#### PROJECT DEVELOPMENT PHASE

#### **Sprint - III**

| Date          | 16 NOVEMBER 2022                |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Team ID       | PNT2022TMID22157                |
| Project Name  | Developing a Flight Delay Model |
|               | UsingMachine Learning           |
| Maximum Marks | 8 Marks                         |

# Training the model on IBM

#### **Import libraries**

**import** numpy **as** np **import** pandas **as** pd

## Import label encoder

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report from sklearn.metrics import jaccard\_score

from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split

#### **Import dataset**

import os, types import pandas as pd from botocore.client import Config import ibm\_boto3

def\_\_iter\_(self): return 0

@hidden cell

The following code accesses a file in your IBM Cloud Object Storage

You might want to remove those credentials before you share the notebook

cos\_client = ibm\_boto3.client(service\_name='s3', ibm\_api\_key\_id='BmleA4MV5fW02WAmF6zCBnBmBBkh7otufBwtC7V84yVO', ibm\_auth\_endpoint="https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/oidc/token", config=Config(signature\_version='oauth'), endpoint\_url='https://s3.private.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud')

```
bucket = 'randommodel-donotdelete-pr-jpkful51t7p3nj'
object key = 'Processed data15.csv'
body = cos client.get object(Bucket=bucket,Key=object key)['Body']
Add missing __iter__ method, so pandas accepts body as file-like object
if not hasattr(body, "__iter__"): body.__iter__ = types.MethodType( iter, body)
df = pd.read csv(body)
df.head()
df.head(90)
columns= ['carrier', 'dest', 'origin']
le=LabelEncoder()
for i in columns:
   df[i]=le.fit_transform(df[i])
df['carrier'].unique()
df['origin'].unique()
df['dest'].unique()
df.head(90)
 From column(years) to column(distance)
X = df.iloc[:, 0:6].values
X[0:5]
y = df['delayed']
y.head().to frame()
for i in range(0, 20):
   X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=i)
Creating random forest classifier
clf = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=i)
   clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
Determining the score
train_score = clf.score(X_train, y_train)
   test score = clf.score(X test, y test)
   print("Test: {}, Train: {} and Random State: {}".format(test_score, train_score, i))
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=18)
```

clf = RandomForestClassifier(random\_state=18)

```
clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
print("Train set: ", clf.score(X_train, y_train))
print("Test set: ", clf.score(X_test, y_test))
```

## **Predicting the trained Classifier to the test**

```
yhat = clf.predict(X_test)
```

## Viewing the predicted probabilities of first 10 observations

# Save and Deploy the model

```
import sklearn
sklearn.__version___

MODEL_NAME = 'Flight'
DEPLOYMENT_NAME = 'model_deploy'
DEMO_MODEL = clf
```

## **Set Python Version**

software\_spec\_uid = wml\_client.software\_specifications.get\_id\_by\_name('runtime-22.1-py3.9')

#### Setup model meta

```
model_props = {
   wml_client.repository.ModelMetaNames.NAME: MODEL_NAME,
   wml_client.repository.ModelMetaNames.TYPE: 'scikit-learn_1.0',
   wml_client.repository.ModelMetaNames.SOFTWARE_SPEC_UID: software_spec_uid
}
```

#### Save model

```
model_details = wml_client.repository.store_model(
    model=DEMO_MODEL,
    meta_props=model_props,
    training_data=X_train,
    training_target=y_train
)

model_details

model_id = wml_client.repository.get_model_id(model_details)
model_id
```

#### Set meta

```
deployment_props = {
    wml_client.deployments.ConfigurationMetaNames.NAME:DEPLOYMENT_NAME,
    wml_client.deployments.ConfigurationMetaNames.ONLINE: { }
}
```

## **Deploy**

```
deployment = wml_client.deployments.create(
    artifact_uid=model_id,
    meta_props=deployment_props
)
```