### ALAGAPPA CHETTIAR GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Anna University, Chennai) KARAIKUDI-630003

# PROFESSIONAL READINESS FOR INNOVATION EMPLOYABLITY AND ENTERPRENEURSHIP



#### IBM PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

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In partial fulfillment for the award of the degree

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BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING
IN
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### ALAGAPPA CHETTIAR GOVERNMENT COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

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#### **KARAIKUDI – 630003**

#### **BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE**

Certified that this PROJECT REPORT "GAS LEAKAGE MONITORING AND ALERTING SYSTEM FOR INDUSTRIES" is the bonafide work of ANDAL ABI A (91761915301), PRIYANKA N (91762015212), ABIKA A (91761915001), JAYASHREE S(91762015203) for IBM NALAIYATHIRAN in VII semester of B.E., degree course in Computer Science and Engineering branch during the academic year of 2022 - 2023.

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# **CONTENTS**

TITLE
1. INTRODUCTION
a. Project Overview
b. Purpose
2. LITERATURE SURVEY
a. Existing Problem
b. References
c. Problem Statement Definition
3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION
a. Empathy Map Canvas
b. Ideation & Brainstorming
c. Proposed Solution
d. Problem Solution fit
4. REQUIREMENT & ANALYSIS
a. Functional Requirement
b. Non-Functional requirements
5. PROJECT DESIGN
a. Data Flow Diagrams
b. Solution & Technical Architecture
c. User Stories
6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING
a. Sprint Planning & Estimation
b. Sprint Delivery Schedule
c. Reports from JIRA
7. CODING & SOLUTIONING
a. Feature 1
b. Feature 2
8. TESTING
a Test Cases

b. User Acceptance Testing
9. RESULTS
a. Performance Metrics
10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES
11. CONCLUSION
12. FUTURE SCOPE
13. APPENDIX
Source Code
GitHub & Project Demo Link

# CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Project Overview

Leakage of gas is a major issue in the industrial sector, residential buildings, and gas-powered vehicles, one of the preventive methods to stop accidents associated with gas leakage is to install gas leakage detection devices. The focus of this work is to propose a device that can detect gas leakage and alert the owners to avert problems due to gas leakages. The system is based on a microcontroller that employs a gas sensor as well as a GSM module, an LCD display, and a buzzer. The system was designed for gas leakage monitoring and alerts with SMS via an Arduino microcontroller with a buzzer and an MQ2 gas sensor. The circuit contains a Microcontroller MQ2 gas sensor, buzzer, LCD display, and GSM module, when the sensor detects gas leakage it transmit the information to the Microcontroller while the microcontroller makes a decision and then forwarded a warning message to the user as SMS to a mobile phone for decision to be taken accordingly. The output of this research will be significant in averting problems associated with gas leakages now and in future.

**Index Terms:** Gas Leakages, GSM module, Gas Leakage Detector, Gas Sensor, GSM module.

Gas leakage is a major problem within the industrial sector, residential premises, and gas-powered vehicles like CNG (Compressed Natural Gas) buses and cars where the use of gas has become an important source of energy (STET, 2012) to the afore mention area in this era. The issue of Liquefied Petroleum Gas leakage has been so disastrous that it has resulted in serious harm, including the loss of life and property worth millions of dollars around the world. The catastrophic pipeline explosion has happened in different parts of Nigeria in that resulted into death and injure of many people and loss of property [1].

Gas is the most commonly used fuel in Nigerian homes and industry in which some required measures have to be strategized in other to protect against incidents and accidents

such as suffocation and explosion associated with its usage. LPG is a highly inflammable gas made up of a mixture of butane (C4H10) and propane (C3H8) through buthylene and prophylene and another hydrocarbon present in small quantity, due to the odorless of these chemical ethyl mercaptans is added as an odorant to give a powerful scent so that when leakage occurs it can be perceived [2], however in a situation of the minimum quantity of gas leakage, some people have a poor sensing ability to perceive and so, more reliable and effective device use in detecting gas (gas leakage detector) has to be installed in homes, industries, and vehicles of LPG usage to avoid explosion.

LPG leakage refers to several factors such as leakage in the pipe, hose not properly fixed, and hearing of whistling or hissing sound around the cylinder, valve not fitted properly. There are different ways of detecting gas leakage in which there has been existing LPG detector which only sound out an alarm when there is leakage and there is still improvement that could be made to the existing ones, in which a microcontroller activate the alarm and send a message

through SMS to the appropriate personnel. The crux of the paper is to create a device that can detect LPG leakage as part of a safety measure and automatically send an SMS to the appropriate personnel and will activate an alarm immediately after gas leakage is detected in other to prevent wastage of the gas and also explosion which could lead to damaging of properties and other calamities [3].

The focus of this work is to design a system that monitors gas leakage in an enclosed system using an Arduino Uno microcontroller and an alarm system are used to alert people within leakages neighborhood while SMS will be sent to the premises owner or safety organization to towards making 2 decision to avert damages and loss of lives/properties.

