BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING

IN

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING



SRM VALLIAMMAI ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(An Autonomous Institution)

SRM NAGAR: KATTANKULATHUR – 603203

IBM PROJECT

DOMAIN: Applied Data Science

TITLE: University Admit Eligibility Predictor

TEAM ID: PNT2022TMID21746

DATE :19.11.2022

BATCH MEMBERS

- 1 ARCHANAA.SA-142219106012-(Team Leader)
- 2 BALAJI.A-142219106015
- 3 DINESH.K-142219106021
- 4 GAWTHAM.R-142219106024

IDEATION PHASE

Submitted Date: 17.09.2022

The Problem statement of the project, Literature survey, Empathy map and Brainstroming for Idea priortization was done.

PROJECT DESIGN PHASE - I

Submitted Date: 12.10.2022

The Problem solution fit, proposed solution for the problem statement and solution architecture were made.

PROJECT DESIGN PHASE - II

Submitted Date: 16.10.2022

The Solution requirements, Architecture of Technologies used, Data Flow diagrams and Customer journey were prepared.

PROJECT PLANNING PHASE

Submitted Date: 22.10.2022

The activity list is prepared and Sprint delivery plan were made.

PROJECT DEVELOPMENT PHASE

Submitted Date: 19.11.2022

The codes and Tese cases are performed and uploaded for all four Sprints.

ASSIGNMENTS AND QUIZ

Completed all four Assignments and all four Quizzes.

COMMENTS

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Project Overview

Students are often worried about their chances of admission to university. The aim of this project is to help students in shortlisting universities with their profiles. The predicted output gives them a fair idea about their admission chances in a particular university. This analysis should also help students who are currently preparing or will be preparing to get a better idea.

Today all the work at the time of admission of the students is done manually by ink and paper, which is very slow and consuming much efforts and time. In the modern world oftechnology, computer is affecting our lives in more ways than we probably are aware of computerized management maintaining information of an educational institute, colleges, other the list is endless. The main principle behind the need of college admission system is easy supervision of institutes. It can handle the details of students such as marks details. This Student Database has been designed taking into account the practical needs to manage a student's data. Moreover, it provides security at product level as well as user level. When students come from rural places, they find it hard to go along with the formal procedures. So, this application helps them a lot and eases out their fear. Whatever may be their scores, this application helps to find the best colleges. Hence, our proposed computer aided system will help the students to get thelist of all colleges in which they could get the admission at the click of a button. The students only have to enter their marks of XII, AIEEE etc. With this application, the students can very easily obtain the list of colleges even branch wise and course wise. This will not only make the admission process easy but also minimizes stress for students. The main objective of our system is to make the right choice of colleges.

1.2 Purpose

The main purpose of this project is to predict the chance of a student to be admitted to a master's program. This will assist students to know in advance if they have a chance to get accepted in a particular college. This project web-based application in which students can register with their personal as well as marks details for prediction the admission in colleges and the administrator can allot the seats for the students. The main advantage of the project is the computerization of the entrance seat allotment process. Administrator has the power for the allotment. He can add the allotted seats into a file and the details are saved into the system. The total time for the entrance allotment became lesser and the allotment process became faster. It helps student for making decision for choosing a right college. Here the chance of occurrence of error is less when compared with the existing system. It is fast, efficient and reliable.

LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 Existing System

Today in college's student details are entered manually. The student details in separate records are tedious task. Referring to all these records updating is needed. There is a chance for more manual errors.

- 1. When the student comes in college.
- 2. First of all, he/she takes admission form from reception.
- 3. Fills it and submits it into office.
- 4. Filled form is first checked with documents like merit list an

details came from university and verified by an official person if there is any mistake then it is corrected.

- 5. At the time of submission of it the fees are deposited by the candidate.
- 6. At the time of submission of admission form admission number is assigned to the candidate by the institute.
- 7. Candidate gets the receipt of fees deposition.

Existing Problem:

- 1. Require much man power i.e., much efforts, much cost and hard to operate and maintain.
- 2. Since, all the work is done in papers so it is very hard to locate a particular student record when it is required.

2.2 References

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- 2. C. Haythorhwaithe, M. de Laat and S. Dawson, "Introduction to the special issue on learning analytics", American Behavioral Science, vol. 57, no. 10, pp. 1371-1379, 2013.
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- 5. D. Türker, A. Özcan and Ş. G. Öğüdücü, "Deep Hybrid Recommender System", 2020 28th Signal Processing and Communications Applications Conference (SIU), pp. 1-4, 2020.
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- 8. Qazanfari, K., Youssef, A., Keane, K., & Nelson, J. (2017, October). A novel recommendation system to match college events and groups to students. In IOP Conference Series: Materials Science and Engineering (Vol. 261, No. 1, p. 012017). IOP Publishing.
- 9. Deokate monali, Gholave Dhanashri, Jarad Dipali, Khomane Tejaswini (2018). College Recommendation System for Admission. International Research Journal of Engineering and Technology, 9(3), 187-175.

2.3 Problem Statement Definition

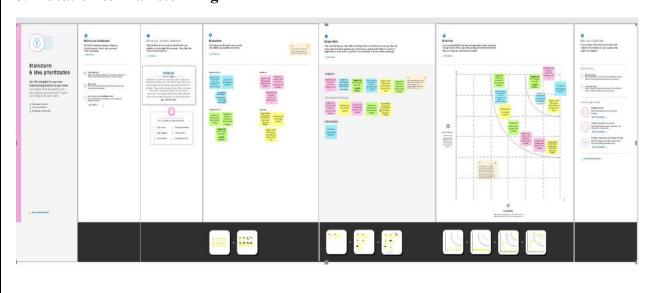
S.No	User	Need	Solution
1	Merit Student	To get high priority	The system provides the access to predictor, user fill their academic data such as GREscore, CGPA, TOEFL score, etc. Thenthe user gets the prediction of their chances of admission.
2	Sports quota Student	To get seat in best university	By filling the requirements of sports quota, the predictor predict the percentage of getting the chances of admission.
3	Average cutoff student	To get a seat	The system provides the users an analysis of how the various factors affect their chances of admission and general trend of applications to the various tiers of university.
4	Based on Entrance Exam	To get admissionthrough entranceexam	By filling the requirements suchas course, exam and score, the predictor predict the percentage of getting thechances of admission.
5	Caste based Allocation	To get admissionbased on category	Based on the allocated seat the predictor predicts the percentage of the admission.

IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 Empathy Map Canvas



3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming



3.3 Proposed Solution

S. No	User	Need	Solution
1	Merit Student	To get high priority	The system provides the access to predictor, user fill their academic data such as GRE score, CGPA, TOEFL score, etc. Then the user gets the prediction of their chances of admission.
2	Sports quota Student	To get seat in best university	By filling the requirements of sports quota, the predictor predict the percentage of getting the chances of admission.
3	Average cutoff student	To get a seat	The system provides the users an analysis of how the various factors affect their chances of admission and general trend of applications to the various tiers of university.
4	Based on Entrance Exam	To get admission through entranceexam	By filling the requirements such as course, exam and score, the predictor predict the percentage of getting the chances of admission.
5	Caste based Allocation	To get admissionbased on category	Based on the allocated seat the predictor predicts the percentage of the admission.

3.4 Problem Solution Fit

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) cs Customers are the students who completed school education and further they will fit into choose UG and PG programme for higher studies. 8

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

At this point, a Profile Evaluation helps you shortlist the universities where you have high chances of getting an admission. Applicants can choose to submit their applications at their convenience. All that is required is access to a computer and internet connectivity.

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

Multiple machine learning algorithms were used for this project, K- Nearest Neighbor and Multivariate Logistic Regression algorithms were used to predict the likelihood of the students getting admission into university based on their profile. Decision Tree algorithm was used to predict the rank of the college that would be suitable for the students based on their profile and suggest the list of universities accordingly.

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS

This website helps the students for making decision about choosing a right college. Here the chance of occurrence of error is less and also easily accessing of data. No more running out of paper application forms, picking the right colour ink pens, illegible prints. This problems are overcome by this online application.

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

Applying to an incorrect set of universities cannot only waste your money but it might even cost you an entire year if none of them selects.Entering invalid details leads to main root cause problem.

7. BEHAVIOUR

Occurance of error is less for making decision for choosing a right college. User friendly, if seats are not available in the preferred university,user can try another collegeusing this website.

3. TRIGGERS

It is an online application where the details of this website is available in social media like ads and also hearing news through relatives and friends.

TR

4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER EM

Refore Perplexity, Confused, Daze, Hopeless, Bewildered, R Stress.

After:

Precision, Clearness, Lucidity, Clarity, TimeSaving, Smooth and Accuracy. 10. YOUR SOLUTION

Our solution includes accurate prediction using algorithms like Linear regression, random forest egression along with Deep neural network and chat box for clarity of students. Recommendations universities based on their profile. The total time for the entrance allotment became lesser and the allotment process became faster.Computerization of the seat allotment process makes easier the admission process.

8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR

Career 360.shiksha.com,Entrance comer,College Dunia,lcda.in, dumilestone.com websites are available.

OFFLINE

ONLINE

SL

Ask friends or colleagues for references for getting admission in preferred university.

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 Functional Requirement

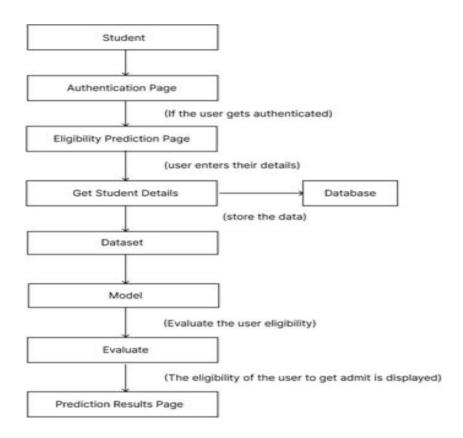
FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)	
FR-1	User Registration	Registrationthrough Form	
		Registrationthrough Gmail and phone number	
sFR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmationvia Email	
		Confirmationvia OTP	
FR-3	College Selection	Select college through search bar	
		Select one the top colleges displayed in home page	
FR-4	User's Profile	Applicant's dashboards:	
		-Personal information	
		-Wishlist	
		-Skills and Course	
		-Percentage	
FR-5	Predicting one'schance	Compare the University's desirable marksand student's	
		marks	

4.2 Non-Functional Requirements

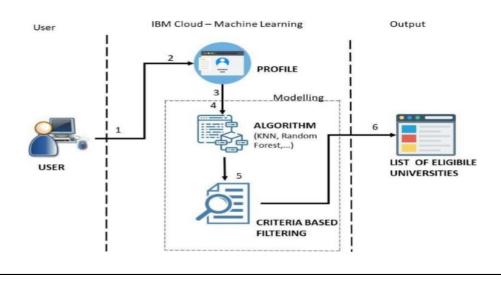
FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	No training is required to use the website.
		Home page and other related pages load up within
		10 secs.
NFR-2	Security	Verification message of the candidates sent through
		mail or phone number
NFR-3	Reliability	Provide accurate results of their chances of
		admission
NFR-4	Performance	The prediction is accurate even with a small amount
		of provided data.
NFR-5	Availability	Available 24/7
		All the resources regarding timelines and
		updateinformation about the colleges are
		accessible to theusersanytime.
		Prediction of the college is done at any moment.
NFR-6	Scalability	The systemis scalable enoughto support any
		number of users at the same time
		maintainingoptimal performance.

PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 Data Flow Diagram



5.2 Solution and Technical Architecture



5.3 User Stories

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Web user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my username,email and password.	I can access my account	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	I can access my account	Medium	Sprint-2
		USN-3	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-4	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	I can access various pages	High	Sprint-1
	Dashboard	USN-5	As a user, I can give my details to know my eligibility to get admitted in a university	I can receive information related to that university such as placements, locations etc	High	Sprint-1
		USN-6	As a user, I can the eligibility to get admit in a university	I can receive information about the eligibility criteria in that university	Medium	Sprint-2
		USN-7	As a user, I can know my eligibility percentage to get admit in that university	I can receive my eligibility percentage	Low	Sprint-2
	Search	USN-8	As a user, I can search for various universities	I can receive information about a particular university	Low	Sprint-2
	View	USN-9	As a user, I can view the university details	I can get information about my eligibility	High	Sprint-1
	Notification	USN-10	As a user, I can receive notifications about the suggested university based on my eligibility criteria	I will get updates of the preferred universities	Medium	Sprint-2
		USN-11	As a user, I can receive notifications about the suggested courses to improve my skills	I will get preferred courses	Low	Sprint-2
	Chat	USN-12	As a user, I can chat with the alumni of the college for clarifications	I can clear my doubits through chat with alumni	Medium	Sprint-2
Administrator	Analysis	USN-13	As a admin, I will analyse the given dataset	I can analyse the dataset	High	Sprint-1
	Predict	USN-14	As a admin, I will predict the admission	I can predict eligibility for admission	High	Sprint-1

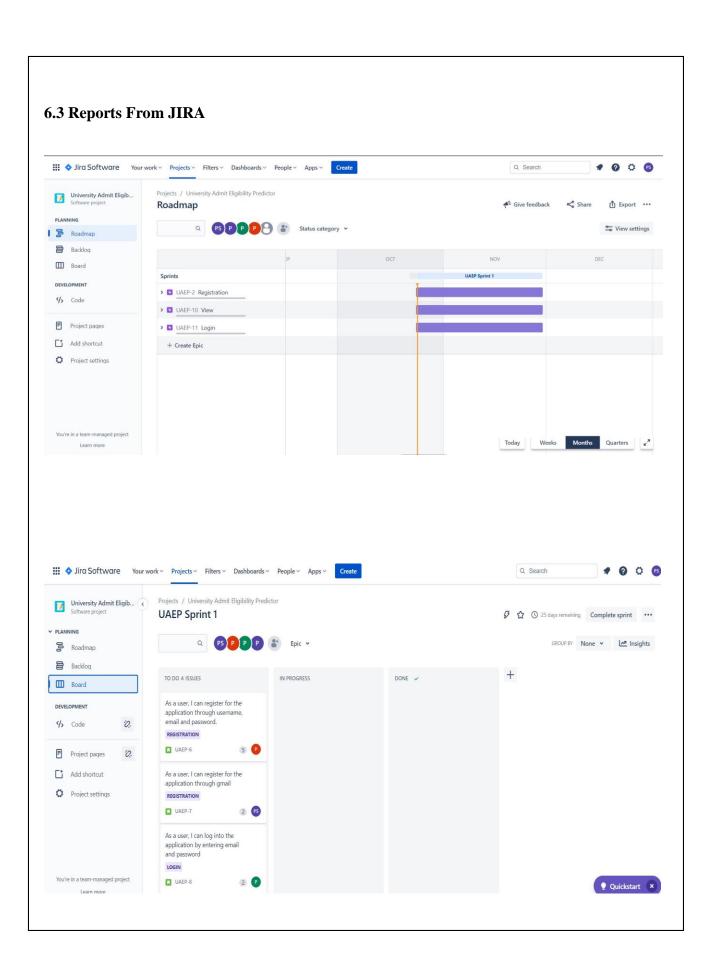
PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

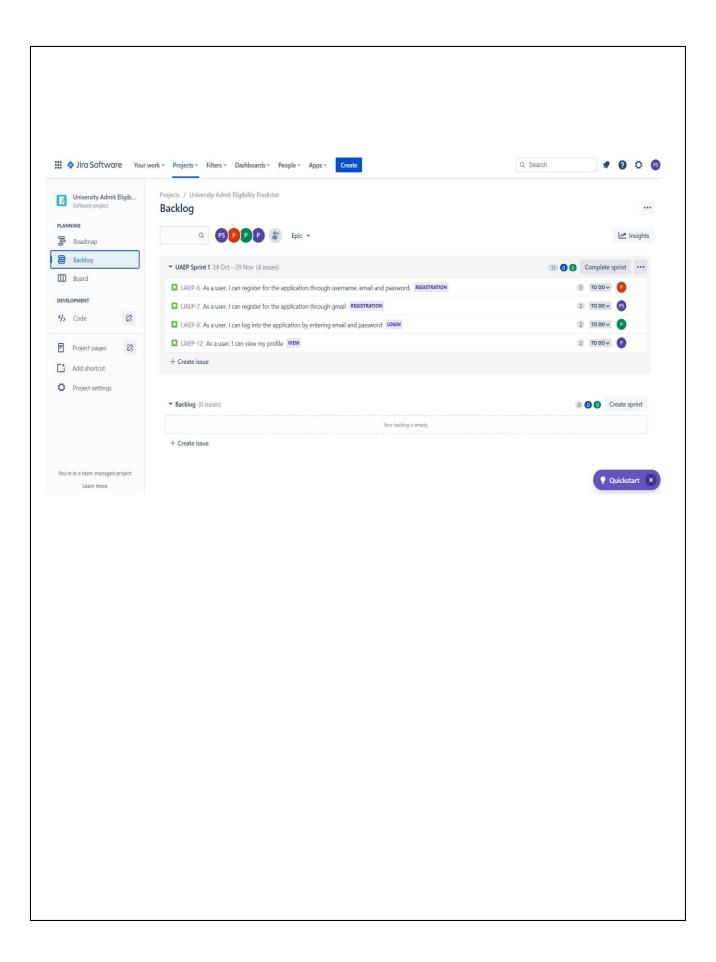
6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application through email, password.	5	High	Priyadharshini S
Sprint-1	2	USN-2	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	2	Low	Priyadharshini R
Sprint-1	Login	USN-3	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	2	Medium	Priyanga S
Sprint-2	Dashboard	USN-4	As a user, I can give my details to know my eligibility percentage	3	High	Parvathi S
Sprint-1	×	USN-5	As a user, I can view my profile	2	Medium	Priyadharshini S
Sprint-3	Feedback	USN-6	As a user, I should able to provide feedback	2	Low	Priyadharshini R
Sprint-2	Search	USN-7	As a user, I can search for new university details	5	Medium	Priyanga S
Sprint-2	8	USN-8	As a admin, I should store data of an individual user.	3	High	Parvathi S
Sprint-3		USN-9	As a admin, I should clean and preprocess data	5	High	Priyadharshini S
Sprint-3		USN-10	As a user, I should train and test the dataset	5	High	Priyadharshini R
Sprint-3		USN-11	As a user, I can chat with expert for suggestion	7	Medium	Priyanga S
Sprint-4		USN-12	As a admin, I should predict the result	3	High	Parvathi S
Sprint-4		USN-13	As a admin, I should connect all tier using python flask	3	High	Priyadharshini S
Sprint-4	Predict	USN-14	As a user, I can get the universities predict	2	High	Priyadharshini R
Sprint-2		USN-15	As a user, I should able to search university	5	High	Priyanga S

