GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING

(Formerly IRTT) ERODE-638 316



BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

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Project Report Format

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NUTRITION ASSISTANT APPLICATION

1.INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

- ➤ User interacts with the Web App to Load an image.
- ➤ The image is passed to the server application, which uses Clarifai's AI-Driven

 Food Detection Model Service to analyze the images and Nutrition API to provide

 nutritional information about the analyzed Image.
- ➤ Nutritional information of the analyzed image is returned to the app for display.

1.2 PURPOSE

Due to the ignorance of healthy food habits, obesity rates are increasing at an alarming speed, and this is reflective of the risks to people's health. People need to control their daily calorie intake by eating healthier foods, which is the most basic method to avoid obesity. However, although food packaging comes with nutrition (and calorie) labels, it's still not very convenient for people to refer to App-based nutrient dashboard systems which can analyze real-time images of a meal and analyze it for nutritional content which can be very handy and improves the dietary habits, and therefore, helps in maintaining a healthy lifestyle.

This project aims at building a web App that automatically estimates food attributes such as ingredients and nutritional value by classifying the input image of food. Our method employs Clarifai's Al-Driven Food Detection Model for accurate food identification and Food API's to give the nutritional value of the identified food.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM

In this existing world, there are no any proper handy nutrition assistant which helps people to maintain their health and fitness.

2.2 REFERENCES

- ➤ Enhancing Cloud and healthy Food Nutrition Information systems practice-Paul,PK and Aithal,PS and Bhuimali,A
- ➤ Mobile cloud based system recognizing nutrition and freshness of food image-Kumbhar, Diptee and Patil, Sarita
- ➤ Predicting calorific value for mixed food using image processing- Kohila, R and Meenakumari, R
- ➤ Use of artificial intelligence in precision nutrition and fitness- de Moraes Lopes, Maria Helena Baena and Ferreira, Danton Diego and Ferreira, Ana Claudia Barbosa Honorio and da Silva, Giuliano Roberto and Caetano, Aletha Silva and Braz.

2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

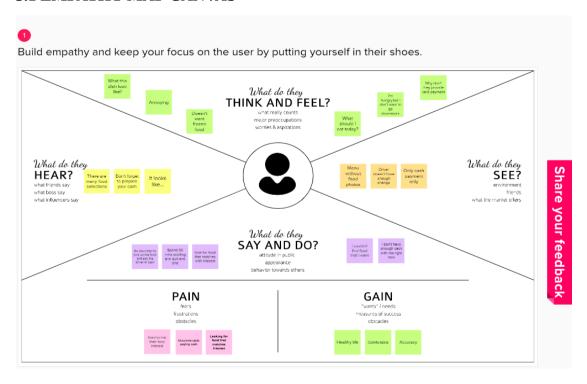
- 1. The user who wants to maintain a healthy and fit body but has no one to guide them on their diet.
- 2.The user wants to develop a deep learning model that basically help athlete, body builders or other game players to keep up with their health and fitness by suggesting them with proper

nutrition plan.

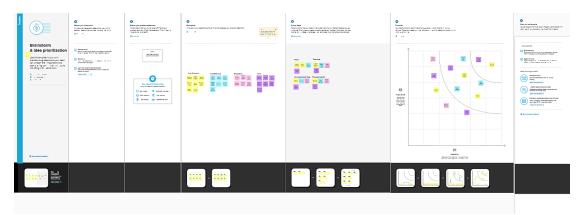
- 3. The user wants an AI software to maintain a healthy diet rather than having a physical consultant.
- 4.People who are obese and overweight are more likely to have high-risk factors for heart disease, diabetes, hypertension.

3. IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS



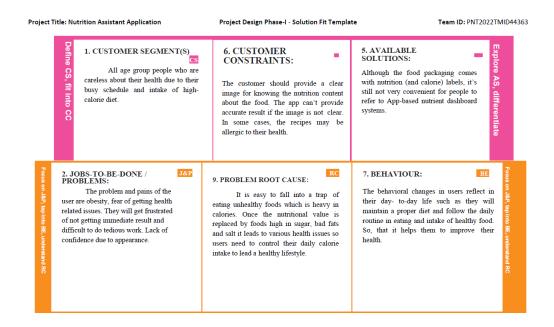
3.2 IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING



3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION

S.NO.	PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be	Due to improvement in people
	solved)	standards of living, obesity rates are
		increasing at an alarming speed, and
		this is reflected to the risk in health.
		People need to control their daily
		calories intake by eating healthy
		food,to avoid obesity.
2.	Idea / Solution description By creating an	By creating an application,we can
	application,we can recommend	recommend diet plans for the users
	diet plans for the users and measure sugar	and measure sugar level ,BP level.
	level ,BP level.	
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	It can realize real time images of meal
		and and analyze it for nutritional
		content can be handy and improve
		dietary habit
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	It will help people with providing
		proper nutrition and helps in
		maintaining a healthy lifestyle.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Social media is the best way to spread
		the word
		about our application and with
		influencers we
		can attract normal people.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Different diet charts can be planned
		for different aspects of people.

