#### ASSIGNMENT – 2 Python Programming

Assignment Date	25-09-2022
Student Name	Ms . Priya S
Student Roll Number	717819f242
Maximum Marks	2 Mark

# Question-1:

# 1. Importing Required Package

#### **Solution:**

```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

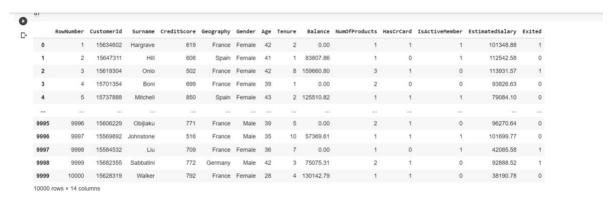
#### Question-2:

### 2. Loading the Dataset

#### **Solution:**

```
df = pd.read_csv("/content/Churn_Modelling.csv")
df
```

### **Output:**



#### 3. Visualizations

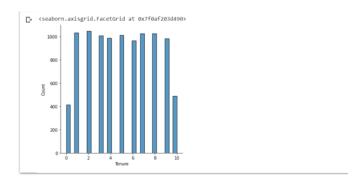
# Question-3:

# **3.1 Univariate Analysis**

## **Solution:**

sns.displot(df.Tenure)

# **Output:**

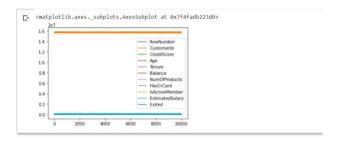


# 3.2 Bi-Variate Analysis

## **Solution:**

df.plot.line()

# **Output:**

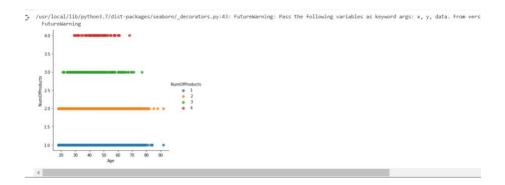


# 3.3 Multi - Variate Analysis

#### **Solution:**

```
sns.lmplot("Age", "NumOfProducts", df, hue="NumOfProducts", fit reg=False);
```

## **Output:**



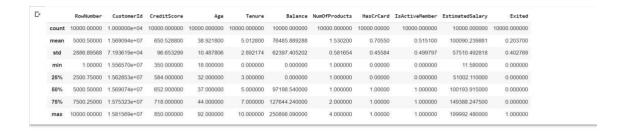
## 4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

## Question-4:

#### **Solution:**

df.describe()

#### **Output:**



# 5. Handle the Missing values.

## Question-5:

#### **Solution:**

```
data = pd.read_csv("Churn_Modelling.csv")
pd.isnull(data["Gender"])
```

# **Output:**

```
D False

1 False
2 False
3 False
4 False
5 False
9996 False
9997 False
9998 False
9998 False
19998 False
19998 False
19999 False
```

# Question-6:

## 6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers.

### **Solution:**

```
df["Tenure"] = np.where(df["Tenure"] >10, np.median,df["Tenure"])
df["Tenure"]
```

# **Output:**

```
E* 0 2
1 1
2 8
3 1
4 2
9995 5
9996 10
9997 7
9998 3
9999 4
Name: Tenure, Length: 10000, dtype: object
```

# Question-7:

# 7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

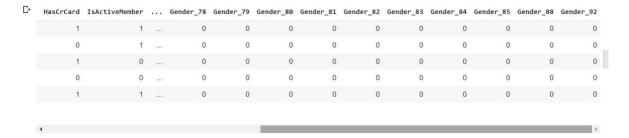
#### **Solution:**

```
pd.get_dummies(df, columns=["Gender", "Age"], prefix=["Age", "Gender"]
).head()
```

### **Output:**

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember		Gender_78
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	2	0.00	1	1	1		0
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	1	83807.86	1	0	-1		0
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	8	159660.80	3	1	0	***	0
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	1	0.00	2	0	0		0
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	2	125510.82	1	1	1		0

## **Output:**



# Question-8:

- 8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables
- 8.1 Split the data into Independent variables.

#### **Solution:**

```
X = df.iloc[:, :-2].values
print(X)
```

#### **Output:**

```
[] [[1 15634602 'Hargrave' ... 1 1 1]
        [2 15647311 'Hill' ... 1 0 1]
        [3 15619304 'Onio' ... 3 1 0]
        ...
        [9998 15584532 'Liu' ... 1 0 1]
        [9999 15682355 'Sabbatini' ... 2 1 0]
        [10000 15628319 'Walker' ... 1 1 0]]
```

## 8.2 Split the data into Dependent variables.

#### **Solution:**

```
Y = df.iloc[:, -1].values print(Y)
```

### **Output:**

```
[+ [1 0 1 ... 1 1 0]
```

## Question-9:

## 9. Scale the independent variables

#### **Solution:**

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
df[["RowNumber"]] = scaler.fit_transform(df[["RowNumber"]])
print(df)
```

## **Output:**

# Question-10:

#### 10. Split the data into training and testing

#### **Solution:**

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
train_size=0.8
X = df.drop(columns = ['Tenure']).copy()
y = df['Tenure']
X_train, X_rem, y_train, y_rem = train_test_split(X,y, train_size=0.8)
test_size = 0.5
X_valid, X_test, y_valid, y_test = train_test_split(X_rem,y_rem, test_size=0.5)
print(X_train.shape), print(y_train.shape)
print(X_valid.shape), print(y_valid.shape)
print(X_test.shape), print(y_test.shape)
```

### **Output:**

```
C* (8000, 13)
(8000,)
(1000, 13)
(1000,)
(1000,)
(1000,)
(1000,)
(None, None)
```