## **Exercises**

Answer the questions or complete the tasks outlined in bold below, use the specific method described if applicable.

\*\* What is 7 to the power of 4?\*\*

## into a list.

```
In [19]: s = "Hi there Sam!"
In [21]: s.split()
Out[21]: ['Hi', 'there', 'Sam!']
    ** Given the variables:**
    planet = "Earth"
    diameter = 12742

** Use .format() to print the following string: **
```

ose from atty to print the ronowing string.

The diameter of Earth is 12742 kilometers.

```
10/30/22, 7:20 PM
                    IBM-Project-13282-1659515857/Assignment 3 Mirun Kannan V.ipynb at main · IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-13282-1659515857
                     print(a)
                    ['hello']
                    ** Given this nest dictionary grab the word "hello". Be prepared, this will be
                    annoying/tricky **
         In [12]:
                     d = {'k1':[1,2,3,{'tricky':['oh','man','inception',{'target':[1,2,3,'hello
          In [13]:
                     print(d['k1'][3]["tricky"][3]['target'][3])
                    hello
                    ** What is the main difference between a tuple and a list? **
          In [ ]:
                     Tuples are immutable whereas Lists are mutable. Tuples consumes less memor
                    ** Create a function that grabs the email website domain from a string in the form:
                        user@domain.com
                    So for example, passing "user@domain.com" would return: domain.com
          In [1]:
                     def domainGet(email):
                       print("Your domain is: "+email.split('@')[-1])
                     email=input("Please enter your email")
                     domainGet(email)
                    Please enter your emailteam6@gmail.com
                    Your domain is: gmail.com
          In [ ]:
          Out[]: 'domain.com'
                    ** Create a basic function that returns True if the word 'dog' is contained in the
                    input string. Don't worry about edge cases like a punctuation being attached to
                    the word dog, but do account for capitalization. **
          In [2]:
                     def finddog(st):
                       if 'dog' in st.lower():
                         print("True")
                       else:
                         print("False")
                     st="is there a dog here?"
                     finddog(st)
                    True
```

finddog("is there a dog here?")

In [3]:

True

\*\* Create a function that counts the number of times the word "dog" occurs in a string. Again ignore edge cases. \*\*

```
In [11]:
    def countdogs(value):
        cnt=0;
        for word in value.lower().split():
            if word == 'dog' or word == 'dogs':
                 cnt+=1
                 print(cnt)
            value='this dog run faster than the other dogs'
            countdogs(value)

2
In []:
Out[]: 2
```

## **Problem**

You are driving a little too fast, and a police officer stops you. Write a function to return one of 3 possible results: "No ticket", "Small ticket", or "Big Ticket". If your speed is 60 or less, the result is "No Ticket". If speed is between 61 and 80 inclusive, the result is "Small Ticket". If speed is 81 or more, the result is "Big Ticket". Unless it is your birthday (encoded as a boolean value in the parameters of the function) -- on your birthday, your speed can be 5 higher in all cases.

```
In [8]:
          def caught_speeding(speed, is_birthday):
               if is_birthday:
                   speeding = speed - 5
               else:
                  speeding = speed
               if speeding > 80:
                  return 'Big Ticket'
               elif speeding > 60:
                  return 'Small Ticket'
              else:
                   return 'No Ticket'
 In [9]:
          caught_speeding(90,True)
 Out[9]: 'Big Ticket'
In [10]:
          caught_speeding(61,False)
Out[10]: 'Small Ticket'
```

Create an employee list with basic salary values(at least 5 values for 5 employees)

and using a for loop retreive each employee salary and calculate total salary expenditure.

```
In [4]:
    employee = [15000,20000,25000,30000,40000]
    sum=0
    for i in employee:
        sum+=i
        print(i)
    print(sum)

15000
    20000
    25000
    30000
    40000
    130000

Create two dictionaries in Python:
```