3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION OUTFIT



4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT

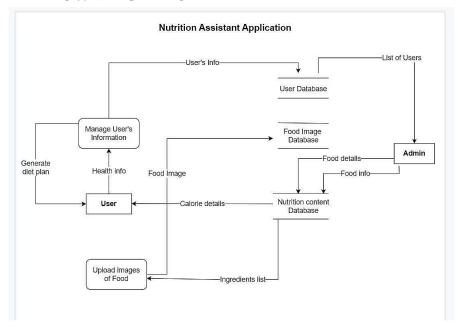
This project is aimed at developing a desktop-based application named Nutrition Assistant Application for estimates food attributes such as ingredients and nutritional value by classifying the input images of food. The Nutrition Assistant Application refers to the system and processes to help the user to analyse the intake of food with the involvement of a Technology system. This system can be used to store the details of the user's health, calculating the BMI, Classifying the food image to know the nutritional value, update the status of their health condition based on the information provided, and generate health reports weekly or monthly based. This project is categorizing individual health condition of the user. The Nutrition Assistant Application is important to control their daily calorie intake by eating healthier foods, which is the most basic method to avoid obesity. Without proper diet control, and this is reflective of the risks to people's health. A good Nutrition Assistant Application will alert the users when it is time to avoid. This project aims at building a web App that automatically estimates food attributes such as ingredients and nutritional value by classifying the input image of food.

4.2 NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- ➤ Maintains good health: The application can help in guiding them on how to remain healthy and how to take good nutrition. The application will help them without personally going to the doctor. Promote better nutrition in the community by educating about better diet and nutrition.
- ➤ **Functional limitation:** The user to be specific can't access the web or admin module, whereas the administrator has all the rights to modify and manage the contents such as news, tips, etc
- ➤ **Improve Usability:** In the part of user's just the internet connection is enough in order to access the news, updates and other contents provided by the admin regarding their health condition.
- ➤ **Health conscious:** This will provide convenience to persons/users who wants to learn about nutrition and other related health topics by just using the Nutrition Assistant Application

5. PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAMS



5.2 SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE

Design

Design the Visualization and recommend the fertilizer with the help of available data with maximum details. Details maximum details.

Availability

Available for every users. Visible for all users and farmers.

Usability

Fertilizer recommendations are created and saved then these recommended fertilizers are used by farmers for plant disease.

Reliable

Creating interactive dashboard which is easy to understand and useful for the farmers.

Functional

Farmers can get all the details about the recommended fertilizers for that particular plant disease by using the software.

5.3 USER STORIES

user type	Function	User	User Story /	Acceptance	Prior	Relea
	al	Story	Task	criteria	ity	se
	Require	Numb				
	ments	er				
	(Epic)					
Customer	Registrati	USN-1	As a user, I	I can access	High	Sprin
(Mobile	on		can register	my account /		t-1
user)			for the application	dashboard		
			by entering			
			my email,			
			password,			
			and			

			confirming			
			my password.			
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmati on email once I have	I can receive confirmati on email & click confirm	High	Sprin t-1
			registered for the application	contirm		
		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through G-mail	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm to login	Medi um	Sprin t-1
	Login	USN-4	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password		High	Sprin t-1
		USN-5	If I forgot my password or username, I can reset it again through my email	I can receive reset Mail to the registered Email Id	High	Sprin t-2
Customer (Web user)	Registrati	USN-6	As a user, I can register by entering my email, password, and confirming my password	I can access my account / dashboard	High	Sprin t-2
		USN-7	As a user, I	I can receive		Sprin

		will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	confirmation email & click confirm	High	t-2
	USN-8	As a user, I can register for the application through G-mail	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm to login	Medi um	Sprin t-2
	USN-9	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password		High	Sprin t-2

6.PROJECT PLANNING AND SHEDULING

6.1 SPRINT PLANNING & ESTIMATION

Sprint	Functional	User	User Story /	Story	Priority	Team
	requireme	Story	Task	Points		Members
	nts(Epic)	Number				
Sprint-1	Registration	USDN-1	As a user, I can	2	High	Abdul
			register for the			Sikkanthar
			application by			A,
			entering the			Al Hameed
			name, mail,			Farvaz S,
			and confirming			Emayakeer
			my			thi N,
			password.			Rithik S
Sprint-1		USDN-2	As a user, I will	1	High	Abdul
			receive			Sikkanthar
			confirmation			A,
			email once			Al Hameed

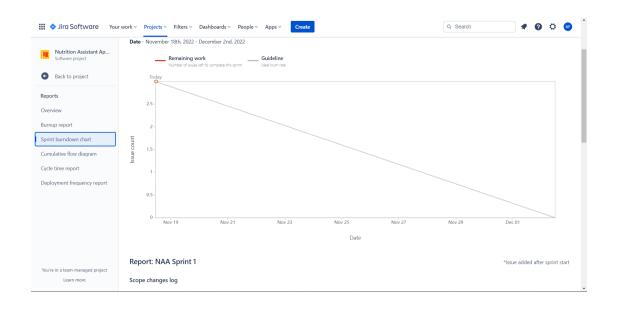
			I have			Farvaz S,
			registered for			Emayakeer
			the application			thi N,
			ше аррисации			Rithik S
C 1	T' -	LICDN 2	A T	1	TT'l.	
Sprint-1	Login	USDN-3	As a user, I can	1	High	Abdul
			log into the			Sikkanthar
			application by			Α,
			entering email			Al Hameed
			& password			Farvaz S,
						Emayakeer
						thi N,
						Rithik S
Sprint-2	User details	USDN-4	As a user , I	2	High	Abdul
			can fill the			Sikkanthar
			Details.			Α,
						Al Hameed
						Farvaz S,
						Emayakeer
						thi N,
						Rithik S
Sprint-3	Push	USDN-5	As a user, I will	2	Medium	Abdul
	notification		search the food			Sikkanthar
			items			A,
						Al Hameed
						Farvaz S,
						Emayakeer
						thi N,
						Rithik S
Sprint-4	Shown the	USDN-6	As a user, I can	1	High	Abdul
	nutrition		scan the food			Sikkanthar
	and Recipe		an get the			A,
	1		details and			Al Hameed
			Recipe for			Farvaz S,
			nutrition details			Emayakeer
			and recipe for			thi N,
			related scanned			Rithik S
		<u> </u>	- statea seamied	l]	0

