

## Assignment -2

### Data Visualization and Data Pre-processing

Assignment Date	17 September 2022
Student Name	Manjunathan V
Student Roll Number	727719EUCS080
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

#### Question-1:

Download the dataset: Dataset

#### Question-2:

Load the dataset.

**Solution:**

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("D://data.csv")
df.head()
```

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df = pd.read_csv("D://data.csv")
df.head()
```

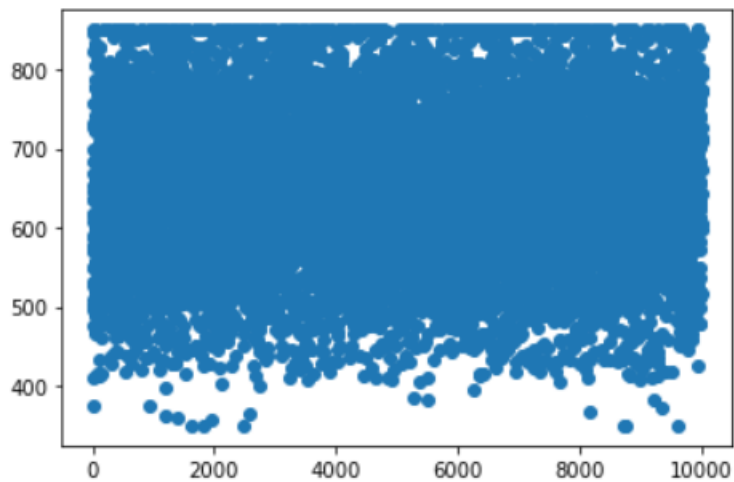
Number	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	0

### Question-3:

Perform Below Visualizations.

- Univariate Analysis

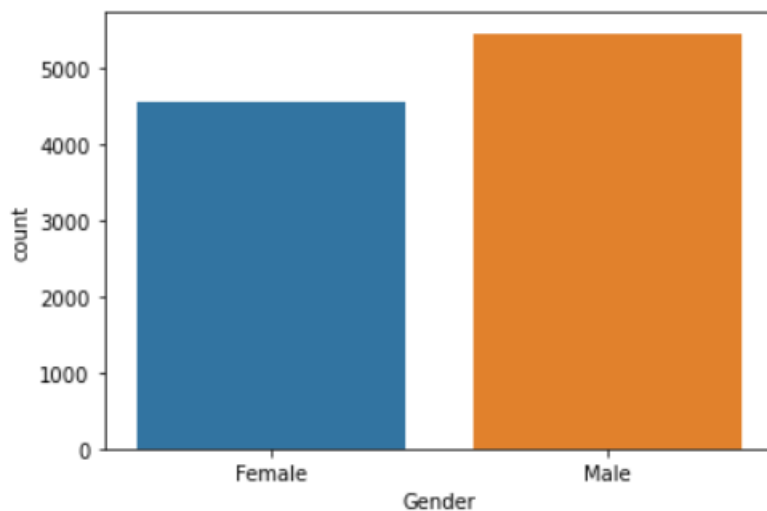
```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.scatter(df.index,df[['CreditScore']])
plt.show()
```



- Bi - Variate Analysis

```
import seaborn as sns
sns.barplot(x='Gender',y='Age',data=df)
sns.countplot(x='Gender',data=df)

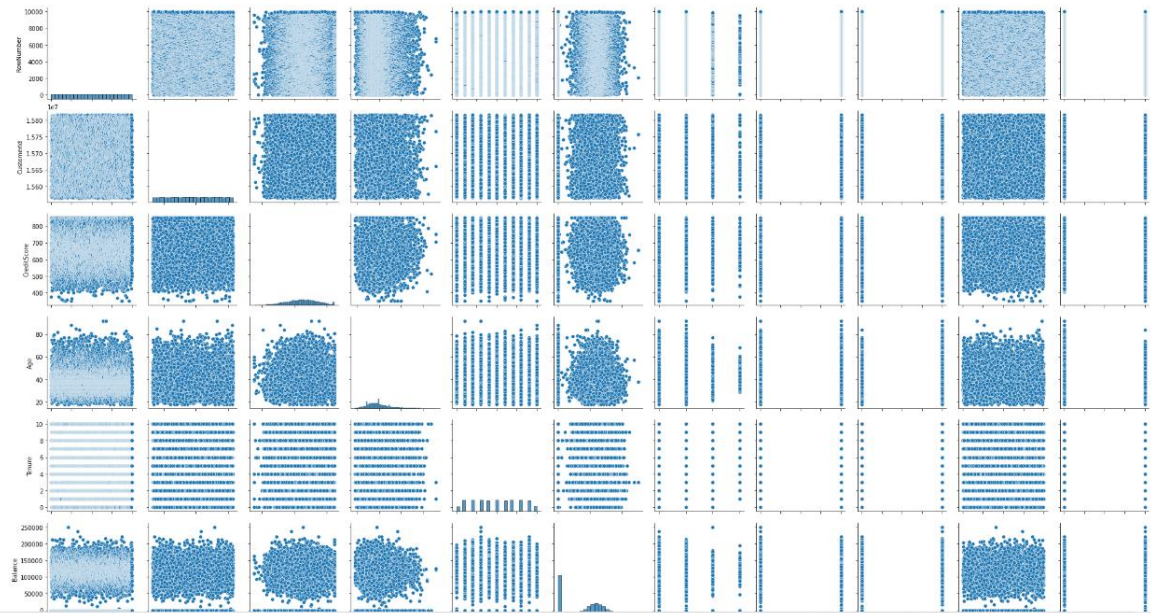
<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Gender', ylabel='count'>
```



