS 5.2 SOLUTION& TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE 5.3 USER STORIES	<b>13</b>

<b>6</b>	<b>PROJECT PLANNING &amp; SCHEDULING</b> 6.1 SPRINT PLANNING & ESTIMATION 6.2 REPORTS FROM JIRA	<b>14</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>CODING &amp; SOLUTIONING</b> 7.1 FEATURE 1 7.2 FEATURE 2	<b>16</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>TESTING</b> 8.1 TEST CASES	<b>40</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>RESULTS</b> 9.1 PERFORMANCE METRICS	<b>41</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>ADVANTAGES &amp; DISADVANTAGES</b>	<b>45</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>CONCLUSION &amp; FUTURE SCOPE</b>	<b>46</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>APPENDIX</b> GITHUB AND PROJECT DEMOLINK	<b>46</b>

# **1.INTRODUCTION**

## **1.1 Project overview**

With the increase in sales of smartphones over the last few years, people are using mobile applications to get their work done, which makes their lives easier. Mobile applications include different categories such as Entertainment, Sports, Lifestyle, Education, Games, Food and Drink, Health and Fitness, Finance, etc.

This Expense Tracker application falls in the Finance Category and serves the important purpose of managing finances which is a very important part of one's life.

The software product went through the design, development, and the testing phase as a part of the Software Development Lifecycle. The application's interface is designed using custom art elements, the functionality is implemented using iOS SDK, and the phase of testing the product was accomplished successfully. The application is not much user intensive but just comprises of having them enter the expense amount, date, category, merchant, and other optional attributes (taking picture of the receipts, entering notes about the expense, adding subcategories to the categories). With this entered information, the user can see the expense details for daily, weekly, monthly, and yearly in figures, graphs, PDF format, and can print them as well if a printer is detected or scanned nearby. All these topics have been explained in detail in their respective chapters.

The aim of this project is to provide a solution for users on how to manage finances in any circumstance by keeping track of their expenses every day. Ultimately, this contributes to societal well-being as well.

## **1.2 Purpose**

The motivation to work in this project is our real-life experience. As a user We face many difficulties in our daily file. In our daily life money is the most important portion and without it we cannot last one day on earth but if we keep on track all financial data then we can overcome this problem. Most of the people cannot track their expenses and income one way they face the money crisis and depression. This situation motivates us to make an android app to track all financial activities. Using the Daily Expense Tracker user can be tracking expenses day to day and making life tension free.

A comprehensive money management strategy requires clarity and conviction for decision-making. You will need a defined goal and a clear vision for grasping the business and personal finances. That's when an expense tracking app comes into the picture.

An expense tracking app is an exclusive suite of services for people who seek to handle their earnings and plan their expenses and savings efficiently. It helps you track all transactions like bills, refunds, payrolls, receipts, taxes, etc., on a daily, weekly, and monthly basis.

## **2. LITERATURE SURVEY**

### **2.1 Existing Problem**

Parents are worried that their children lack financial literacy unlike their global counterparts. They are looking for applications where their children can learn about spending money. This financial illiteracy is prevalent even among elders.

## **Existing Solutions :**

### **1. Application Name - Spendee.**

Spendee is a free money tracker app for budget planning and money management. Everyone is not good in budget handling and expense tracking. It is useful to someone who just wants to track daily expenses, instead of being confused by the complicated expenses bookkeeping. It is useful in both Personal financial management and organization's financial management.

#### **Pros**

- Free to use: Spendee has a free plan that provides limited functionality for users. The most useful tools, however, are reserved for the paid subscription plans.
- Easy-to-use design: The Spendee app sports a simple design that optimizes the user experience. The beautiful interface allows for a smooth signup process, easy navigation and generally attractive displays and charts. It is available in both light and black themes.
- Global availability: Spendee is available in Canada and countries in North America, South America, Asia, Europe, and Africa. Whichever country you are in, you can set up a Spendee account, and gain access to more than 2,500 banks globally.
- You can create your account with which currency you desire. You are also free to switch currencies depending on your immediate need.
- Bank-level security: Spendee deploys tight security measures to ensure that customers' data is securely protected. All transactions and information exchange are encrypted such that only parties authorized by you have access to it. Spendee's servers are currently hosted on Google Cloud, a trusted and tested security-oriented platform.

- One-glance overview of your money: The Spendee app provides you with an opportunity to link all your financial institutions with your Spendee account. You can synchronize different banks, online financial platforms like PayPal, as well as cryptocurrency trading platforms such as Finance and Coinbase. This enables you to see all your important financial details in one place.
- Monitor and regulate expenditure: Seeing all your money in one place gives you a feel of the bigger picture, and you can make more informed and well- rounded financial decisions.
- With your financial information neatly displayed with insightful analytics, you can take steps to optimize your spendings and savings to reach your desired financial goal.

## **Cons**

- Bank services are limited to paid plans: Spendee operates on a three-tiered basis, each with its own cost. Bank linking facilities are available only paid plans. However, the most advanced tools are restricted to the Spendee Premium, which is the highest of all three tiers.
- Problems with app updates: Android and iOS users of the Spendee app complain of bugs that come with new updates. On many occasions, currencies fail to display, automatic synchronization breaks down and error messages interrupt transactions.
- Does not support some banks: Despite being available in many countries of the world, Spendee does not support some Canadian banks such as HSBC, the Bank of Montreal, the Equitable Bank, Indian banks such as Indian Bank, Indian Overseas Bank, Standard Chartered Bank among others.

## **2.2 References:**

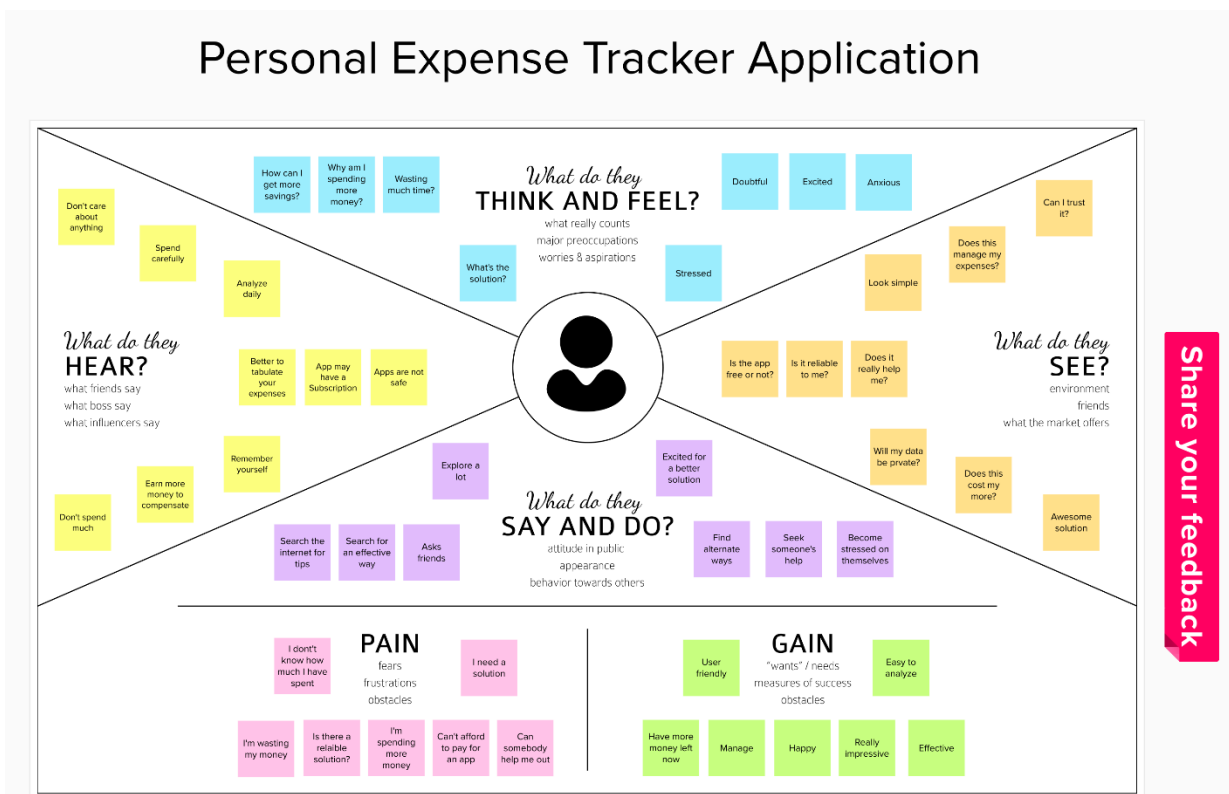
1. <https://cloud.google.com/customers/spendee>
2. <https://www.wealthrocket.com/budgeting/spendee-revie>

## 2.3 Problem Statement Definition



## 3. IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION

### 3.1 Empathy Map Canvas





## 3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming



### Brainstorm & idea prioritization

Use this template in your own brainstorming sessions so your team can unleash their imagination and start shaping concepts even if you're not sitting in the same room.

