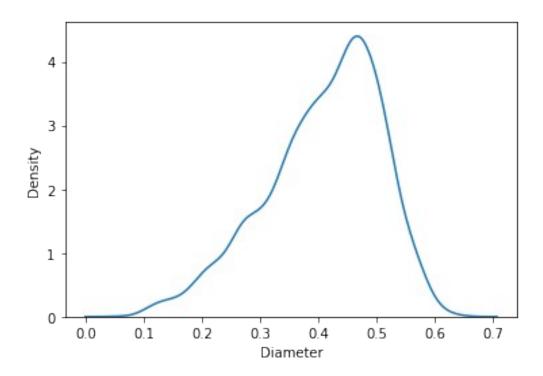
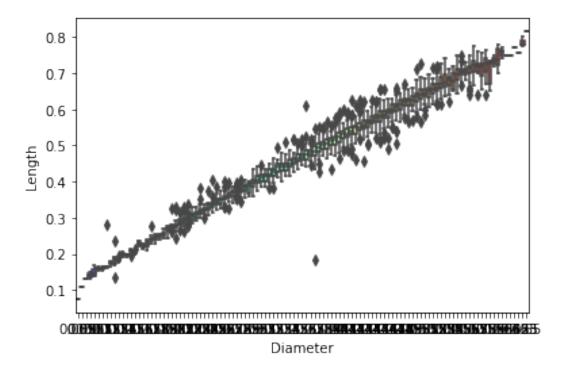
1.Libraries

```
DONE BY ANJANA S- 9517201904018 (TEAM LEAD)
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as tlp
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as ss
2.Loading the dataset
from google.colab import files
upload=files.upload()
a=pd.read csv('/content/abalone.csv')
a.head()
                          Height Whole weight Shucked weight Viscera
  Sex Length Diameter
weight
        0.455
                  0.365
                                        0.5140
   М
                           0.095
                                                         0.2245
0.1010
                  0.265
                           0.090
                                        0.2255
1
   М
        0.350
                                                         0.0995
0.0485
        0.530
                  0.420
                           0.135
                                        0.6770
                                                         0.2565
    F
0.1415
        0.440
                  0.365
3
                           0.125
                                        0.5160
                                                         0.2155
   М
0.1140
        0.330
                  0.255
                           0.080
                                        0.2050
                                                         0.0895
    Ι
0.0395
   Shell weight
                 Rings
0
          0.150
                     15
1
          0.070
                     7
2
                     9
          0.210
3
          0.155
                     10
          0.055
                      7
a['age']=a['Rings']+1.5
a=a.drop('Rings',axis=1)
3.A. univariate Analysis
ss.kdeplot(a['Diameter'])
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fbad1961d90>
```



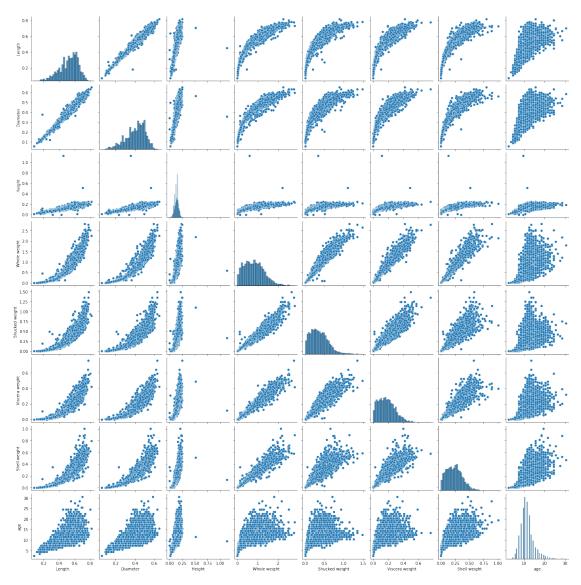
2.Bi-Variate Analysis
ss.boxplot(x=a.Diameter,y = a.Length, palette='rainbow')
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fbad1844c50>



3.Multi-Variate Analysis

ss.pairplot(a)

<seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x7fbad096df50>



4.Descriptive Statistics

a.info()

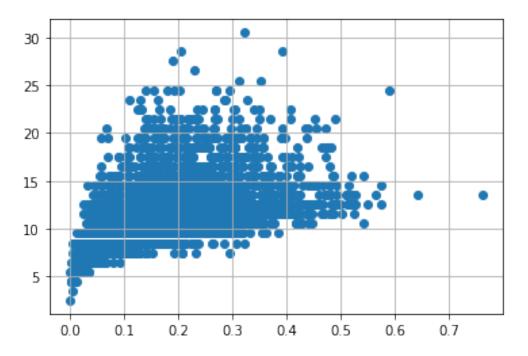
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 4177 entries, 0 to 4176
Data columns (total 9 columns):

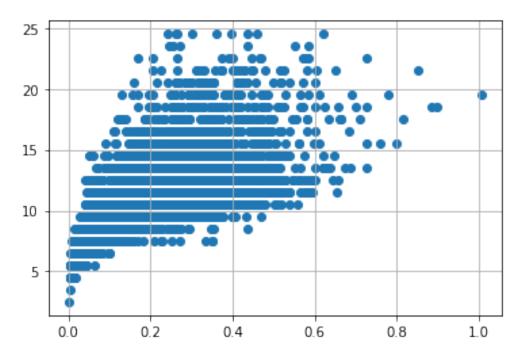
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Sex	4177 non-null	object
1	Length	4177 non-null	float64
2	Diameter	4177 non-null	float64
3	Height	4177 non-null	float64

```
4
     Whole weight
                      4177 non-null
                                       float64
 5
                      4177 non-null
     Shucked weight
                                       float64
     Viscera weight
 6
                      4177 non-null
                                       float64
 7
     Shell weight
                      4177 non-null
                                       float64
 8
                      4177 non-null
     age
                                       float64
dtypes: float64(8), object(1)
memory usage: 293.8+ KB
a['Diameter'].describe()
         4177.000000
count
mean
            0.407881
            0.099240
std
min
            0.055000
25%
            0.350000
50%
            0.425000
75%
            0.480000
max
            0.650000
Name: Diameter, dtype: float64
a['Sex'].value counts
<bound method IndexOpsMixin.value counts of 0</pre>
                                                       М
1
2
        F
3
        М
4
        Ι
        F
4172
4173
        М
4174
        Μ
4175
        F
4176
        М
Name: Sex, Length: 4177, dtype: object>
5. Checking for missing values and dealing with them
a.isnull()
                      Diameter
                                 Height
                                         Whole weight
                                                        Shucked weight
        Sex
             Length
0
      False
              False
                         False
                                  False
                                                 False
                                                                  False
1
              False
      False
                         False
                                  False
                                                 False
                                                                  False
2
      False
              False
                         False
                                                 False
                                  False
                                                                  False
3
      False
              False
                         False
                                  False
                                                 False
                                                                  False
4
      False
              False
                         False
                                  False
                                                 False
                                                                  False
        . . .
                 . . .
                            . . .
4172
      False
              False
                         False
                                  False
                                                 False
                                                                  False
4173
      False
              False
                         False
                                  False
                                                 False
                                                                  False
              False
                         False
4174
      False
                                  False
                                                 False
                                                                  False
4175
      False
              False
                         False
                                  False
                                                 False
                                                                  False
4176
      False
              False
                         False
                                  False
                                                 False
                                                                  False
```