6.2 Sprint Delivery Schedule

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	11	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	11	30 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	16	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	16	06 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	19	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	19	13 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	8	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	8	20 Nov 2022





CODING & SOLUTIONING

7.1 Feature 1 – Feedback

Feedback helps to improve the current and the future actions that will help to take better informed decisions. It helps to highlight the areas of improvement that are required to perform well. Feedback is not just an annual review process but it's something that needs to be given on a continual basis. When feedback happens on a continual basis, employees at all the levels of the organization feel comfortable responding to each other on an on-going basis and this will help create open communication, grab opportunities, and new learning. They will be able to share the good and bad experiences that they face with your business website while their experience is still fresh. This will make sure that you get the most accurate and actionable data that will help you to improve and deliver experiences that will make your brand stand out.

Code

```
     
         
    <div class="nav-items">
      <a href="home.html">Home</a>
      <a href="index.php">Feedback</a>
      <a href="about.html">About</a>
    </div></nav>
  <div class="container">
    <form action="form-process.php" method="POST">
      <div class="form-group">
        <label for="firstname">Firstname</label>
        <input type="text" name="firstname" id="firstname" class="form-control" required>
      </div>
      <div class="form-group">
        <label for="lastname">Lastname</label>
        <input type="text" name="lastname" id="lastname" class="form-control" required>
      </div>
      <div class="form-group">
        <label for="phone">Phone</label>
        <input type="tel" name="phone" id="phone" class="form-control" required>
      </div>
      <div class="form-group">
        <label for="email">Email</label>
        <input type="email" name="email" id="email" class="form-control" required>
      </div>
      <div class="form-group">
        <label for="message">Message</label>
        <input type="text" name="message" id="message" class="form-control" required>
      </div>
      <div class="form-group">
    <button class="btn btn-success" type="submit">Submit</button>
    <button class="btn btn-danger" type="reset">Reset</button>
  </div></form> </div></body></html>
```

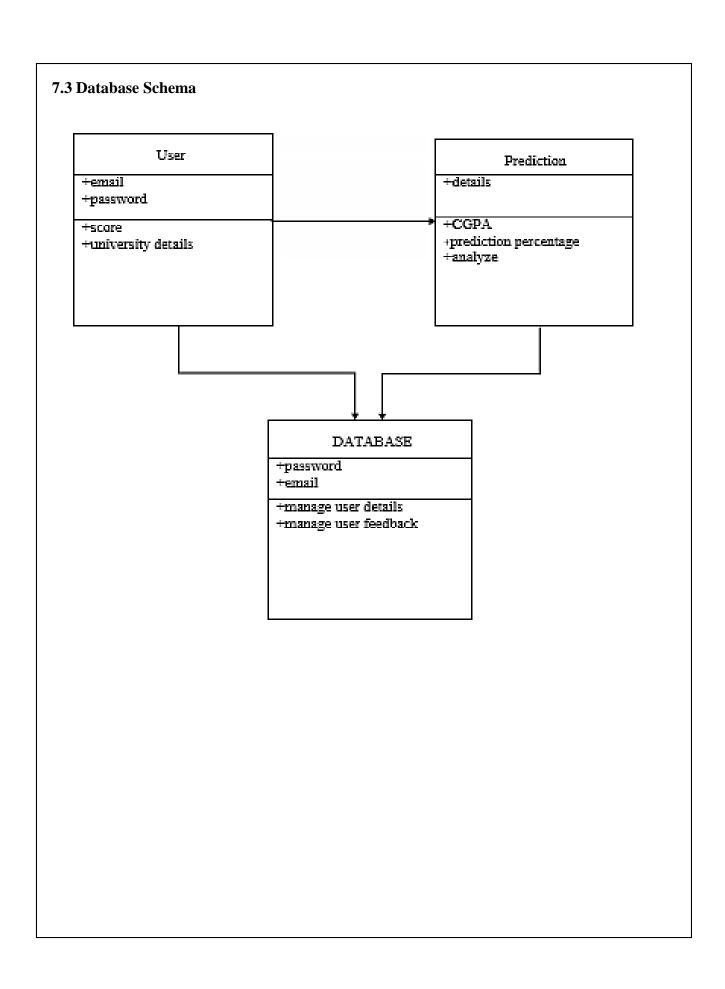
7.2 Feature 2 – Chat

A chatbot is a programmed chat interface that is developed to support conversations between customers and businesses. When deployed on a website, it can enable the visitors to interact with the business in a conversational manner. A website chatbot can closely mimic the way humans converse and facilitate a two-way conversation. Unlike the live chat software where the responses are delivered by persons, a bot is programmed to respond to queries on its own.