🕒 10 minutes to prepare  
🕒 1 hour to collaborate  
👤 2-8 people recommended



#### Before you collaborate

A little bit of preparation goes a long way with this session. Here's what you need to do to get going.

🕒 10 minutes



#### Team gathering

Define who should participate in the session and send an invite. Share relevant information or pre-work ahead.



#### Set the goal

Think about the problem you'll be focusing on solving in the brainstorming session.



#### Learn how to use the facilitation tools

Use the Facilitation Superpowers to run a happy and productive session.

[Open article](#) →

1

#### Define your problem statement

What problem are you trying to solve? Frame your problem as a How Might We statement. This will be the focus of your brainstorm.

🕒 5 minutes

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT

Money is precious for people who especially earn it by working hard day and night. But that money is spent without knowing the art of saving it and spending effectively. This affects a lot of people in a situation where they are in need of money, but they are left with no savings at that moment. So tracking individual's expenses and savings can be a solution to this problem.



#### Key rules of brainstorming

To run an smooth and productive session



Stay in topic.



Encourage wild ideas.



Defer judgment.



Listen to others.



Go for volume.



If possible, be visual.

2

### Brainstorm

Write down any ideas that come to mind that address your problem statement.

🕒 10 minutes

#### Ganesh Kumar K

Track data	Analyze data	Visualize data
Make suggestions	User-friendly	Attractive interface
Notifications	Spend efficiently	Have more savings

#### Ashok Sandeep N B S

Perform calculations quickly	lagfree interface	interface should be catchy
handle large data	App servers should be active	Privacy must be maintained
Notify user at the right time	Improve savings	Spend for necessity

#### Alaguraja K

Track my expenses	Must alert me	Improve my savings
Notify me regularly	Keep track of my spendings	Alert me when I overspend
Analyze the data	Display my spendings visually	UI must be smooth

#### Santhosh V

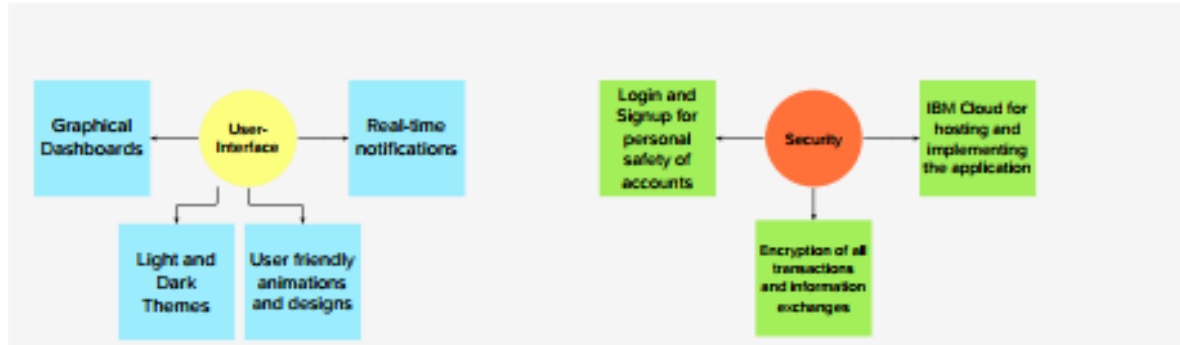
Track spendings and savings	Suggest ways to spend effectively	App with smooth UI
Alerts at the right time	Regularly notify	My data is private
App must be active	Send me mail alerts	Daily see my spendings

3

### Group ideas

Take turns sharing your ideas while clustering similar or related notes as you go. In the last 10 minutes, give each cluster a sentence-like label. If a cluster is bigger than six sticky notes, try and see if you can break it up into smaller sub-groups.

🕒 20 minutes

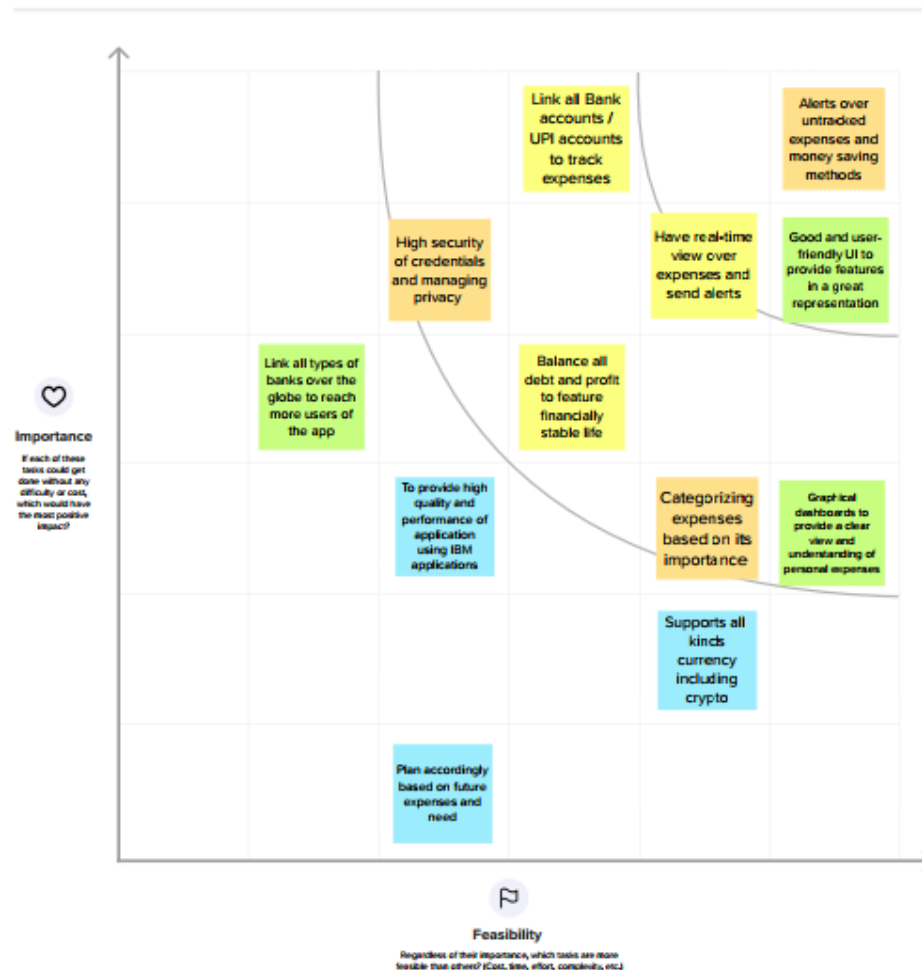


4

### Prioritize

Your team should all be on the same page about what's important moving forward. Place your ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important and which are feasible.

