→ 1. Download the dataset

```
import numpy as np # linear algebra
import pandas as pd # data processing, CSV file I/O (e.g. pd.read_csv)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from scipy.stats import skew
%matplotlib inline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest
from sklearn.metrics import r2_score, mean_squared_error
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingRegressor
from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge
from sklearn.svm import SVR
import warnings
```

2. Load the dataset into the tool.

```
data = pd.read_csv('/content/abalone.csv')
data['age'] = data['Rings']+1.5
data.drop('Rings', axis = 1, inplace = True)
print('This dataset has {} observations with {} features.'.format(data.shape[0], data.shape[1]))
    This dataset has 4177 observations with 9 features.
data.info()
    <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
    RangeIndex: 4177 entries, 0 to 4176
    Data columns (total 9 columns):
     # Column Non-Null Count Dtype
     ---
                      4177 non-null object
     0 Sex
     1 Length
                      4177 non-null float64
                 4177 non-null float64
4177 non-null float64
     2 Diameter
     3 Height
     4 Whole weight 4177 non-null float64
     5 Shucked weight 4177 non-null float64
       Viscera weight 4177 non-null float64
```

7 Shell weight 4177 non-null float64 8 age 4177 non-null float64

dtypes: float64(8), object(1)
memory usage: 293.8+ KB

0.00 0.25 0.50 0.75 1.00 1.25

Perform Below Visualizations:Univariate Analysis, Bi-Variate Analysis, Multi-Variate Analysis

```
data.hist(figsize=(20,10), grid=False, layout=(2, 4), bins = 30)
      array([[<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f87728c6f10>,
                <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f87723ef1d0>,
                <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f87724076d0>,
                <matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f87723b5bd0>],
              [<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f8772378110>,
                <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f877232e610>,
                <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f8772ebe3d0>,
                <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot object at 0x7f8772cfb890>]],
             dtype=object)
                   Length
                                                                                                             Whole weight
                                                 Diameter
                                                                                Height
                                                                   1600
       400
                                                                                                  300
                                     350
                                                                   1400
       350
                                                                                                  250
                                     300
                                                                   1200
       300
                                     250
                                                                                                  200
                                                                   1000
       250
                                     200
       200
                                                                                                  150
                                     150
                                                                    600
                                                                                                  100
                                     100
       100
                                                                    400
                                                                                                   50
                                      50
                                                                    200
       50
                         0.6
                                          0.1
                                                 0.3
                                                    0.4
                                                                                  0.6
                                                                                                             1.0
                                                                                                                 1.5
                                                                                                                     2.0
                Shucked weight
                                               Viscera weight
                                                                              Shell weight
                                                                                                                age
       350
                                     350
                                                                                                  600
       300
                                     300
                                                                    300
       250
                                     250
                                                                    250
       200
                                     200
                                                                    200
                                                                                                  300
      150
                                     150
                                                                    150
       100
                                     100
                                                                                                  100
       50
                                      50
                                                                     50
```

0.4

0.0 0.2

10

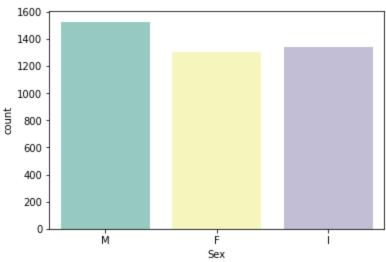
0.2

categorical_features

```
Index(['Sex'], dtype='object')
```

```
sns.countplot(x = 'Sex', data = data, palette="Set3")
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f8771e294d0>



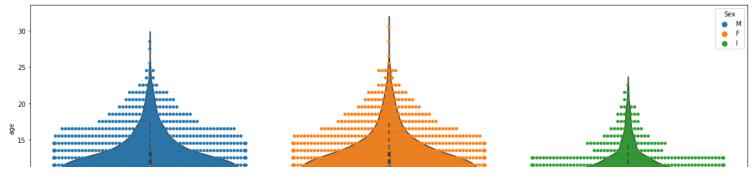
```
plt.figure(figsize = (20,7))
sns.swarmplot(x = 'Sex', y = 'age', data = data, hue = 'Sex')
sns.violinplot(x = 'Sex', y = 'age', data = data)
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/categorical.py:1296: UserWarning: 56.2% of the poin warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/categorical.py:1296: UserWarning: 52.2% of the poin warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)