6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SHEDULE

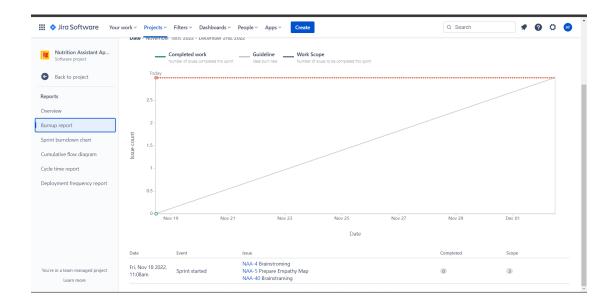
Sprint	Total	Durati	Sprint	Sprint	Story	Sprint Release
	Story	on	Start	End	Points	Date(Actual)
	Points		Date	Date(Pl	Completed	
				anned)	(as on End	
					Date)	
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct	29 Oct	20	29 Oct 2022
			2022	2022		
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct	05 Nov	20	05 Nov 2022
			2022	2022		
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07Nov	12 Nov	20	12 Nov 2022
			2022	2022		
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov	19 Nov	20	19 Nov 2022
			2022	2022		

6.3 REPORTS FROM JIRA

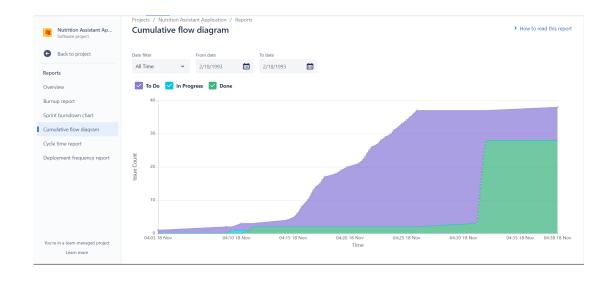
SPRINT BURN DOWN CHART



BURNUP REPORT



CUMMULATIVE FLOW DIAGRAM



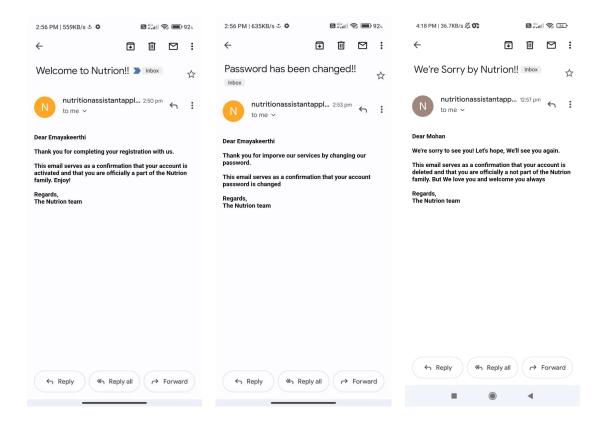
ROAD MAP

	NOV DEC
Sprints	NAA Sprint 1
▼ MAA-1 Ideation Phase	A
✓ NAA-4 Brainstroming DONE	
✓ NAA-5 Prepare Empathy M DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-6 Literature Survey on DONE AL HAMEE	
▼ NAA-7 Project Design Phase- I	
✓ NAA-8 Proposed Solution DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-9 Proposed Solution Fit DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-10 Solution Architecture DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ ✓ NAA-11 Project Design Phase- II	
✓ NAA-15 Technology Archite DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-14 Data Flow Diagrams DONE AL HAMEs	
✓ NAA-13 Functional Require DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-12 Customer Journey DONE AL HAMEE	
▼ NAA-16 Project Planning Phase	
✓ NAA-18 Sprint Delivery Plan DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-17 Prepare Milestone DONE AL HAMEE	
▼ NAA-19 Project Development Phase	
NAA=21 Project Developme DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-23 Project Developme DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-22 Project Developme DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-20 Project Developme DONE AL HAMEE	
▼ NAA-24 Setting Up Application Environment	
✓ NAA-29 Create an Account DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-28 Create an Account DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-27 Install IBM Cloud C DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-26 Create IBM Cloud DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-25 Create Flask Project DONE AL HAMEE	
▼ NAA-30 Implementing Web Application	
✓ NAA-33 Integrate Nutrition DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-32 Create IBM DB2 a DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-31 Create UI to Intera DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ ▼ NAA-34 Integrating Sendgrid Service	
✓ NAA-35 Sendgrid Integratio DONE AL HAMEE	
▼ NAA-36 Deployment of App in IBM Cloud	
✓ NAA-39 Deploy in Kubernet DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-37 Containerize the A DONE AL HAMEE	
✓ NAA-38 Upload Image to IB DONE AL HAMEE	

7.CODING & SOLUTIONING

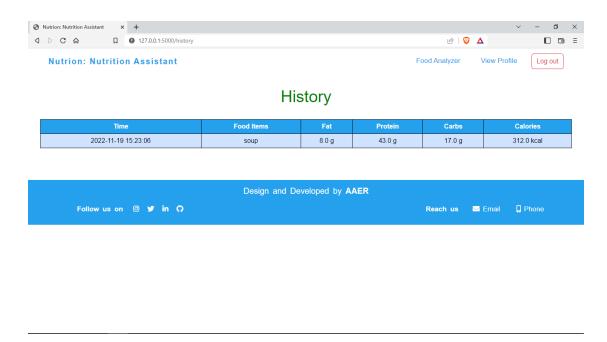
7.1 Feature 1

We incorporated an email service. This service sends email messages directly to customers' inboxes.

