# CRUDE OIL PRICE PREDICTION TEAM ID - PNT2022TMID32702 A PROJECT REPORT

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

This Project mainly focuses on applying Neural Networks to predict the Crude Oil Price. This decision helps us to buy crude oil at the proper time. Time series analysis is the best option for this kind of prediction because we are using the Previous history of crude oil prices to predict future crude oil. So we would be implementing RNN(Recurrent Neural Network) with LSTM(Long Short Term Memory) to achieve the task.

## 1.2 PURPOSE

Oil demand is inelastic, therefore the rise in price is good news for producers because they will see an increase in their revenue. Oil importers, however, will experience increased costs of purchasing oil. Because oil is the largest traded commodity, the effects are quite significant. A rising oil price can even shift economic/political power from oil importers to oil exporters. The crude oil price movements are subject to diverse influencing factors.

# 2.LITERATURE SURVEY

Sl.no	Paper Title	Year of publication	Journal or Conference name	Authors	Theme of the paper	Inference
1.	Forecasting Crude Oil Price Using Event Extraction	2021	Shanghai, China	Jiangwei Liu, Xiaohong Huang	Crude oil Price Prediction.	Understanding the concepts of crude oil price using event extraction.
2.	Predictive Analytics for Crude Oil Price Using RNN- LSTM Neural Network	2020	Bandar Seri Iskandar, Malaysia	Norshakirah Aziz, Mohd Hafizul Afifi Abdullah, Ahmad Naqib Zaidi	Prediction of future crude oil price	Understanding the prediction model built based on the RNN-LSTM network
3.	Oil Price Forecast Using Deep Learning and ARIMA	2019	Taiyuan, China	Junhui Guo	Neural network model to make the prediction	Understanding Oil price forecast using deep learning and ARIMA.
4.	Crude Oil Price Forecasting: A Transfer Learning Based Analog Complexing Model	2012	Lanzhou, China	Jin Xiao, Changzheng He, Shouyang Wang	Predicting Crude oil Price using a Transfer based analog complexing model	Understanding the transfer learning based analog complexing model (TLAC)

## 2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM

Crude oil price fluctuations have a far reaching impact on global economies and thus price forecasting can assist in minimising the risks associated with volatility in oil prices. Price forecasts are very important to various stakeholders: governments, public and private enterprises, policymakers, and investors.

# **2.2 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION**

Problem	l am	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
Statement (PS)	(Customer)				
PS-1	Government	Predict	It takes	There are	Tired
	Organisation	accurate	long	more	
		results of	duration	number of	
		crude oil		relevant data	
PS-2	Private	Crude oil	It takes	Prediction	Disappointed
	Corporation	prediction for	more	will be	
		company	amount of	accurate	
		profit	data	when data is	
				more	

## 2.3 REFRENCES

[1]Shuang Gao, Yalin Lei. "A new approach for crude oil price prediction based on stream learning", Geoscience Frontiers, 2017

[2]Haykin S.

Neural Networks: A Comprehensive Foundation (2nd edition), Prentice Hall (1999), p. 842

[3]Lean Yu. "An EMD-Based Neural Network Ensemble Learning Model for World Crude Oil Spot Price Forecasting", Studies in Fuzziness and Soft Computing, 2008

[4]Kulkarni S., Haidar I. Forecasting model for crude oil price using artificial neural networks and commodity future prices

International Journal of Computer Science and Information Security, 2 (1) (2009)

[5]Kaufmann R.K., Ullman B. Oil prices, speculation, and fundamentals: Interpreting causal relations among spot and futures prices Energy Economics, 31 (4) (2009), pp. 550-558

## 3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

## 3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS

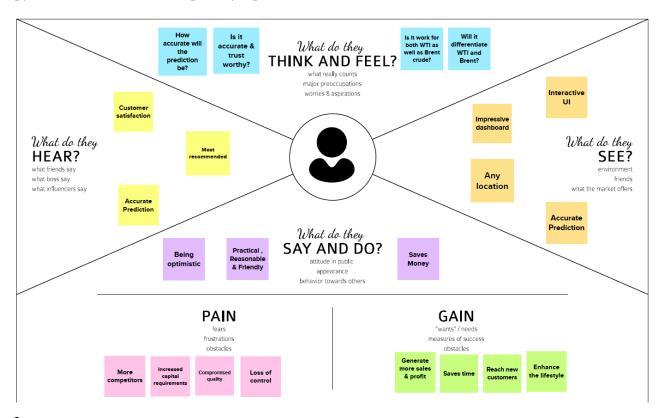


figure -1

## 3.2 IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING

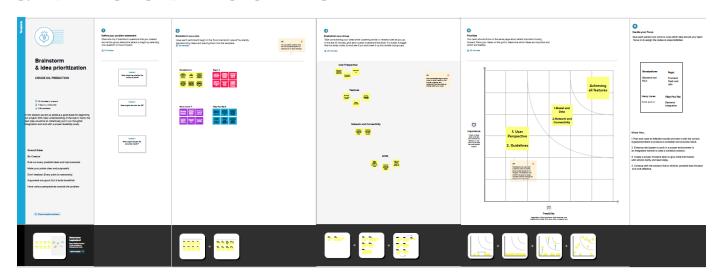


figure-2

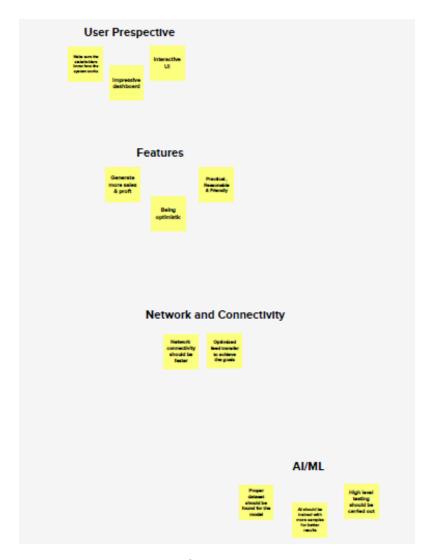


figure -3

# 3.3 PROPOSED SOLUTION

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be	To predict the number of orders according to
	solved)	the user's requirements.
2.	Idea / Solution description	To create an appropriate machine learning
		model to forecast the number of orders to
		gather raw materials for next ten weeks.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	Creative and animatory user interface, by
		which the user will be attracted and easy to
		use.
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	By accurate predictions, wastage of food is
		reduced.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	Advertisements, premium for large no. of
		users (organization)
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Large no. of users can access since the website
		is hosted in cloud .

