

# Project Development

## Phase Sprint-4

Date	11 November 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID32738
Project Name	Virtual Eye - Life Guard for Swimming Pools to Detect Active Drowning
Maximum Marks	8 Marks

### Source Code:

```
import re
import numpy as np
import os
from flask import Flask, app, request, render_template
from tensorflow.keras import models
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
from tensorflow.python.ops.gen_array_ops import concat
from tensorflow.keras.applications.inception_v3 import preprocess_input
import cvlib as cv
from cvlib.object_detection import draw_bb
import cv2
import time
import numpy as np
from playsound import playsound
import requests
from flask import Flask, request, render_template, redirect, url_for
# Loading the model

from cloudant.client import Cloudant

# Authenticate using an IAM API key
client = Cloudant.iam('2eb40045-a8d6-450d-9d24-52cc7cbb2810-bluemix', 'Ud0wunTPOI_8h5ZtEqi1IXk1gIKeYlmpUsCn0Ee08T4z', connect=True)

# Create a database using an initialized
client.my_database = client.create_database('my_database')
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@app.route('/')
def index():
    return render_template('index.html')

@app.route('/index.html')
def home():
    return render_template("index.html")

#registration page
@app.route('/register')
def register():
    return render_template('register.html')

@app.route('/afterreg',
methods=['POST']) def afterreg():
    x = [x for x in
request.form.values()] print(x)
    data = {
        '_id': x[1], # Setting _id is
optional 'name': x[0],
        'psw':x[2]
    }
    print(data)

    query = {'_id': {'$eq': data['_id']}}

    docs =
my_database.get_query_result(query)
    print(docs)

    print(len(docs.all()))

    if(len(docs.all())==0):
        url =
my_database.create_document(data)
        #response = requests.get(url)
        return render_template('register.html', pred="Registration
Successful, please login using your details")
    else:
        return render_template('register.html', pred="You are already
a member, please login using your details")

#login page
@app.route('/login')
def login():
    return render_template('login.html')

@app.route('/afterlogin',methods=['POST'])

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def afterlogin():
    user = request.form['_id']
    passwd =
    request.form['psw']
    print(user,passwd)

    query = {'_id': {'$eq': user}}

    docs =
    my_database.get_query_result(query)
    print(docs)

    print(len(docs.all()))

    if(len(docs.all())==0):
        return render_template('login.html', pred="The username is
not found.")
    else:
        if((user==docs[0][0]['_id'] and
            passwd==docs[0][0]['psw'])): return
            redirect(url_for('prediction'))
        else:
            print('Invalid User')

@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
    return render_template('logout.html')

@app.route('/prediction'
) def prediction():
    return render_template('prediction.html')

@app.route('/result',methods=["GET","POST"])
def res():
    webcam = cv2.VideoCapture('drowning.mp4')

    if not webcam.isOpened():
        print("Could not open
        webcam") exit()

    t0 = time.time() #gives time in seconds after 1970

    #variable dcount stands for how many seconds the person has been
standing still for
    centre0 =
    np.zeros(2)

    isDrowning = False

    #this loop happens approximately every 1 second, so if a person
doesn't move,

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#or moves very little for 10seconds, we can say they are drowning

#loop through frames
while
webcam.isOpened():
    # read frame from webcam
    status, frame =
webcam.read()

    if not status:
        print("Could not read
        frame") exit()
    # apply object detection
    bbox, label, conf =
cv.detect_common_objects(frame) #simplifying for
only 1 person

    #s = (len(bbox), 2)
    if(len(bbox)>0):
        bbox0 = bbox[0]
        #centre =
        np.zeros(s) centre =
        [0,0]
        #for i in range(0,
            len(bbox)): #centre[i]
            =[(bbox[i][0]+bbox[i][2])/2,(bbox[i][1]+bbox[i][3])/2 ]

        centre =[(bbox0[0]+bbox0[2])/2,(bbox0[1]+bbox0[3])/2
                ]

    #make vertical and horizontal movement
    variables hmov = abs(centre[0]-centre0[0])
    vmov = abs(centre[1]-centre0[1])

    #there is still need to tweek the threshold
    #this threshold is for checking how much the centre has moved

    x=time.time()

    threshold = 10
    if(hmov>threshold or
        vmov>threshold): print(x-t0,
        's')
        t0 = time.time()
        isDrowning =
        False

    else:

        print(x-t0, 's')
        if((time.time() - t0) >
        10):
            isDrowning = True

```

```

        #print('bounding box: ', bbox, 'label: ' label , 'confidence:
' conf[0], 'centre: ', centre)
        #print(bbox,label ,conf, centre)
        print('bbox: ', bbox, 'centre:', centre, 'centre0:',
centre0) print('Is he drowning: ', isDrowning)

        centre0 = centre
        # draw bounding box over detected objects

    out = draw_bbox(frame, bbox, label, conf,isDrowning)

    #print('Seconds since last epoch: ', time.time()-t0)

    # display output
    cv2.imshow("Real-time object detection",
out) if(isDrowning == True):
        playsound('alarm.mp3')
        webcam.release()
        cv2.destroyAllWindows()
        return render_template('prediction.html',prediction="Emergency !!!
The Person is drowning")
        #return render_template('base.html')

    # press "Q" to stop
    if cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF ==
ord('q'): break

    # release resources
    webcam.release()
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
    #return render_template('prediction.html',)

""" Running our application """
if __name__== "__main__":
    app.run(debug=True)

```