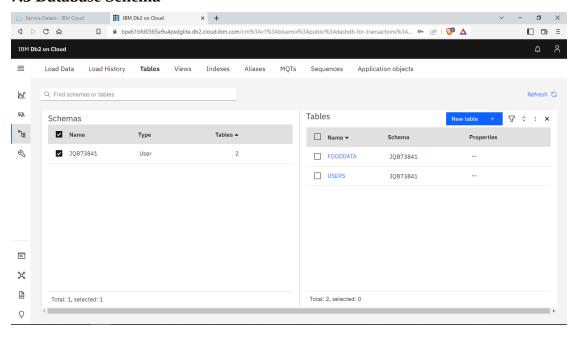


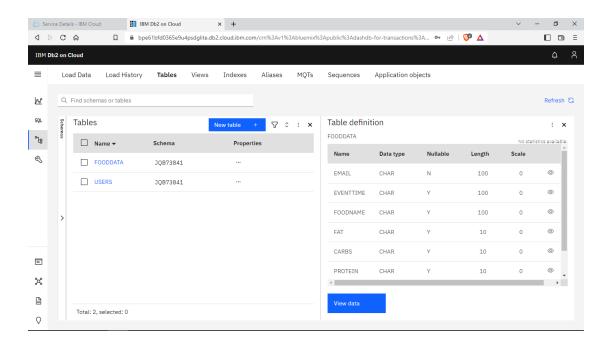
7.2 Feature 2

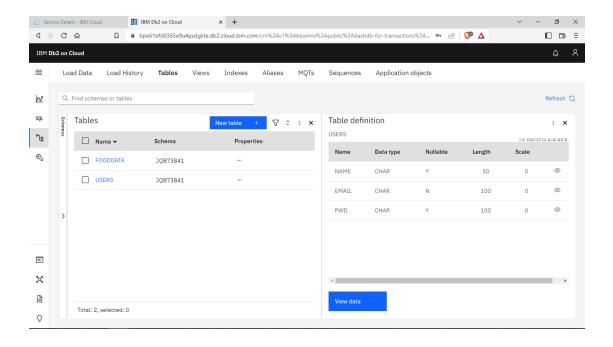
We store the nutrition-related information on the database, so users can access the data when they need it. Adding result into database.



7.3 Database Schema







8. TESTING

8.1 Test Cases

```
import unittest
```

try: from app import app

except Exception as e:

print('Some modules missing \{\}'.format(e))

class FlaskTest(unittest.TestCase):

check if response is 200 def test_index(self):

tester = app.test_client(self)

response = tester.get("/")

statuscode = response.status_code self.assertEqual(statuscode, 200)

```
# check content type def test_index_content(self):
tester = app.test_client(self)
response = tester.get("/")
self.assertEqual(response.content_type, 'text/html; charset=utf-8')
def test_register(self):
       tester = app.test_client(self)
       response = tester.post('/register', data=dict(email='username',
password='password'), follow_redirects=True)
       self.assertTrue(b'email' in response.data)
        # check log in def test_login(self):
       tester = app.test_client(self)
       response = tester.post('/', data=dict(email='username',password='password'),
follow_redirects=True) self.assertTrue(b'email' in response.data)
       # checking forgot function def test_forgot(self): tester = app.test_client(self)
       response = tester.post('/', data=dict(email='username'), follow_redirects=True)
self.assertTrue(b'email' in response.data)
if __name__ == '__main__':
        unittest.main()
```

8.2 User Acceptance Testing

1. Purpose of Document

The purpose of this document is to briefly explain the test coverage and open issues of the [Smart Solutions for Railways] project at the time of the release to User Acceptance Testing (UAT).

2. Defect Analysis

This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved

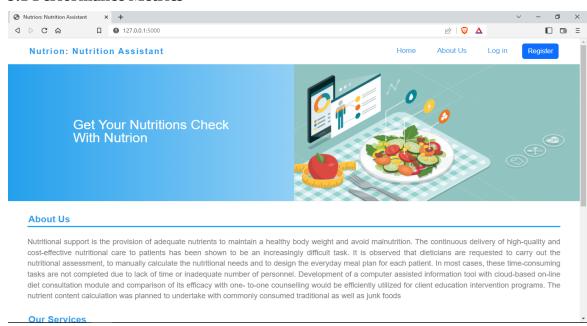
Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	5	2	3	1	11
Duplicate	1	1	0	0	2
External	2	1	0	0	3
Fixed	9	4	5	2	20
Not Reproduced	0	0	1	0	1
Skipped	0	1	0	2	3
Won't Fix	1	0	1	0	2
Totals	18	9	10	5	42

