Assignment -2

Data Visualization and Pre-processing

Student Name	Kavinaya V
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Maximum Marks	2 Marks

To Perform Below Tasks to complete the assignment:-

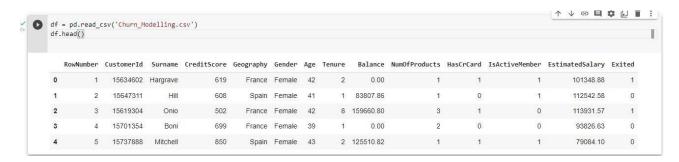
Step 1. Download the dataset: <u>Dataset</u>

Step 2. Load the dataset.

import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns

df = pd.read_csv('Churn_Modelling.csv')
df.head()

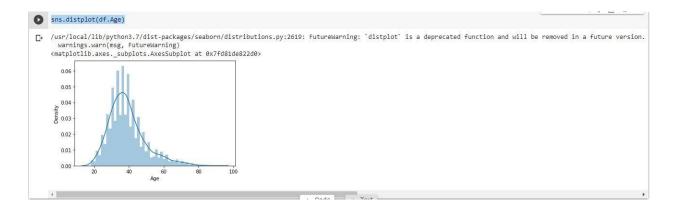
Output:



Step 3. Perform Below Visualizations.

• Univariate Analysis

sns.distplot(df.Age)



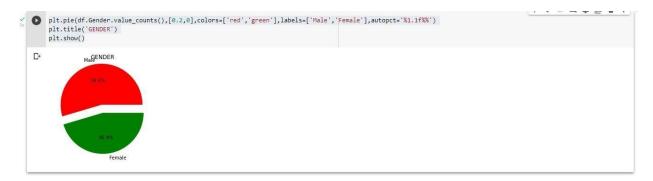
sns.lineplot(df.Age,df.Exited)

Output:

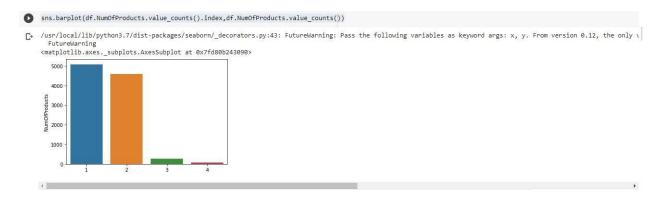


 $plt.pie(df.Gender.value_counts(),[0.2,0],colors=['red','green'],labels=['Male','Female'],autopct='\% 1.1f\%\%')\\ plt.title('GENDER')\\ plt.show()$

Output:



 $sns.barplot(df.NumOfProducts.value_counts().index, df.NumOfProducts.value_counts())$



• Bi - Variate Analysis

```
def countplot_2(x,hue,title=None,figsize=(6,5)):
  plt.figure(figsize=figsize)
  sns.countplot(data=df[[x,hue]],x=x,hue=hue)
  plt.title(title)
  plt.show()
```

countplot_2('IsActiveMember','NumOfProducts','Credit Card Holders Product Details')

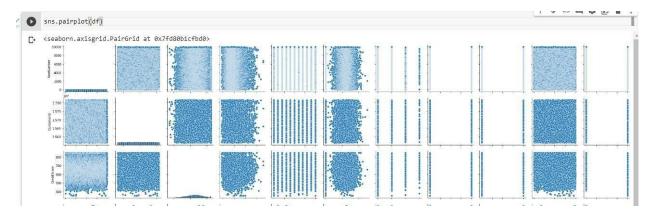
Output:



• Multi - Variate Analysis

sns.pairplot(df)

Output:

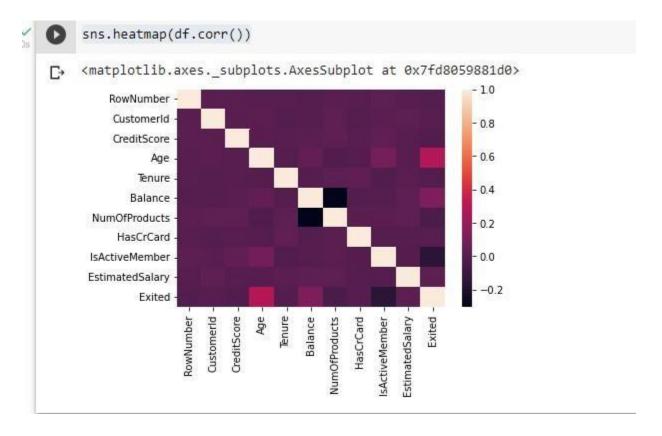


df.corr()