## 1.2 Purpose

The design of a sensor-based automatic gas leakage detector with an alert and control system has been proposed. This is an affordable, less power using, lightweight, portable, safe, user friendly, efficient, multi featured and simple system device for detecting gas. Gas leakage detection will not only provide us with significance in the health department but it will also lead to raise our economy, because when gas leaks it not only contaminates the atmosphere, but also wastage of gases will hurt our economy. The need for ensuring safety in workplaces is expected to be the key driving force for the market over the coming years.

The objectives among others if the design is implemented are:

- i. To prevent loss of lives and properties when gas leakages occur
- ii. To enable prompt action by the premises owner and safety organization towards avert problems that may be associated with gas leakages.
- iii. To enable people around the gas leakages premises take action to prevent damages escalation.

# **CHAPTER 2**

### LITERATURE SURVEY

# 2.1 Existing problem

Gas leakage is nothing but the leak of any gaseous molecule from a stove, or a pipeline, or cylinder etc. This can occur either purposefully or even unintendedly. As we are aware that these kinds of leaks are dangerous to our health, and when it becomes explosive it could cause great danger to the people, home, workplace, industry and the environment.

## 2.2 References

# 2.2.1 Liquid Problem Gas Detection

Liquid problem gas is a flammable mixture of hydrocarbon gases used as fuel in heating appliances, cooking equipment, and specifically as a vehicle fuel (it is often referred to as autogas). It is an odorless gas due to ethyl mercaptan is added as an odorant to be easily detected when leakage occurs for safety precaution. LPG is made by refining petroleum or wet natural gas and is almost entirely derived from fossil fuels sources being manufactured during the refining of crude oil as theory emerged

from the natural state. It was classified as a hazardous material because of its explosive potentials when under pressure, due to this hazardous property leading to fire explosion. The gas detection process was made by the chemically infused paper that change its color when it's been exposed to gas before the development of the electronics gas detector. The electronics leakage detector was an active approach to initial fault detection in other to achieve the utmost safety of humanity and properties as a whole they introduced an android base automatic gas detection) different approaches have been used alongside several research in the detection of leakage and were also implemented alongside some incident toward some decades. The existing leakage detection is optical sensor method, cable sensor, negative pressure, vapor sampling, signal processing, mass volume, and pressure point analysis, in which have been implemented using a different framework. Some groups of researchers have classified the technology as two fitting categories, which are software and hardware method but research continues and to technical nature research effort which led them to three group methods.

### 2.2.2 Classification of Leakages Detection

There are different classes of leakage detection which have been used to monitor the leakage, several criteria are classified into their classification, some of which are critical principles and abilities needed from humans. The detection is classified into three, which are automated detection, manual detection, and semi-automated detection. Automated Detection involves monitoring of detecting leakage without the help of the operator, once the detector device is installed and been connected to the display of the personnel in charge and can be automatically shut down from the display unit. (SCADA); Manual Detection - These are methods in which the device can only be operated by humans. Like thermal imager or light detection and ranging (Lidar) devices; Semi-automated detection – solutions that necessitate a certain amount of input or assistance in carrying out certain tasks (e.g., statistical or digital signal processing methods) (Batzias et al., 2011). The technology used in leakages detection can be classified into two categories which are, Direct method and the Indirect method The direct method is making use of a handheld detector by the patrol team along the pipeline and in the aspect of the very long pipeline, the airplane mounted optical imaging device is used along the pipeline for measuring gas emanation for fast result.

# 2.2.3 FPGA-GSM Based Gas Leakage Detection

In the work entitled FPGA-GSM Based Gas Leakage Detection Method. They investigated a simple FPGA-based system that detected LPG leakages using the MQ6 sensor. In the event of gas leakage, an automatic warning call is sent to the first response team via GSM to avoid any delays. There is no remote monitoring or any mechanism for mitigating gas leaks, such as automatic shut-off of the gas supply.

# 2.2.4 Embedded Real-Time System for Gas Leakage Detection

A domestic applications in residential buildings for an Embedded real-time system for gas leakage detection in which sensor nodes are installed in various households and communicate with a single central node. An alarm is triggered in the event of gas leakage. The concerned personnel is identified and alerted via text messages using the assigned MAC address of the RF module in

each sensor unit. The use of exhaust fans is a commonly proposed solution for gas-related accidents, however, this system is only capable of mitigating a possible disaster and not completely averting it, since this approach reduces the risk by expelling gas leakage instead of shutting down the supply .

## 2.2.5 Wireless modularization of gas safety devices

Smart home gas safety management system based on wireless modularization of gas safety devices was designed to allow safety in the homes in other to reduce damages. The system is based on the commercially available intelligent Micom meters, which have enhanced standard gas meters with a built-in microcontroller and a cutoff valve. The system is primarily concerned with detecting fire breakouts, and the existing gas meter has been upgraded to communicate with an external smoke and CO detecting sensor, as well as fire extinguishing modules, which are used to extinguish the fire when the temperature exceeds the threshold. The requirement for an existing Micom meter to construct the enhanced gas and fire safety method is a disadvantage of this system, as it lacks independent application developed a gas leakage detection and location system based on wireless sensor

networks. They used wireless sensor networks to detect gas leakages and ensure product safety in the petrochemical industry. The system emphasizes the importance of developing centralized location software by collecting data from wireless RF sensors in order to precisely pinpoint the location of gas leakage and aid in the response time reduction In spite of the absence of remote monitoring and automatic shutoff, the study emphasizes the importance of inter-node communication in developing a dependable leakage detection system .