🕒 20 minutes



### 3.3 Proposed Solution

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	To simplify the expense tracking process
2.	Idea / Solution description	A web application for tracking expenses backed with IBM Cloud which sends notifications and insights using SendGrid
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Using 2FA which protects the expense data of the user and clean UI for easy navigation
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	It improves the quality of spending of the user which results in better economic growth for our users
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Ads on the platform and premium features that remove the ads for the premium user and more
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Using Kubernetes to manage the docker containers and create new pods whenever the traffic increases

### 3.4 Problem Solution fit

Project title : Personal Expense Tracker Application

Project Design Phase 1 - Solution Fit

Team ID : PNT2022TMD18300

Define CS, fit into CC	<b>1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)</b> <span>CS</span> Who is your customer? i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids  Daily spenders who are working and making money.  A Person who is busy, doesn't care about spending on a regular basis.  College Students who wants to track their expense.	<b>6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS</b> <span>CC</span> What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices.  This solution offers visual insights on their expenditures.  Monitor the daily spending.	<b>5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS</b> <span>AS</span> Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking  For keeping tabs on their spending, customers have used notes or paper. Developed in this project is a substitute is a personal expense tracker.  Manual calculations with no improving outcomes of the overall effects of spending patterns for review and improvement.	Explore AS, differentiate
	<b>2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS</b> <span>J&amp;P</span> Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one, explore different sides.  Method to alert them as soon as their budget limit is exceeded so they can be informed of their expenses.  Both the user's monthly income and monthly expenses must be added.  The amount that can be spent in a given month needs to be restricted.	<b>9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE</b> <span>RC</span> What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job? i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations.  Because there are so many ways and places to spend money in the modern world, people need to be aware of when and how much they spend.	<b>7. BEHAVIOUR</b> <span>BE</span> What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done? i.e. Directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; Indirectly associated: customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace)  The user chooses manual expense tracking over virtual application tracking. So, they decide how much you want to save by the end of the month. Every time a purchase is made, an update is made.	
Focus on J&P, tap into BE, understand RC	<b>3. TRIGGERS</b> <span>TR</span> Increased debt More unnecessary expenses Unable to begin saving.	<b>10. YOUR SOLUTION</b> <span>SL</span> If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality. If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations, solves a problem and matches customer behaviour.  With the use of this app, users may effectively manage and keep tabs on their spending and income.  Users have control over their finances due to periodic notifications and updates as well as the ability to access and analyse their records.	<b>8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR</b> <span>CH</span> <b>8.1 ONLINE</b> What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7  <b>8.2 OFFLINE</b> What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development.  Online: Customer can learn more strategies to manage expenses and savings  Offline: Think twice before taking important financial decisions.	Identify strong TR & EM
Identify strong TR & EM	<b>4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER</b> <span>EM</span> How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards? i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design.  Before: More Stressed and anxious about unnoticable expenses.  After: Manage expenses effectively and stress free.			

## 4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

### 4.1 Functional Requirements

#### Functional Requirements:

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form Registration through
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	User Financial Accounts	Account Details Verification of Details
FR-4	User Dashboard	Expense Data Data Records
FR-5	User Notifications	System Access Real time Alerting
FR-6	Security of User Data	Secured Database Data Security Algorithms

### 4.2 Non-Functional Requirements

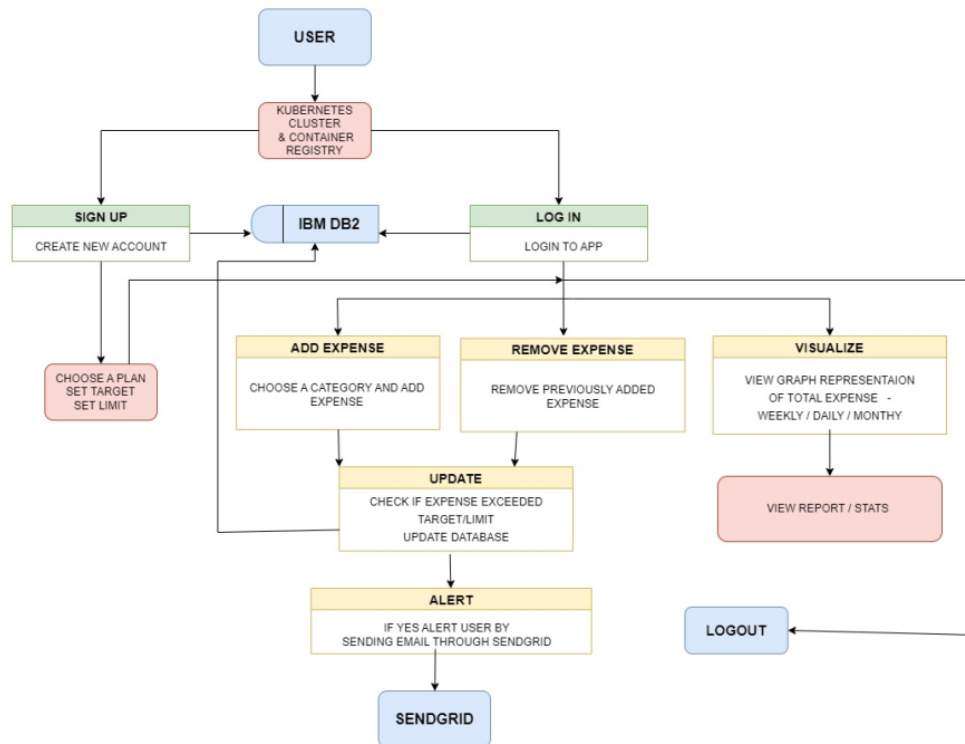
#### Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

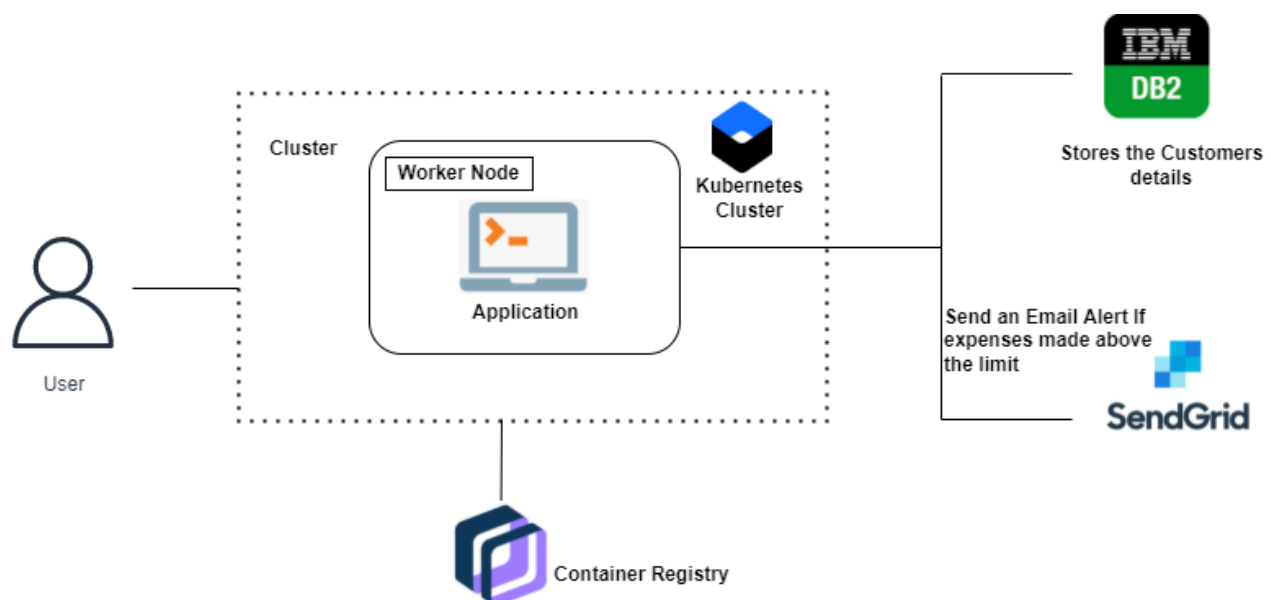
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	<b>Usability</b>	By using this application, the user can keep track of their expenses and can ensure that user's money is used wisely.
NFR-2	<b>Security</b>	Maintain user personal details in a encrypted manner by using data security algorithms .
NFR-3	<b>Reliability</b>	It will maintain a proper tracking of day-to-day expenses in an efficient manner.
NFR-4	<b>Performance</b>	By enter our incoming and departing cash, and the software can help you keep and monitor it with at-most quality and security with high performance.
NFR-5	<b>Availability</b>	Using charts and graphs may help you monitor your budgeting and assets.
NFR-6	<b>Scalability</b>	Rely on your budgeting app to track, streamline, and automate all the recurrent expenses and remind you on a timely basis.

## 5. PROJECT DESIGN

### 5.1 Data Flow Diagrams



### 5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture



## 5.3 User Stories

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.
	Login	USN-2	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password
	Add	USN -3	As a user , I can add in new expenses.
	Remove	USN – 4	As a user , I can remove previously added expenses.
	View	USN - 5	As a user , I can view my expenses in the form of graphs and get insights.
	Get alert message	USN - 6	As a user , I will get alert messages if I exceed my target amount.
Administrator	Add / remove user	USN – 7	As admin , I can add or remove user details on db2 manually.
		USN - 8	As admin , I can add or remove user details on sendgrid.