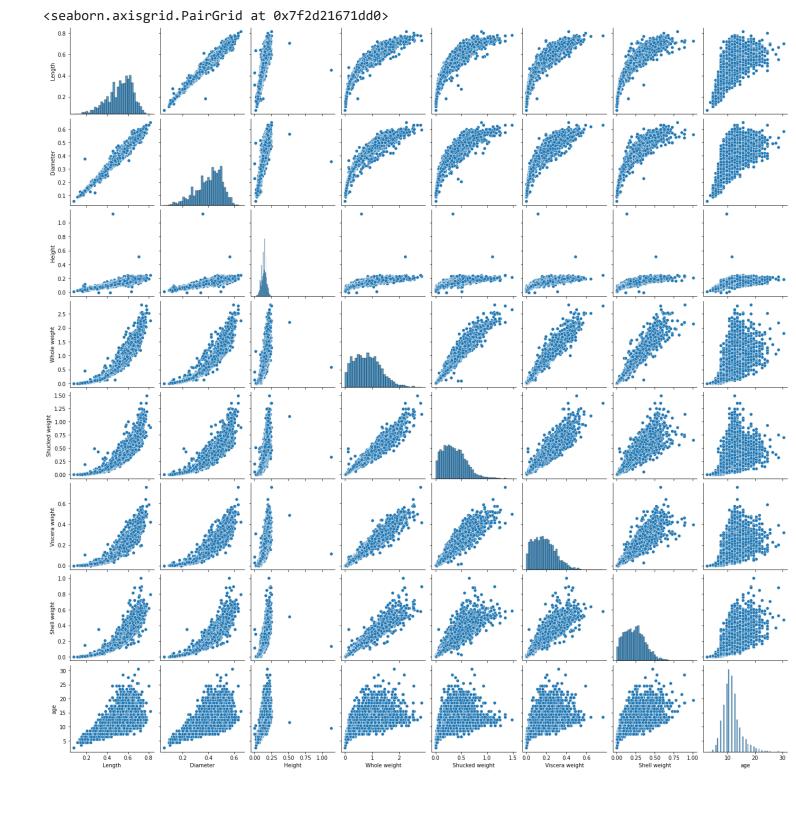
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/seaborn/categorical.py:1296: UserWarning: 58.5% of the poin warnings.warn(msg, UserWarning)

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f8771df52d0>



	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	age
Sex								
I	0.427746	0.326494	0.107996	0.431363	0.191035	0.092010	0.128182	9.390462
M	0.561391	0.439287	0.151381	0.991459	0.432946	0.215545	0.281969	12.205497
F	0.579093	0.454732	0.158011	1.046532	0.446188	0.230689	0.302010	12.629304

sns.pairplot(data[numerical_features])

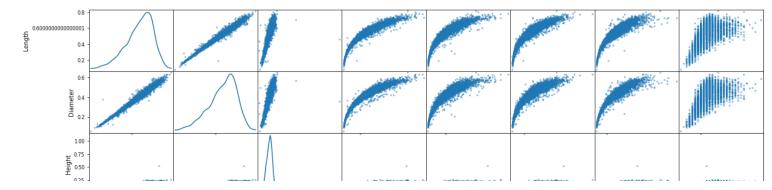


plt.figure(figsize=(20,7))
sns.heatmap(data[numerical_features].corr(), annot=True)

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f876f48eb50>

Length -	1	0.99	0.83	0.93	0.9	0.9
Diameter -	0.99	1	0.83	0.93	0.89	0.9
Height -	0.83	0.83	1	0.82	0.77	0.8
Whole weight -	0.93	0.93	0.82	1	0.97	0.97
Shucked weight -	0.9	0.89	0.77	0.97	1	0.93

pd.plotting.scatter_matrix(data.loc[:, 'Sex':'age'], diagonal="kde",figsize=(20,15))
plt.show()



4.Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset

data.describe()

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	
count	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	4177.000000	41
mean	0.523992	0.407881	0.139516	0.828742	0.359367	0.180594	0.238831	
std	0.120093	0.099240	0.041827	0.490389	0.221963	0.109614	0.139203	
min	0.075000	0.055000	0.000000	0.002000	0.001000	0.000500	0.001500	
25%	0.450000	0.350000	0.115000	0.441500	0.186000	0.093500	0.130000	
50%	0.545000	0.425000	0.140000	0.799500	0.336000	0.171000	0.234000	
75%	0.615000	0.480000	0.165000	1.153000	0.502000	0.253000	0.329000	
4		1	2100		1			•

```
data['Sex'].describe()
```

count 4177 unique 3 top M freq 1528

Name: Sex, dtype: object

data['Sex'].value_counts()

M 1528 I 1342 F 1307

Name: Sex, dtype: int64

data.kurtosis()

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:1: FutureWarning: Dropping of nuisand """Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.