# 2.2.6 Automatic Safety Gas Stove and liquefied petroleum gas booking and monitoring

An automatic safety gas stove that uses Infrared (IR) sensors to detect the presence of utensils on the stove. In the absence of utensils, the system relies on motors to turn the stove knob to turn off the gas supply. The system presumes that the gas leak is limited to the stove burner and ignores the possibility of a leakage in the gas supply pipe. Its ability to detect gas leaks is limited due to the absence of any sensing units. The disadvantage of this approach is that it does not take into account scenarios such as gas pipe leakage. Automated Unified System for LPG Using

Microcontroller And GSM Module: This was a very costeffective 4 automated liquified petroleum gas booking and monitoring, which the gas leakage is detected through the weight sensor to detect the level of the gas in the cylinder and an MQ series sensor to monitor leakage through the SMS received by the user and automatically book the cylinder. It also involves an exhaust fan that is switched on and a solenoid valve fitted to the cylinder to close once there is leakage.

# 2.3 Problem Statement Definition

Few of the major incidents that took place due to gas leakage include the Bhopal Disaster and the Vizag Gas leak. The Bhopal disaster is known to be the worst industrial accident ever.

Approximately 45 tons of Methyl Isocyanate was leaked from this insecticide plant. Methyl Isocyanate is an organic compound and a chemical that could come from the carbamate pesticides. This colorless, poisonous and flammable liquid is something that human beings have to be away from. Vizag Gas leak was a resultant of the escape of styrene that were unattended for a long period.

This colorless oily liquid can spread in fumes. So, a detector must be made in such a way that could detect any kind of gas, fume, leak, smoke etc. However harmful and dangerous it can be, the detector could be attached with certain parameters that could help to prevent the issue.

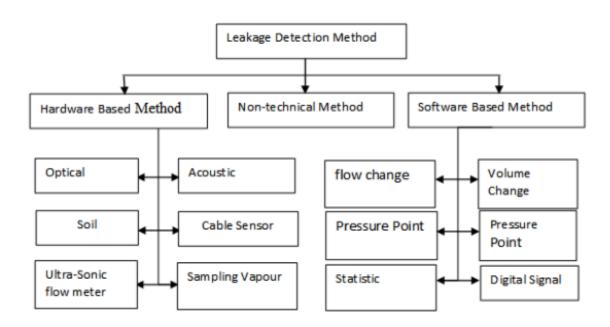


Fig. 2.3.1. Gas Leakage Detection Method Based on Technical Nature

# **CHAPTER 3**

# **IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION**

# 3.1 Empathy Map Canvas

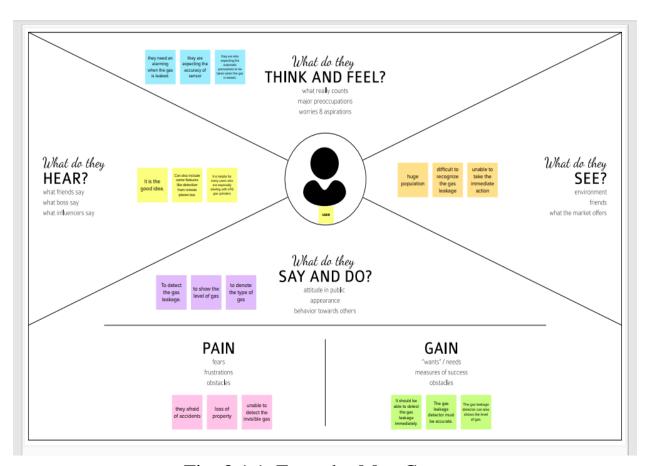


Fig. 3.1.1. Empathy Map Canvas

# What do they Think and Feel

- They need an alarm when the gas gets leaked.
- The user expects the accuracy of the setup.

• They expect the system to take automatic decisions when the gas gets leaked.

## What do they Hear

- They hear people suggestions about the product.
- People expect some features like detection from remote places too.
- It is helpful for many users who are especially dealing with LPG gas cylinder.

## What do they Hear

- The buyer expects huge product demand from the people.
- Immediately recognizing the gas leakage.

## What do they Say and Do

- The user expect the product to show the level of gas leaked in the surrounding.
- They also need to denote the type of gas.

# **Gain and Pain**

• It will be able to detect the gas leakage immediately.

- The gas leakage detector must be accurate.
- The gas leakage detector can also shows the level of gas.
- People afraid of accidents because of gas leakage and fire accidents.
- They fear about the loss of property due to Fire accidents and Short circuit of Electricity.
- People cannot detect the leakage of gas by naked eyes only
  if the gas can be smelled otherwise the leakage of gas causes
  great damage.