Using a website chatbot, your customers can easily find solutions to their problems, get their issues fixed without any human intervention, and easily access all the information on the website

Code:

```
window.watsonAssistantChatOptions = {
    integrationID: "9082fac4-8e4e-40fc-81a5-583995b4d42d", // The ID of this integration.
    region: "au-syd", // The region your integration is hosted in.
    serviceInstanceID: "fb1ad98b-b087-4b31-95f2-b28590b850e4", // The ID of your service instance.
    onLoad: function(instance) { instance.render(); }
};
setTimeout(function(){
    const t=document.createElement('script');
    t.src="https://web-chat.global.assistant.watson.appdomain.cloud/versions/" +
    (window.watsonAssistantChatOptions.clientVersion || 'latest') + "/WatsonAssistantChatEntry.js";
    document.head.appendChild(t); });</script>
```



CHAPTER 8 TESTING

8.1 Test Cases

There are several rules that can serve as testing objectives. They are:

- 1. Testing is process of executing a program and finding a bug. A good test case is one that has a high probability of finding an undiscovered.
- 2. A successful test is one that uncovers an undiscovered error. If testing is conducted successfully according to the objectives as stated above, it would uncover errors in the software. Also testing demonstrates that software functions appear to the working according to the specification, that performance requirements appear to have been met.

8.1.1. Unit testing

Unit testing is carried out screen-wise, each screen being identified as an object. Attention is diverted to individual modules, independently to one another to locate errors. This has enabled the detection of errors in coding and logic. This is the first level of testing. In this, codes are written such that from one module, we can move on to the next module according to the choice we enter.

8.1.2 System Testing

In this, the entire system was tested as a whole with all forms, code, modules and class modules. System testing is the stage of implementation, which is aimed at ensuring that the system works accurately and efficiently before live operation commences. It is a series of different tests that verifies that all system elements have been properly integrated and perform allocated functions. System testing makes logical assumptions that if all parts of the system are correct, the goal will be successfully achieved. Testing is the process of executing the program with the intent of finding errors.

8.1.3 Integration Testing

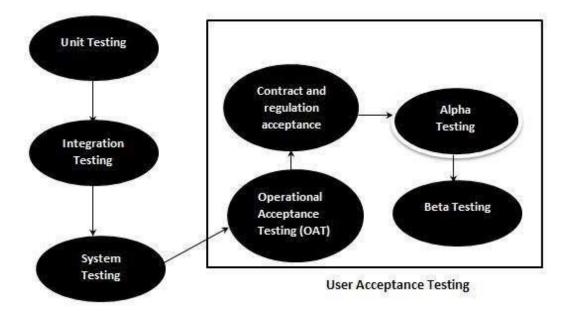
This testing strategies combines all the modules involved in the system. After the independent modules are tested, dependent modules that use the independent modules are tested. This sequence of testing layers of dependent modules continues until the entire system is constructed. Though each module individually, they should work after linking them together. Data may be lost across interface and one module can have adverse effect on another. Subroutines, after linking, may not do the desired function expected by the main routine. Integration testing is a systematic technique for constructing program structure while at the same time, conducting test to uncover errors associated with the interface.

8.2 User Acceptance Testing

User acceptance testing, a testing methodology where the clients/end users involved in testing the product to validate the product against their requirements. It is performed at client location at developer's site. For industry such as medicine or aviation industry, contract and regulatory compliance testing and operational acceptance testing is also carried out as part of user acceptance testing. UAT is context dependent and the UAT plans are prepared based on the requirements and NOT mandatory to execute all kinds of user acceptance tests and even coordinated and contributed by testing team.

Acceptance Criteria

- Acceptance criteria are defined on the basis of the following attributes:
- Functional Correctness and Completeness
- Data Integrity
- Data Conversion
- Usability
- Performance
- Timeliness
- Confidentiality and Availability
- Installability and Upgradability
- Scalability
- Documentation



RESULTS

9.1 Performance Metrics

Model evaluation is very important in data science. It helps you to understand the performance of your model and makes it easy to present your model to other people. There are many different evaluation metrics out there but only some of them are suitable to be used for regression.

The sklearn. metrics module implements several loss, score, and utility functions to measure classification performance. Some metrics might require probability estimates of the positive class, confidence values, or binary decisions values.

Three main metrics

- **1.** R Square/Adjusted R Square
- **2.** Mean Square Error(MSE)/Root Mean Square Error(RMSE)
- **3.** Mean Absolute Error(MAE)

R Square/Adjusted R Square

R Square measures how much variability in dependent variable can be explained by the model. It is the square of the Correlation Coefficient(R) and that is why it is called R Square.

$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{SS_{Regression}}{SS_{Total}} = 1 - \frac{\sum_{i}(y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\sum_{i}(y_i - \bar{y})^2}$$

R square formula

R Square is calculated by the sum of squared of prediction error divided by the total sum of the square which replaces the calculated prediction with mean.R Square value is between 0 to 1 and a bigger value indicates a better fit between prediction and actual value.R Square is a good measure to determine how well the model fits the dependent variables. However, it does not take into consideration of overfitting problem. If your regression model has many independent variables, because the model is too

complicated, it may fit very well to the training data but performs badly for testing data. Adjusted R Square is introduced because it will penalize additional independent variables added to the model and adjust the metric to prevent overfitting issues.