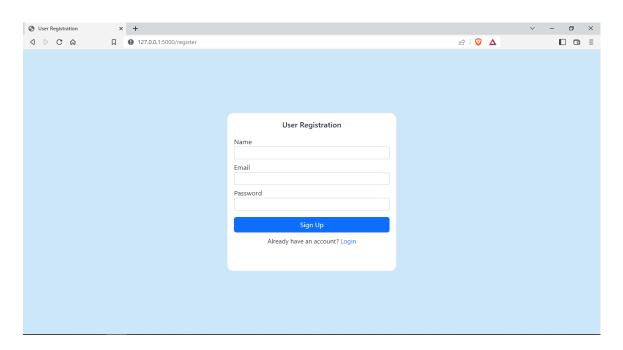
The defect analysis was resolved by,

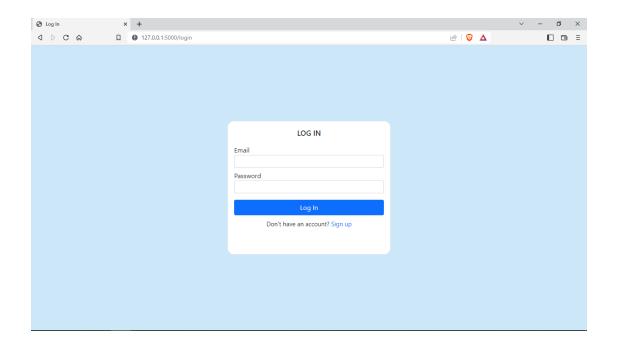
- 1. Reviewing the code and establishing checkpoints.
- 2. Debugging window.
- 3. By working in pairs and conducting team window.
- 4. By developing action plans to cope with specific issues.
- 5. Defect resolution process.
- 6. Prioritize and resolving defect.
- 7. Validating the corrective action presented.

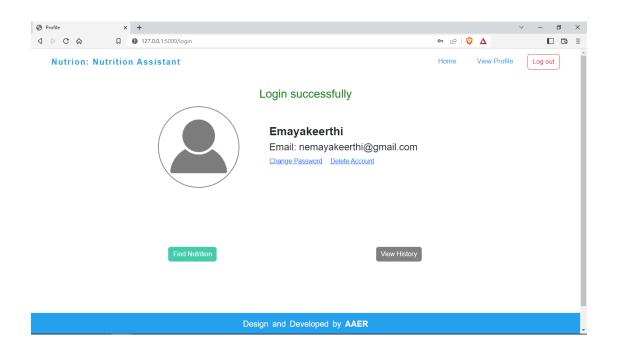
9. RESULTS

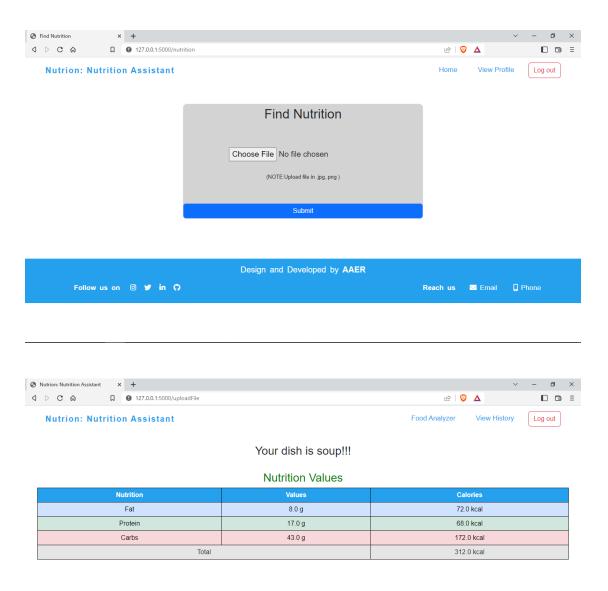
9.1 Performance Metrics











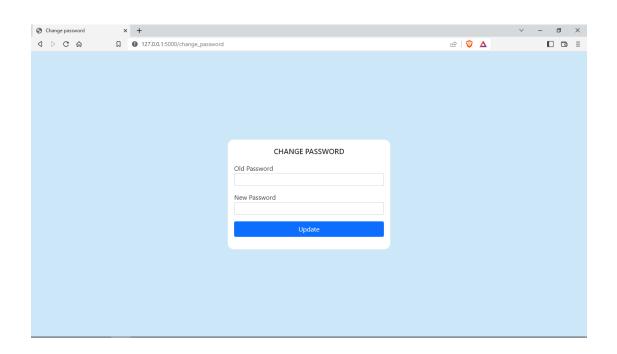


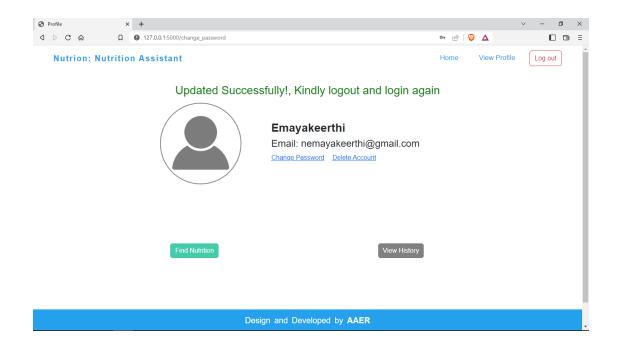


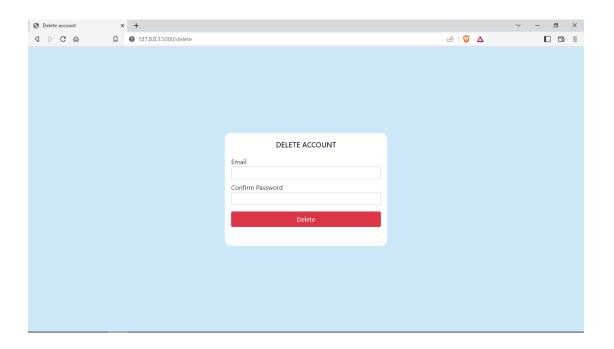
History

Time	Food Items	Fat	Protein	Carbs	Calories
2022-11-19 15:23:06	soup	8.0 g	43.0 g	17.0 g	312.0 kcal









10. ADVANTAGES

- ➤ Used to see fat, protein, carbs, and total calories just with the pictures of your meal.
- ➤ Easy to use.
- ➤ Works under low data connection.
- ➤ Obesity can reduced.

