1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)

i.e. working parents of 0-5 y.o. kids

Who is your customer?

ပ္ပ

fit into

벎

tap into

EN

Š

Identify strong

CS

6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS

CC

5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS

AS

Which solutions are available to the customers when they face the problem or need to get the job done? What have they tried in the past? What pros & cons do these solutions have? i.e. pen and paper is an alternative to digital notetaking

- Try to eat more protein and fat, and less simple sugars.
- Ask your doctor or dietitian about nutritional supplements.
- Avoid non-nutritious beverages

People who want to fit their body and maintain proper or balanced diet in proper way.

Constraints may contribute to the un healthy food choices observed among low social economic groups in industrialized countries.

What constraints prevent your customers from taking action or limit their choices

of solutions? i.e. spending power, budget, no cash, network connection, available devices.

2. JOBS-TO-BE-DONE / PROBLEMS

J&P

Which jobs-to-be-done (or problems) do you address for your customers? There could be more than one; explore different sides.

> Being a holistic wellness coach, Registered dietitian nutritionist, Food scientists, nutrition educator are the job can successfully done in this field

9. PROBLEM ROOT CAUSE

RC

SL

What is the real reason that this problem exists? What is the back story behind the need to do this job? i.e. customers have to do it because of the change in regulations.

- Lack of appetile, or decreased hunger.
- A sore mouth or throat can make eating difficult
- Un diet plan in un time eating

7. BEHAVIOUR



What does your customer do to address the problem and get the job done? i.e. directly related: find the right solar panel installer, calculate usage and benefits; indirectly associated; customers spend free time on volunteering work (i.e. Greenpeace)

> The sum of planned, spontaneous, or habitual actions of individuals or social groups to procure, prepare, and consume food as well as those actions related to storage and clearance.

3. TRIGGERS

TR

What triggers customers to act? i.e. seeing their neighbour installing solar panels, reading about a more efficient solution in the news.

> Antigens are substances that the body labels as foreign and harmful

4. EMOTIONS: BEFORE / AFTER

EM

How do customers feel when they face a problem or a job and afterwards? i.e. lost, insecure > confident, in control - use it in your communication strategy & design.

Before: Initially they felt inferiority complex by their own. And felt more negative After: The correct session they had a great confidence among themselves and archive their Heathy diet.

10. YOUR SOLUTION

If you are working on an existing business, write down your current solution first, fill in the canvas, and check how much it fits reality

If you are working on a new business proposition, then keep it blank until you fill in the canvas and come up with a solution that fits within customer limitations solves a problem and matches customer behaviour.

- In our plate form we provide a individual healthy chart for subscribers.
- Normally common health diet plan was allocated.
- Seek your on organic side and stay healthy

8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOUR



8.1 ONLINE

What kind of actions do customers take online? Extract online channels from #7

Refer journal, through online applications , attending some online session, following healthy remedies..

What kind of actions do customers take offline? Extract offline channels from #7 and use them for customer development.

> Taking proteins, visit gym, doing aerobic exercises, consume huge water



