SENDGRID INTEGRATION WITH PYTHON

Date	17 NOV 2002
Team ID	PNT2022TMID37124
Project Name	CUSTOMER CARE REGISTRY

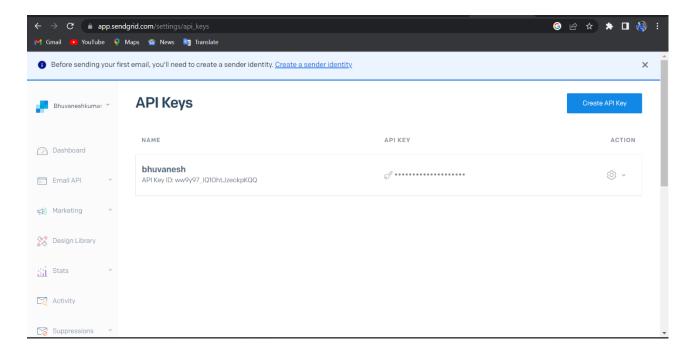
STEP 1:

REQUIREMENTS:

Python 2.6, 2.7, 3.4 or 3.5.

STEP 2:

Create an API key



STEP

3:

INSTALL

PAKAGE: > pip install sendgrid

SETP 4:

SEND EMAIL

```
app.py • next.py
UNTITLED (WORKSPACE)
  > _pycache_
                                                                     app.secret_key = 'a'

conn = ibm_db.connect("DATABASE=bludb;HDSTNAME=ba99a9e6-d59e-4883-8fc0-d6a8c9f7a08f.clog)3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.clouc

def send_mail(email):
    print(email)

message = Mail(from_email='bhuvanesh920gmail.com',
    to_emails='bhuvanesh920gmail.com',
    subject='caution',
    plain_text_content='please Stay Safe',
    html_content='<h2>You are entering into a containment Zone</h2>')
                                                                         13 app = Flask(__name__)
   > fonts
   > images
   6 home.html
   index.html
 admin data.csv
                                                                                           try:
| sg = SendGridAPIClient(
                                                                                          sg = SendGridAPICLient(
    'SG.BGTKSzPIThZySP6oAtJMNQ.mHyjzLKnBTs@cem7RtLZLLv@Mcfjp&eyE3a4KHqEUHs')
response = sy.send(message)
print([response.status.code])
print(response.body)
print(response.headers)
except Exception as e:
    print(e)
print(e)
 арр.ру
 △ Cert.crt
 dockerfile
 dockerfile.txt
                                                                        35 @app.route('/')
36 def home():
37 def home():
38 return render_template('home.html')

    ■ tempCodeRunnerFile.python

 test.py
> admin page
                                                                        PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL JUPYTER
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Dode - flask + √ 1 1 1 ^ ×
                                                                      File "/Users/admin/Desktop/flask/mail.py", line 3, in <module>
from jinja2.utls import select_autoescape
ImportError: No module named jinja2.utls
admin@Sutharshans-HacBook-Air flask % source /Users/admin/Desktop/flask/env/bin/activate
(env) admin@Sutharshans-HacBook-Air flask % pource /Users/admin/Desktop/flask/mail.py"
ITaccback (most recent call last):
file "/Users/admin/Desktop/flask/mail.py", line 30, in <module>
app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=5000)
NameError: name 'app' is not defined
(env) admin@Sutharshans-MacBook-Air flask % [
  > home
  > New folder
 > sass
                                                                                                                                                                                                                           Ln 30, Col 36 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF () Python 3.10.8 ('env': venv) P Go Live 👂 🚨
```

SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:

```
import os
  from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
  from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
5 message = Mail(
       from email='from email@example.com',
6
7
       to emails='to@example.com',
8
       subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
       html content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
   Python</strong>')
10 try:
11
       sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID API KEY'))
12
       response = sg.send(message)
13
      print(response.status code)
14
      print(response.body)
15
      print(response.headers)
16 except Exception as e:
      print(e.message)
```

HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM:

```
1 """HTTP Client library"""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
13
      import urllib2 as urllib
14
      from urllib2 import HTTPError
      from urllib import urlencode
15
16
17 _logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
18
19
21
22
23
      def___init__ (self, response):
24
           :param response: The return value from a open call
25
26
                             on a urllib.build opener()
27
           :type response: urllib response object
28
29
           self. status code = response.getcode()
           self. body = response.read()
30
31
           self. headers = response.info()
33
34
      def status code(self):
35
36
           :return: integer, status code of API call
37
38
           return self. status code
39
40
      def body(self):
41
42
43
           :return: response from the API
44
45
           return self._body
46
47
```

```
48
      def headers(self):
49
           :return: dict of response headers
51
52
           return self._headers
53
54
55
56
57
           :return: dict of response from the API
58
59
           if self.body:
60
               return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
61
62
63
64
65 class Client (object):
66
67
68
69
      methods = {'delete', 'get', 'patch', 'post', 'put'}
70
71
72
                    host,
73
                    request headers=None,
74
                    version=None,
75
                    url path=None,
76
                    append slash=False,
                    timeout=None):
78
79
           :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
  https://api.sendgrid.com)
80
           :type host: string
81
           :param request headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
82
                                   applied on all calls
83
           :type request headers: dictionary
84
           :param version: The version number of the API.
                           Subclass build versioned url for custom
85
  behavior.
86
                           Or just pass the version as part of the URL
87
                           (e.g. client._("/v3"))
           :type version: integer
88
           :param url path: A list of the url path segments
89
           :type url path: list of strings
92
           self.host = host
           self.request headers = request headers or {}
93
94
           self. version = version
           self. url path = url path or []
96
97
98
           self.append slash = append slash
           self.timeout = timeout
99
100
        def build versioned url(self, url):
101
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
103
               (e.g. client. ('/v3'))
104
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
105
106
            :type url: string
107
108
109
            return '{}/v{}{}'.format(self.host, str(self. version),
  url)
110
111
        def build url(self, query params):
112
113
114
            :param query params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
115
           :type query_params: dictionary
116
117
           url = ''
118
119
           while count < len(self. url path):</pre>
120
121
                url += '/{}'.format(self. url path[count])
                count += 1
122
123
124
125
           if self.append slash:
                url += '/'
126
127
128
           if query params:
129
                url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
131
           if self. version:
132
133
                url = self. build versioned url(url)
134
135
                url = '{}{}'.format(self.host, url)
136
            return url
137
        def update headers(self, request headers):
138
139
140
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
141
142
            :type request headers: dictionary
143
            :return: dictionary
144
145
            self.request headers.update(request headers)
146
147
        def _build_client(self, name=None):
```

```
148
149
150
            :param name: Name of the url segment
151
            :type name: string
152
153
154
            url path = self. url path + [name] if name else
  self._url_path
155
            return Client (host=self.host,
156
                           version=self. version,
157
                           request headers=self.request headers,
158
                           url path=url path,
159
                           append slash=self.append slash,
160
                           timeout=self.timeout)
161
162
        def make request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
163
164
165
166
            :param opener:
167
            :type opener:
            :param request: url payload to request
168
            :type request: urllib.Request object
169
170
            :param timeout: timeout value or None
171
            :type timeout: float
172
            :return: urllib response
173
174
            timeout = timeout or self.timeout
175
176
                return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
177
            except HTTPError as err:
178
                exc = handle error(err)
                exc. cause = None
179
180
                 logger.debug('{method} Response: {status}
```

```
{body}'.format(
181
                   method=request.get method(),
182
                    status=exc.status code,
183
                    body=exc.body))
184
                raise exc
185
186
       def (self, name):
187
               (e.g. /your/api/{variable value}/call)
188
189
              Another example: if you have a Python reserved word,
  such as global,
190
               in your url, you must use this method.
191
192
            :param name: Name of the url segment
193
           :type name: string
194
195
196
           return self. build client(name)
197
       def getattr (self, name):
198
199
               (e.g. client.name.name.method())
              You can also add a version number by using
201
   .version(<int>)
202
203
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
204
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
205
            :return: mixed
206
207
           if name == 'version':
                def get version(*args, **kwargs):
208
209
210
                    :param args: dict of settings
211
                    :param kwargs: unused
```

```
212
                     :return: string, version
213
214
                    self. version = args[0]
215
                     return self. build client()
216
                return get version
217
218
219
           if name in self.methods:
220
                method = name.upper()
221
222
                def http_request(
223
                         request body=None,
224
                         query params=None,
225
                         request headers=None,
226
                         timeout=None,
227
                         ** ):
228
229
                     :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
  propagated to
230
                        urllib client
231
                     :type timeout: float
232
                     :param request headers: HTTP headers. Will be
  merged into
233
                         current client object state
234
                     :type request headers: dict
235
                     :param query params: HTTP query parameters
236
                     :type query params: dict
237
                     :param request body: HTTP request body
238
                     :type request body: string or json-serializable
239
                     :param kwargs:
240
241
242
                     if request headers:
```

```
243
                         self. update headers(request headers)
244
245
                    if request body is None:
246
                         data = None
247
248
249
250
                        if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
251
                                 self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
252
253
                             data = request body.encode('utf-8')
254
255
                             self.request headers.setdefault(
256
257
                             data =
  json.dumps(request body).encode('utf-8')
258
259
                    opener = urllib.build opener()
260
                    request = urllib.Request(
261
                         self. build url(query params),
262
                        headers=self.request headers,
263
                         data=data,
264
265
                    request.get method = lambda: method
266
267
                    logger.debug('{method} Request: {url}'.format(
268
                         method=method,
269
                         url=request.get full url()))
270
                    if request.data:
271
                         logger.debug('PAYLOAD: {data}'.format(
272
                             data=request.data))
                    logger.debug('HEADERS: {headers}'.format(
273
274
                         headers=request.headers))
275
```

```
276
                  response = Response(
277
                       self. make request(opener, request,
 timeout=timeout)
278
279
280
                   logger.debug('{method} Response: {status}
  {body}'.format(
281
                       method=method,
282
                       status=response.status code,
283
                       body=response.body))
284
285
                  return response
286
287
               return http request
288
289
290
               return self. (name)
291
       def getstate (self):
292
293
           return self. dict___
294
295
       def setstate (self, state):
```