R2-square for Testing Accuracy

print(metrics.r2_score(y_test,pred))

0.7970727383280378

R2-square for Training Accuracy

print(metrics.r2_score(y_train,pred_train))

0.802562940404405

2. Mean Square Error(MSE)/Root Mean Square Error(RMSE)

MSE is calculated by the sum of square of prediction error which is real output minus predicted output and then divide by the number of data points. It gives you an absolute number on how much your predicted results deviate from the actual number. You cannot interpret many insights from one single result but it gives you a real number to compare against other model results and help you select the best regression model.

$$MSE = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

Mean square formula

Root Mean Square Error(RMSE) is the square root of MSE. It is used more commonly than MSE because firstly sometimes MSE value can be too big to compare easily. Secondly, MSE is calculated by the square of error, and thus square root brings it back to the same level of prediction error and makes it easier for interpretation.

MSE(Mean square error)

print(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,pred))

0.004000322019944528

RMSE

print(np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,pred)))

0.0632480989433242

3. Mean Absolute Error(MAE)

Mean Absolute Error(MAE) is similar to Mean Square Error(MSE). However, instead of the sum of square of error in MSE, MAE is taking the sum of the absolute value of error.

$$MAE = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

Mean Absolute square formula

Compare to MSE or RMSE, MAE is a more direct representation of sum of error terms. MSE gives larger penalization to big prediction error by square it while MAE treats all errors the same.

MAE

print(metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test,pred))\

0.04723243001365442

ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

10.1 Advantages

- It helps student for making decision for choosing a right college.
- Here the chance of occurrence of error is less when compared with the existing system.
- It is fast, efficient and reliable.
- Avoids data redundancy and inconsistency.
- Very user-friendly.
- Easy accessibility of data

10.2 Disadvantages

- Though Internet penetration is rather high, Internet connectivity and speed issues are major impediments to bring any real advantage to university applicants. Most rural areas experience high blackouts and electricity issues. This means, once again candidates in urban districts and areas are placed at a significant advantage.
- System will provide inaccurate results if data entered incorrectly.
- The system is built on a limited data set, this could affect the accuracy of the predictions as a whole. The system cannot guarantee that our predictions will be a 100% guarantee because a lot other factors such as the Personal Interview also plays a major role in the admissions procedure.

CONCLUSION

11.1 Conclusion

This system, being the first we have created in PHP, has proven more difficult than originally imagined. While it may sound simple to fill out a few forms and process the information, much more is involved in the selection of applicants than this. Every time progress was made and features were added, ideas for additional features or methods to improve the usability of the system made themselves apparent. Furthermore, adding one feature meant that another required feature was now possible, and balancing completing these required features with the ideas for improvement as well as remembering everything that had to be done was a project in itself. Debugging can sometimes be a relatively straight forward process, or rather finding out what you must debug can be. Since so many parts of the prediction system are integrated in to one another, if an error occurs on one page, it may be a display error, for example: it may be the information is not correctly read from the database; or even that the information is not correctly stored in the database initially, and all three must be checked on each occasion. This slows down the process and can be frustrating if the apparent cause of a problemis not obvious at first. Language used must be simple and easy to understand and compatibility is paramount. If this system were not designed as an entirely web based application, it would not have been possible to recreate its current state of portability. Overall, the system performs well, and while it does not include all of the features that may have been desired, it lives up to initial expectations. The majority of features that are included work flawlessly and the errors that do exist are minor or graphical.

FUTURE SCOPE

12.1 Future Scope

- This can be implemented in less time for proper admission process.
- This can be accessed anytime anywhere, since it is a web application provided only an internet connection.
- Include Voice recognition and Voice search for better user interaction with support for multiple languages.
- Get our website as a government authorized platform for favoring the students by providing our services.
- Embed many things like develop a mobile application which will integrate itself with the application server.