## 3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT

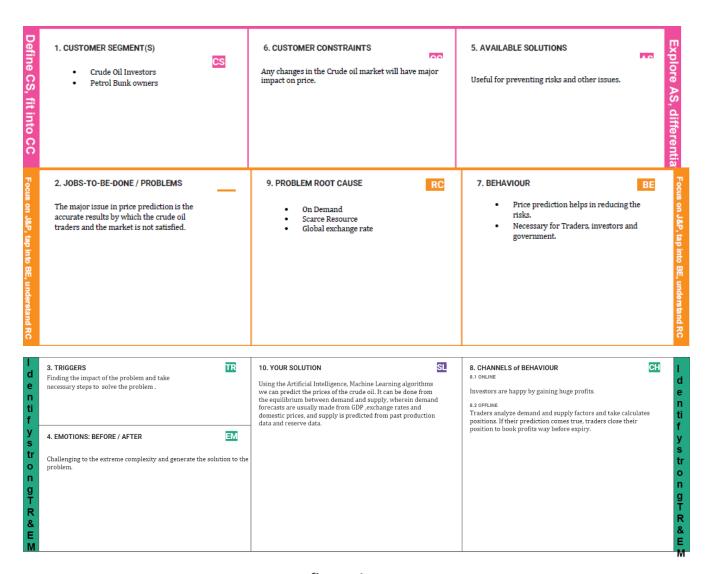


figure-4

# 4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

# **4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form
		Registration through Gmail
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email
		Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	Graph	Graphs are shown from obtaining the data from the
		datasets
FR-4	Notification	Notifications will be sent to the users about the crude
		oil prices
FR-5	Database	Storing the information of the users
FR-6	Support	Answers for the questions of the users will be shown
		through the live chats

# **4.2 NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

Following are the non-functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	It can be used by many clients and it had a feature
		to change the theme of the dashboard
NFR-2	Security	As we are using user credentials for login and
		register which is stored in hash function gives the
		maximum security to the users
NFR-3	Reliability	It is reliable and gives the prefect prediction for the
		crude oil price
NFR-4	Performance	The performance of the application is fast and
		works in both mobile and web
NFR-5	Availability	The prediction will be available for every users and
		alert messages will be shown
NFR-6	Scalability	It is Scalable, Because we identified that the
		maximum load at which the system operates well

# 5. PROJECT DESIGN

## **5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAM**

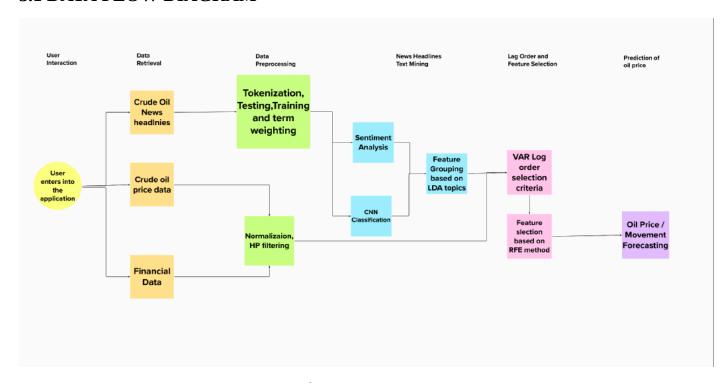


figure-5

# **5.2 SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE**

## **5.2.1 SOLUTION ARCHITECTURE**

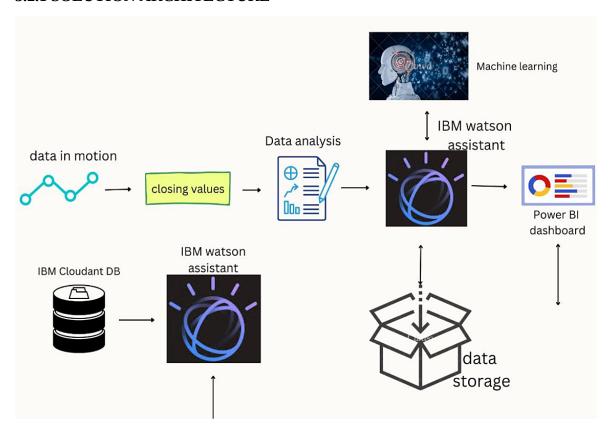


figure-6

## **5.2.2 TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE**

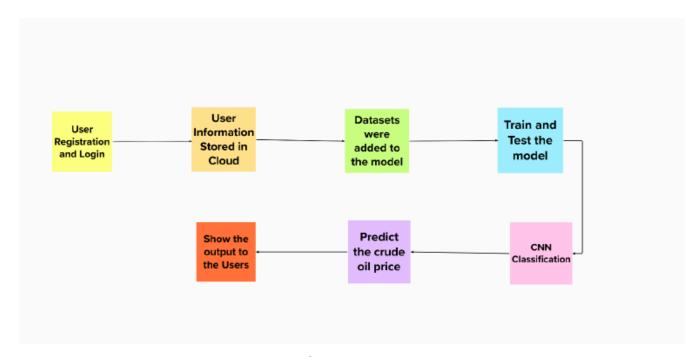


figure-7

**Table-1: Components & Technologies:** 

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	Web Application	HTML, CSS, JavaScript
2.	Application Logic-1	Logic for a process is Providing the datasets and gets the output for the price of crude oil	Python
3.	Database	Storing the Credentials of Users	MySQL, NoSQL, etc.
4.	Cloud Database	Use cloud storage for reducing the physical storage and access anywhere	IBM DB2, IBM Cloud etc.