## 6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

### 6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation

#### Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation (4 Marks)

Use the below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	I can sign up for the application as a user by providing my email address with password, and a password for confirmation.	2	High	2
Sprint-1		USN-2	When I register for the application as a user, I will get a confirmation email.	1	High	1
Sprint-1		USN-3	I can sign up for the application as a user through Gmail.	1	High	1
Sprint-1	Login	USN-4	I may access the program as a user by providing my email address and password.	3	High	3

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint -2	Login	USN-5	After logging in, I as a user, must be able to update my profile by adding all thenecessary information.	4	High	4
Sprint-3	Income update	USN-6	I can add wallet balance and add income as a user.	4	Medium	4
Sprint-3	Income update	USN-7	I can update all income in the wallet as a user.	2	Medium	2
Sprint-4	Expense update	USN-8	I can add wallet balance, add or remove expenses as a user.	3	High	3
Sprint-1	Expense update	USN-9	I can add Categories for expenses.	2	High	2
Sprint-2	Graphical Representation	USN-10	I can get my expenses in a graphical representation.	4	High	4
Sprint-3	improvisation	USN-11	Application is tested for improvisation and bugs to provide Quality of service to the user.	3	High	3
Sprint-4	Output	USN-12	I can protect my privacy as a user with the aid of a username and password.	3	High	4

## 6.2 Reports from JIRA

The screenshot displays the JIRA interface for the 'PETA Project'. The top navigation bar includes 'Your work', 'Projects', 'Filters', 'Dashboards', 'People', and 'Apps'. The left sidebar shows the project 'Personal Expense Trac...' with a 'Software project' icon. Below this, the 'PLANNING' section includes 'Roadmap', 'Backlog', and 'Board' (selected). The 'DEVELOPMENT' section includes 'Code', 'Project pages', 'Add shortcut', and 'Project settings'.

The main content area shows the 'PETA Project' details, including the description 'A Web Application to manage Expenses effectively'. Below this, there are three columns representing the project's progress:

- TO DO 4 ISSUES:**
  - Get the expense data from the user (PETA-20)
  - Upload Customer data in IBM DB2 Database (PETA-17)
  - Visualize user's data Graphically (PETA-13)
  - Testing the project with various test cases (PETA-12)
- IN PROGRESS 3 ISSUES:**
  - Designing the Sign in page (PETA-14)
  - Create User Interface for ease of access (PETA-18)
  - Integrate SendGrid services to send email alert (PETA-11)
- DONE 5 ISSUES:**
  - Setup Flask app with Python (PETA-19)
  - Create IBM Cloud account (PETA-1)
  - Connect IBM cloud with Flask app using Python (PETA-10)
  - Install and setup Docker Desktop (PETA-16)
  - Creating SendGrid Account (PETA-15)

## 7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

### 7.1 FEATURE 1

#### Python Code

```
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, redirect, session
import re
import sendgrid
from flask_db2 import DB2
import ibm_db
import ibm_db_dbi
import os
from sendemail import sendmail

app = Flask(__name__)

app.secret_key = 'a'

app.config['database'] = 'bludb'
app.config['hostname'] = '19af6446-6171-4641-8aba-
9dcff8e1b6ff.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud'
app.config['port'] = '30699'
app.config['protocol'] = 'tcpip'
app.config['uid'] = 'wdc34377'
app.config['pwd'] = 'GSX4f44l31U8e7sb'
app.config['security'] = 'SSL'
try:
    mysql = DB2(app)
    conn_str='database=bludb;hostname=19af6446-6171-4641-8aba-
9dcff8e1b6ff.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud;po
rt=30699;protocol=tcpip;\
uid=wdc34377;pwd=GSX4f44l31U8e7sb;security=SSL'
    ibm_db_conn = ibm_db.connect(conn_str,"")
```



```

    print("Database connected without any error !!")
except:
    print("IBM DB Connection error : " + DB2.conn_errormsg())

#HOME--PAGE
@app.route("/home")
def home():
    return render_template("homepage.html")
@app.route("/")
def add():
    return render_template("home.html")

#SIGN--UP--OR--REGISTER

@app.route('/signup')
def signup():
    return render_template('signup.html')

@app.route('/register', methods =['GET', 'POST'])
def register():
    if request.method == "POST":
        user_name = request.form['username']
        email = request.form['email']
        pass_word = request.form['password']
        query = "INSERT INTO Admin (username,email,password) values
(?,?,?)"
        insert_stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, query)
        ibm_db.bind_param(insert_stmt, 1, user_name)
        ibm_db.bind_param(insert_stmt, 2, email)
        ibm_db.bind_param(insert_stmt, 3, pass_word)
        ibm_db.execute(insert_stmt)
        msg = 'Account Created Successfully'

```

```

        return render_template("signup.html", msg=msg)

@app.route("/signin",methods=['post','get'])
def signin():
    if request.method=="post":
        return render_template("login.html")
    return render_template("login.html")

@app.route('/login',methods =['GET', 'POST'])
def login():
    global userid
    msg = ""

    if request.method == 'POST' :
        username = request.form['username']
        password = request.form['password']

        sql = "SELECT * FROM Admin WHERE username = ? and
password = ?"
        stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, username)
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, password)
        result = ibm_db.execute(stmt)
        print(result)
        account = ibm_db.fetch_row(stmt)
        print(account)

        param = "SELECT * FROM Admin WHERE username = " + "\"" +
username + "\"" + " and password = " + "\"" + password + "\""
        res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
        dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)

```

```

# sendmail("hello sakthi","sivasakthisairam@gmail.com")

if account:
    session['loggedin'] = True
    session['id'] = dictionary["ID"]
    userid = dictionary["ID"]
    session['username'] = dictionary["USERNAME"]
    session['email'] = dictionary["EMAIL"]

    return redirect('/home')
else:
    msg = 'Incorrect username / password !'

return render_template('login.html', msg = msg)

@app.route("/add")
def adding():
    return render_template('add.html')

@app.route('/addexpense',methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def addexpense():

    date = request.form['date']
    expensename = request.form['expensename']
    amount = request.form['amount']
    paymode = request.form['paymode']
    category = request.form['category']

    print(date)
    p1 = date[0:10]
    p2 = date[11:13]
    p3 = date[14:]
    p4 = p1 + "-" + p2 + "." + p3 + ".00"

```

```

print(p4)
sql = "INSERT INTO Expense (userid, date, expensename, amount,
paymode, category) VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?)"
stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, session['id'])
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, p4)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 3, expensename)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 4, amount)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 5, paymode)
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 6, category)
ibm_db.execute(stmt)

print("Expenses added")

# email part

param = "SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE MONTH(date) =
MONTH(current timestamp) AND YEAR(date) = YEAR(current
timestamp) ORDER BY date DESC"
res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
expense = []
while dictionary != False:
    temp = []
    # temp.append(dictionary["ID"])
    temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
    temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
    temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
    temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
    temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
    temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
    expense.append(temp)
    print(temp)

```

```

dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)

total=0
for x in expense:
    total += int(x[3])

param = "SELECT userid, limit FROM limit WHERE userid = " +
str(session['id'])
res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
row = []
s = 0
while dictionary != False:
    temp = []
    temp.append(dictionary["LIMIT"])
    row.append(temp)
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
    s = temp[len(temp)-1]

if total > int(s):
    msg = "Hello " + session['username'] + " , " + "you have crossed
the monthly limit of Rs. " + str(s) + "/- !!!" + "\n" + "Thank you, " + "\n"
+ "Team Personal Expense Tracker."
    sendmail(msg,session['email'])

return redirect("/display")

#DISPLAY---graph

@app.route("/display")
def display():
    print(session["username"],session['id'])

```

```

    param = "SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE userid = " +
str(session['id']) + " ORDER BY date DESC"
    res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
    expense = []
    while dictionary != False:
        temp = []
        # temp.append(dictionary["ID"])
        temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
        temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
        temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
        temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
        temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
        temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
        expense.append(temp)
        print(temp)
        dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)

    return render_template('display.html' ,expense = expense)

```

#delete---the--data

```

@app.route('/delete/<string:id>', methods = ['POST', 'GET' ])
def delete(id):
    param = "DELETE FROM Expense WHERE  userid = " + id
    res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)

    print('deleted successfully')
    return redirect("/display")

