Assignment -2 Data Visualization and Preprocessing

Team ID	PNT2022TMID03539
Project Name	AI BASED DISCOURSE FOR BANKING INDUSTRY
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Question-1. Download dataset

Solution:

RowNuml	Customer	Surname	CreditSco	Geograph	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfPr(Ha	sCrCard IsA	ctiveM	Estimated Exi	ited
1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	4.	2 2	0	1	1	1	101348.9	1
2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	4	1 1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.6	0
3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	4	2 8	159660.8	3	1	0	113931.6	1
4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	3	9 1	0	2	0	0	93826.63	0
5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	4	3 2	125510.8	1	1	1	79084.1	0
6	15574012	Chu	645	Spain	Male	4	4 8	113755.8	2	1	0	149756.7	1
7	15592531	Bartlett	822	France	Male	5	7	0	2	1	1	10062.8	0
8	15656148	Obinna	376	Germany	Female	2	9 4	115046.7	4	1	0	119346.9	1
9	15792365	He	501	France	Male	4	4 4	142051.1	2	0	1	74940.5	0
10	15592389	H?	684	France	Male	2	7 2	134603.9	1	1	1	71725.73	0
11	15767821	Bearce	528	France	Male	3	1 6	102016.7	2	0	0	80181.12	0
12	15737173	Andrews	497	Spain	Male	2	4 3	0	2	1	0	76390.01	0
13	15632264	Kay	476	France	Female	3-	4 10	0	2	1	0	26260.98	0
14	15691483	Chin	549	France	Female	2	5 5	0	2	0	0	190857.8	0
15	15600882	Scott	635	Spain	Female	3.	5 7	0	2	1	1	65951.65	0
16	15643966	Goforth	616	Germany	Male	4	5 3	143129.4	2	0	1	64327.26	0
17	15737452	Romeo	653	Germany	Male	5	3 1	132602.9	1	1	0	5097.67	1
18	15788218	Henderso	549	Spain	Female	2	4 9	0	2	1	1	14406.41	0
19	15661507	Muldrow	587	Spain	Male	4	5 6	0	1	0	0	158684.8	0
20	15568982	Hao	726	France	Female	2	4 6	0	2	1	1	54724.03	0
21	15577657	McDonald	732	France	Male	4	1 8	0	2	1	1	170886.2	0
22	15597945	Dellucci	636	Spain	Female	3.	2 8	0	2	1	0	138555.5	0
23	15699309	Gerasimo	510	Spain	Female	3	8 4	0	1	1	0	118913.5	1
24	15725737	Mosman	669	France	Male	4	5 3	0	2	0	1	8487.75	0
25	15625047	Yen	846	France	Female	3	5	0	1	1	1	187616.2	0
26	15738191	Maclean	577	France	Male	2	5 3	0	2	0	1	124508.3	0
27	15736816	Young	756	Germany	Male	3	5 2	136815.6	1	1	1	170042	0
28	15700772	Nebechi	571	France	Male	4	4 9	0	2	0	0	38433.35	0
29	15728693	McWillian	574	Germany	Female	4	3 3	141349.4	1	1	1	100187.4	0
30	15656300	Lucciano	411	France	Male	2	9 0	59697.17	2	1	1	53483.21	0
31	15589475	Azikiwe	591	Spain	Female	3:	9 3	0	3	1	0	140469.4	1
32	15706552	Odinakac	533	France	Male	3	5 7	85311.7	1	0	1	156731.9	0
33	15750181	Sanderso	r 553	Germany	Male	4	1 9	110112.5	2	0	0	81898.81	0
34	15659428	Maggard	520	Spain	Female	4	2 6	0	2	1	1	34410.55	0
35	15732963	Clements	722	Spain	Female	2	9 9	0	2	1	1	142033.1	0
36	15794171	Lombardo	475	France	Female	4	5 0	134264	1	1	0	27822.99	1
37	15788448	Watson	490	Spain	Male	3	1 3	145260.2	1	0	1	114066.8	0
38	15729599	Lorenzo	804	Spain	Male	3	3 7	76548.6	1	0	1	98453.45	0
39	15717426	Armstron	850	France	Male	3	5 7	0	1	1	1	40812.9	0
40	15585768	Cameron	582	Germany	Male	4	1 6	70349.48	2	0	1	178074	0