DISADVANTAGES

- ➤ Nutrition content rate is not accurate.
- ➤ It cannot be used without internet connection.

11. CONCLUSION

- ➤ The user who want to maintain a healthy and fit body but have no one to guide on their dieting.
- ➤ The user wants to develop a deep learning model that basically help athlete, body builders or other game players to keep up with their health and fitness by suggesting them with proper nutrition plan.
- ➤ The user wants an AI software to maintain healthy diet rather than having a physical consultant.
- ➤ People who are obese and overweight are more likely to have high-risk factors for heart disease, diabetes, hypertension. The goal of the application is to create a healthy lifestyle for its user.
- ➤ User has obesity who needs to follow diet to improve his health without the feeling that he's following diet.

12. FUTURE SCOPE

- ➤ Project scope is a way to set boundaries on your project and define exactly what goals, deadlines, and project deliverables you'll be working towards. By clarifying your project scope, you can ensure you hit your project goals and objectives without delay or overwork. Defining your project scope isn't a one-person job.
- ➤ You can work as a Nutritionist/Dietitian there and take control of the food intake and also the food quality consumed by the people. With a degree in food and nutrition, you can act as a Public.

- ➤ Health Nutritionist in non governmental organizations and play your part in spreading some good in the world.
- ➤ Future Scope is for the Undergraduates, Graduates and the Working Professionals. They may want to review or reconsider their future options and goals in terms of its suitability now; may be with a different perspective of their options in terms of time, resources, inclination etc.

13. APPENDIX

```
Source Code
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, redirect, url_for, flash, session
import ibm_db
import re
from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
import os
from werkzeug.utils import secure_filename
from clarifai_grpc.channel.clarifai_channel import ClarifaiChannel
from clarifai_grpc.grpc.api import service_pb2_grpc
from clarifai_grpc.grpc.api import service_pb2, resources_pb2
from clarifai_grpc.grpc.api.status import status_code_pb2
import spoonacular as sp
import datetime
import requests
#creating instance of flask class
app = Flask(__name__)
#connecting with ibm db2
app.secret_key = "nutritionassistantapplication"
conn = ibm_db.connect("DRIVER={IBM DB2 ODBC DRIVER}; DATABASE=bludb;
HOSTNAME=xxxx; PORT=xxxx;
```

```
SECURITY=SSL;SSLServerCertificate=DigiCertGlobalRootCA.crt; UID=xxxx;
PWD=xxxxxxx;",",")
# Defining upload folder path
UPLOAD_FOLDER = os.path.join('static', 'uploads')
## Define allowed files
ALLOWED_EXTENSIONS = {'txt', 'pdf', 'png', 'jpg', 'jpeg', 'gif'}
app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'] = UPLOAD_FOLDER
@app.route('/')
def index():
  return render_template("index.html")
       def send_confirmation_reg(user, mail):
         url = "https://rapidprod-sendgrid-v1.p.rapidapi.com/mail/send"
         text = f"""
              <b>Dear {user}<b><br><br>
              Thank you for completing your registration with us. <br/> <br/> <br/> br>
              This email serves as a confirmation that your account is activated and that you are
       officially a part of the Nutrion family.
              Enjoy!<br><br>
              <b>Regards, <br>
              The Nutrion team</b>
              ,,,,,,
         payload = {
              "personalizations": [
                     {
                             "to": [{"email": mail}],
                             "subject": "Welcome to Nutrion!!"
                     }
              ],
```

```
"from": {"email": "nutritionassistantapplication@gmail.com"},
       "content": [
              {
                     "type": "text/html",
                     "value": text
              }
      ]
  }
  headers = {
       "content-type": "application/json",
       "X-RapidAPI-Key": "xxxxx",
       "X-RapidAPI-Host": "rapidprod-sendgrid-v1.p.rapidapi.com"
  }
  response = requests.request("POST", url, json=payload, headers=headers)
def send_confirmation_del(user, mail):
  url = "https://rapidprod-sendgrid-v1.p.rapidapi.com/mail/send"
  text = f"""
       <b>Dear {user}<b><br><br>
       We're sorry to see you! Let's hope, We'll see you again. <br>
       This email serves as a confirmation that your account is deleted and that you are
officially a not part of the Nutrion family. But We love you and welcome you
always<br><br>
       <b>Regards, <br>
```