```

#UPDATE---DATA

```

@app.route('/edit/<id>', methods = ['POST', 'GET' ])

```

```

def edit(id):
    param = "SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE userid = " + id
    res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
    row = []
    while dictionary != False:
        temp = []
        # temp.append(dictionary["ID"])
        temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
        temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
        temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
        temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
        temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
        temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
        row.append(temp)
        print(temp)
        dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)

    print(row[0])
    return render_template('edit.html', expenses = row[0])

@app.route('/update/<id>', methods = ['POST'])
def update(id):
    if request.method == 'POST':

        date = request.form['date']
        expensename = request.form['expensename']
        amount = request.form['amount']
        paymode = request.form['paymode']
        category = request.form['category']
        p1 = date[0:10]
        p2 = date[11:13]
        p3 = date[14:]

```

```
p4 = p1 + "-" + p2 + "." + p3 + ".00"
```

```
sql = "UPDATE Expense SET date = ? , expensename = ? , amount  
= ?, paymode = ?, category = ? WHERE userid = ?"
```

```
stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql)  
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, p4)  
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, expensename)  
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 3, amount)  
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 4, paymode)  
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 5, category)  
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 6, id)  
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
```

```
print('successfully updated')  
return redirect("/display")
```

```
#limit
```

```
@app.route("/limit" )
```

```
def limit():
```

```
    return redirect('/limitn')
```

```
@app.route("/limitnum" , methods = ['POST' ])
```

```
def limitnum():
```

```
    if request.method == "POST":
```

```
        number= request.form['number']
```

```
        # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
```

```
        # cursor.execute('INSERT INTO limits VALUES (NULL, % s, % s)
```

```
',(session['id'], number))
```

```
        # mysql.connection.commit()
```

```
sql = "INSERT INTO limit (userid, limit) VALUES (?, ?)"
```

```
stmt = ibm_db.prepare(ibm_db_conn, sql)
```



```

        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, session['id'])
        ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, number)
        ibm_db.execute(stmt)
        return redirect('/limitn')

@app.route("/limitn")
def limitn():
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
    # cursor.execute('SELECT limitss FROM `limits` ORDER BY
`limits`.`id` DESC LIMIT 1')
    # x= cursor.fetchone()
    # s = x[0]

    param = "SELECT userid,limit FROM limit WHERE userid = " +
str(session['id'])
    res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
    row = []
    s = "/"
    while dictionary != False:
        temp = []
        temp.append(dictionary["LIMIT"])
        print(temp)
        row.append(temp)
        dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
        s = temp[len(temp)-1]

    return render_template("limit.html" , y= s)

#REPORT

@app.route("/today")

```

```

def today():
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
    # cursor.execute('SELECT TIME(date) , amount FROM expenses
WHERE userid = %s AND DATE(date) = DATE(NOW())
',(str(session['id'])))
    # texpanse = cursor.fetchall()
    # print(texpanse)

```

```

    param1 = "SELECT TIME(date) as tn, amount FROM Expense
WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + " AND DATE(date) =
DATE(current timestamp) ORDER BY date DESC"
    res1 = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param1)
    dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)
    texpanse = []

```

```

while dictionary1 != False:
    temp = []
    temp.append(dictionary1["TN"])
    temp.append(dictionary1["AMOUNT"])
    texpanse.append(temp)
    print(temp)
    dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)

```

```

# cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
# cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = % s
AND DATE(date) = DATE(NOW()) AND date ORDER BY
`expenses`.`date` DESC',(str(session['id'])))
# expense = cursor.fetchall()

```

```

    param = "SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE userid = " +
str(session['id']) + " AND DATE(date) = DATE(current timestamp)
ORDER BY date DESC"
    res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)

```

```

dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
expense = []
while dictionary != False:
    temp = []
    # temp.append(dictionary["ID"])
    temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
    temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
    temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
    temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
    temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
    temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
    expense.append(temp)
    print(temp)
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)

```

```

total=0
t_food=0
t_entertainment=0
t_business=0
t_rent=0
t_EMI=0
t_other=0

```

```

for x in expense:
    total += int(x[3])
    if x[5] == "food":
        t_food += int(x[3])

    elif x[5] == "entertainment":
        t_entertainment += int(x[3])

    elif x[5] == "business":
        t_business += int(x[3])

```

```

elif x[5] == "rent":
    t_rent += int(x[3])

elif x[5] == "EMI":
    t_EMI += int(x[3])

elif x[5] == "other":
    t_other += int(x[3])

print(total)

print(t_food)
print(t_entertainment)
print(t_business)
print(t_rent)
print(t_EMI)
print(t_other)
return render_template("today.html", texpanse = texpanse,
expense = expense, total = total ,
                        t_food = t_food,t_entertainment = t_entertainment,
                        t_business = t_business, t_rent = t_rent,
                        t_EMI = t_EMI, t_other = t_other )

@app.route("/month")
def month():
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
    # cursor.execute('SELECT DATE(date), SUM(amount) FROM
expenses WHERE userid= %s AND MONTH(DATE(date))=
MONTH(now()) GROUP BY DATE(date) ORDER BY DATE(date)
',(str(session['id'])))
    # texpanse = cursor.fetchall()
    # print(texpanse)

```

```

    param1 = "SELECT DATE(date) as dt, SUM(amount) as tot FROM
Expense WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + " AND MONTH(date)
= MONTH(current timestamp) AND YEAR(date) = YEAR(current
timestamp) GROUP BY DATE(date) ORDER BY DATE(date)"
    res1 = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param1)
    dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)
    texpanse = []

```

```

while dictionary1 != False:
    temp = []
    temp.append(dictionary1["DT"])
    temp.append(dictionary1["TOT"])
    texpanse.append(temp)
    print(temp)
    dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)

```

```

# cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
# cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = % s
AND MONTH(DATE(date))= MONTH(now()) AND date ORDER BY
`expenses`.`date` DESC',(str(session['id'])))
# expense = cursor.fetchall()

```

```

    param = "SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE userid = " +
str(session['id']) + " AND MONTH(date) = MONTH(current
timestamp) AND YEAR(date) = YEAR(current timestamp) ORDER BY
date DESC"
    res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
    dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
    expense = []
    while dictionary != False:
        temp = []

```

```
# temp.append(dictionary["ID"])
temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
expense.append(temp)
print(temp)
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
total=0
t_food=0
t_entertainment=0
t_business=0
t_rent=0
t_EMI=0
t_other=0
```

```
for x in expense:
    total += int(x[3])
    if x[5] == "food":
        t_food += int(x[3])

    elif x[5] == "entertainment":
        t_entertainment += int(x[3])

    elif x[5] == "business":
        t_business += int(x[3])
    elif x[5] == "rent":
        t_rent += int(x[3])
```

```

        elif x[5] == "EMI":
            t_EMI += int(x[3])

        elif x[5] == "other":
            t_other += int(x[3])

    print(total)

    print(t_food)
    print(t_entertainment)
    print(t_business)
    print(t_rent)
    print(t_EMI)
    print(t_other)

    return render_template("today.html", texpanse = texpanse,
expense = expense, total = total ,
                        t_food = t_food,t_entertainment = t_entertainment,
                        t_business = t_business, t_rent = t_rent,
                        t_EMI = t_EMI, t_other = t_other )

@app.route("/year")
def year():
    # cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
    # cursor.execute('SELECT MONTH(date), SUM(amount) FROM
expenses WHERE userid= %s AND YEAR(DATE(date))= YEAR(now())
GROUP BY MONTH(date) ORDER BY MONTH(date)
',(str(session['id'])))
    # texpanse = cursor.fetchall()
    # print(texpanse)

```

```

param1 = "SELECT MONTH(date) as mn, SUM(amount) as tot
FROM Expense WHERE userid = " + str(session['id']) + " AND
YEAR(date) = YEAR(current timestamp) GROUP BY MONTH(date)
ORDER BY MONTH(date)"

```

```

res1 = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param1)
dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)
texpanse = []

```

```

while dictionary1 != False:
    temp = []
    temp.append(dictionary1["MN"])
    temp.append(dictionary1["TOT"])
    texpanse.append(temp)
    print(temp)
    dictionary1 = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res1)

```

```

# cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
# cursor.execute('SELECT * FROM expenses WHERE userid = % s
AND YEAR(DATE(date))= YEAR(now()) AND date ORDER BY
`expenses`.`date` DESC',(str(session['id'])))
# expense = cursor.fetchall()