Question-2. Load the dataset

Solution:

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn
data = pd.read_csv(r'Churn_Modelling.csv')
df.head

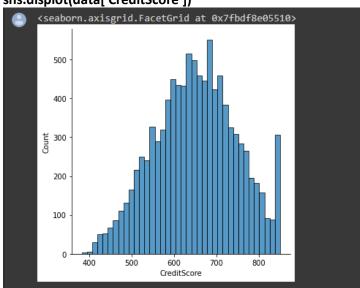
<bound< th=""><th>method</th><th>NDFrame.</th><th>head o</th><th>of Row</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>CreditScore</th><th>Geography</th><th>Gender</th><th>Ag</th></bound<>	method	NDFrame.	head o	of Row					CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Ag
0		1 156	34602	Hargrave		619		Female				
1		2 156	47311	Hill		608	Spain	Female	41			
2		3 156				502	France	Female	42			
3		4 157	01354	Boni		699	France	Female	39			
4				Mitchell		850	Spain	Female	43			
		5050 5050		3.00					200			
9995	99	96 156	06229	Obijiaku		771	France	Male	39			
9996	99	97 155	69892	Johnstone		516	France	Male	35			
9997	99	98 155	84532	Liu		709	France	Female	36			
9998	99	99 156	82355	Sabbatini		772	Germany	ny Male	42			
9999	10000 15		28319	Walker		792	France	Female	28			
9	Tenure	Balanc	e Num	OfProducts	HasCrCa	rd	IsActiveMe	mber \				
0	2	0.0	0	1		1		1				
1	1 83807.86		1	1			1					
2	8 159660.80		3		1		0					
3	1 0.00		2		0		0					
4	2	125510.8	2	1		1		1				
	***			105	* * *		***					
9995	5			2		1		0				
9996	10	57369.6	1	1		1		1				
999/	/	0.0	9	1		0		1				
		75075.3		2		1		0				
9999	4	130142.7	9	1		1		0				
1	Estimat	edSalary	Exite	d								
0	1	01348.88		1								
1		12542.58		0								
2	1	13931.57		1								
3		93826.63		0								
4		79084.10		0								
•••												
9995		96270.64		0								
9996		01699.77		0								
9997		42085.58		1								
9998		92888.52		1								
9999		38190.78		0								

Question-3. Perform Below Visualizations.

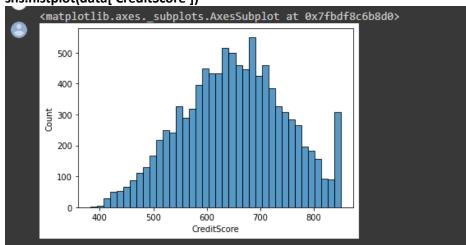
Univariate Analysis

Solution:

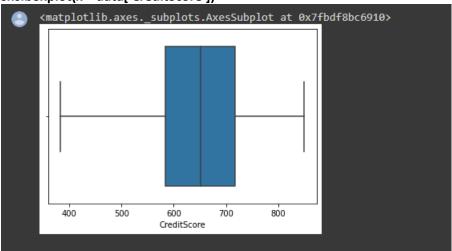
sns.displot(data['CreditScore'])

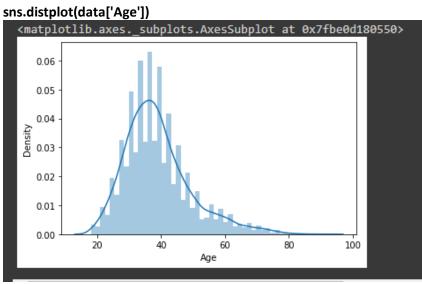




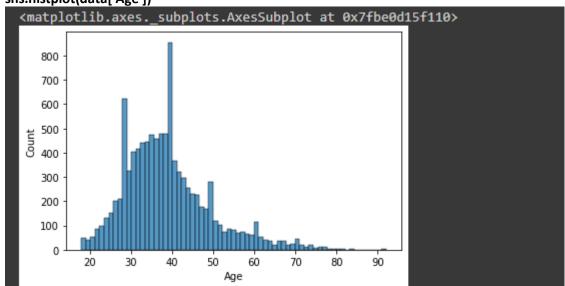


sns.boxplot(x = data['CreditScore'])