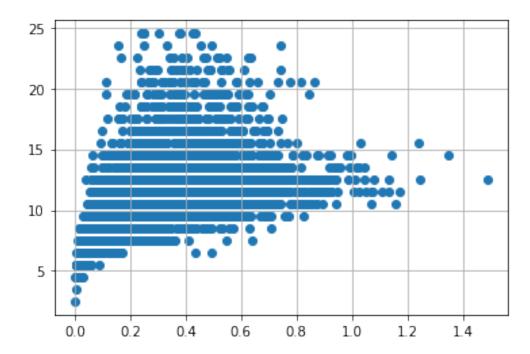
```
Viscera weight Shell weight
                                        age
0
                False
                              False False
1
                False
                              False False
2
                False
                              False False
3
                False
                              False False
4
                False
                              False False
                  . . .
                                 . . .
4172
                False
                              False False
4173
                False
                              False
                                     False
4174
                False
                              False False
4175
                False
                              False False
                False
4176
                              False False
[4177 rows x 9 columns]
a.isnull().sum()
                   0
Length
Diameter
                   0
                   0
Height
Whole weight
                   0
Shucked weight
                   0
Viscera weight
                   0
Shell weight
                   0
                   0
age
                   0
Sex_F
                   0
Sex_I
                   0
Sex M
dtype: int64
6.Find the outliers and replace the outliers
a=pd.get dummies(a)
dummy_a=a
var='Viscera weight'
tlp.scatter(x=a[var],y=a['age'])
```

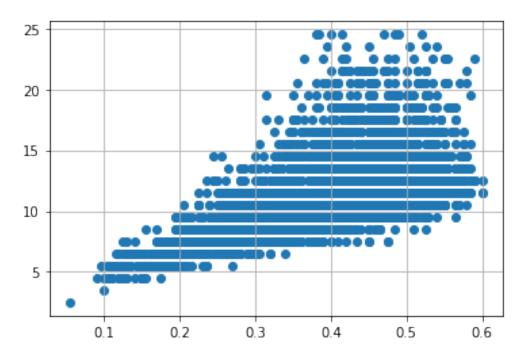
tlp.grid(True)

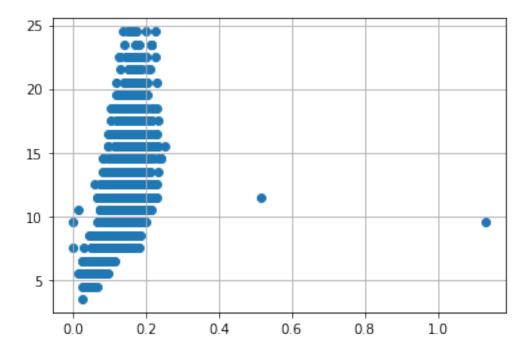


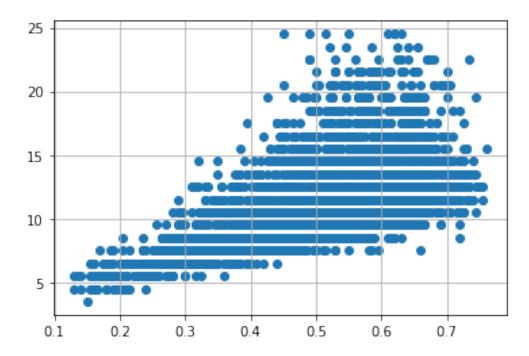


```
a.drop(a[(a['Shell weight']<0.8) & (
a['age'] > 25)].index, inplace = True)
var = 'Shucked weight'
tlp.scatter(x = a[var], y =a['age'])
tlp.grid(True)
```









7. Checking for categorical columns

```
numerical_features = a.select_dtypes(include = [np.number]).columns
categorical_features = a.select_dtypes(include = [np.object]).columns
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:2: DeprecationWarning: `np.object` is a deprecated alias for the builtin `object`. To silence this warning, use `object` by itself. Doing this will not modify any behavior and is safe.

Deprecated in NumPy 1.20; for more details and guidance: https://numpy.org/devdocs/release/1.20.0-notes.html#deprecations

numerical_features