Length 0.064621
Diameter -0.045476
Height 76.025509
Whole weight -0.023644
Shucked weight 0.595124
Viscera weight 0.084012
Shell weight 0.531926
age 2.330687

dtype: float64

	Features	Skewness degree
2	Height	3.127694
7	age	1.113702
4	Shucked weight	0.718840
6	Shell weight	0.620704
5	Viscera weight	0.591640
3	Whole weight	0.530768
1	Diameter	-0.608979
0	Length	-0.639643

▼ 5.Check for Missing values and deal with them.

```
missing_values = data.isnull().sum().sort_values(ascending = False)
percentage_missing_values = (missing_values/len(data))*100
pd.concat([missing_values, percentage_missing_values], axis = 1, keys= ['Missing values', '% Missing'])
```

	Missing values	% Missing
Sex	0	0.0
Length	0	0.0
Diameter	0	0.0
Height	0	0.0
Whole weight	0	0.0
Shucked weight	0	0.0
Viscera weight	0	0.0
Shell weight	0	0.0
age	0	0.0

data.head

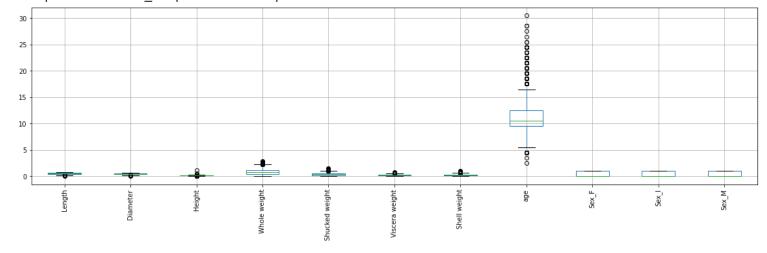
<boun< th=""><th>d met</th><th>hod NDFr</th><th>ame.head o</th><th>of</th><th>Sex</th><th>Length</th><th>Diameter</th><th>Height</th><th>Whole weight</th><th>Shucked weight</th><th>\</th></boun<>	d met	hod NDFr	ame.head o	of	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	\
0	М	0.455	0.365	0.095		0.514	0	0.2245			
1	М	0.350	0.265	0.090		0.225		0.0995			
2	F	0.530	0.420	0.135		0.677	0	0.2565			

3	М	0.440	0.365	0.125		0.5160	0.2155
4	I	0.330	0.255	0.080		0.2050	0.0895
							• • •
4172	F	0.565	0.450	0.165		0.8870	0.3700
4173	Μ	0.590	0.440	0.135		0.9660	0.4390
4174	Μ	0.600	0.475	0.205		1.1760	0.5255
4175	F	0.625	0.485	0.150		1.0945	0.5310
4176	Μ	0.710	0.555	0.195		1.9485	0.9455
	Visc	era weight	Shell	weight	age		
0		0.1010		0.1500	16.5		
1		0.0485		0.0700	8.5		
2		0.1415		0.2100	10.5		
3		0.1140		0.1550	11.5		
4		0.0395		0.0550	8.5		
4172		0.2390		0.2490	12.5		
4173		0.2145		0.2605	11.5		
4174		0.2875		0.3080	10.5		
4175		0.2610		0.2960	11.5		
4176		0.3765		0.4950	13.5		
[4177	rows	x 9 colum	ns]>				

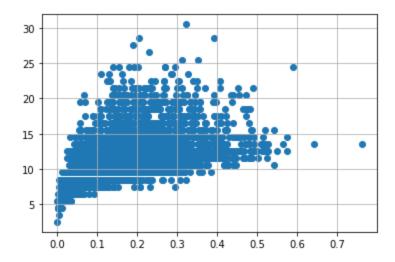
→ 6.Find the outliers and replace them outliers

```
original_data = data.copy()
data = pd.get_dummies(data)
dummy_data = data.copy()
data.boxplot( rot = 90, figsize=(20,5))
```

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f876c4c0590>

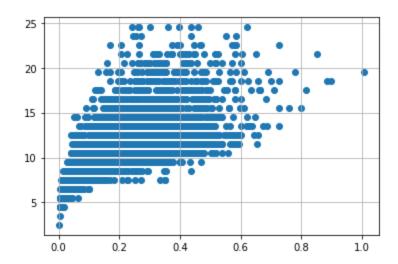


```
plt.scatter(x = data[var], y = data['age'],)
plt.grid(True)
```



```
# outliers removal
data.drop(data[(data['Viscera weight']> 0.5) & (data['age'] < 20)].index, inplace=True)
data.drop(data[(data['Viscera weight']<0.5) & (data['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)
```

```
var = 'Shell weight'
plt.scatter(x = data[var], y = data['age'],)
plt.grid(True)
```