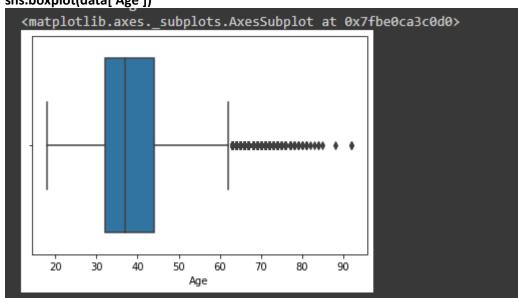




sns.histplot(data['Age'])



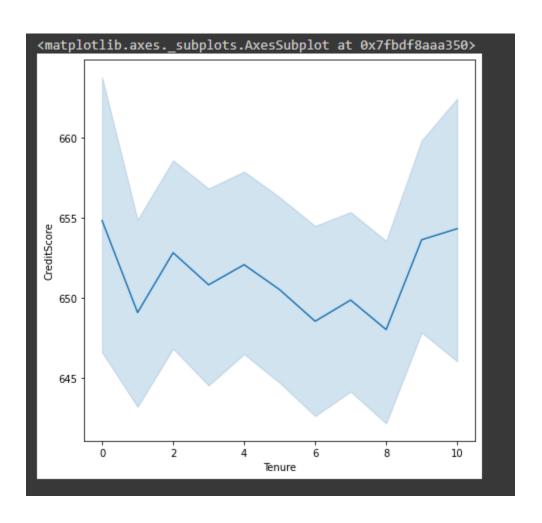




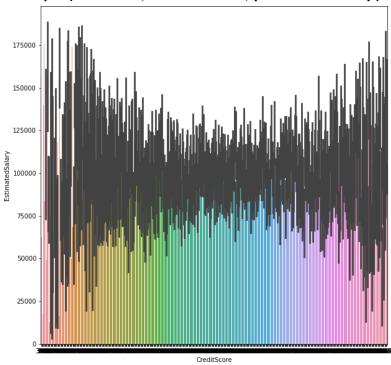
Bivariate Analysis

Solution:

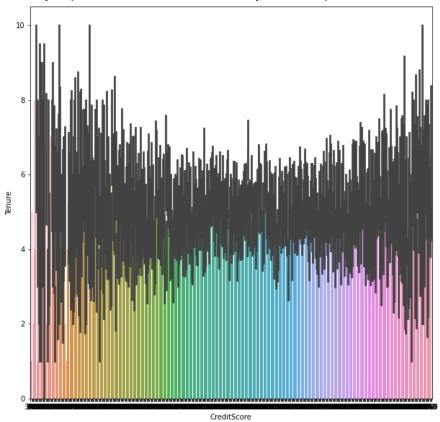
```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sns.lineplot(data = data, x = 'Tenure', y = 'CreditScore')
```



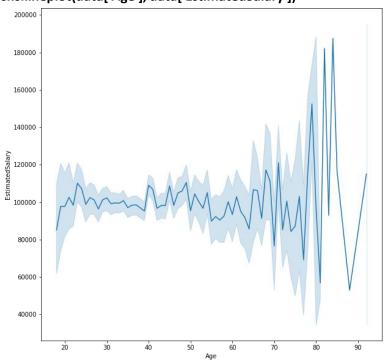
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'EstimatedSalary')