5.	File Storage	Storing the files	IBM Block Storage or Other
			Storage Service or Local
			Filesystem
6.	External API-1	Using external API for connecting	IBM Weather API, etc.
		with external sources	
7.	Machine Learning	Creating the Machine Learning	Object Recognition Model, etc.
	Model	Model for predicting the crude oil	
		price	
8.	Infrastructure (Server	Application Deployment on Local	Local, Cloud Foundry etc.
	/ Cloud)	System / Cloud	

# **Table-2: Application Characteristics:**

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
1.	Open-Source Frameworks	Google Chrome , Online Websites	Pandas, flask, numpy, tensorflow
2.	Security	User data will be stored according to	End to end encryption (SHA- 256)
	Implementations	CIA model	
3.	Scalable Architecture	IBM cloud and firebase both used for better performance in storage and authentication	IBM watson , Firebase, My sql
4.	Availability	Handle huge requests, avoid DDOS and XSS attack.	Coding is effecting and restrictive user access based on need
5.	Performance	Handle more than 1000 users to use server at a time.	Flask

# **5.3 USER STORIES**

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Application	USN-1	As a User Direct Open with Google Play Store App User Can Download the Crude Oil Price	I can access own decisions	High	Sprint-1
	Available Products	USN-2	As a User I can update the energy and the oil price instant	I can view the available products and I can use it,	High	Sprint-1
	Additional Features	USN-3	As a User access the additional features like viewing the charts, news, update the multiple colour themes	I can view then read the price prediction	Low	Sprint-2
	Expectations	USN-4	As a User I needs the perfect prediction of the crude oil price	I can expect accurate prediction	Medium	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-5	As a User I can log into the application by entering email & password	I can login with any social media account	High	Sprint-1
Customer (Web user)		USN-6	As a User I can view the crude oil price	I can view the price directly	High	Sprint-2
Customer Care Executive		USN-7	As a User I can view the history of price prediction of the crude oil	I can accept the terms	Medium	Sprint-1
Administrator		USN-8	As a Administrator I can predict the entire price of crude oil and add some extra features in the app	Show the result to the customer	High	Sprint-1

# 6. PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

# **6.1 SPRINT PLANNING & ESTIMATION**

Sprint	Functional	User Story	User Story / Task	Story	Priority	Team Members
	Requirement	Number		Points		
	(Epic)					
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a User Direct	13	High	Ramabathren L
			Open with Google			
			Play Store App			
			User Can			
			Download the			
			Crude Oil Price			
Sprint-1	Login	USN-2	As a User I can	5	High	Ragul K
			log into the			
			application by			
			entering email &			
			password			
Sprint-2	Charts	USN-3	As a User access	5	Low	Henry Jones P
			the additional			
			features like			
			viewing the charts,			
			news, update the			
			multiple colour			
			themes			
Sprint-2	Prediction	USN-4	As a User I needs	13	Medium	Vijay Paul Raj S
			the perfect			
			prediction of the			
			crude oil price			
Sprint-3	User Manual	USN-5	As a User I can	13	High	Ragul K
			see the way to			
			predict the crude			
			oil price			

Sprint-3	Dashboard	USN-6	As a User I can	5	High	Ramabathren L
			view the crude oil			
			price			
Sprint-4	History	USN-7	As a User I can	5	Medium	Vijay Paul Raj S
			view the history of			
			price prediction of			
			the crude oil			
Sprint-4	Admin	USN-8	As a	13	High	Henry Jones P
	Access		Administrator I			
			can predict the			
			entire price of			
			crude oil and add			
			some extra			
			features in the app			

# **6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE**

Sprint	Total	Duration	Sprint Start	Sprint End	Story Points	Sprint Release
	Story		Date	Date	Completed	Date (Actual)
	Points			(Planned)	(as on	
					Planned End	
					Date)	
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	18	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	18	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	18	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	18	19 Nov 2022