Output:



sns.heatmap(df.corr())



plt.figure(figsize=(16,15))
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True)
plt.show()

Output:



Step 4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

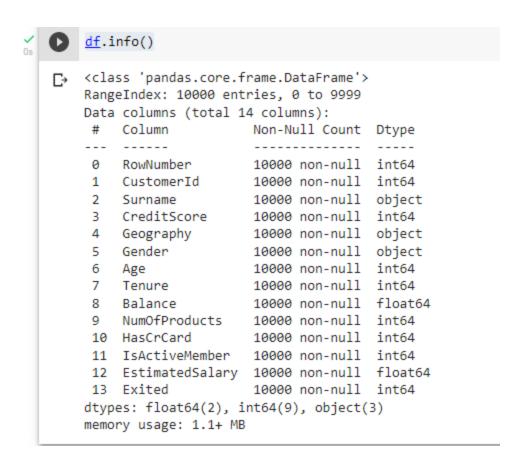
df.describe()

Output:



df.info()

Output:



Step 5. Handle the Missing values.

df = df.drop(columns=['RowNumber','CustomerId','Surname'])

df.isnull().sum()

Output:



df.shape

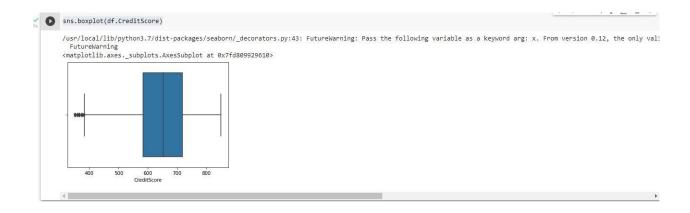
Output:

```
os df.shape

□ (10000, 11)
```

Step 6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

sns.boxplot(df.CreditScore)



```
\label{eq:Q1} \begin{split} Q1 &= df.CreditScore.quantile(0.25)\\ Q3 &= df.CreditScore.quantile(0.75)\\ IQR &= Q3\text{-}Q1\\ upper\_limit &= Q3 + (1.5*IQR) \end{split}
```

lower_limit = Q1 - (1.5*IQR)

 $\label{eq:core} $$ df['CreditScore'] = np.where(df['CreditScore'] < lower_limit,650,df['CreditScore']) $$ sns.boxplot(df.CreditScore) $$$

Output:



Step 7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder le = LabelEncoder()
df.Geography = le.fit_transform(df.Geography)
df.Gender = le.fit_transform(df.Gender)

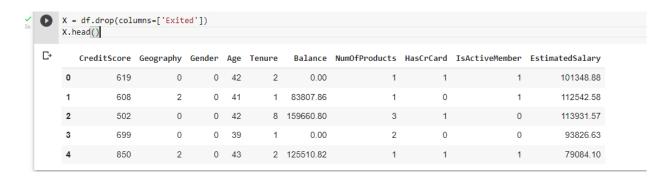
df.head()

0	df.head()											
[-}	(CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
	0	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
	1	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
	2	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
	3	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
	4	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	0

Step 8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

X = df.drop(columns=['Exited']) X.head()

Output:



Y = df.Exited Y.head()

Output:



Step 9. Scale the independent variables

$$\label{eq:continuous_continuous_color} \begin{split} & from \ sklearn.preprocessing \ import \ MinMaxScaler \\ & scale = MinMaxScaler() \\ & X_scaled = pd.DataFrame(scale.fit_transform(X),columns=X.columns) \end{split}$$

Step 10. Split the data into training and testing

 $from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split \\ x_train , y_train , x_test , y_test = train_test_split(X_scaled,Y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)$