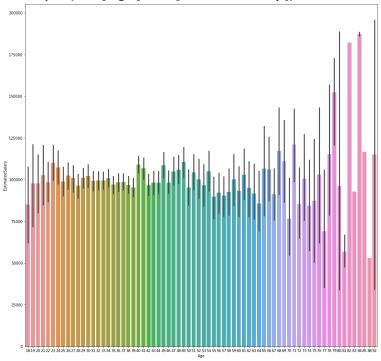
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)) sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Tenure')



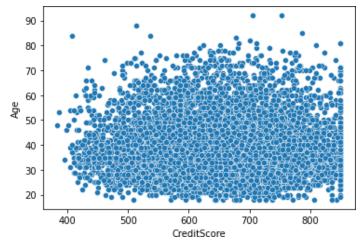
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
sns.lineplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])



plt.figure(figsize=(17,17))
sns.barplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])



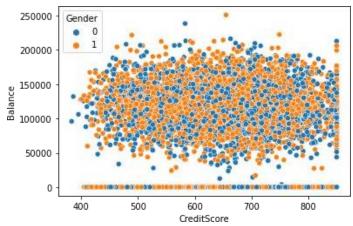
sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Age')



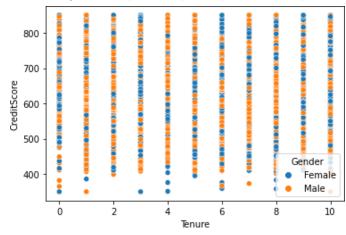
Multivariate Analysis

Solution:

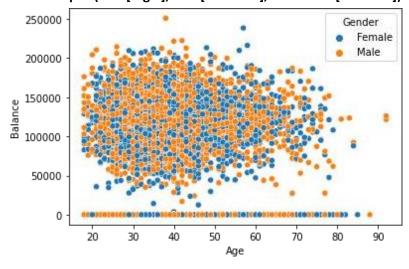
sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Balance', hue = 'Gender')

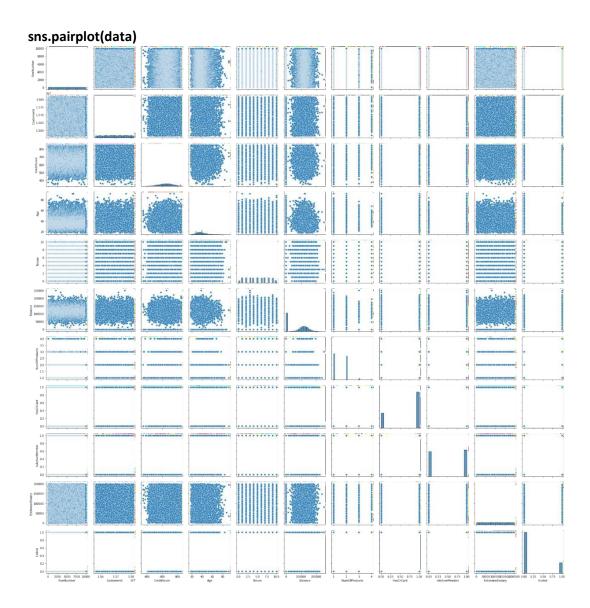


sns.scatterplot(data['Tenure'], data['CreditScore'], hue = data['Gender'])



sns.scatterplot(data['Age'], data['Balance'], hue = data['Gender'])





Question-4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

Solution:

data.mean(numeric_only = True)

RowNumber	5.000500e+03					
CustomerId	1.569094e+07					
CreditScore	6.505288e+02					
Age	3.892180e+01					
Tenure	5.012800e+00					
Balance	7.648589e+04					
NumOfProducts	1.530200e+00					
HasCrCard	7.055000e-01					
IsActiveMember	5.151000e-01					
EstimatedSalary	1.000902e+05					
Exited	2.037000e-01					
dtype: float64						

data.median(numeric_only = True)

RowNumber 5.000500e+03 CustomerId 1.569074e+07 6.520000e+02 CreditScore 3.700000e+01 Age 5.000000e+00 Tenure Balance 9.719854e+04 1.000000e+00 1.000000e+00 NumOfProducts HasCrCard IsActiveMember 1.000000e+00 1.001939e+05 EstimatedSalary Exited 0.000000e+00

dtype: float64

data['CreditScore'].mode()

