SENDGRID INTEGRATION WITH PYTHON

Team ID	PNT2022TMID01747
Project Name	Nutrition Assistant Application

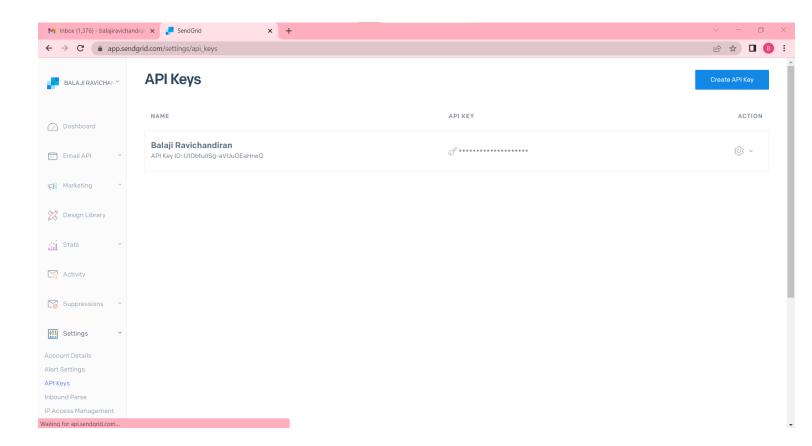
STEP 1:

REQUIREMENTS:

Python 2.6, 2.7, 3.4 or 3.5.

STEP 2:

Create an API key



STEP 3:

INSTALL

PAKAGE: > pip install sendgrid

SETP 4:

SEND EMAIL

SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:

```
1 import os
2 from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
3 from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
5 message = Mail (
6
       from_email='from_email@example.com',
       to emails='to@example.com',
       subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
       html content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
   Python</strong>')
10 try:
11
       sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID API KEY'))
      response = sg.send(message)
     print (response.status_code)
14
     print (response.body)
15
     print (response.headers)
16 except Exception as e:
17
   print (e.message)
```

HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM

```
1 """HTTP Client library"""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
17 _logger = logging.getLogger(__name_)
      def __init__(self, response):
          :param response: The return value from a open call
                           on a urllib.build opener()
          :type response: urllib response object
          self. status code = response.getcode()
          self. body = response.read()
          self._headers = response.info()
      def status_code(self):
      def body(self):
         :return: response from the API
```

```
def headers (self):
       :return: dict of response headers
       :return: dict of response from the API
       if self.body:
            return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
   def _init_ (self,
                 host,
                 request headers=None,
                 url path=None,
                 append slash=False,
        :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
https://api.sendgrid.com)
        :type host: string
        :param request_headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
applied on all calls
           :type request headers: dictionary
           :param version: The version number of the API.
  behavior.
                           Or just pass the version as part of the URL
           :type version: integer
           :param url path: A list of the url path segments
           :type url path: list of strings
          self.request_headers = request_headers or ()
           self. version = version
           self. url path = url path or []
           self.append slash = append slash
          self.timeout = timeout
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
            :type url: string
            return '()/v()()'.format(self.host, str(self. version),
  url)
110
111
        def build url(self, query params):
112
113
114
            :param query params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
            :type query_params: dictionary
117
118
            ur1 = ""
119
            while count < len(self. url path):
                url += '/()'.format(self._url_path[count])
124
            if self.append_slash:
126
127
            if query params:
                url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
131
132
133
134
                url = '()()'.format(self.host, url)
135
136
137
        def update headers (self, request headers):
138
139
140
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
            :type request headers: dictionary
143
            :return: dictionary
144
145
            self.request_headers.update(request_headers)
147
```

```
:type name: string
           url path = self. url path + [name] If name else
  self, url path
                          request_headers=self.request_headers,
                          url path=url path,
                          append slash=self.append slash,
        def make_request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
            :param opener:
            :type opener:
            :param request: url payload to request
170
            :type timeout: float
            :return: urllib response
174
                return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
            except HTTPError as err:
                exc = handle error(err)
179
                exc. cause = None
```

```
method=request.get method(),
                   status=exc.status code,
                   body=exc.body))
               raise exc
               (e.g. /your/api/(variable value)/call)
              Another example: if you have a Python reserved word,
              in your url, you must use this method.
192
            :param name: Name of the url segment
            :type name: string
194
196
           return self. build client (name)
197
       def getattr (self, name):
               (e.g. client.name.name.method())
              You can also add a version number by using
  .version(<int>)
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
            :return: mixed
206
           if name == 'version':
               def get version (*args, **kwargs):
                   :param args: dict of settings
211
                   :param kwargs: unused
```

```
213
214
                    self. version = args[0]
216
                return get_version
217
            if name in self.methods:
               method = name.upper()
221
               def http_request(
223
                        request body=None,
                        query params=None,
                        request headers=None,
229
                    :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
 propagated to
230
                        urllib client
231
232
                    :param request headers: HTTP headers. Will be
 merged into
                        current client object state
233
234
                    :type request headers: dict
235
                    :param query params: HTTP query parameters
236
                    :type query params: dict
237
                    :param request body: HTTP request body
238
                    :type request body: string or json-serializable
239
                    :param kwargs:
240
241
242
                    If request headers:
```

```
243
                        self. update headers (request headers)
244
                    if request body is None:
246
                        data = None
                        if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
                                self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
                            data = request body.encode('utf-8')
                            self.request headers.setdefault(
                            data =
  json.dumps(request body).encode('utf-8')
                    opener = urllib.build opener()
                    request = urllib.Request(
                        self. build url(query params),
                        headers=self.request headers,
                        data=data,
                    request.get method = lambda: method
                    _logger.debug('[method] Request: (url)'.format(
268
                        method=method,
                        url=request.get full url()))
270
                    if request.data:
271
                        logger.debug('PAYLOAD: (data)'.format(
272
                            data=request.data))
273
                    logger.debug('HEADERS: (headers)'.format(
274
                        headers=request.headers))
275
```

```
response = Response(

response |

resp
```