IOT ENABLED SMART FARMING APPLICATION SPRINT DELIVERY – 4

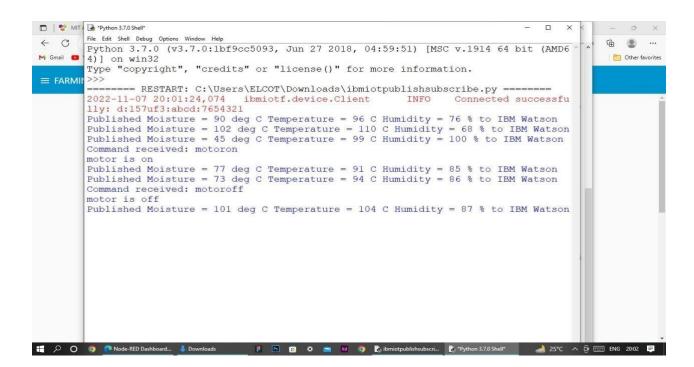
TITLE	Smart Farmer-IOT Enabled Smart Farming Application
DOMAIN NAME	INTERNET OF THINGS
TEAM ID	PNT2022TMID21910

5.5 Receiving commands from IBM cloud using Python program

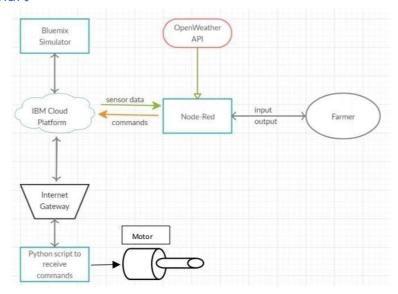
import time import sys import ibmiotf.application import ibmiotf.device import random #Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials organization = "157uf3" deviceType = "abcd" deviceId = "7654321" authMethod = "token" authToken = "87654321" # Initialize GPIO def myCommandCallback(cmd): print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command']) status=cmd.data['command'] if status=="motoron": print ("motor is on") elif status == "motoroff": print ("motor is off") else: print ("please send proper command") try: deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken} deviceCli = ibmiotf.device.Client(deviceOptions) #.....

except Exception as e:

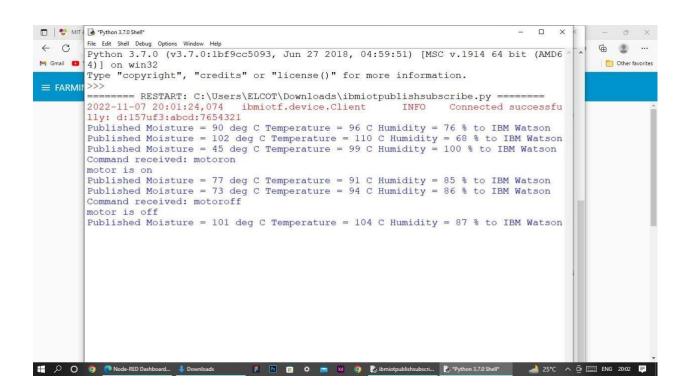
```
print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e))
sys.exit()
# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as an
event of type "greeting" 10 times deviceCli.connect()
while True:
    #Get Sensor Data from DHT11
temp=random.randint(90,110)
Humid=random.randint(60,100)
Mois=random. Randint(20,120) data = {
'temp': temp, 'Humid': Humid, 'Mois':
Mois}
    #print data
                   def
myOnPublishCallback():
      print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp, "Humidity = %s %%"
% Humid, "Moisture =%s deg c" % Mois "to IBM Watson")
                                                              success =
deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0,
on publish=myOnPublishCallback)
                                     if not success:
print("Not connected to IoTF")
time.sleep(10)
    deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback #
Disconnect the device and application from the cloud
deviceCli.disconnect()
```

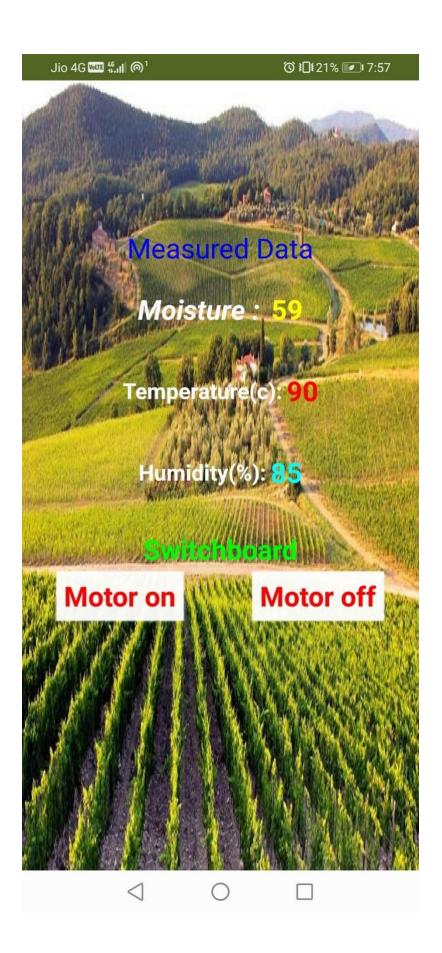


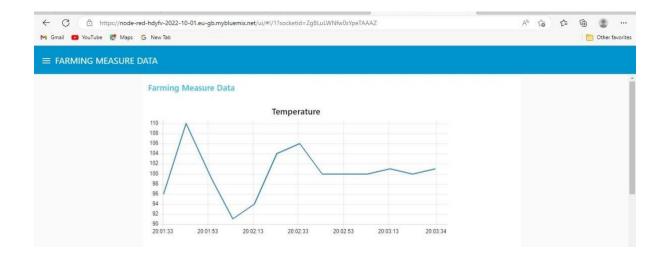
6.Flow Chart

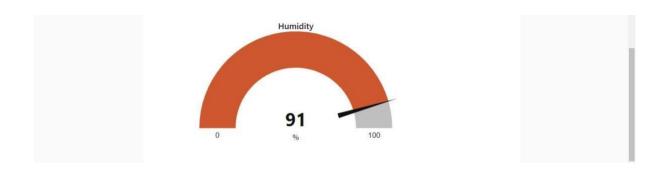


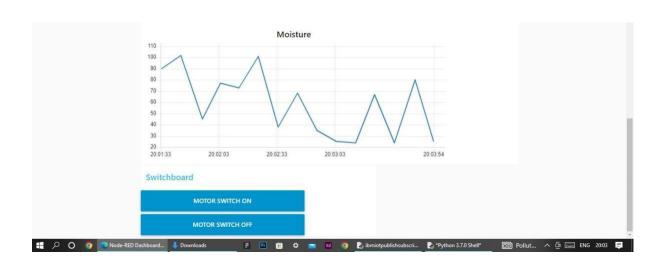
7. Observations & Results











8. Advantages & Disadvantages Advantages:

- Farms can be monitored and controlled remotely.
- Increase in convenience to farmers.
- Less labor cost.
- Better standards of living.

Disadvantages:

- Lack of internet/connectivity issues.
- Added cost of internet and internet gateway infrastructure.
- Farmers wanted to adapt the use of Mobile App.

9.Conclusion

Thus the objective of the project to implement an IoT system in order to help farmers to control and monitor their farms has been implemented successfully.

10.Bibliography IBM cloud reference: https://cloud.ibm.com/ IoT simulator: https://watson-iot-sensor-simulator.mybluemix.net/ OpenWeather: https://openweathermap.org/