# 3.2 Ideation & Brainstorming

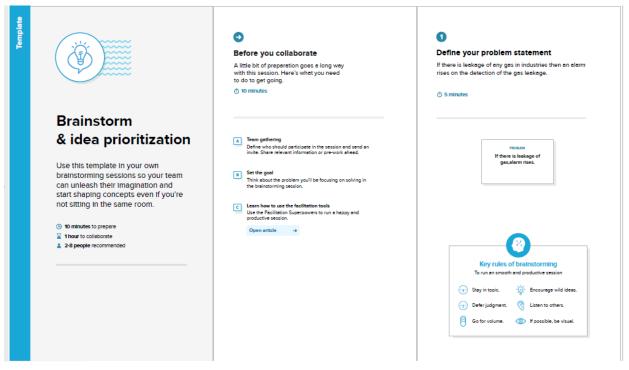


Fig.3.2.1 Ideation and Brainstorming

# **Brainstorm**

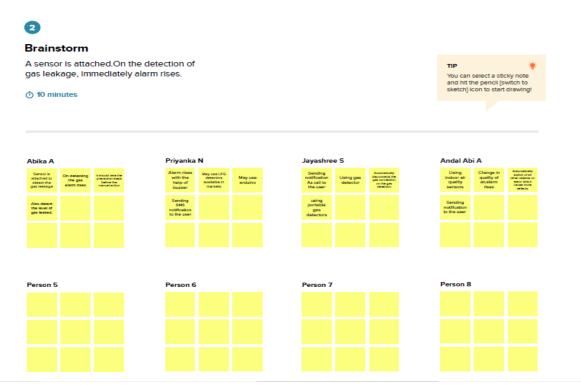


Fig.3.2.2 Brainstorm

# **Group Ideas**



#### Group ideas

Take turns sharing your ideas while clustering similar or related notes as you go. Once all sticky notes have been grouped, give each cluster a sentence-like label. If a cluster is bigger than six sticky notes, try and see if you and break it up into smaller sub-groups.

① 20 minutes



Fig.3.2.3 Group Ideas

# **Prioritize**

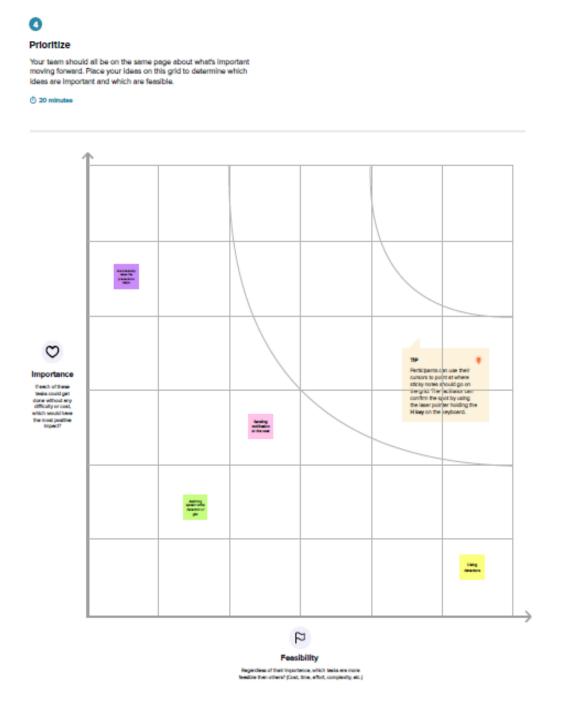


Fig.3.2.4 Prioritize

# 3.3 Proposed Solution

#### **Proposed Solution Template:**

Project team shall fill the following information in proposed solution template.

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	Leakage of gas in industries.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Detect the gas leakage using gas sensor.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	On the detection of gas, alarm rises.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	Customer is satisfied highly if the alarm rises accurately on the detection of gas leakage.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Gas Leakage Monitoring and alerting System become popular if it detects the gas and rise alarm and send SMS to the user.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Gas Leakage Monitoring and alerting System works for all types of gas leakage even if the gas is not harmful and this may cause some confusions.

The problem statement of the project is to solve the problem of Leakage of gas in Industries. Idea or Solution description given here is to detect the gas leakage using gas sensor. The Novelty or Uniqueness of the problem solution is that the customer is satisfies highly if the alarm rises accurately on the detection of gas leakage. Here the Business model is the gas Leakage

Monitoring and alerting System become popular if it detects the gas and rise alarm and send SMS to the user. The scalability of the solution is the gas leakage monitoring and alerting system works for all types of gas leakage even if the gas is not harmful and this may cause some confusions.

### 3.4 Problem Solution fit

## **Define CS, Fit into CC**

Project Title: Gas Leakage Monitoring and Alerting System

Project Design Phase-I - Solution Fit Template Team ID: PNT2022TMID06118 Explore AS, differentiate 1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) 6. CUSTOMER CONSTRAINTS 5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS 1. Our customers are the people 1. Proper alerting system is not 1. Can call 24/7 to gas agency. working in gas agencies and gas available. Proper awareness is needed. distributive vehicles where there is 2. Detection of gas is difficult in 3. Turning off gas cylinders collection of LPG gas cylinders. open space. directly. 2. The people living in residential 3. Not able to detect all types of building who are using the LPG gas gas. cylinders for cooking. 3. The people in the industry sector to detect the gas leakage. 4. In Hospital to detect the gas leakage.