```

```

param = "SELECT * FROM Expense WHERE userid = " +
str(session['id']) + " AND YEAR(date) = YEAR(current timestamp)
ORDER BY date DESC"

```

```

res = ibm_db.exec_immediate(ibm_db_conn, param)
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
expense = []
while dictionary != False:
    temp = []
    # temp.append(dictionary["ID"])

```



```
temp.append(dictionary["USERID"])
temp.append(dictionary["DATE"])
temp.append(dictionary["EXPENSENAME"])
temp.append(dictionary["AMOUNT"])
temp.append(dictionary["PAYMODE"])
temp.append(dictionary["CATEGORY"])
expense.append(temp)
print(temp)
dictionary = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(res)
```

```
total=0
t_food=0
t_entertainment=0
t_business=0
t_rent=0
t_EMI=0
t_other=0
```

```
for x in expense:
    total += int(x[3])
    if x[5] == "food":
        t_food += int(x[3])

    elif x[5] == "entertainment":
        t_entertainment += int(x[3])

    elif x[5] == "business":
        t_business += int(x[3])
    elif x[5] == "rent":
        t_rent += int(x[3])

    elif x[5] == "EMI":
```

```

        t_EMI += int(x[3])

    elif x[5] == "other":
        t_other += int(x[3])

print(total)

print(t_food)
print(t_entertainment)
print(t_business)
print(t_rent)
print(t_EMI)
print(t_other)
return render_template("today.html", texpanse = texpanse,
expense = expense, total = total ,
                        t_food = t_food,t_entertainment = t_entertainment,
                        t_business = t_business, t_rent = t_rent,
                        t_EMI = t_EMI, t_other = t_other )

#log-out

@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
    session.pop('loggedin', None)
    session.pop('id', None)
    session.pop('username', None)
    session.pop('email', None)
    return render_template('home.html')

app.run(debug=True)

```

## 7.2 FEATURE 1

### HTML Code (Home.html)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">

<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">

  <link rel="stylesheet" href="..\static\css\home.css">
  <title>My Website</title>
</head>

<body>
  <!-- Header -->
  <section id="header">
    <div class="header container">
      <div class="nav-bar">
        <div class="brand">
          <a href="#hero">
            <h1><span>B</span>udget <span>T</span>racker</h1>
          </a>
        </div>
        <div class="nav-list">
          <div class="hamburger">
            <div class="bar"></div>
          </div>
          <ul>
```

```

<li><a href="#hero" data-after="Home">Home</a></li>
<li><a href="#services" data-after="Service">Services</a></li>

<li><a href="#about" data-after="About">About</a></li>
<li><a href="#contact" data-after="Contact">Contact</a></li>
<LI><a href="/signin" data-after="Login">-Login-</a></LI>
</ul>
</div>
</div>
</div>
</section>
<!-- End Header -->

```

```

<!-- Hero Section -->
<section id="hero">
  <div class="hero container">
    <div>
      <h1>Hello, <span></span></h1>
      <h1>Welcome To <span></span></h1>
      <h1>Personal Expense Tracker App <span></span></h1>
      <a href="/signup" type="button" class="cta">Sign-up</a>
    </div>
  </div>
</section>
<!-- End Hero Section -->

```

```

<!-- Service Section -->
<section id="services">
  <div class="services container">
    <div class="service-top">
      <h1 class="section-title">Serv<span>i</span>ces</h1>
      <p>Budget Tracker provides a many services to the customer and industries.

```

Financial solutions to meet your needs whatever your money goals,there is a Budget solution to help you reach them </p>

</div>

<div class="service-bottom">

<div class="service-item">

<div class="icon"></div>

<h2>Personal Expenses</h2>

<p>Budgeting is more than paying bills and setting aside savings.it's about creating a money plan for the life you want</p>

</div>

<div class="service-item">

<div class="icon"></div>

<h2>Investments</h2>

<p>Follow your investments and bring your portfolio into focus with support for stocks,bonds,CDs,mutual funds and more</p>

</div>

<div class="service-item">

<div class="icon"></div>

<h2>Online Banking</h2>

<p>Budget Tracker application can automatically download transactions and send payments online from many financial institutions</p>

</div>

<div class="service-item">

<div class="icon"></div>

<h2>Financial Life</h2>

<p>Get your Complete financial picture at a glance. With Budget Tracker application you can view your all the financial activities

</p>

</div>

</div>

```
</div>
</section>
<!-- End Service Section -->
```

```
<!-- About Section -->
```

```
<section id="about">
  <div class="about container">
    <div class="col-left">
      <div class="about-img">
        
        <div><h2>Expense Tracker</h2></div>
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
```

```
    <div class="col-right">
      <h1 class="section-title">About <span>Us</span></h1>
      <h2>Financial Solution</h2>
      <p>Budget Tracker financial solution is one among Leading financial
company from many years.Budget Tracker provides a many services to the
customer and industries. Financial solutions to meet your needs whatever your
money goals,there is a MyBudget solution to help you reach them.u can Contact
our service center for further information and also follow our social media for
update on new services </p>
      <a href="#footer" class="cta">Follow Us</a>
```

```
    </div>
  </div>
</section>
<!-- End About Section -->
```

```
<!-- Contact Section -->
```

```
<section id="contact">
  <div class="contact container">
    <div>
```

```

    <h1 class="section-title">Contact <span>info</span></h1>
</div>
<div class="contact-items">
    <div class="contact-item">
        <div class="icon"></div>
        <div class="contact-info">
            <h1>Phone</h1>
            <h2>+91 123456789</h2>
        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="contact-item">
        <div class="icon"></div>
        <div class="contact-info">
            <h1>Email</h1>
            <h2>sample@gmail.com</h2>
        </div>
    </div>
    <div class="contact-item">
        <div class="icon"></div>
        <div class="contact-info">
            <h1>Address</h1>
            <h2>Tamil Nadui, India</h2>
        </div>
    </div>
</div>
</div>
</section>
<!-- End Contact Section -->

<!-- Footer -->

```

```

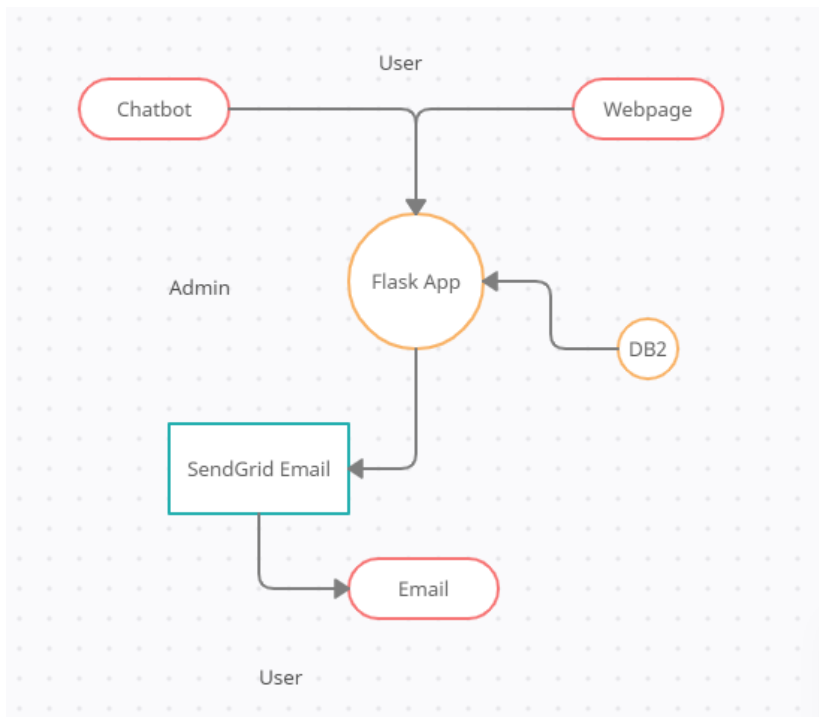
<section id="footer">
  <div class="footer container">
    <div class="brand">
      <h1><span>B</span>udget <span>T</span>racker</h1>
    </div>
    <h2>Your Complete Financial Solution</h2>
    <p>Team ID: PNT2022TMID18300</p>
    <p>All rights reserved</p>
    <p>Copyright © 2019-2023 </p>
  </div>
</section>
<!-- End Footer -->
<script src="..\static\js\home.js"></script>
</body>

