# ADDING CNN LAYERS

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# Part 1 - Building the CNN

# Importing the Keras libraries and packages
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Convolution2D
from keras.layers import MaxPooling2D
from keras.layers import Flatten
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.models import model_from_json
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
batch_size = 32

from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator

# All images will be rescaled by 1./255
train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1/255)

# Flow training images in batches of 128 using train_datagen generator
train_generator = train_datagen.flow_from_directory(
        'Data',  # This is the source directory for training images
        target_size=(200, 200),  # All images will be resized to 200 x 200
        batch_size=batch_size,
        # Specify the classes explicitly
        classes = ['Apple','Badam','BadamDrink','Banana','BeefSteak',
'BeetrootFry','Biriyani','Biscuits','BitterGuardFry','Boiledegg',
'BreadandJam','BreadwithPeanutbutter','Burger','CapsicumCurry','Cash
ew',
'CauliflowerFry','Chappathi','Cheeseballs','ChilliBeef','Chocolate',
'ChocolateIcecream','ChoolapooriwithChanna','CoffeeorLatte','CrabMasa
la','Cucumber',
'Curdrice','Dosa'],
        # Since we use categorical_crossentropy loss, we need categorical labels
        class_mode='categorical')

import tensorflow as tf

model = tf.keras.models.Sequential([
```

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    # Note the input shape is the desired size of the image 200x 200 with 3 bytes
color
    # The first convolution
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(16, (3,3), activation='relu', input_shape=(200, 200,
3)),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2, 2),
    # The second convolution
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(32, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    # The third convolution
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    # The fourth convolution
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    # The fifth convolution
    tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(64, (3,3), activation='relu'),
    tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(2,2),
    # Flatten the results to feed into a dense layer
    tf.keras.layers.Flatten(),
    # 128 neuron in the fully-connected layer
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'),
    # 5 output neurons for 5 classes with the softmax activation
    tf.keras.layers.Dense(27, activation='softmax')
])

model.summary()

from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import RMSprop
early = tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss',patience=5)
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy',
              optimizer=RMSprop(lr=0.001),
              metrics=['accuracy'])

total_sample=train_generator.n

n_epochs = 20

history = model.fit_generator(
        train_generator,
        steps_per_epoch=int(total_sample/batch_size),
        epochs=n_epochs,
        verbose=1)
```