## **CAR RESALE VALUE PREDICTION**

#### **Abstract:**

Used car resale market in India was marked at 24.2 billion US dollars in 2019. Due to the huge requirement of used cars and lack of experts who can determine the correct valuation, there is an utmost need of bridging this gap between sellers and buyers. This project focuses on building a system that can accurately predict a resale value of the car based on minimal features like kms driven, year of purchase etc. without manual or human interference and hence it remains unbiased

# <u>Tips and pointers for future use (not intended to be used as such in the document)</u>

This resale value prediction system is made for general purpose to just predict the amount that can be roughly acquired by the user.

We try to predict the amount of resale by best 70% accuracy so the user can get estimated value before he resales the car and does not make a deal in loss.

The main idea of making a car resale value prediction system is to get hands-on practice for python using Data Science. Car resale value prediction is the system to predict the amount of resale value based on the parameters provided by the user. User enters the details of the car into the form given and accordingly the car resale value is predicted

The system is defined in the python language that predicts the amount of resale value based on the given information. The system works on the trained dataset of the machine learning program that evaluates the precise value of the car. User can enter details only of fields like purchase price of car, kilometres driven, fuel of car, year of purchase.

Car resale value prediction system is made with the purpose of predicting the correct valuation of used cars that helps users to sell the car remotely with perfect valuation and without human intervention in the process to eliminate biased valuation.

### Introduction:

### <u>Literature Survey:</u>

This section reviews the research works carried out by different researchers that are related to the proposed work

- 1. (Gongqi, Yansong, & Qiang, 2011) proposed using Artificial Neural Network (ANN) through a combined method of BP neural network and nonlinear curve fit and have achieved accurate value prediction with a feasible model.
- (Kuiper, 2008) Collected data from General Motor of cars that are produced in 2005, where he as well used variable selection technique to include the most relevant attributes in his model to reduce the complexity of the data. He proposed used Multivariate regression model that would be more suitable for values with numeric format
- 3. Noor & Jan, 2017) were able to achieve high level of accuracy using Multiple linear regression models to predict the price of cars collected from used cars website in Pakistan called Pak Wheels that totalled to 1699 records after pre-processing, and where able to achieve accuracy of 98%, this was done after reducing the total amount of attributes using variable selection technique to include significant attributes only and to reduce the complexity of the model.
- 4. (Listiani, 2009) used Support Vector Machines to evaluate leased cars prices, results have shown that SVM is far more accurate in large dataset with high dimensional data than Multiple linear regression. Whereas the computation Multiple linear regression can take several minutes and the SVM would take up to a day to compute the results. Multiple linear regression may be simple, but SVM is far more accurate. Moreover, the study includes Samples with up to 178 attributes which is far more than the proposed variable in our study, hence the use of multiple linear regression may be more suitable in our case.
- 5. (K. Samruddhi & Kumar, 2020) Proposed using Supervised machine leaning model using K-Nearest Neighbour to predict used car prices from a data set obtained from Kaggle containing 14 different attributes, using this method accuracy reached up to 85% after different values of K as well as Changing the percent of training data to testing data, expectedly when increasing the percent of data that is tested better accuracy results are achieved. The model was also cross validated with 5 and 10 folds by using K fold method.