Fig.3.4.1 Customer Segment

### Focus on J&P, tap into BE, Understand RC

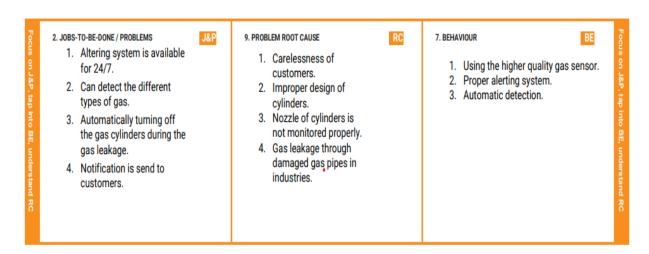


Fig.3.4.2 Focus on J&P

## **Identify Strong TR & EM**

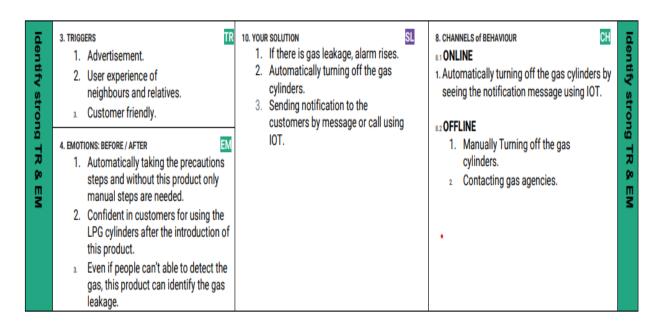


Fig.3.4.3 Identify Strong TR & EM

# **CHAPTER 4**

# **REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS**

# 4.1 Functional requirement

#### **Functional Requirements:**

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	Gas Detection	Gas Detection through Gas sensors
FR-2	Notification	Notification via Email
		Notification via OTP
		Notification via Mobile call
		Notification via Message
FR-3	Taking Precaution steps	Automatically turn off the gas knob
FR-4	Rising Alarm	Rising alarm using the buzzer.
FR-5	Safety of people	By rising alarm and avoiding disasters
FR-6	Easy to implement	IOT application with Arduino-UNO

Fig.4.1.1 Functional Requirements

Functional Requirement of the proposed solution is to detect the gas leakage through Gas sensors. The users should get Notification through Email, OTP, Mobile Call, Message.

The system should take precautions steps automatically like Turning off the Gas Knob. After the gas leakage detection the alarm will rise using the buzzer. By the rising of the alarm the people will be exited safely from various places thereby reducing the disasters. By IOT application using Arduino UNO the process is easy to implement.

# **4.2 Non-Functional requirements**

#### Non-functional Requirements:

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Can detect the release of gases
		Rises alarm
		Taking precaution steps
		Sending notifications
NFR-2	Security	Ensure the safety of people.
NFR-3	Reliability	Can detect the gases accurately.
NFR-4	Performance	Can detect the release of gases and
		automatically takes the precaution steps.
NFR-5	Availability	Can be used anywhere where the different
		gases are involved in work.
NFR-6	Scalability	Can detect the different types of gases even it is
		non-toxic.

Fig.4.2.1 Non-functional Requirements

Non-Functionality Requirements of the proposed solution are as follows:

- **Usability** It can detect the release of gases. The alarm will rise after detecting the gases. Precautions steps will be taken by the system. Notifications will be send to the users.
- **Security** The system will ensure the safety of the people.
- **Reliability** The system can detect the gases accurately.
- **Performance** It can detect the release the gases and automatically takes the precaution steps.
- Availability- The system can be used anywhere where the different gases are involved in work.
- Scalability- It can detect the different types of gases even it is non-toxic.

The system should response immediately to any leakage situation. The system should update the local database in real time. The system should make decision within 5 seconds. The Arduino response time should be fast. The gas detector should be from anywhere at any time. The homeowner information should be modified easily.

# **CHAPTER 5**

## PROJECT DESIGN

# **5.1 Data Flow Diagrams**

A Data Flow Diagram (DFD) is a traditional visual representation of the information flows within a system. A neat and clear DFD can depict the right amount of the system requirement graphically. It shows how data enters and leaves the system, what changes the information, and where data is stored.

Data Flow Diagram for - GAS LEAKAGE MONITORING AND ALERTING SYSTEM:

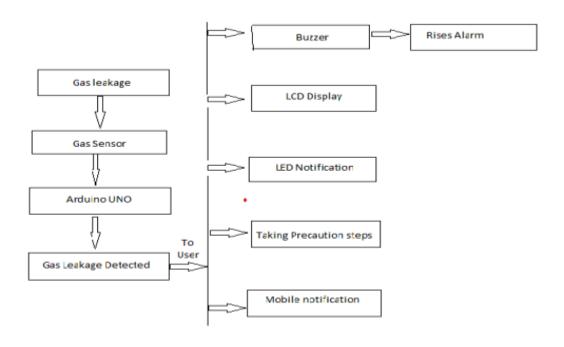


Fig.5.1.1 Data Flow Diagram

### 5.2 Solution & Technical Architecture

Leakage of gas is a major issue in the industrial sector, residential buildings, and gas-powered vehicles, one of the preventive methods to stop accidents associated with gas leakage is to install gas leakage detection devices. The focus of this work is to propose a device that can detect gas leakage and alert the owners to avert problems due to gas leakages. The system is based on a microcontroller that employs a gas sensor as well as a GSM module, an LCD display, and a buzzer. The system was designed for gas leakage monitoring and alerts with SMS via an Arduino microcontroller with a buzzer and an MQ2 gas sensor. The circuit contains a microcontroller MQ2 gas sensor, buzzer, LCD display, and GSM module, when the sensor detects gas leakage it transmits the information to the microcontroller while the microcontroller makes a decision and then forwarded a warning message to the user as SMS to a mobile phone, glowing of LED bulb, rising of Gas Detection Alarm, and decision to be taken accordingly.

# **Solution Architecture Diagram**

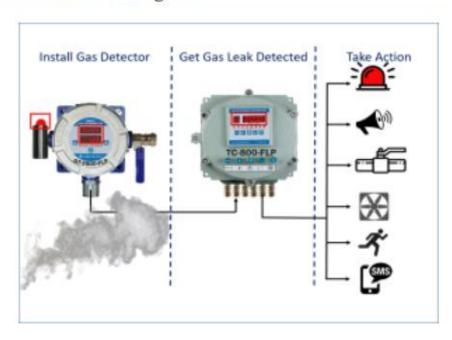


Fig.5.2.2 Solution and Technical Architecture

# **5.3** User Stories

#### **User Stories**

Use the below template to list all the user stories for the product.

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Home user)	Setup	USN-1	As a user, I need the proper setup of the gas leakage detector.	I can detect the leakage of gas.	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I can detect the gas leakage once the setup is completed.	I can detect the leakage of gas.	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Industrial user)		USN-1	As a user, I need the proper setup of the gas leakage detector.	I can detect the leakage of gas.	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I have to choose the quality products for Gas leakage detector setup.	I can detect the leakage of gas accurately and immediately once the gas is leaked.	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As a user, I can check a demo of the Gas leakage detector setup.	I can ensure the safety of workers.	Medium	Sprint-2
Customer (Hospital user)		USN-1	As a user, I need the proper setup of the gas leakage detector.	I can detect the leakage of gas.	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I need the proper accomodation of the gas leakage detector in the hospital.	I can ensure the comfortness of the patients in the hospital.	High	Sprint-1
Customer Care Executive	Creating Awareness	USN-1	As a Customer Care Executive,I can advertise the product to people.	I can ensure the benefit of huge people.	High	Sprint-1
Administrator	Creating product	USN-1	As a Administrator, I will design the gas leakage detector.	I can ensure gas leakage detection accurately.	High	Sprint-1

Fig.5.3.1 User Stories

# **CHAPTER 6**

# PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

# **6.1 Sprint Planning & Estimation**

Product Backlog, Sprint Schedule, and Estimation (4 Marks)

Use the below template to create product backlog and sprint schedule

Sprint	Functional	User Story	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team
	Requirement (Epic)	Number				Members
Sprint-1	Proper Setup of gas leakage detector	USN-1	Setting up of the non-defective gas leakage detector with proper equipments.	2	High	Andal Abi A
Sprint-2	Leakage of gas	USN-2	The gas sensor is used to identify the leakage of gas.	2	High	Priyanka N
Sprint-3	Message Alerting System	USN-3	When the gas is leaked, the gas sensors detect the gas and alert messages are send to the users.	2	High	Abika A
Sprint-4	Precaution Measures	USN-4	If the gas leakage is detected, the alarm rises and notifies the user.	2	High	Jayashree S

Fig.6.1.1 Sprint Planning and Estimation

# **6.2** Sprint Delivery Schedule

Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	19 Nov 2022

Fig.6.2.1 Sprint Delivery Schedule

Velocity:
Imagine we have a 10-day sprint duration, and the velocity of the team is 20 (points per sprint). Let's calculate the team's average velocity (AV) per iteration unit (story points per day)