```
Index(['Length', 'Diameter', 'Height', 'Whole weight', 'Shucked
weight'
       ,
'Viscera weight', 'Shell weight', 'age', 'Sex_F', 'Sex_I',
'Sex M'],
      dtype='object')
categorical features
Index([], dtype='object')
Encoding
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le=LabelEncoder()
print(a.Length.value counts())
0.550
         93
0.575
         93
0.625
         93
0.580
         92
0.600
         86
0.755
          2
0.220
          2
0.150
          1
0.135
          1
0.760
          1
Name: Length, Length: 126, dtype: int64
x=a.iloc[:,:5]
Χ
      Length
              Diameter
                         Height Whole weight
                                                 Shucked weight
0
       0.455
                  0.365
                          0.095
                                        0.5140
                                                          0.2245
1
       0.350
                  0.265
                          0.090
                                        0.2255
                                                          0.0995
2
       0.530
                  0.420
                          0.135
                                        0.6770
                                                          0.2565
3
       0.440
                  0.365
                          0.125
                                        0.5160
                                                          0.2155
4
       0.330
                  0.255
                          0.080
                                        0.2050
                                                          0.0895
       0.565
                  0.450
                                        0.8870
                                                          0.3700
4172
                          0.165
4173
       0.590
                  0.440
                          0.135
                                        0.9660
                                                          0.4390
       0.600
4174
                  0.475
                          0.205
                                        1.1760
                                                          0.5255
4175
       0.625
                  0.485
                          0.150
                                        1.0945
                                                          0.5310
                                        1.9485
4176
       0.710
                  0.555
                          0.195
                                                          0.9455
[4096 \text{ rows } \times 5 \text{ columns}]
y=a.iloc[:,:5]
У
      Length
              Diameter
                         Height Whole weight
                                                 Shucked weight
0
       0.455
                  0.365
                          0.095
                                        0.5140
                                                          0.2245
```

1	0.350	0.265	0.090	0.2255	0.0995
2	0.530	0.420	0.135	0.6770	0.2565
3	0.440	0.365	0.125	0.5160	0.2155
4	0.330	0.255	0.080	0.2050	0.0895
4172	0.565	0.450	0.165	0.8870	0.3700
4173	0.590	0.440	0.135	0.9660	0.4390
4174	0.600	0.475	0.205	1.1760	0.5255
4175	0.625	0.485	0.150	1.0945	0.5310
4176	0.710	0.555	0.195	1.9485	0.9455

[4096 rows x 5 columns]

9. Spliting the data into training and testing

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2)
```

10.Building the model

```
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
mlr=LinearRegression()
mlr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

LinearRegression()

- 11.Training the model
- 12.Testingthe model

x_test[0:5]

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight
2358	0.610	0.485	0.210	1.3445	0.5350
723	0.525	0.410	0.130	0.9900	0.3865
2535	0.640	0.500	0.180	1.4995	0.5930
2717	0.345	0.255	0.095	0.1830	0.0750
29	0.575	0.425	0.140	0.8635	0.3930

y_test[0:5]

	Length	Diameter	Height	Whole weight	Shucked weight
2358	0.610	0.485	0.210	1.3445	0.5350
723	0.525	0.410	0.130	0.9900	0.3865
2535	0.640	0.500	0.180	1.4995	0.5930
2717	0.345	0.255	0.095	0.1830	0.0750
29	0.575	0.425	0.140	0.8635	0.3930

13. Scaling the independent variables

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
ss=StandardScaler()
x_train=ss.fit_transform(x_train)
mlrpred=mlr.predict(x test[0:9])
mlrpred
array([[0.61 , 0.485 , 0.21 , 1.3445, 0.535],
        [0.525 , 0.41 , 0.13 , 0.99 , 0.3865],
[0.64 , 0.5 , 0.18 , 1.4995, 0.593 ],
[0.345 , 0.255 , 0.095 , 0.183 , 0.075 ],
        [0.575 , 0.425 , 0.14 , 0.8635 , 0.393 ],
        [0.57 , 0.48 , 0.18 , 0.9395, 0.399 ],
               , 0.485 , 0.165 , 1.087 , 0.4255],
        [0.61
        [0.635 , 0.505 , 0.17 , 1.2635 , 0.512 ],
        [0.53 , 0.41 , 0.155 , 0.7155, 0.2805]])
14. Measuring the performance using metrics
from sklearn.metrics import r2 score
r2_score(mlr.predict(x_test),y_test)
1.0
```