0 850 dtype: int64

data['EstimatedSalary'].mode()

0 24924.92 dtype: float64

data['HasCrCard'].unique()

array([1, 0])

data['Tenure'].unique()

array([2, 1, 8, 7, 4, 6, 3, 10, 5, 9, 0])

data.std(numeric_only=True)

RowNumber 2886.895680 CustomerId 71936.186123 CreditScore 96.653299 10.487806 Age Tenure 2.892174 62397.405202 Balance NumOfProducts 0.581654 0.455840 HasCrCard IsActiveMember 0.499797 EstimatedSalary 57510.492818 Exited 0.402769 dtype: float64

data.describe()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.00000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889288	1.530200	0.70550	0.515100	100090.239881	0.203700
std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405202	0.581654	0.45584	0.499797	57510.492818	0.402769
min	1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	11.580000	0.000000
25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	51002.110000	0.000000
50%	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000	1.000000	1.00000	1.000000	100193.915000	0.000000
75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.240000	2.000000	1.00000	1.000000	149388.247500	0.000000
max	10000.00000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090000	4.000000	1.00000	1.000000	199992.480000	1.000000

data['Tenure'].value_counts()

Name: Tenure, dtype: int64

Question-5. Handle the Missing values.

Solution:

data.isnull().any()

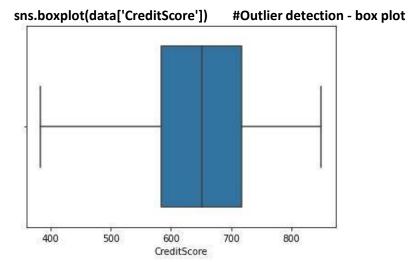
RowNumber	False
CustomerId	False
Surname	False
CreditScore	False
Geography	False
Gender	False
Age	False
Tenure	False
Balance	False
NumOfProducts	False
HasCrCard	False
IsActiveMember	False
EstimatedSalary	False
Exited	False
dtype: bool	

data.isnull().sum()

RowNu	ımber	0	
Custo	merId	0	
Surna	ame.	0	
Credi	tScore	0	
Geogr	aphy	0	
Gende	er	0	
Age		0	
Tenur	'e	0	
Balar	ice	0	
NumOf	Products	0	
HasCr	Card	0	
IsAct	iveMember	0	
Estin	natedSalary	0	
Exite	ed	0	
dtype	e: int64		

Question-6. Find the outliers and replace the outliers

Solution:



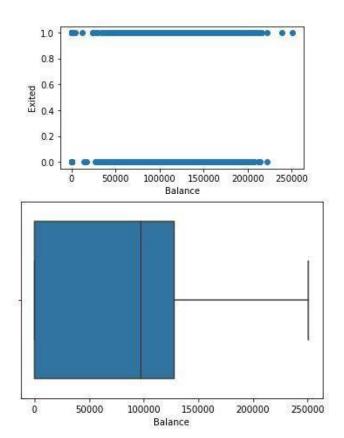
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (5,3)) #Outlier detection - Scatter plot ax.scatter(data['Balance'], data['Exited'])

```
# x-axis label
ax.set_xlabel('Balance')
# y-axis label
```

ax.set_ylabel('Exited')

plt.show()

sns.boxplot(x=data['Balance'])



from scipy import stats #Outlier detection - zscore
zscore = np.abs(stats.zscore(data['CreditScore']))
print(zscore)
print('No. of Outliers : ', np.shape(np.where(zscore>3)))

```
0
        0.332952
1
        0.447540
2
        1.551761
3
        0.500422
        2.073415
9995
        1.250458
9996
        1.405920
9997
        0.604594
9998
        1.260876
        1.469219
Name: CreditScore, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
No. of Outliers : (1, 0)
```

q = data.quantile([0.75,0.25])