## **6.3 REPORTS FROM JIRA**

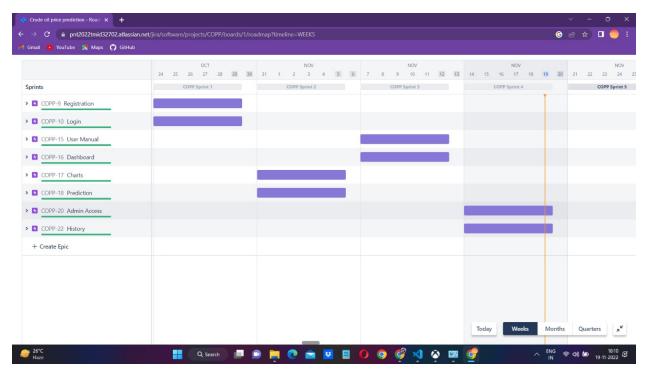


figure-8

## **SPRINT - 1**

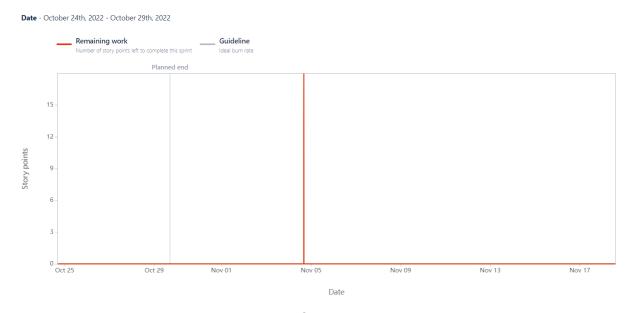


figure-9

# SPRINT - 2

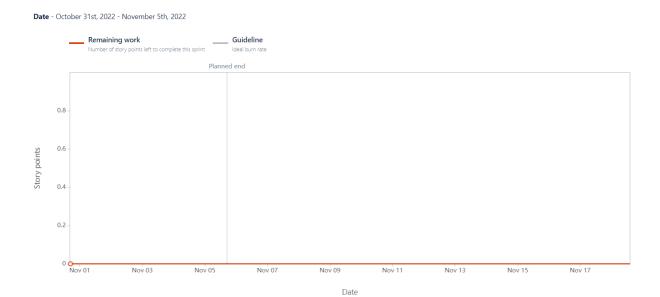


figure- 10

## **SPRINT - 3**

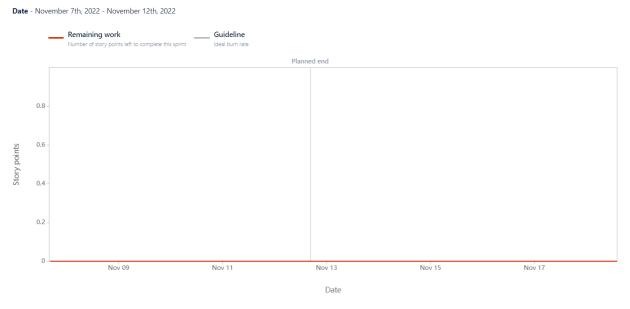


figure- 11

# SPRINT - 4

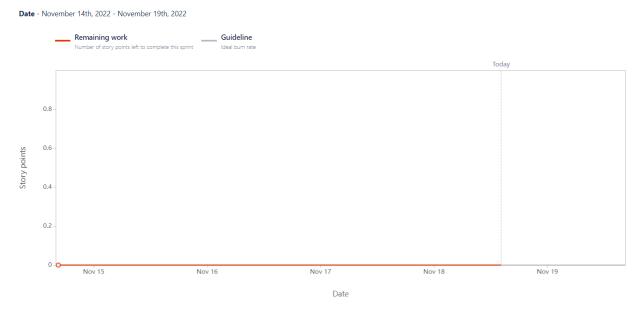


figure- 12

# 7. CODING & SOLUTIONING

## **7.1 FEATURE 1:**

#### **ADMIN ACCESS:**

This page specifically for the admin who has the access to the list of logins and track of their histories.

## **CODE:**

## **ADMIN.HTML:**

```
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Admin Access</title>
</head>
<style>
 body{
 font-family: sans-serif;
 width: 100%;
 height: 100vh;
background-image:
'crude_oil.jpg')}});
 background-size:cover;
 background-position: center;
 box-shadow: 0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,0.75);
```

```
}
h2{
  color: aliceblue;
 margin-left: 40%;
}
  nav {
 width: 100px;
 height:46px;
 background:rgba(0,0,0,0.80);
 border-radius: 8px;
 box-shadow: 0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,0.75);
left:35%;
}
nav a{
 font-size: 13px;
 color: #B9B7BD;
 font-family: sans-serif;
 border-radius: 50%;
 text-decoration: none;
 line-height: 45px;
 position: relative;
 z-index: 1;
 display: inline-block;
 text-align: center;
 text-transform: uppercase;
}
nav .animation{
 position: absolute;
```

```
height: 2px;
 bottom: 0;
 z-index: 0;
 background: white;
 border-radius: 8px;
transition: all .5s ease 0s;
}
a:nth-child(1){
 width: 100px;
}
</style>
<body>
  <nav><a href=back>Back</a></nav>
  {% for details in admin %}
  h2 {\{details\}} < h2 >
  {% endfor %}
</body>
</html>
```

## **7.2 FEATURE 2:**

#### **USERMANUAL:**

This page is to help the user who are new to this web application, This page gives you the complete study of how to work in this web application.

## **CODE:**

## **ABOUT.HTML:**

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
   <head>
       <meta charset="UTF-8"/>
       <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" />
       <title>about</title>
   </head>
 <style>
  *{
margin: 0;
padding: 0;
box-sizing: border-box;
}
body{
font-family: sans-serif;
width: 100%;
height: 100vh;
background-image:
                                                                                       linear-
gradient(rgba(0,0,0,0.75), rgba(0,0,0,0.25)), url({url_for('static', filename= 'crude_oil.jpg')}));
background-size:cover;
```

```
background-position: center;
}
.box{
width: 600px;
padding: 30px;
position: absolute;
top: 50%;
left: 50%;
border-radius: 20px;
transform: translate(-50%,-50%);
background: rgba(0,0,0,0.80);
text-align: center;
box-shadow: 0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,0.75);
}
.box h1
{
color: white;
text-transform: uppercase;
font-weight: 700;
}
.usr input[type="text"]
{
border: 0;
background: none;
display: block;
margin: 20px auto;
text-align: center;
```

```
border: 2px solid #0367fd;
border-color: #B9B7BD;
padding: 14px 10px;
width: 250px;
outline: none;
color: white;
border-radius: 18px;
transition: 0.25s;
}
.box input[type="text"]:focus{
width: 270px;
border-color:#EEEDE7;
}
.pwd input[type="password"]{
border: 0;
background: none;
display: block;
margin: 20px auto;
text-align: center;
border: 2px solid #0367fd;
border-color: #B9B7BD;
padding: 14px 10px;
width: 250px;
outline: none;
color: white;
border-radius: 18px;
```

```
transition: 0.25s;
.box input[type="password"]:focus{
width: 270px;
border-color:#EEEDE7;
}
.email input[type="email"]{
border: 0;
background: none;
display: block;
margin: 20px auto;
text-align: center;
border: 2px solid #0367fd;
border-color: #B9B7BD;
padding: 14px 10px;
width: 250px;
outline: none;
color: white;
border-radius: 18px;
transition: 0.25s;
}
.box input[type="password"]:focus{
width: 270px;
border-color:#EEEDE7;
}
.box input[type="submit"]{
```

```
border: 0;
background: none;
display: block;
margin: 10px auto;
text-align: center;
border: 2px solid #B9B7BD;
padding: 10px 10px;
width: 100px;
outline:none;
color: #B9B7BD;
border-radius:18px;
transition:0.25s;
cursor: pointer;
}
.box input[type="submit"]:hover{
background: #EEEDE7;
color: black;
font-weight: 700;
box-shadow:0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,1.50);
}
.link a{
border: 0;
background: none;
display: block;
margin: 10px auto;
text-align: center;
padding: 14px 10px;
width: 100px;
```

```
outline:none;
color: white;
transition:0.25s;
cursor: pointer;
text-decoration: none;
}
.link a:hover{
color:#B9B7BD;
font-weight: 700;
text-decoration: underline;
}
nav {
width: 100px;
height:46px;
background:rgba(0,0,0,0.80);
border-radius: 8px;
box-shadow: 0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,0.75);
left:34%;
}
nav a{
font-size: 13px;
color: #B9B7BD;
font-family: sans-serif;
border-radius: 50%;
text-decoration: none;
line-height: 45px;
```