- Multi - Variate Analysis

```
import seaborn as sns
sns.pairplot(df)
```

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x226fcbabf70>



#### Question-4:

Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

```
df.mean()
```

C:\Users\Manjunathan V\AppData\Local\Temp\figureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in columns containing NA/DNA is deprecated; in the future, only valid columns will be dropped. (Use df.select\_dtypes(include=[np.number]) to select only valid columns before calling df.mean())

RowNumber	5.000500e+03
CustomerId	1.569094e+07
CreditScore	6.505288e+02
Age	3.892180e+01
Tenure	5.012800e+00
Balance	7.648589e+04
NumOfProducts	1.530200e+00
HasCrCard	7.055000e-01
IsActiveMember	5.151000e-01
EstimatedSalary	1.000902e+05
Exited	2.037000e-01
dtype:	float64

```
df.median()
```

```
C:\Users\Manjunathan V\AppData\Local\Temp\PowershellScript\PowerShellWarning: Dropping of nuisance column 'ic_only=None') is deprecated; in a future version of pandas only valid columns will be selected before calling df.median()
```

RowNumber	5.000500e+03
CustomerId	1.569074e+07
CreditScore	6.520000e+02
Age	3.700000e+01
Tenure	5.000000e+00
Balance	9.719854e+04
NumOfProducts	1.000000e+00
HasCrCard	1.000000e+00
IsActiveMember	1.000000e+00
EstimatedSalary	1.001939e+05
Exited	0.000000e+00
dtype:	float64

```
df.mode()
```

RowIndex	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance
0	1	15565701	Smith	850.0	France	Male	37.0	2.0	0.0
1	2	15565706	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	3	15565714	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	4	15565779	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	5	15565796	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9995	9996	15815628	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
9996	9997	15815645	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
9997	9998	15815656	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
9998	9999	15815660	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
9999	10000	15815690	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

10000 rows x 14 columns



```
df.skew()
```

```
C:\Users\Manjunathan V\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary Internet Files\Content.IE5\B7QJGK1G\figureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in statistics requires the following deprecated parameter: 'warn_kwarg__dropna=True'. 'warn_kwarg__dropna=True' is deprecated; in a future version, only valid columns will be dropped before the statistics are computed. Select only valid columns before computing the statistics with df.skew()
```

```
RowNumber      0.000000
CustomerId      0.001149
CreditScore    -0.071607
Age             1.011320
Tenure          0.010991
Balance        -0.141109
NumOfProducts  0.745568
HasCrCard       -0.901812
IsActiveMember -0.060437
EstimatedSalary 0.002085
Exited         1.471611
dtype: float64
```

```
df.kurt()
```

```
C:\Users\Manjunathan V\AppData\Local\Microsoft\Windows\Temporary Internet Files\Content.IE5\B7QJGK1G\figureWarning: Dropping of nuisance columns in statistics requires the following deprecated parameter: 'warn_kwarg__dropna=True'. 'warn_kwarg__dropna=True' is deprecated; in a future version, only valid columns will be dropped before the statistics are computed. Select only valid columns before computing the statistics with df.kurt()
```

```
RowNumber      -1.200000
CustomerId      -1.196113
CreditScore    -0.425726
Age             1.395347
Tenure         -1.165225
Balance        -1.489412
NumOfProducts  0.582981
HasCrCard       -1.186973
IsActiveMember -1.996747
EstimatedSalary -1.181518
Exited         0.165671
dtype: float64
```

```
qu=df['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(q=[0.75,0.25])
qu
```

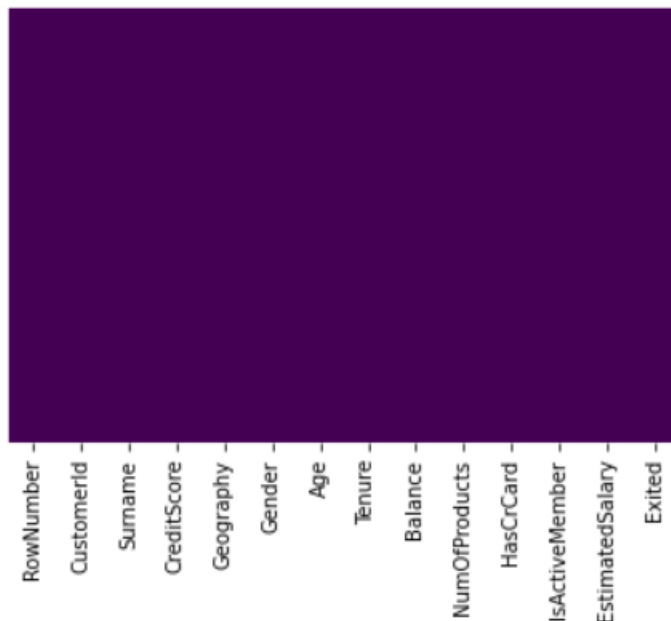
```
0.75    149388.2475
0.25     51002.1100
Name: EstimatedSalary, dtype: float64
```