The Nutrion team

```
payload = {
       "personalizations": [
              {
                      "to": [{"email": mail}],
                      "subject": "We're Sorry by Nutrion!!"
              }
       ],
       "from": {"email": "nutritionassistantapplication@gmail.com"},
       "content": [
              {
                      "type": "text/html",
                      "value": text
              }
      ]
  }
  headers = {
       "content-type": "application/json",
      "X-RapidAPI-Key": "xxxxxx",
       "X-RapidAPI-Host": "rapidprod-sendgrid-v1.p.rapidapi.com"
  }
  response = requests.request("POST", url, json=payload, headers=headers)
def send_confirmation_cp(user, mail):
  url = "https://rapidprod-sendgrid-v1.p.rapidapi.com/mail/send"
  text = f'''''
```

```
<b>Dear {user} <b > <br>
       Thank you for imporve our services by changing our password.<br/>br><br/>br>
       This email serves as a confirmation that your account password is
changed<br><br>
       <b>Regards, <br>
       The Nutrion team</b>
       ,,,,,,
  payload = {
       "personalizations": [
              {
                     "to": [{"email": mail}],
                     "subject": "Password has been changed!!"
              }
       ],
       "from": {"email": "nutritionassistantapplication@gmail.com"},
       "content": [
              {
                     "type": "text/html",
                     "value": text
              }
      ]
  }
  headers = {
       "content-type": "application/json",
       "X-RapidAPI-Key": "xxxxx",
       "X-RapidAPI-Host": "rapidprod-sendgrid-v1.p.rapidapi.com"
  }
  response = requests.request("POST", url, json=payload, headers=headers)
```

```
@app.route('/register', methods=["POST", "GET"])
def register():
  msg = "
  #render_template("register.html")
  if request.method=="POST":
    #getting data from register form
    name = request.form.get("name")
    email = request.form.get("email")
    password = request.form.get("password")
    #checking an account existing
    sql = "SELECT * FROM USERS WHERE email = ? "
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, email)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    account = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    if(account):
       msg = "Account already registered!"
    elif not re.match(r'[^{\wedge}@]+^{\otimes}[^{\wedge}@]+^{\otimes}]+', email):
       msg = "Invalid email address"
    elif not re.match(r'[A-Za-z\s]*\$', name):
       msg = "Name should contain characters and space only"
    elif password:
       if(len(password)<8):
          msg = "Make sure your password is at lest 8 letters"
       elif (re.search('[0-9]',password) is None):
          msg = "Make sure your password has a number in it"
       elif (re.search('[a-z]', password) is None):
          msg = "Make sure your password has a small letter in it"
```

```
elif (re.search('[a-z]', password) is None):
         msg = "Make sure your password has a Capital letter in it"
       elif (re.compile('[^0-9a-zA-Z]+').search(password) is None):
         msg = "Make sure your password has a special character in it"
       else:
         #inserting the data into db2 database
         sql = "INSERT INTO USERS VALUES(?,?,?)"
         stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
         ibm db.bind param(stmt, 1, name)
         ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, email)
         ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 3, password)
         ibm_db.execute(stmt)
         msg = "Account created successfully, Kindly login"
         #sending confirmation mail to user
         send_confirmation_reg(name, email)
         return redirect(url_for("login", msg=msg, clr="green"))
  else:
    if "user" in session:
       return render_template("profile.html", msg=", name=session['name'],
email=session['user'])
  return render_template("register.html", msg=msg)
@app.route("/profile")
def profile():
  if "user" not in session:
    return redirect(url_for("login", msg="Kindly login", clr="red"))
  return render_template("profile.html", msg=", name=session['name'],
```

```
@app.route('/login', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def login():
  msg = ""
  if request.method == "POST":
    email = request.form['email']
    password = request.form['password']
    #retrieving the user details
    sql = "SELECT * FROM users WHERE email = ? AND pwd = ?"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, email)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, password)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    account = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    if account:
      name = account['NAME']
      session['loggedin'] = True
      session['user'] = email
      session['name'] = name
      msg = "Login successfully"
      return render_template("profile.html", msg=msg, name=name, email=email,
clr="green")
    elif "user" in session:
      return redirect(url_for('profile'))
```

email=session['user'])

```
else:
       msg = "Incorrect password or email address"
  else:
    if "user" in session:
       return render_template("profile.html", msg=", name=session['name'],
email=session['user'], clr="green")
  return render_template("login.html", msg=msg, clr="red")
@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
  session.pop('loggedin', None)
  session.pop('name', None)
  session.pop('user', None)
  flash("Loged out successfully")
  return render_template("index.html", msg="Loged out successfully", clr="red",
cls="msg")
@app.route("/delete", methods=['POST', 'GET'])
def delete():
  if "user" not in session:
    return redirect(url_for('login', msg="Kindly login", clr="red"))
  msg="
  color="
  if request.method=="POST":
    email = request.form['email']
    password = request.form["password"]
    sql = "SELECT * FROM USERS WHERE email = ? and pwd = ?"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
```

```
ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, email)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, password)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    account = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    print(account)
    if account:
      #deleting user data from users table
      sql = "DELETE FROM USERS WHERE email = ?"
      stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
      ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, email)
      ibm_db.execute(stmt)
      #deleting user data from food data table
      sql = "DELETE FROM FOODDATA WHERE email = ?"
      stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
      ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, email)
      ibm_db.execute(stmt)
      name = session['name']
      #remove the session
      session.pop('loggedin', None)
      session.pop('name', None)
      session.pop('user', None)
      #sending confirmation mail to user
      send_confirmation_del(name, email)
      return render_template("index.html", msg="Account deleted successfully",
clr="green", cls="msg")
    else:
      msg = "Incorrect email/password"
      color = 'red'
```

```
@app.route('/uploadFile', methods=("POST", "GET"))
def uploadFile():
  if request.method == 'POST':
    # Upload file flask
    uploaded_img = request.files['uploaded-file']
    # Extracting uploaded data file name
    img_filename = secure_filename(uploaded_img.filename)
    # Upload file to database (defined uploaded folder in static path)
    path = os.path.join(app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'], img_filename)
    #save image in local directory
    uploaded_img.save(path)
    food = predictConcept(path)
    data = getNutritions(food)
    # Storing uploaded file path in flask session
    session['uploaded_img_file_path'] = os.path.join(app.config['UPLOAD_FOLDER'],
img_filename)
    print("File name: ",img_filename)
    fat = data['fat']
    carbs = data['carbs']
    protein = data['protein']
    fat_value = str(fat['value'])+" "+fat['unit']
    carb_value = str(carbs['value'])+" "+carbs['unit']
```