```
position: relative;
z-index: 1;
display: inline-block;
text-align: center;
text-transform: uppercase;
}
nav .animation{
position: absolute;
height: 2px;
bottom: 0;
z-index: 0;
background: white;
border-radius: 8px;
transition: all .5s ease 0s;
}
a:nth-child(1){
width: 100px;
}
nav .start-register,a:nth-child(1):hover~.animation{
width: 90px;
left: 7px;
}
a:nth-child(2){
width: 100px;
}
nav .start-game,a:nth-child(2):hover~.animation{
width: 60px;
left: 125px;
```

```
}
a:nth-child(3){
width: 100px;}
nav .start-blog,a:nth-child(3):hover~.animation{
width: 60px;
left: 230px;
}
a:nth-child(4){
width: 100px;
}
nav .start-help,a:nth-child(4):hover~.animation{
width: 60px;
left: 335px;
}
p{
color: #B9B7BD;
}
   <body>
    </style>
    <nav><a href=back>Back</a></nav>
 <div class="box">
   <h1>CRUDE OIL PRICE PREDICTION</h1>
   <br/>br>
```

Crude oil is one of the most important commodities in the world, accounting for one-third of global energy consumption.<br/>br>

<P>It is a starting material for most of the products that we use in everyday life, ranging from transportation fuels to plastics.</P><br/>br>

Crude oil price fluctuations have a far reaching impact on global economies and thus price forecasting can assist in minimising the risks associated with volatility in oil prices. Price forecasts are very important to various stakeholders: governments, public and private enterprises, policymakers, and investors.

According to economic theory, the price of crude oil should be easily predictable from the equilibrium between demand and supply, wherein demand forecasts are usually made from GDP, exchange rates and domestic prices, and supply is predicted from past production data and reserve data.

Predicting demand for oil is usually straightforward, however supply is heavily affected by political activity such as cartelisation by OPEC to regulate prices, technological advances leading to the extraction of higher amounts of oil, and wars and other conflicts which can affect supply unpredictably.

</html>

# 8. TESTING

## **8.1 TEST CASES**

Feature Type	Component	Test Scenario	Pre-Requisite	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result	Actual Result	Status	Commnets	TC for Automation(Y/N
Functional	Home Page	Verify user is able to see the Login/Signup popup when user clicked on My account button		1.Enter URL and click go     2.Click on My Account dropdown     button     3.Verify login/Singup popup     displayed or not	http://127.0.0.1-5000	Login/Signup popup should display	Working as expected	Pass		
UI	Home Page	Verify the UI elements in Login/Signup popup		LEnter URL and click go 2. Click on My Account dropdown button 3. Verify login/Singup popup with below UI elements: a.email text box b.password text box c.togin button d. New custome? Create account link e.Last password? Recovery password link	http://127.0.0.1:5000	Application should show below UI elements: a.e.mail text box b.password text box c.clogin button with black colour d.New customer? Create account link e.Last password? Recovery password link	Working as expected	Pass		
Functional	Home page	Verify user is able to log into application with Valid credentials		1.Enter URL[https://shopenzer.com/) and click go 2.Click on My Account dropdown button 3.Enter Valid username/email in Email text box 4.Enter valid password in password text box 5.Click on login button	Username: ram@gmail.com password: ram123	User should navigate to user account homepage	Working as expected	Pass		
				1.Enter URL(https://shopenzer.com/) and	Username: ragul@gmail password: ragul123	Application should show 'Incorrect email or password' validation				

Feature Type	Component	Test Scenario	Pre-Requisite	Steps To Execute	Test Data	Expected Result	Actual Result	Status	Commnets	TC for Automation(Y/N) BUG
Functional	Login page	Verify user is able to log into application with invalid credentials		1.Enter URL(https://shopenzer.com/) and click go 2.Click on My Account dropdown button 3.Enter inValid username/email in firmal itext box 4.Enter valid password in password text box 5.Click on loain button	Username: ragul@gmail password: ragul123	Application should show 'Incorrect email or password' validation message.	Working as expected	Pass		
Functional	Login page	Verify user is able to log into application with InValid credentials		Linter URL https://shopenzer.com/) and click go 2. Click on My Account dropdown button 3. Enter Valid username/email in Email text box 4. Chete rinvalid password in password text box 5. Click on login button	Username: henry@gmail.com password: henry1236786	Application should show 'Incorrect email or password' validation message.	Working as expected	Pass		
Functional	Login page	Verify user is able to log into application with InValid credentials		LEnter URL(https://shopenzer.com/) and click go 2. Click on My Account dropdown button 3. Enter inValid username/email in Email text box 4. Enter invalid password in password text box	Username: vijay password: vijay786	Application should show 'incorrect email or password 'validation message.	Working as expected	Pass		

1					
2					
3		Test Scenarios			
4	1	Verify user is able to see login page			
5	2	Verify user is able to loginto application or not?			
6	3	Verify user is able to navigate to create your account page?			
7	4	Verify user is able to recovery password			
8	5	Veriify login page elements			
9					
10		Search			
11	1	Verify user is able to search by entering keywords in search box			
12	2	Verify user is able to see suggestions based on keyword entered in search box			
13	3	Verify user is able to see related auto suggestions displaying based on keyword entered in search box			
14	4	Verify user is able to see no matches found message when no results are matching with entered keyword			
15	5	Verify user is able to see seach detailed page when nothing entered in textbox			
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					

### **8.2 USER ACCEPTING TESTING**

### 1. Purpose of Document

The purpose of this document is to briefly explain the test coverage and open issues of the [ProductName] project at the time of the release to User Acceptance Testing (UAT).

#### 2. Defect Analysis

This report shows the number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved

Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	10	4	2	3	20
Duplicate	1	0	3	0	4
External	2	3	0	1	6
Fixed	11	2	4	20	37
Not Reproduced	0	0	1	0	1
Skipped	0	0	1	1	2
Won't Fix	0	5	2	1	8
Totals	24	14	13	26	77

## 3. Test Case Analysis

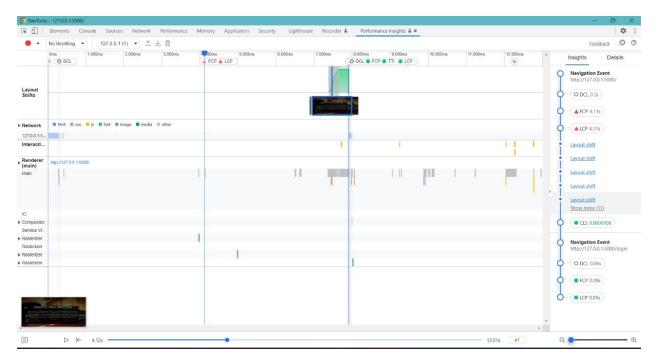
This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Registration	5	0	0	5
Login	7	0	0	7
Prediction	11	0	0	11
Final Report Output	8	0	0	8

## 9.RESULTS

Thus, We have trained our machine learning model in IBM watson studio have successfully built an web application for predicting the crude oil price for next day.

## 9.1 PERFORMANCE METRICES



## 10. ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

### **ADVANTAGES:**

Crude oil price fluctuations have a far reaching impact on global economies and thus price forecasting can assist in minimising the risks associated with volatility in oil prices.

### **DISADVANTAGES:**

Several oil companies have invested crores of dollars in oil exploration by taking bank loans, chances of default, if these companies are not able to get fair price for their commodity

# 11. CONCLUSION

According to economic theory, the price of crude oil should be easily predictable from the equilibrium between demand and supply, wherein demand forecasts are usually made from GDP, exchange rates and domestic prices, and supply is predicted from past production data and reserve data.

# 12.FUTURE SCOPE

In Future we are planning to add features like premium membership users by paying the money and a chatbot in the website ,were the users can chat with the admin for any queries or any improvements to the website.

# 13.APPENDIX

## **SOURCE CODE:**

### APP.PY:

```
import numpy as np
import os
os.environ['TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL'] = '2'
from flask import Flask,render_template,request,redirect,session,url_for,flash
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
# import ibm_db
# from .connect import get_db_connection
import ibm_db
def get_db_connection():
  try:
        conn = ibm_db.connect("DATABASE=BLUDB;\ HOSTNAME=ba99a9e6-d59e-4883-
8fc0-d6a8c9f7a08f.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud;\
    PORT=31321;\
    Security=SSL;\
    SSLServerCertificate=DigiCertGlobalRootCA.crt;\
    UID=wvm68663;\
    PWD=o8ZTWcmctkTiXpeR;","","")
    print("Connected to DB")
    return conn
  except:
    print("error r while connecting ",ibm_db.conn_errormsg())
    return 0
con=get_db_connection()
```

```
app=Flask(__name__)
app.secret_key="123"
model=load_model('crude_oil.h5',)
name1=input();
@app.route('/')
def home():
  return render_template("index.html")
@app.route('/about')
def about():
  return render_template("about.html")
@app.route('/predict')
def home2():
  return render_template("web.html")
@app.route('/back',methods=['GET','POST'])
def back():
  return render_template("web.html")
@app.route('/admin',methods=['GET','POST'])
def admin():
  # if request.method=='POST':
  email=session["email"]
  password=session['password']
```

```
# qry="select * from USER where email=? AND password=?"
  # stmt=ibm_db.prepare(con,qry)
  # ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,email)
  # ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,2,password)
  # ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  # resp=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
  # print("resp - ",resp)
print(email)
print(password)
if (email==("admin@gmail.com")):
  if(password==("admin")):
    qry="select NAME from USER"
    stmt=ibm_db.prepare(con,qry)
    resp=ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    var=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    list1=[]
    while var!=False:
       var=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
      list1.append(var)
      var=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    print("resp - ",resp)
    print(list1)
    list1.remove(False)
    print(list1)
    return render_template("admin.html",admin=list1)
return render_template("web.html")
```

```
def history():
  name=session["name"]
  qry="select PRICE from HISTORY where NAME=?"
  stmt=ibm_db.prepare(con,qry)
  ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,name)
  resp3=ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  var=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
  price1=[]
  while var!=False:
    var=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    price1.append(var['PRICE'])
    var=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
  # prices.remove(False)
  print(resp3)
  print(price1)
  res1 = [eval(i) for i in price1]
  return render_template("history.html",history=res1)
@app.route('/graph')
def graph():
  name=session["name"]
  session["name"]=name
  qry="select PRICE from HISTORY where NAME=?"
  stmt=ibm_db.prepare(con,qry)
  ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,name)
  resp3=ibm_db.execute(stmt)
  var=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
  price=[]
  while var!=False:
```

```
var=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    price.append(var['PRICE'])
    var=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
  # prices.remove(False)
  print(resp3)
  print(price)
  res = [eval(i) for i in price]
  res2=len(res)
  return render_template("graph.html",history=res,history1=res2)
@app.route('/register',methods=['GET','POST'])
def register():
  if request.method=='POST':
    try:
       name=request.form['name']
       email=request.form['email']
       password=request.form['password']
       qry="insert into USER(name,email,password)values(?,?,?)"
       stmt=ibm_db.prepare(con,qry)
       ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,name)
       ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,2,email)
       ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,3,password)
       resp2=ibm_db.execute(stmt)
       print(resp2)
       flash("Record Added Successfully", "success")
       return render_template("login.html")
    except:
       flash("Error in Insert Operations","danger")
    # finally:
```

```
# return render_template("index.html")
       # con.close()
  return render_template("register.html")
@app.route('/login',methods=['GET','POST'])
def login():
  if request.method=='POST':
    email=request.form['email']
    password=request.form['password']
    qry="select * from USER where email=? AND password=?"
    stmt=ibm_db.prepare(con,qry)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,email)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,2,password)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    resp=ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
    print("resp - ",resp)
    if resp:
       session["name"]=resp['NAME']
       session["u_id"]=resp['USER_ID']
       session["email"]=resp['EMAIL']
       session["password"]=resp["PASSWORD"]
       return render_template("web.html")
    else:
       flash("Usernaem and Password Mismatch", "danger")
       return redirect("login")
  return render_template("login.html")
```