</html>

```

## 8. TESTING

### 8.1 Test Cases



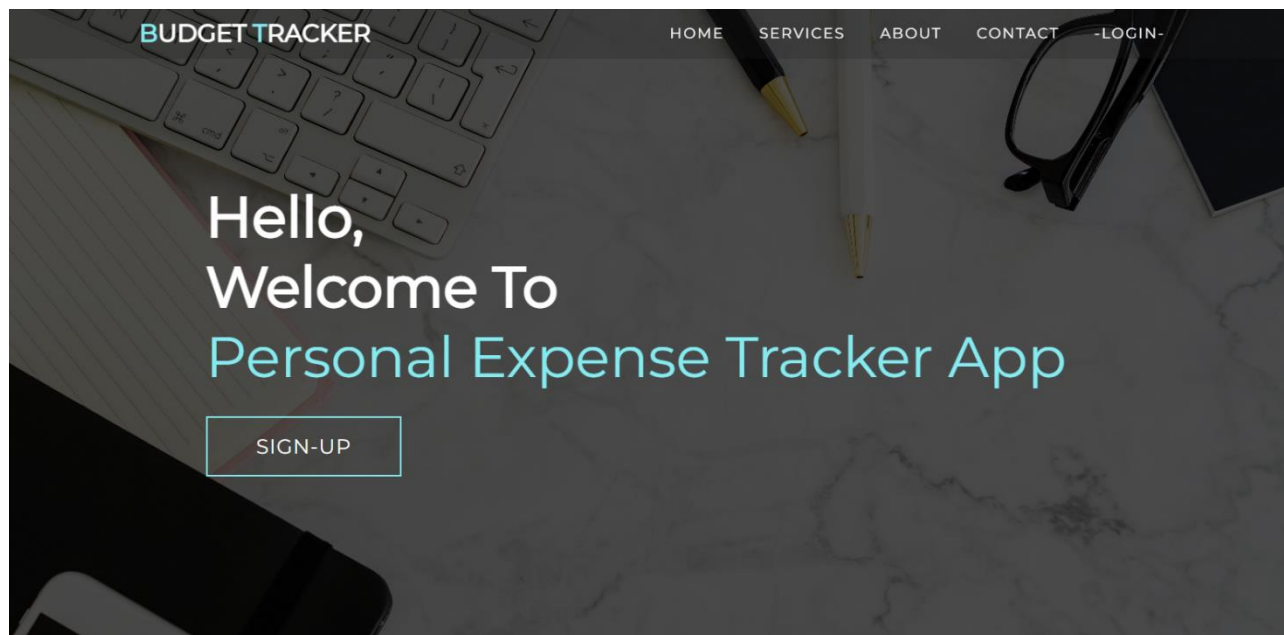


## Test Case Analysis

This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Print Engine	5	0	0	5
Client Application	12	0	0	12
Security	2	0	0	2
Outsource Shipping	3	0	0	3
Exception Reporting	1	0	0	1
Final Report Output	2	0	0	2
Version Control	2	0	0	2

## 9. RESULTS



# SERVICES

Budget Tracker provides a many services to the customer and industries. Financial solutions to meet your needs whatever your money goals,there is a Budget solution to help you reach them



## PERSONAL EXPENSES

Budgeting is more than paying bills and setting aside savings.it's about creating a money plan for the life you want



## INVESTMENTS

Follow your investments and bring your portfolio into focus with support for stocks,bonds,CDs,mutual funds and more



## ONLINE BANKING

Budget Tracker application can automatically download transactions and send payments online from many financial institutions



## FINANCIAL LIFE

Get your Complete financial picture at a glance. With Budget Tracker application you can view your all the financial activities



Expense Tracker

# ABOUT US

## Financial Solution

Budget Tracker financial solution is one among Leading financial company from many years.Budget Tracker provides a many services to the customer and industries. Financial solutions to meet your needs whatever your money goals,there is a MyBudget solution to help you reach them.u can Contact our service center for further information and also follow our social media for update on new services

FOLLOW US

# CONTACT INFO



Phone  
+91 123456789



Email  
sample@gmail.com



Address  
Tamil Nadu, India

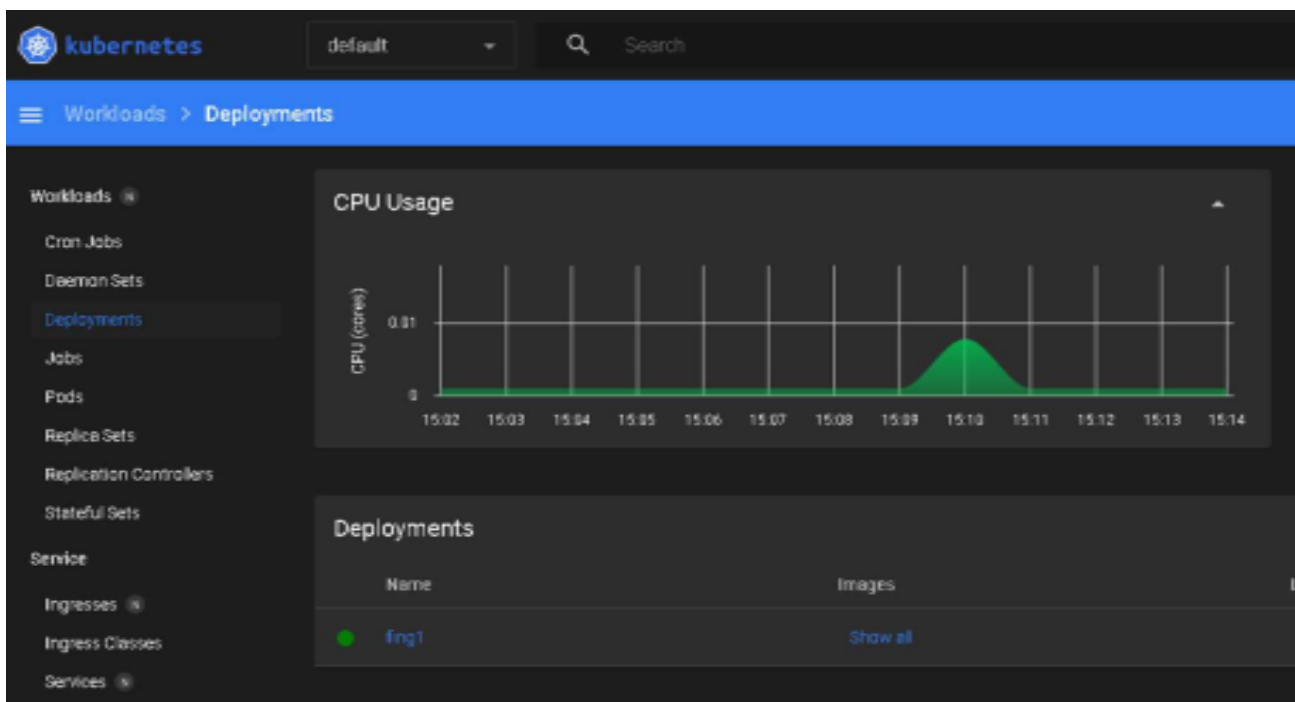
## BUDGET TRACKER

Your Complete Financial Solution

Team ID: PNT20221MID18300

All rights reserved

Copyright © 2019-2023

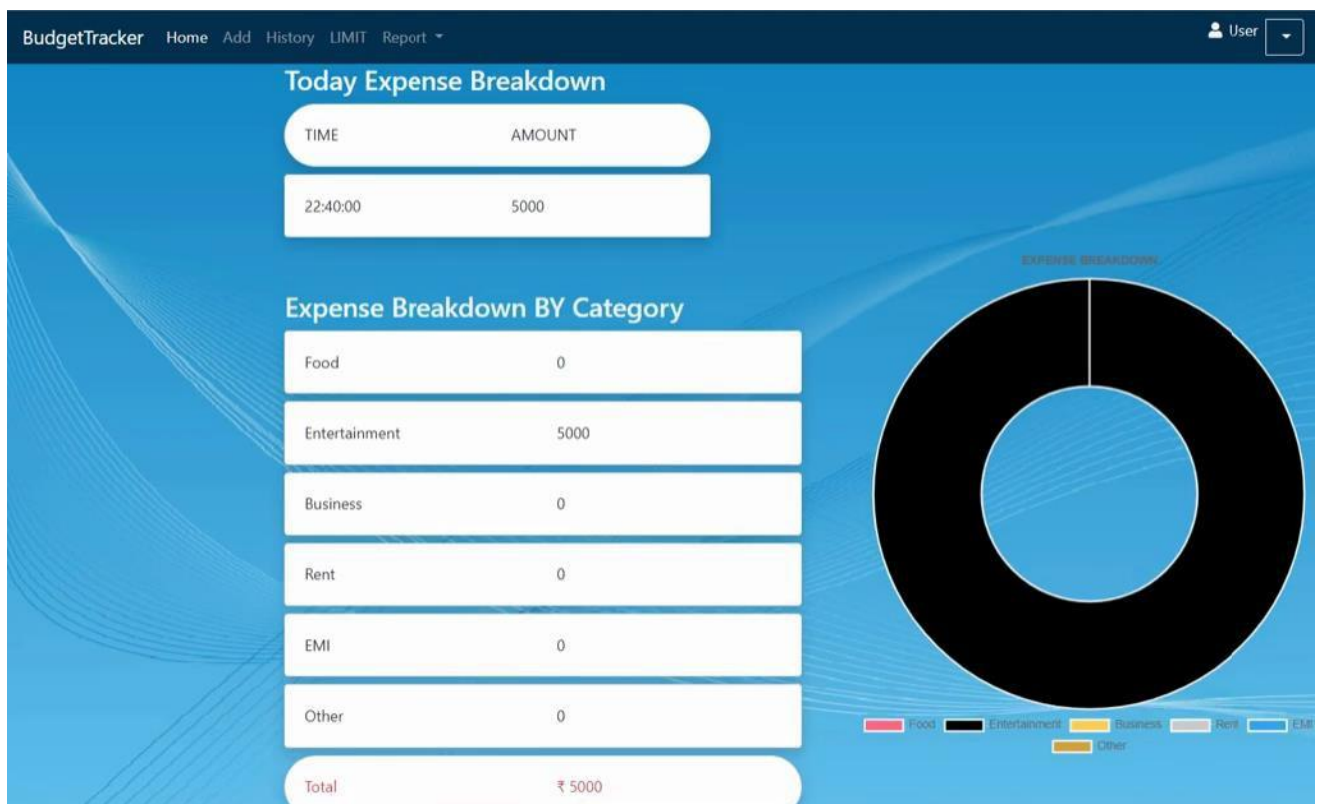
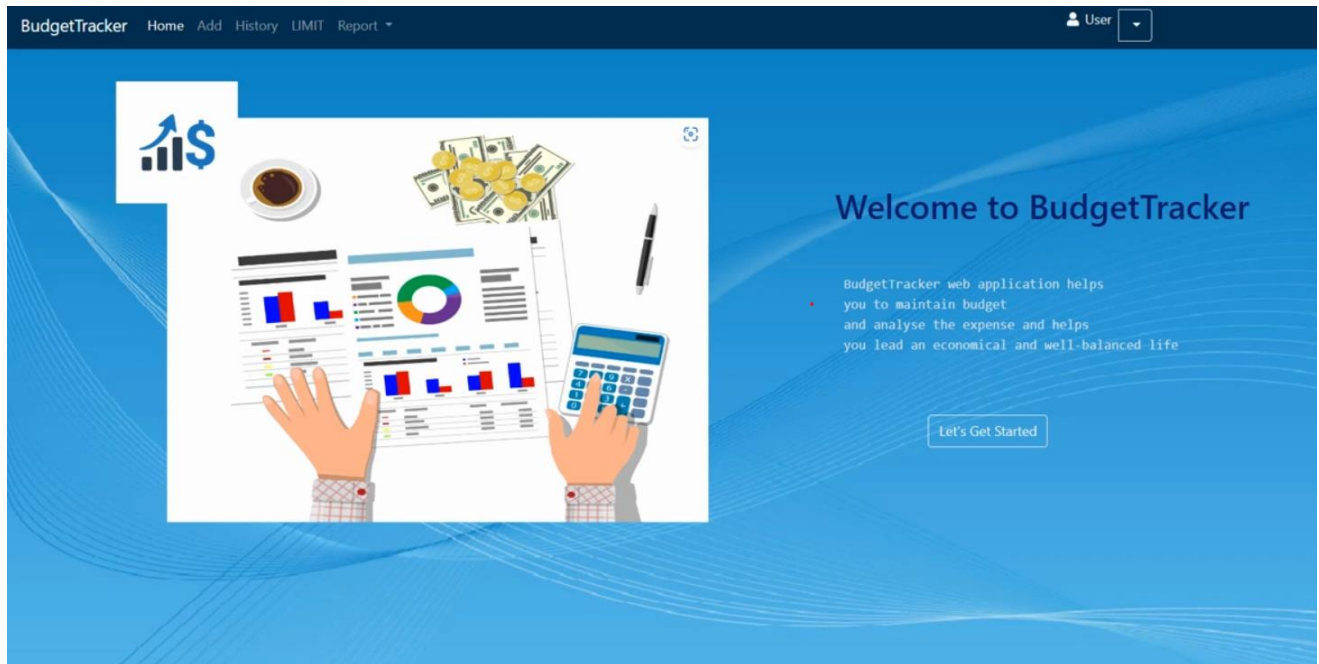


The image shows a 'SIGN UP' form. At the top, there's a blue house icon. Below it, the text 'SIGN UP' is displayed in a large, bold, black font. The form consists of three input fields: 'Name' (with a person icon), 'Email' (with an envelope icon, containing 'Example@gmail.com'), and 'Password' (with a lock icon). Below these fields, the text 'OR Sign-up with' is centered. Underneath, there are five circular buttons with social media icons: Facebook, Twitter, Google+, LinkedIn, and Instagram. Below the social media buttons, there's a checkbox labeled 'I read and agree to Terms & Conditions'. At the bottom, there's a blue button labeled 'CREATE ACCOUNT'. Below the button, there's a link that says 'Already have an account? Sign in'.

☐ I read and agree to Terms & Conditions

[CREATE ACCOUNT](#)

[Already have an account? Sign in](#)