return render template("delete.html", msg=msg, clr=color)

protein_value = str(protein['value'])+" "+protein['unit']

```
fat_cal = fat['value']*9
    carbs cal = carbs['value']*4
    protein_cal = protein['value']*4
    total = str(fat_cal+carbs_cal+protein_cal)+" kcal"
    fat_cal = str(fat_cal)+" kcal"
    carbs cal = str(carbs cal)+" kcal"
    protein cal = str(protein cal)+" kcal"
    crttime = datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")
    sql = "INSERT INTO FOODDATA VALUES(?,?,?,?,?,?)"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm db.bind param(stmt, 1, session['user'])
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, crttime)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 3, food)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 4, fat_value)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 5, carb_value)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 6, protein_value)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 7, total)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  else:
    if "user" in session:
       return render_template("profile.html", msg=", name=session['name'],
email=session['user'])
  return render_template("nutrition_table.html", food=food, fat=fat_value,
carbs=carb_value, protein=protein_value, fat_cal= fat_cal, protein_cal=protein_cal,
carbs_cal=carbs_cal, total_calories=total)
```

#Predict the food item in the given using the image recognition in clarifai model

```
def predictConcept(path):
  USER ID = 'xxxxxx'
  # Your PAT (Personal Access Token) can be found in the portal under Authentification
  PAT = 'xxxxxx'
  APP ID = 'Nutrion'
  # Change these to whatever model and image input you want to use
  MODEL_ID = 'general-image-recognition'
  IMAGE_FILE_LOCATION = path
  # This is optional. You can specify a model version or the empty string for the default
  MODEL VERSION ID = "
  channel = ClarifaiChannel.get_grpc_channel()
  stub = service pb2 grpc.V2Stub(channel)
  metadata = (('authorization', 'Key ' + PAT),)
  userDataObject = resources_pb2.UserAppIDSet(user_id=USER_ID, app_id=APP_ID)
  with open(IMAGE_FILE_LOCATION, "rb") as f:
    file_bytes = f.read()
  post_model_outputs_response = stub.PostModelOutputs(
    service_pb2.PostModelOutputsRequest(
      user_app_id=userDataObject, # The userDataObject is created in the overview
and is required when using a PAT
      model_id=MODEL_ID,
      version_id=MODEL_VERSION_ID, # This is optional. Defaults to the latest
model version
      inputs=[
         resources_pb2.Input(
           data=resources_pb2.Data(
             image=resources_pb2.Image(
```

```
base64=file_bytes
              )
         )
       ]
    ),
    metadata=metadata
  )
  if post_model_outputs_response.status.code != status_code_pb2.SUCCESS:
    print(post_model_outputs_response.status)
    raise Exception("Post model outputs failed, status: " +
post_model_outputs_response.status.description)
  # Since we have one input, one output will exist here
  output = post_model_outputs_response.outputs[0]
  for concept in output.data.concepts:
    print("%s %d"%(concept.name, concept.value))
    return concept.name
  """ text = text+" "+str(concept.name)
  response = api.detect_food_in_text(text).json()
  for data in response['annotations']:
    if(data['tag']=='ingredient'):
       print(data['annotation'])
  ******
#search the nutrition in given food using FatSecret API
api = sp.API("xxxxxx")
def getNutritions(food_item):
```

```
response = api.guess_nutrition_by_dish_name(food_item)
  data = response.json()
  return data
@app.route('/nutrition')
def nutrition():
  if 'user' not in session:
    return redirect(url_for('login', msg="Kindly login", clr="red"))
  return render_template('nutrition.html')
@app.route('/history')
def history():
  if 'user' in session:
    email = session['user']
    sql = "SELECT * FROM FOODDATA WHERE EMAIL = ?"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, email)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    history_data = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    history = []
    if history_data:
       while history_data!=False:
         history.append(history_data)
         history_data = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
       return render_template("history.html", history=history)
    else:
       history=[{'EVENTTIME':'-', 'FOODNAME':'-', 'FAT':'-', 'CARBS':'-',
```

```
'PROTEIN':'-', 'TOTALCAL':'-'}]
       print(history)
       return render_template("history.html", history=history)
@app.route('/change_password', methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def change_password():
  if not session.get('user'):
    return redirect(url_for('login', msg="Kindly login", clr="red"))
  msg="
  color = "
  if request.method == 'POST':
    email = session['user']
    oldpass = request.form.get('oldpass')
    newpass = request.form.get('newpass')
    sql = 'SELECT * from users where email = ?'
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, email)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    account = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    dbpass = account['PWD'].strip()
    print(dbpass, oldpass, newpass)
    if dbpass == oldpass and oldpass!=newpass:
```

sql = 'UPDATE USERS SET PWD = ? WHERE EMAIL = ?'

```
stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
       ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, newpass)
       ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 2, email)
       ibm_db.execute(stmt)
       msg = 'Updated Successfully!, Kindly logout and login again'
       color = "green"
       #sending confirmation mail
       send_confirmation_cp(session['name'], email)
       return render_template('profile.html', name=session['name'], email=email,
msg=msg, clr=color)
    elif oldpass==newpass:
       msg = "Old password and new password should not be same"
       color = "red"
    else:
       msg = 'Old Password Incorrect!'
       color = "red"
  return render_template('changePassword.html', msg=msg, clr=color)
if __name__=="__main__":
  app.run(debug=True)
```

GitHub Link

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-1423-1658387310

Demo Video Link

http://shorturl.at/fhqx3