```
@app.route('/prediction',methods=['POST'])
def prediction():
  x_input=str(request.form['year'])
  x_input=x_input.split(',')
  print(x_input)
  for i in range(0,len(x_input)):
    x_input[i]=float(x_input[i])
  print(x_input)
  x_{input}=np.array(x_{input}).reshape(1,-1)
  temp_input=list(x_input)
  temp_input=temp_input[0].tolist()
  lst_output=[]
  n_{steps}=10
  i=0
  while(i<1):
    if(len(temp_input)>10):
       x_input=np.array(temp_input[1:])
       print("{} day input {}".format(i,x_input))
       x_input=x_input.reshape(1,-1)
       x_input=x_input.reshape((1,n_steps,1))
       yhat=model.predict(x_input,verbose=0)
       print("{} day output {}".format(i,yhat))
       temp_input.extend(yhat[0].tolist())
       temp_input=temp_input[1:]
       lst_output.extend(yhat.tolist())
       i=i+1
```

```
else:
       x_input=x_input.reshape((1,n_steps,1))
       yhat=model.predict(x_input,verbose=0)
       print(yhat[0])
       temp_input.extend(yhat[0].tolist())
       print(len(temp_input))
       lst_output.extend(yhat.tolist())
      i=i+1
    name=session["name"]
    u_id=session["u_id"]
    qry="insert into HISTORY(USER_ID,NAME,PRICE) values(?,?,?)"
    stmt=ibm_db.prepare(con,qry)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,1,u_id)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,2,name)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt,3,str(lst_output[0][0]))
    resp2=ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    print(resp2)
              return render_template("web.html",showcase='The next day predicted value
is:'+str(lst_output[0][0]))
if __name__=='__main___':
  app.run(debug=True,port=5000)
```

### **NEW.PY:**

import requests

```
# NOTE: you must manually set API KEY below using information retrieved from your IBM Cloud
account.
API_KEY = "BS2SMFqDeLGEOOnI70kz_nIZbW3T3Zpz3ZxLJUdmoQU1"
token_response = requests.post('https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/identity/token', data={"apikey":
API_KEY, "grant_type": 'urn:ibm:params:oauth:grant-type:apikey'})
mltoken = token_response.json()["access_token"]
header = {'Content-Type': 'application/json', 'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken}
# NOTE: manually define and pass the array(s) of values to be scored in the next line
payload_scoring = {"input_data": [{"field": ["Date","Closing Value"], "values": [[0,0]]}]}
response_scoring = requests.post('https://us-south.ml.cloud.ibm.com/ml/v4/deployments/a993a66b-e772-
44e9-bee8-0f2c7c0134f1/predictions?version=2022-11-17', json=payload scoring,
headers={'Authorization': 'Bearer ' + mltoken})
print("Scoring response")
print(response_scoring.json())
INDEX.HTML:
<!DOCTYPE html>
<!--
Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/Licenses/license-default.txt to change this
license
Click nbfs://nbhost/SystemFileSystem/Templates/ClientSide/html.html to edit this template
-->
<html>
  <head>
```

```
<title>Home</title>
     <meta charset="UTF-8">
     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  </head>
<body>
     <style>
body{
font-family: sans-serif;
 width: 100%;
 height: 100vh;
backgroundimage:lineargradient(rgba(0,0,0,0.75),rgba(0,0,0,0.25)),url({{url_for('static',filenam
e= 'crude_oil.jpg')}});
 background-size:cover;
 background-position: center;
 box-shadow: 0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,0.75);
}
nav {
 position: relative;
 width: 430px;
 height:46px;
 background:rgba(0,0,0,0.80);
 border-radius: 8px;
 box-shadow: 0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,0.75);
left:35%;
}
nav a{
 font-size: 13px;
 color: #B9B7BD;
 font-family: sans-serif;
```

```
border-radius: 50%;
 text-decoration: none;
 line-height: 45px;
 position: relative;
 z-index: 1;
 display: inline-block;
 text-align: center;
 text-transform: uppercase;
}
nav .animation{
 position: absolute;
 height: 2px;
 bottom: 0;
 z-index: 0;
 background: white;
 border-radius: 8px;
transition: all .5s ease 0s;
}
a:nth-child(1){
 width: 100px;
}
nav .start-register,a:nth-child(1):hover~.animation{
 width: 60px;
 left: 20px;
}
a:nth-child(2){
 width: 100px;
}
```

```
nav .start-game,a:nth-child(2):hover~.animation{
 width: 75px;
 left: 117px;
}
a:nth-child(3){
 width: 100px;}
nav .start-blog,a:nth-child(3):hover~.animation{
 width: 60px;
 left: 230px;
}
a:nth-child(4){
 width: 100px;
}
nav .start-help,a:nth-child(4):hover~.animation{
 width: 65px;
 left: 333px;
}
a:nth-child(5){
 width: 100px;
}
nav .start-help,a:nth-child(5):hover~.animation{
 width: 63px;
 left: 437px;
```

```
}
.box{
 width: 300px;
 padding: 30px;
 position: absolute;
 top: 50%;
 left: 50%;
 border-radius: 20px;
 transform: translate(-50%,-50%);
 background: rgba(0,0,0,0.80);
 text-align: center;
 box-shadow: 0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,0.75);
}
.box h1
{
 color: white;
 text-transform: uppercase;
 font-weight: 700;
}
.text{
 margin-left: 130px;
 margin-top:150px;
 bottom: 50%;
 width: 80%;
 height: 60%;
 background: rgba(0,0,0,0.80);
 text-align: center;
 color: gray;
 border-radius: 2%;
```

```
font-size:30px;
 font-family: sans-serif;
input[type="submit"]{
  border: 0;
  background: none;
  display: block;
  margin: 10px auto;
  text-align: center;
  border: 2px solid #B9B7BD;
  padding: 10px 10px;
  width: 100px;
  outline:none;
  color: #B9B7BD;
  border-radius:18px;
  transition:0.25s;
  cursor: pointer;
  margin-left: 45%;
  margin-top: 3%;
}
input[type="submit"]:hover{
  background: #EEEDE7;
  color: black;
  font-weight: 700;
  box-shadow:0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,1.50);
}
    </style>
<nav>
```