$$AV = \frac{sprint\ duration}{velocity} = \frac{20}{10} = 2$$

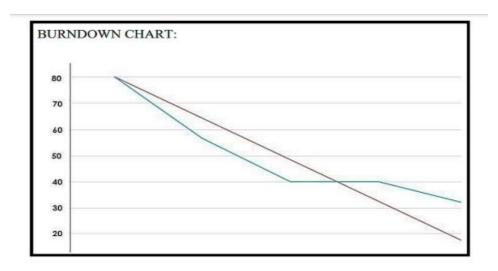


Fig.6.2.2 Burn Down Chart

# 6.3 Reports from JIRA

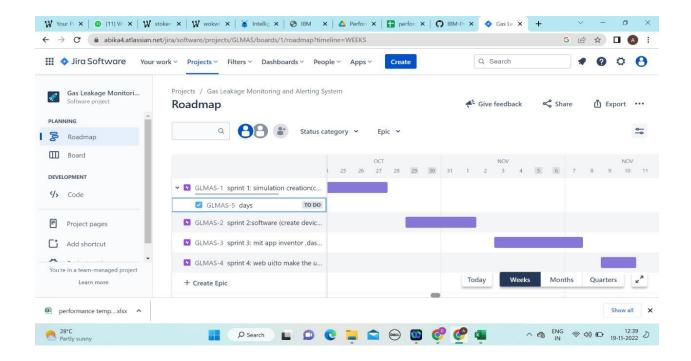


Fig.6.3.1 Report from JIRA

# CHAPTER 7 CODING & SOLUTIONING

#### 7.1 Feature 1

## **Node Red Output**

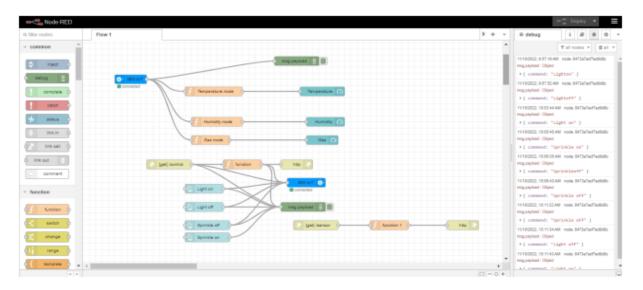


Fig.7.1.1 Node Red Output

# 7.2 Feature 2



Fig.7.2.1 Python Code

# CHAPTER 8 TESTING

#### 8.1 Test Cases

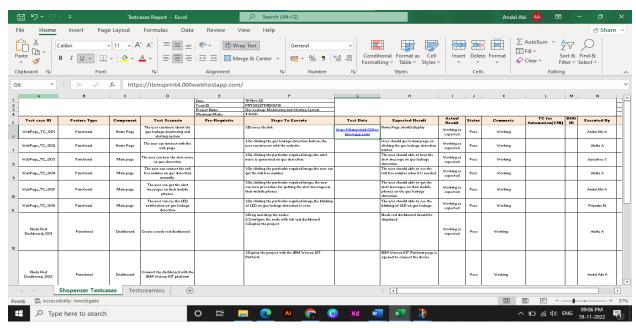


Fig.8.1.1 Test Cases

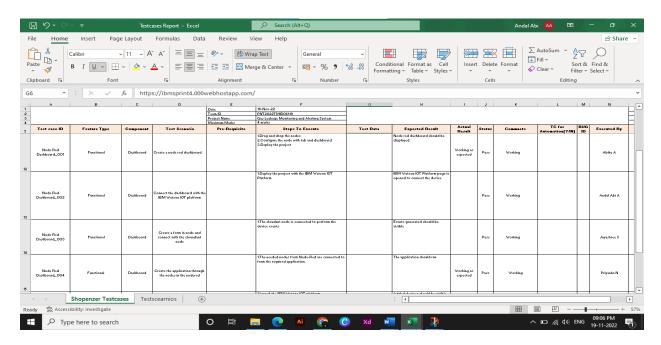


Fig.8.1.2 Test Cases

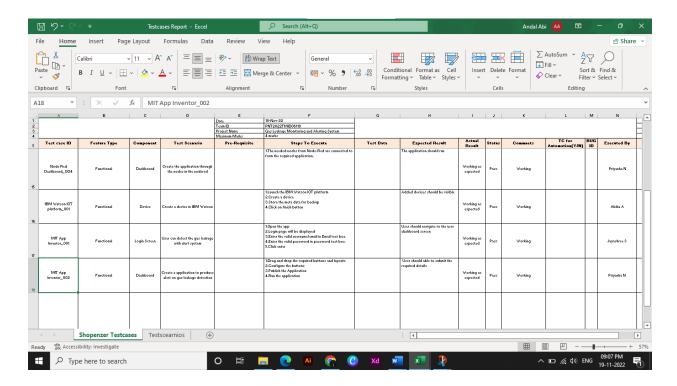


Fig.8.1.3 Test Cases

# 8.2 User Acceptance Testing

#### 1. Purpose of Document

The main Purpose of UAT is to validate end to end business flow. It does not focus on cosmetic errors, spelling mistakes or system testing. User Acceptance Testing is carried out in a separate testing environment with production-like data setup. It is kind of black box testing where two or more end-users will be involved.

#### UAT is performed by:

- Client
- End users



Fig.8.2.1 Purpose of Document

#### 2. Defect Analysis

This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved .

Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	4	3	2	1	10
Duplicate	1	0	3	0	4
External	2	2	1	1	6
Fixed	4	3	5	19	31
Not Reproduced	1	0	1	1	3
Skipped	0	0	1	1	2

Won't Fix	1	3	2	2	8
Totals	13	11	15	25	64

Fig.8.2.1 Defect Analysis

## 3. Test Case Analysis

This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested.