## **10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES**

### **Advantages**

1. Helps anticipate the costs of similar projects When you formally track and report expenses, you have a permanent documentation which helps you correctly anticipate expenses for similar projects in the future. This is even more significant when it comes to budget-making process.
2. The best organizations have a way of tracking and handling these reimbursements. This ideal practice guarantees that the expenses tracked are accurately and in a timely manner. From a company perspective, timely settlements of these expenses when tracked well will certainly boost employees' morale.
3. Tracking the amount of money spent on the projects is important to invoice customers and determine the cost & profitability analysis when your company is providing services to another company. On the other hand, expense tracking or internal project is important for cost and ROI calculation.

### **Disadvantages**

1. A manual accounting system requires you to understand the accounting process in a way that may be unnecessary with a computerized accounting system. This can be an advantage or a disadvantage, depending on the person doing the bookkeeping; often, a specially trained professional is needed to ensure that accounting is done properly.
2. Requires active internet connection to add, remove or view expense data.
3. Can be affected by server issues or webpage issues occasionally.
4. Unraveling the complexity of your financial records by hand may be time consuming. Since it takes time to generate reports.

## **11. CONCLUSION & FUTURE SCOPE**

### **CONCLUSION**

In conclusion, developing a personal budget and tracking all expenses and spending is a crucial aspect of personal finances. It can help ordinary people as well as Businesspeople to manage their spendings and savings in an efficient way. There can be a significant difference in the amount of savings made after using the personal expense tracker application.

### **FUTURE SCOPE**

The main objective of this project is to help the user to avoid unexpected expenses and bad financial situations. In future this can be developed to perform the following operations for better results.

- Enable the notification system for the user to get notification daily at a specific time that can help the user insert expenses and income.
- Backup and restore all information.
- Generate report in PDF format either category wise or by time period.

## **12. APPENDIX**

### **GitHub Repository Link - TEAM ID: PNT2022TMID18300**

<https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-1321-1658384094>

### **GitHub Final Deliverables Link:**

<https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-1321-1658384094/tree/main/Final%20Deliverables>

### **Project Demo Video Link:**

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ybulUCH1gbDbui2oGxdsqwe166pBv5\\_k/view?usp=share\\_link](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ybulUCH1gbDbui2oGxdsqwe166pBv5_k/view?usp=share_link)