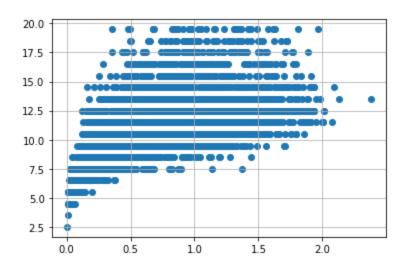
```
data.drop(data[(data['Shell weight']> 0.6) & (data['age'] < 25)].index, inplace=True)
data.drop(data[(data['Shell weight']<0.8) & (data['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)
```

```
var = 'Shucked weight'
plt.scatter(x = data[var], y = data['age'],)
plt.grid(True)
```

```
20
```

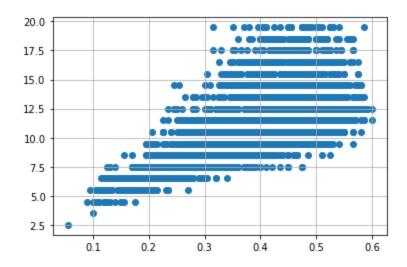
data.drop(data[(data['Shucked weight']>= 1) & (data['age'] < 20)].index, inplace=True)
data.drop(data[(data['Shucked weight']<1) & (data['age'] > 20)].index, inplace=True)

```
var = 'Whole weight'
plt.scatter(x = data[var], y = data['age'],)
plt.grid(True)
```



data.drop(data[(data['Whole weight']>= 2.5) & (data['age'] < 25)].index, inplace=True)
data.drop(data[(data['Whole weight']<2.5) & (data['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)

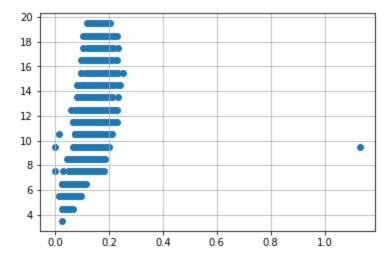
```
var = 'Diameter'
plt.scatter(x = data[var], y = data['age'],)
plt.grid(True)
```



```
data.drop(data['Diameter']<0.1) & (data['age'] < 5)].index, inplace=True)
data.drop(data[(data['Diameter']<0.6) & (data['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)
data.drop(data[(data['Diameter']>=0.6) & (data['age']< 25)].index, inplace=True)</pre>
```

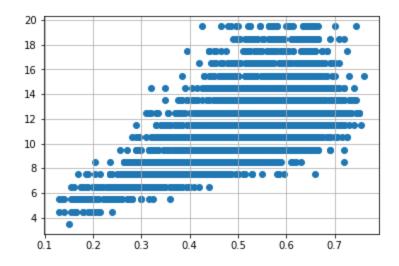
```
var = 'Height'
```

```
plt.scatter(x = data[var], y = data['age'],)
plt.grid(True)
```



```
data.drop(data['Height']>0.4) & (data['age'] < 15)].index, inplace=True)
data.drop(data[(data['Height']<0.4) & (data['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)

var = 'Length'
plt.scatter(x = data[var], y = data['age'],)
plt.grid(True)
```



```
data.drop(data[(data['Length']<0.1) & (data['age'] < 5)].index, inplace=True)
data.drop(data[(data['Length']<0.8) & (data['age'] > 25)].index, inplace=True)
data.drop(data[(data['Length']>=0.8) & (data['age']< 25)].index, inplace=True)</pre>
```

▼ 7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.

```
from sklearn import preprocessing
label = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()

original_data['Sex']= label.fit_transform(original_data['Sex'])

original_data.head()
```

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight	age
0	2	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.150	16.5
1	2	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.070	8.5
2	0	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.210	10.5
3	2	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.155	11.5
4	1	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.055	8.5

▼ 8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

```
X = original_data.drop('age', axis = 1)
y = original_data['age']
```