APPENDIX

SOURCE CODE

```
app_ibm.py
import flask
from flask import redirect, request, render_template
from flask_cors import CORS
from flask_mysqldb import MySQL
import requests
import subprocess
# NOTE: you must manually set API_KEY below using information retrieved from your IBM
Cloud account.
API_KEY = "JyhzzPTqYb5vdnL-g25mEurwEUgEHsrht4XjZo6UvyUm"
token_response = requests.post('https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/identity/token', data={ "apikey":
API_KEY, "grant_type": 'urn:ibm:params:oauth:grant-type:apikey'})
mltoken = token_response.json()["access_token"]
header = {'Content-Type': 'application/json', 'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken}
app = flask.Flask(_name_, static_url_path=")
CORS(app)
app.config['MYSQL_HOST'] = 'localhost'
app.config['MYSQL_USER'] = 'root'
app.config['MYSQL_PASSWORD'] = "
app.config['MYSQL_DB'] = 'contactdata'
mysql = MySQL(app)
```

```
@app.route('/redirect', methods=['POST'])
def sendThanksPage():
   firstName = request.form['firstname']
   lastName = request.form['lastname']
   phone = request.form['phone']
   email = request.form['email']
   message = request.form['message']
   cursor = mysql.connection.cursor()
   cursor.execute("' INSERT INTO contactdata
VALUES(\%\,s,\%\,s,\%\,s,\%\,s,\%\,s)''', (firstName, lastName, phone, email, message))
   mysql.connection.commit()
   cursor.close()
   return f"Thank You For Contacting Us "
@app.route('/redirect', methods=['POST'])
def sendPage():
 proc = subprocess.Popen("form-process.php", shell=True, stdout=subprocess.PIPE)
 return proc.stdout.read()
@app.route('/about')
def sendAboutPage():
  return render_template('about.html')
@app.route('/feedback')
def sendFeedbackPage():
  return render_template('index.html')
```

```
@app.route('/', methods=['GET'])
def sendHomePage():
  return render_template('home.html')
@app.route('/predict', methods=['POST'])
def predict():
  gre = int(request.form['GRE_Score'])
  toefl = int(request.form['TOEFEL_Score'])
  universityRating = int(request.form['u_rate'])
  sop = float(request.form['sop'])
  lor = float(request.form['lor'])
  cgpa = float(request.form['cgpa'])
  research = int(request.form['Research'])
  X = [[gre, toefl, universityRating, sop, lor, cgpa, research]]
# NOTE: manually define and pass the array(s) of values to be scored in the next line
  payload_scoring = {"input_data": [{"fields":
['gre', 'toefl', 'universityRating', 'sop', 'lor', 'cgpa', 'research'], "values": X}]}
  response_scoring = requests.post('https://us-
south.ml.cloud.ibm.com/ml/v4/deployments/0bfdeda4-f2a5-45c8-9262-
ad4eb310e85f/predictions?version=2022-11-06', json=payload_scoring,
headers={'Authorization': 'Bearer' + mltoken})
  print(response_scoring)
  predictions = response_scoring.json()
  predict = predictions['predictions'][0]['values'][0][0]
  print("Final prediction :",predict)
# showing the prediction results in a UI# showing the prediction results in a UI
  return render_template('predict.html', predict=predict)
```

```
if _name_ == '_main_' :
  app.run(debug= False)
Home.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="about.css">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="home.css">
  <script>
    window.watsonAssistantChatOptions = {
     integrationID: "9082fac4-8e4e-40fc-81a5-583995b4d42d", // The ID of this integration.
     region: "au-syd", // The region your integration is hosted in.
     serviceInstanceID: "fb1ad98b-b087-4b31-95f2-b28590b850e4", // The ID of your service
instance.
     onLoad: function(instance) { instance.render(); }
    };
    setTimeout(function(){
     const t=document.createElement('script');
     t.src="https://web-chat.global.assistant.watson.appdomain.cloud/versions/" +
(window.watsonAssistantChatOptions.clientVersion || 'latest') + "/WatsonAssistantChatEntry.js";
     document.head.appendChild(t);
    });
   </script>
  <title>About</title>
</head>
<body>
  <nav>
    <div class="logo" >
      University Admit Eligibility Predictor
    </div>
```

```
   
       
    <div class="nav-items">
      <a href="/">Home</a>
      <a href="/feedback">Feedback</a>
      <a href="#">About</a>
    </div>
  </nav>
  <div class="wrapper">
    <div class="background-container">
      <div class="bg-1"></div>
      <div class="bg-2"></div>
    </div>
    <div class="about-container">
      <!-- <div class="image-container">
        <img src="image3.jpg" alt="">
      </div> -->
      <div class="text-container">
        <h1>About us</h1>
        Students are often worried about their chances of admission to University. Our
website will help the students to get the list of university in which they could get the admission
with their profiles. The students only have to enter their marks and details. With this website, the
students can very easily obtain the list of universities and find their chance of admission in a
univeristy. This will minimizes stress of students. The main objective of our website is to give
the students a good idea about thier chances of admission in a college and to help their
preparation.
```