#### Question-5:

Handle the Missing values.

```
sns.heatmap(df.isnull(),yticklabels=False,cbar=False,cmap="viridis")
#there is no missing values as per heatmap
```

<AxesSubplot:>



```
df.isnull()
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance
0	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
1	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
2	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
3	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
4	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9995	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9996	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9997	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9998	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False
9999	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False	False

10000 rows × 14 columns

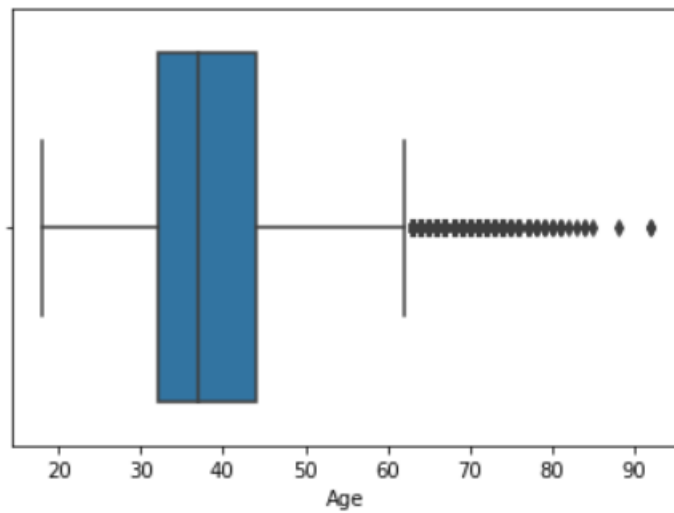
#### Question-6:

Find the outliers and replace the outliers

```
sns.boxplot(df['Age'])
```

```
C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\
arning: Pass the following variable as a keyword ar
he only valid positional argument will be `data`, a
without an explicit keyword will result in an error
warnings.warn(
```

```
<AxesSubplot:xlabel='Age'>
```



```
Q1=df.Age.quantile(0.25)
Q2=df.Age.quantile(0.75)
IQR=Q2-Q1
print(IQR)
```

12.0

```
df=df[~((df.Age<(Q1-1.5*IQR))|(df.Age>(Q2+1.5*IQR)))]
df
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Bal
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	8380
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	15966
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	12551
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9995	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	Male	39	5	
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	35	10	5736
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female	36	7	
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male	42	3	7507
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female	28	4	13014

9641 rows × 14 columns

#### Question-7:

Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding.



```
d1
```

```
#below six column is encoded
```

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	0	42	2	0.0	1	1	1	101348.88
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	0	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	0	42	8	159660.8	3	1	0	113931.57
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	0	39	1	0.0	2	0	0	93826.63
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	0	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9636	9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	1	39	5	0.0	2	1	0	96270.64
9637	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	1	35	10	57369.61	1	1	1	101699.77
9638	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	0	36	7	0.0	1	0	1	42085.58
9639	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	1	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52
9640	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	0	28	4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78

9641 rows × 14 columns

#### Question-8:

Split the data into dependent and independent variables.

```
: x=d1.iloc[:,6:7].values
y10=d1.iloc[:,12].values
```

```
: x
```

```
: array([[42],
        [41],
        [42],
        ...,
        [36],
        [42],
        [28]], dtype=object)
```

```
: y10
```

```
: array([101348.88, 112542.58, 113931.57, ..., 42085.58, 92888.52, 38190.78],
        dtype=object)
```

#### Question-9:

Scale the independent variables

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
std=StandardScaler()
x=std.fit_transform(x)
x
```

```
array([[ 0.47806838],
       [ 0.36446646],
       [ 0.47806838],
       ...,
       [-0.20354316],
       [ 0.47806838],
       [-1.11235856]])
```

### Question-10:

Split the data into training and testing

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=0)
```

x\_train

```
array([[18],
       [43],
       [47],
       ...,
       [33],
       [47],
       [34]], dtype=object)
```

x\_test

```
array([[51],
       [36],
       [41],
       ...,
       [45],
       [30],
       [39]], dtype=object)
```

y\_train

```
array([145936.28, 104889.3, 180251.68, ..., 11159.19, 50213.81, 96875.52],
      dtype=object)
```

y\_test

```
array([109718.44, 130789.6, 163147.99, ..., 143298.06, 41192.95, 94711.43],
      dtype=object)
```