Χ

	Sex	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight	Viscera weight	Shell weight
0	2	0.455	0.365	0.095	0.5140	0.2245	0.1010	0.1500
1	2	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995	0.0485	0.0700
2	0	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565	0.1415	0.2100
3	2	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155	0.1140	0.1550
4	1	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895	0.0395	0.0550
4172	0	0.565	0.450	0.165	0.8870	0.3700	0.2390	0.2490
4173	2	0.590	0.440	0.135	0.9660	0.4390	0.2145	0.2605
4174	2	0.600	0.475	0.205	1.1760	0.5255	0.2875	0.3080
4175	0	0.625	0.485	0.150	1.0945	0.5310	0.2610	0.2960
4176	2	0.710	0.555	0.195	1.9485	0.9455	0.3765	0.4950

4177 rows × 8 columns

у

0	16.5
1	8.5
2	10.5
3	11.5
4	8.5
	• • •
4172	12.5

```
4173 11.5

4174 10.5

4175 11.5

4176 13.5

Name: age, Length: 4177, dtype: float64
```

→ 9. Scale the independent variables

```
# Normalized Y
from sklearn import preprocessing
Y=y.values.reshape(-1,1)
normalized_Y = preprocessing.normalize(Y)
print (normalized_Y)
     [[1.]]
      [1.]
      [1.]
      [1.]
      [1.]
      [1.]]
# Standardized Y
standard_Y = Y.copy()
from sklearn import preprocessing
ss = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
ss.fit(standard_Y)
print (standard_Y)
     [[16.5]
      [ 8.5]
      [10.5]
      [10.5]
      [11.5]
      [13.5]]
```

10. Split the data into training and testing

```
X = data.drop('age', axis = 1)
y = data['age']
```

```
standardScale = StandardScaler()
standardScale.fit_transform(X)

selectkBest = SelectKBest()
X_new = selectkBest.fit_transform(X, y)

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X_new, y, test_size = 0.25)
```

→ 11. Build the Model

12. Train the Model

```
np.random.seed(10)
def rmse_cv(model, X_train, y):
    rmse =- (cross_val_score(model, X_train, y, scoring='neg_mean_squared_error', cv=5))
    return(rmse*100)
models = [LinearRegression(),
             Ridge(),
             SVR(),
             RandomForestRegressor(),
             GradientBoostingRegressor(),
             KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors = 4),]
names = ['LR','Ridge','svm','GNB','RF','GB','KNN']
for model,name in zip(models,names):
    score = rmse_cv(model,X_train,y_train)
                : {:.6f}, {:4f}".format(name, score.mean(), score.std()))
        : 348.361383, 25.766755
     LR
     Ridge : 353.619706, 31.391040
     svm
          : 374.162503, 40.223080
     GNB
           : 343.729821, 22.225674
     RF : 338.530444, 21.864369
     GB
          : 382.908726, 26.213802
def modelfit(alg, dtrain, predictors, performCV=True, printFeatureImportance=True, cv_folds=5):
    #Fit the algorithm on the data
    alg.fit(dtrain[predictors], dtrain['age'])
    #Predict training set:
    dtrain_predictions = alg.predict(dtrain[predictors])
    #dtrain_predprob = alg.predict_proba(dtrain[predictors])[:,1]
    #Perform cross-validation:
    if performCV:
        cv_score = -cross_val_score(alg, dtrain[predictors], dtrain['age'], cv=cv_folds,
                                                    scoring='r2')
    #Print model report:
```

```
print ("\nModel Report")
print( "RMSE : %.4g" % mean_squared_error(dtrain['age'].values, dtrain_predictions))
print( "R2 Score (Train): %f" % r2_score(dtrain['age'], dtrain_predictions))
if performCV:
    print( "CV Score : Mean - %.7g | Std - %.7g | Min - %.7g | Max - %.7g" % (np.mean(cv_score),np.
                                                                              np.min(cv_score),np.ma
#Print Feature Importance:
if printFeatureImportance:
   feat_imp = pd.Series(alg.coef_, predictors).sort_values(ascending=False)
   plt.figure(figsize=(20,4))
   feat_imp.plot(kind='bar', title='Feature Importances')
```

plt.ylabel('Feature Importance Score')

```
→ 13. Test the Model

   14. Measure the performance using Metrics
  # Base Model
  predictors = [x for x in data.columns if x not in ['age']]
  lrm0 = Ridge(random_state=10)
  modelfit(lrm0, data, predictors)
        Model Report
        RMSE: 3.593
        R2 Score (Train): 0.529894
        CV Score: Mean - -0.4503433 | Std - 0.08079434 | Min - -0.514565 | Max - -0.3061263
        Feature Importance Score
          -5
         -10
                                                                Sex M
                                             Whole weight
```

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