CRUDEOIL PRICE PREDICTION USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

Abstract: Crudeoilistheworld'smostleadingfuel . The main advantages of crude oil are ithas high density, it is easily available. isusedinalmostalltheindustries.OilisaConstant main **Power** Source. The aim thisprojectistofindthedifferentmodelsthateffici ently fit the data points and predict theprice fuel with the help of machine learningmodels. This project works comparing

thedifferentsupervisedlearningmodelsandbrin gsaconclusionbasedontheefficiency. Wehaveus ed3supervisedlearningmodelsnamelyRandom ForestRegression,LinearRegression **Decision** Tree Regression toknowwhichgivesbestintermsofaccuracyandp erformance. These algorithms give a numeric val ueasoutput.Sowecancomparetheoutputofthese models with the actual models. Now-a-days oil price has been increasing in leapsandboundsduetocertainreasonslikeinflati onthroughout the world. Hence theseare derived or extracted from petroleum. Topredict the values of petroleum like petroleumand Diesel within the future, we've touse the Machine Learning algorithms. We useperformance metrics to find the performanceofthesupervisedlearningmodelsb asedontheirerroredvalue.Inthiswavwecancom paredifferentalgorithmsandfindthebestonefor ourproblem statement.

Keywords: Python, Algorithm, Price, Deep learning, Data, Prediction, Crudeoil, Testand Train, Models.

1. Introduction

Oilenergyisveryreliablewhencomparedtoo thersourcessuchassolarandwindenergy. Some machine learning models fitthedatasetefficientlydependinguponthet ypeofdatapointsprovided. Themainaimofth isprojectistofindthedifferentmodels that efficiently fitthedatapoints and predict the price of fuel with the help of machine learning mode ls. This project works on comparing

differentsupervisedlearningmodelsa ndbringsaconclusionbasedontheefficiency .Wehaveused3supervisedlearningmodelsn amely, Random Forest

the

Regression, Linear Regression and Decision

TreeRegressiontoknowwhichgivest hebestintermsofaccuracyandperformance. Thesealgorithmsgiveanumericvalueasoutp ut.Sowecancomparetheoutputofthesemode lswiththeactualmodels.Now-a-days the oil price has been increasing

inleapsandboundsduetocertainreasonslike inflation throughout the world.

Hencethese are derived or

extracted frompetroleum . The sources of crude oil

forIndiacomefromneighbouringcountriess uch as Dubai and Saudi-Arabia.

Topredict the values of petroleum

likepetroleumandDieselwithinthefu ture,we've decided to use

the

 $\label{lem:mandapp} Machine Learning algorithms and applyensemble$

learning.Ensemblelearningisatechniquewh ereweusedifferentalgorithmsorsingle algorithms many times. In this waywe can compare different algorithms and find the bestone for our problems tatemen t.

2.LiteratureReview

S.N.Abdullah,X.Zeng[1]proposed that among the main factors that affect the volatility of crude oil are thedemand and supply of the oil, populationand economical aspects.

Generalized

Autoregressive ConditionalHetroskedasticity(GARCH)m $odel and Na\"{i}ve Random walk were among the$ statisticalandeconometricmodel used to predict the crude oil price. The models are used to forecast ethe cru price deoil and then produce probabilistic prediction for it. The probabilist icpredictionisactuallygeneratedbyrunning MonteCarloanalysisonannualWTIaverage prices.Otherstatisticalmodelpredictionsma deforcrudeoilpriceisby C.Morana.

This research used semi parametricapproach suggested in for short term oilpriceprediction.

Wei-

YinLoh, University of Wisconsin, Madison, USA[2] proposed that regression learning is a machine learning approach that aims to accurately predict the value of continuous out put variables from certain independent input variables, via automatic estimation of the eirlatent relationship from data. Tree based regression models are popular in literature due to their flexibility to model high erorder non-

linearityandgreatinterpretability.

Conventionally, regression treemodels are trained in a two stageprocedure, i.e, recursive binarypartitioning and is employed to produce atreestructure, followed by apruning process of removing insignificant leaves, with the possibility of assigning

multivariant functions to terminal leavesto improve generalization. The primarygoal of applying a regressive analysis isusuallytoobtain priceprediction.

Mr.BrijainRPatel,erMr.KushikK Rana[4] proposed that researchers havedevelopedvariousdecisiontreealgorith ms over a period of time withenhancementinperformanceandability to handle various types of data. someimportant algorithms are discussed below.CHID:CHAID(Chi-squared automaticinteraction detector) is a fundamental decision tree learning algorithm. It wasdevelopedby GordonVKassin 1980. CHAID is easy to interpret, easy tohandle and can be used for classification and detection of interaction betweenvariables. CHID is an extension of AID (Automatic Interaction Detector) andTIDE(Theta Automatic InteractionDetector) procedures. Shen Rong, ZhangBao-wen[7] proposed that linearregression analysis can be divided intosimple linear regression and multiplelinear regression. It mainly analysessimple linear regression model that is theanalysis method of studying the relationsbetween independent variable anddependentvariable. To set uplinearregression analysis model Python3.6 isused and introduced pandas analysispackage and established more advanceddata structure and data analysis packageoftool.