Chat with Us

</div></div></body></html>

</div>

```
predict.html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<!-- Created By CodingNepal -->
<html lang="en" dir="ltr">
 <head>
   <meta charset="utf-8">
   <title>RESULT</title>
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="home.css">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   k rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/font-
awesome/5.15.3/css/all.min.css"/>
 </head>
 <body>
     Your chance of getting admit in this University is: 
     <div class="dataset">
      <form action="/" method="GET">
        {{predict}}
         <div class="rbutton">
         <input type="submit" class="button" value="Back" />
        </div>
       </form>
       </div>
   </body>
 </html>
home.css
@import
url('https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Montserrat:400,500,600,700&display=swap');
*{
 margin: 0;
 padding: 0;
```

```
outline: none;
 box-sizing: border-box;
 font-family: 'Montserrat', sans-serif;
}
body{
 background: #f2f2f2;
}
nav{
 background: #1c8adb;
 display: flex;
flex-wrap: wrap;
 align-items: center;
justify-content:left;
 height: 70px;
 padding: 0 100px;
nav .logo{
color: #fff;
 font-size: 30px;
 font-weight: 600;
 letter-spacing: -1px;
 align-items: left;
nav .nav-items{
 display: flex;
```

```
flex: 1;
 padding: 0 0 0 40px;
nav .nav-items li{
list-style: none;
 padding: 0 15px;
nav .nav-items li a{
 color: #fff;
 font-size: 18px;
font-weight: 500;
 text-decoration: none;
nav .nav-items li a:hover{
color: #0f0e0e;
nav form{
 display: flex;
 height: 40px;
 padding: 2px;
 background: #1c8adb;
 min-width: 18%!important;
 border-radius: 2px;
 border: 1px solid rgba(155,155,155,0.2);
```

```
nav form .search-data{
 width: 100%;
 height: 100%;
 padding: 0 10px;
 color: #fff;
font-size: 17px;
 border: none;
 font-weight: 500;
 background: none;
nav form button{
 padding: 0 15px;
 color: #fff;
 font-size: 17px;
 background: #0cbb9e;
 border: none;
 border-radius: 2px;
 cursor: pointer;
nav form button:hover{
 background: #07e9d6;
}
nav .menu-icon,
nav .cancel-icon,
nav .search-icon{
```

```
width: 40px;
 text-align: center;
 margin: 0 50px;
font-size: 18px;
 color: #fff;
cursor: pointer;
display: none;
nav .menu-icon span,
nav .cancel-icon,
nav .search-icon{
display: none;
}
body{
 margin: 0;
 padding: 0;
 background: url(home-Background.jpg);
 background-size:cover;
 background-position:center;
 font-family: sans-serif;
}
```

```
@media (max-width: 1245px) {
 nav\{
  padding: 0 50px;
@media (max-width: 1140px){
 nav\{
  padding: 0px;
 nav .logo{
  flex: 2;
  text-align: center;
 nav .nav-items{
  position: fixed;
  z-index: 99;
  top: 70px;
  width: 100%;
  left: -100%;
  height: 100%;
  padding: 10px 50px 0 50px;
  text-align: center;
  background: #14181f;
  display: inline-block;
  transition: left 0.3s ease;
```

```
nav .nav-items.active{
left: 0px;
nav .nav-items li{
line-height: 40px;
 margin: 30px 0;
nav .nav-items li a{
font-size: 20px;
nav form{
 position: absolute;
 top: 80px;
 right: 50px;
 opacity: 0;
 pointer-events: none;
 transition: top 0.3s ease, opacity 0.1s ease;
nav form.active{
 top: 95px;
 opacity: 1;
 pointer-events: auto;
nav form:before{
```

```
position: absolute;
 content: "";
 top: -13px;
 right: 0px;
 width: 0;
 height: 0;
 z-index: -1;
 border: 10px solid transparent;
 /* border-bottom-color: #1e232b; */
 margin: -20px 0 0;
nav form:after{
 position: absolute;
 content: ";
 height: 60px;
 padding: 2px;
 background: #1e232b;
 border-radius: 2px;
 min-width: calc(100\% + 20px);
 z-index: -2;
 left: 50%;
 top: 50%;
 transform: translate(-50%, -50%);
nav .menu-icon{
```

```
display: block;
 nav .search-icon,
 nav .menu-icon span{
  display: block;
 nav .menu-icon span.hide,
 nav .search-icon.hide{
 display: none;
 nav .cancel-icon.show{
  display: block;
}
.content \{\\
position: absolute;
 top: 50%;
 left: 50%;
 text-align: center;
 transform: translate(-50%, -50%);
}
.content header{
 font-size: 30px;
 font-weight: 700;
```

```
.content .text{
font-size: 30px;
font-weight: 700;
.space{
margin: 10px 0;
nav .logo.space{
color: red;
padding: 0 5px 0 0;
@media (max-width: 980px){
 nav .menu-icon,
nav .cancel-icon,
 nav .search-icon{
 margin: 0 20px;
 nav form{
  right: 30px;
@media (max-width: 350px){
 nav .menu-icon,
 nav .cancel-icon,
 nav.search-icon{
```

```
margin: 0 10px;
  font-size: 16px;
.content \{\\
 position: absolute;
 top: 50%;
left: 50%;
 transform: translate(-50%, -50%);
.content header{
font-size: 30px;
font-weight: 700;
.content \ .text\{
font-size: 30px;
font-weight: 700;
.content .space{
 margin: 10px 0;
*, *:before, *:after {
 -moz-box-sizing: border-box;
 -webkit-box-sizing: border-box;
 box-sizing: border-box;
```

```
}
body {
 font-family: 'Nunito', sans-serif;
color: #384047;
}
form {
/* display: inline-block; */
max-width: 300px;
 margin: 10px auto;
 padding: 10px 20px;
 border-radius: 8px;
}
h1 {
 margin: 0 0 30px 0;
 text-align:center;
}
. dataset \{\\
 top: -1px;
 right: -10px;
input[type="text"],
input[type="password"],
```

```
input[type="date"],
input[type="datetime"],
input[type="email"],
input[type="number"],
input[type="search"],
input[type="tel"],
input[type="time"],
input[type="url"],
textarea,
select {
 background: rgba(255,255,255,0.1);
 border: none;
 font-size: 16px;
 height: auto;
 margin: 0;
 outline: 0;
 padding: 15px;
 width: 100%;
 background-color: #c5d5d8;
 color: #8a97a0;
 box-shadow: 0 1px 0 rgba(0,0,0,0.03) inset;
 margin-bottom:20px;
 font-size: 18px;
 height: 34px;
 display:flex;
```

```
}
input[type="radio"],
input[type="checkbox"] {
margin: 0 4px 8px 0;
select {
padding: 6px;
height: 32px;
 border-radius: 2px;
 margin: auto;
}
.button {
 background: linear-gradient(to bottom right, #6647ef, #5aafff);
 border: 0;
 border-radius: 12px;
 color: #FFFFFF;
 cursor: pointer;
 display: inline-block;
 font-family: -apple-system, system-ui, "Segoe UI", Roboto, Helvetica, Arial, sans-serif;
 font-size: 16px;
 font-weight: 500;
 line-height: 2.5;
 outline: transparent;
```

```
padding: 0 1rem;
 text-align: center;
 text-decoration: none;
 transition: box-shadow .2s ease-in-out;
 user-select: none;
 -webkit-user-select: none;
 touch-action: manipulation;
 white-space: nowrap;
}
.label{
 text-align: left;
}
button:not([disabled]):focus {
 box-shadow: 0 0 .25rem rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5), -.125rem -.125rem 1rem rgba(71, 214, 239, 0.5),
.125rem .125rem 1rem rgba(255, 154, 90, 0.5);
}
button:not([disabled]):hover {
 box-shadow: 0 0 .25rem rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.5), -.125rem -.125rem 1rem rgba(71, 191, 239, 0.5),
.125rem .125rem 1rem rgba(255, 154, 90, 0.5);
}
.dataset{
text-align: center;
}
```

```
fieldset {
 margin-bottom: 30px;
 border: none;
}
label {
/* display: inline-block; */
 margin-bottom: 8px;
}
label.light {
 font-weight: 300;
/* display: inline; */
}
.result\{
 text-align: center;
.rbutton\{\\
 width: 300px;
 height: 300px;
 display: flex;
 justify-content: center;
 align-items: center;
.res{}
```

```
text-align: center;
 font-family: Inter, Helvetica, "Apple Color Emoji", "Segoe UI Emoji", Noto Color Emoji, "Noto
Color Emoji", "Segoe UI Symbol", "Android Emoji", Emoji Symbols, -apple-system, system-
ui, "Segoe UI", Roboto, "Helvetica Neue", "Noto Sans", sans-serif;
 font-size: 16px;
 font-weight: 700;
line-height: 24px;
```

	GITHUB AND	PROJECT DEN	MO LINK	
Github: https://	//github.com/IBM-EPB	L/IBM-Project-14	1495-1659586295	
Project Demo		-		
Troject Demo	Lilik .			

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