```
<a href="/">Home</a>
<a href="register">Register</a>
<a href="login">Login</a>
<a href="about">about</a>
<div class="animation start-home"></div>
</nav>
<div class="text">
<h1>CRUDE OIL PRICE PREDICTION</h1>
```

Demand for oil is inelastic, therefore the rise in price is good news for producers because they will see an increase in their revenue. Oil importers, however, will experience increased costs of purchasing oil. Because oil is the largest traded commodity, the effects are quite significant. A rising oil price can even shift economic/political power from oil importers to oil exporters. The crude oil price movements are subject to diverse influencing factors

```
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

#### **WEB.HTML:**

```
<html>
<meta charset="utf-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<title>Prediction</title>
<style>
    *{
    margin: 0;
    padding: 0;
    box-sizing: border-box;
}
body{
```

```
font-family: sans-serif;
width: 100%;
height: 100vh;
background image: linear gradient (rgba(0,0,0,0.75), rgba(0,0,0,0.25)), url(\{\{url\_for('static',filenam', static', stat
e= 'crude_oil.jpg')}});
background-size:cover;
background-position: center;
}
.box{
width: 400px;
padding: 30px;
position: absolute;
top: 50%;
left: 50%;
border-radius: 20px;
transform: translate(-50%,-50%);
background: rgba(0,0,0,0.80);
text-align: center;
box-shadow: 0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,0.75);
}
.box h1
 {
color: white;
text-transform: uppercase;
font-weight: 700;
```

```
}
.usr input[type="text"]
border: 0;
background: none;
display: block;
margin: 20px auto;
text-align: center;
border: 2px solid #0367fd;
border-color: #B9B7BD;
padding: 14px 10px;
width: 250px;
outline: none;
color: white;
border-radius: 18px;
transition: 0.25s;
}
.box input[type="text"]:focus{
width: 270px;
border-color:#EEEDE7;
}
.days input[type="text"]{
border: 0;
background: none;
display: block;
margin: 20px auto;
```

```
text-align: center;
border: 2px solid #0367fd;
border-color: #B9B7BD;
padding: 14px 10px;
width: 250px;
outline: none;
color: white;
border-radius: 18px;
transition: 0.25s;
}
.box input[type="password"]:focus{
width: 270px;
border-color:#EEEDE7;
}
.mobile input[type="number"]{
border: 0;
background: none;
display: block;
margin: 20px auto;
text-align: center;
border: 2px solid #0367fd;
border-color: #B9B7BD;
padding: 14px 10px;
width: 250px;
outline: none;
color:#B9B7BD;
border-radius: 18px;
transition: 0.25s;
```

```
}
.box input[type="password"]:focus{
width: 270px;
border-color:#EEEDE7;
}
.box input[type="submit"]{
border: 0;
background: none;
display: block;
margin: 10px auto;
text-align: center;
border: 2px solid #B9B7BD;
padding: 10px 10px;
width: 100px;
outline:none;
color: #B9B7BD;
border-radius:18px;
transition:0.25s;
cursor: pointer;
}
.box input[type="submit"]:hover{
background:#B9B7BD;
color: black;
```

```
font-weight: 700;
box-shadow:0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,1.50);
}
nav {
  position: relative;
 top: 2%;
  width: 700px;
  height:46px;
  background:rgba(0,0,0,0.80);
  border-radius: 8px;
  box-shadow: 0px 15px 20px rgba(0,0,0,0.75);
 left:28%;
 }
 nav a{
  font-size: 13px;
  color: #B9B7BD;
  font-family: sans-serif;
  border-radius: 50%;
  text-decoration: none;
  line-height: 45px;
  position: relative;
  z-index: 1;
  display: inline-block;
  text-align: center;
  text-transform: uppercase;
 }
 nav .animation{
  position: absolute;
  height: 2px;
```

```
bottom: 0;
 z-index: 0;
 background:#B9B7BD;
 border-radius: 8px;
transition: all .5s ease 0s;
}
a:nth-child(1){
 width: 100px;
}
nav .start-register,a:nth-child(1):hover~.animation{
 width: 60px;
 left: 20px;
}
a:nth-child(2){
 width: 100px;
}
nav .start-game,a:nth-child(2):hover~.animation{
 width: 60px;
 left: 125px;
}
a:nth-child(3){
 width: 100px;}
nav .start-blog,a:nth-child(3):hover~.animation{
 width: 60px;
 left: 230px;
}
```

```
a:nth-child(4){
  width: 120px;
 }
 nav .start-help,a:nth-child(4):hover~.animation{
  width: 60px;
  left: 343px;
 }
 a:nth-child(5){
  width: 120px;
 }
 nav .start-help,a:nth-child(5):hover~.animation{
  width: 60px;
  left: 465px;
 }
 a:nth-child(6){
  width: 120px;
 }
 nav .start-help,a:nth-child(6):hover~.animation{
  width: 60px;
  left: 600px;
 }
</style>
```

```
<body><nav>
   <a href="login"> </a>
   <a href="about">about</a>
   <a href="/">Logout</a>
 <a href="history">history</a>
 <a href="graph">Graph</a>
 <a href="admin">Admin</a>
   <div class="animation start-home"></div>
</nav>
<br>
   <center><div><font color="Powderblue" font-family="sans-serif" size=8 ><b><br/>Crude
Oil Price Prediction</b></font></div></center>
<br><br><br><br>>
<div class="box">
   <form class="main" name="year" action="/prediction" method="post">
      <br
      <h1>WELCOME {{session["name"]}}</h1>
      <fontsize=20><divclass=days><inputtype="text"
                                                      name="year"
                                                                      placeholder="Enter
previous 10days price"/></font></div>
      <center><input type="submit" class="logbtn" value="Predict"></center>
      <h1></h1>
   <divclass="bor"><b><fontcolor="white"size=5><br>{{showcase}}</font></b></div>
   </form>
</div>
<div>
</div>
</body>
</html>
```

# **GITHUB & PROJECT DEMO LINK:**

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-16964-1659626033.git

https://youtu.be/nm80Yop6gfc