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Web Page	5	0	0	5
Node Red Dashboard	32	0	0	32
IBM Watson IOT platform	2	0	0	2
MIT App Inventor	3	0	0	3

Fig.8.2.3 Test Case Analysis

# CHAPTER 9 RESULTS

## 9.1 Performance Metrics

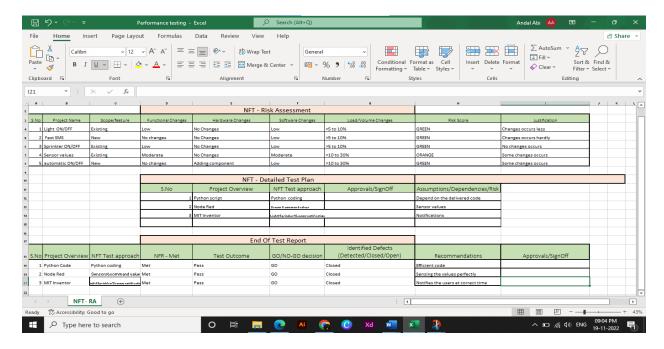


Fig.9.1.1 Performance Testing

# Web Application Dashboard



Fig.9.1.2 Web Application Dashboard

# CHAPTER 10 ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

# 10.1 Advantages

- Detect the concentration of the gases.
- The sensor-enabled solution helps prevent the high risk of gas explosions and affecting any casualties within and outside the premises.
- Get real-time alerts about the gaseous presence in the atmosphere.
- Prevent fire hazards and explosions.
- Ensure worker's health.
- Real-time updates about leakages.
- Cost-effective installation.
- Measure oxygen level accuracy.
- Get immediate gas leak alerts.

# 10.2 Disadvantages

- Get immediate gas leak alerts.
- When heavy dust, steam or fog blocks the laser beam, the system will not be able to take measurements.

# CHAPTER 11 CONCLUSION

#### 11.1 Conclusion

This work presents the design and implementation of gas leakage detection system. Various works on gas leakages detection reviewed presented. system and was Gas leakage leads to severe accidents resulting in material los -ses and human injuries. Gas Leakage occurs due to poor maintenance of equipment and inadequate awareness of the people. Hence, gas leakage detection is essential to prevent accidents and to save human lives. This research work had advanced in knowledge as it included an embedded system to alert users via multiple mobile phones for further action to be taken when leakage is detected. The device detects gas leakage using a highly sensitive MQ-2 gas sensor to activate a buzzer that alert people of leakages, and also sent an SMS with the information "Gas Leakage Detected" from the SIM800 GSM Module as a backup to alert the appropriate authority or facility owner of a gas leakage. This design could be adopted, funded, and implemented as it has great potential of mitigating against accidents associated with LPG leakage.

# **CHAPTER 12**

#### **FUTURE SCOPE**

# 12.1 Future Scope

Major cities of India are pushing Smart Home application, gas m onitoring system is a part of Smart Home application. Enhancing Industrial Safety using IOT. This system can be implemented in Industries, Hotels, and wherever the gas cylinders are used. This system can be used in industries involving applications such as Furnace, Boilers, Gas welding, Gas cutting, Steel Plants, Metallurgical industries, Plastic Industries, Food processing Industries, Glass Industries, Plastic Industries, Pharmaceuticals, Aerosol manufacturing. As hospitals require to provide maximum possible safety to patients, this system can be used to keep track of all the cylinders used in it. Some of the cylinders used are Oxygen cylinder, Carbon dioxide cylinder, Nitrous oxide cylinder. As many students are naive the risk of causing accidents is high. Hence, our system can also be used in schools. colleges. Many colleges have well established labs including che mistry lab and pharmaceutical labs where gas burners are used Several medical equipment requires gas cylinders.

# CHAPTER 13 APPENDIX

## 13.1 Source Code

import time import sys import ibmiotf.application import ibmiotf.device import random

```
#Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials
organization = "5py6q9"
deviceType = "Weather_now"
deviceId = "Weather1234"
authMethod = "token"
authToken = "XeJFia7_@@t9@@eq_?"

# Initialize GPIO

def myCommandCallback(cmd):
    print("Command received: %s" %
cmd.data['command'])
    status=cmd.data['command']
    if status=="Lighton":
        print ("Light is on")
    elif (status == "LIghtoff") :
        print ("Light is off")
```

```
print("Sprinkle is OFF")
  elif status == "sprinkleron":
    print("Sprinkle is ON")
  #print(cmd)
try:
    deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type":
deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-method":
authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
    deviceCli =
ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions)
    #.....
except Exception as e:
    print("Caught exception connecting device: %s"
% str(e))
    sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value
"world" into the cloud as an event of type "greeting"
10 times
deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #Get Sensor Data from DHT11
    temp=random.randint(0,100)
```

elif status == "sprinkleron":

```
Humid=random.randint(0,100)
    gas=random.randint(0,100)
    data = { 'temp' : temp, 'Humid': Humid, 'gas' :
gas }
    #print data
    def myOnPublishCallback():
       print ("Published Temperature = %s C" %
temp, "Humidity = %s %%" % Humid, "Gas_Level =
%s %%" %gas, "to IBM Watson")
    success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor",
"json", data, qos=0,
on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
    if not success:
       print("Not connected to IoTF")
    time.sleep(1)
    deviceCli.commandCallback =
myCommandCallback
# Disconnect the device and application from the
cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()
```

# 13.2 GitHub & Project Demo Link

**GitHub** 

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-15720-1659603533

**Project Demo Link** 

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1sHUyHfDSJeXzl9UZZO7qciITgWX102k9/vie