q

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0.75	7500.25	15753233.75	2238.25	718.0	1.0	1.0	44.0	7.0	127644.24	2.0	1.0	1.0	149388.2475	0.0
0.25	2500.75	15628528.25	773.75	584.0	0.0	0.0	32.0	3.0	0.00	1.0	0.0	0.0	51002.1100	0.0

iqr = q.iloc[0] - q.iloc[1] iqr

RowNumber	4999.5000
CustomerId	124705.5000
Surname	1464.5000
CreditScore	134.0000
Geography	1.0000
Gender	1.0000
Age	12.0000
Tenure	4.0000
Balance	127644.2400
NumOfProducts	1.0000
HasCrCard	1.0000
IsActiveMember	1.0000
EstimatedSalary	98386.1375
Exited	0.0000
dtype: float64	

u = q.iloc[0] + (1.5*iqr)

u

RowNumber	1.499950e+04
CustomerId	1.594029e+07
Surname	4.435000e+03
CreditScore	9.190000e+02
Geography	2.500000e+00
Gender	2.500000e+00
Age	6.200000e+01
Tenure	1.300000e+01
Balance	3.191106e+05
NumOfProducts	3.500000e+00
HasCrCard	2.500000e+00
IsActiveMember	2.500000e+00
EstimatedSalary	2.969675e+05
Exited	0.000000e+00
dtype: float64	

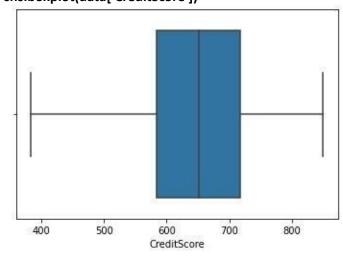
I = q.iloc[1] - (1.5*iqr)

ı

RowNumber	-4.998500e+03
CustomerId	1.544147e+07
Surname	-1.423000e+03
CreditScore	3.830000e+02
Geography	-1.500000e+00
Gender	-1.500000e+00
Age	1.400000e+01
Tenure	-3.000000e+00
Balance	-1.914664e+05
NumOfProducts	-5.000000e-01
HasCrCard	-1.500000e+00
IsActiveMember	-1.500000e+00
EstimatedSalary	-9.657710e+04
Exited	0.000000e+00
dtype: float64	

```
Q1 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.25) #Outlier detection - IQR
Q3 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.75)
iqr = Q3 - Q1
print(iqr)
upper=Q3 + 1.5 * iqr
lower=Q1 - 1.5 * iqr
count = np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] > upper))
count = count + np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] < lower))
print('No. of outliers: ', count)
98386.1375
No. of outliers: 0
```

data['CreditScore'] = np.where(np.logical_or(data['CreditScore']>900, data['CreditScore']<383), 65 0, data['CreditScore']) sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])



```
upper = data.Age.mean() + (3 * data.Age.std()) #Outlier detection - 3 sigma
lower = data.Age.mean() - (3 * data.Age.std())
columns = data[ ( data['Age'] > upper ) | ( data['Age'] < lower ) ]
print('Upper range : ', upper)
print('Lower range : ', lower)
print('No. of Outliers : ', len(columns))

Upper range : 70.38521935511383
Lower range : 7.458380644886169
No. of Outliers : 133</pre>
```

columns = ['EstimatedSalary', 'Age', 'Balance', 'NumOfProducts', 'Tenure', 'CreditScore'] #After outlier removal

```
for i in columns:

Q1 = data[i].quantile(0.25)

Q3 = data[i].quantile(0.75)

iqr = Q3 - Q1

upper=Q3 + 1.5 * iqr

lower=Q1 - 1.5 * iqr

count = np.size(np.where(data[i] > upper))

count = count + np.size(np.where(data[i] < lower))

print('No. of outliers in ', i, ':', count)

No. of outliers in EstimatedSalary : 0

No. of outliers in Age : 0

No. of outliers in Balance : 0

No. of outliers in NumOfProducts : 0

No. of outliers in Tenure : 0

No. of outliers in CreditScore : 0
```

Question-7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

Solution:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder, OneHotEncoder le = LabelEncoder()
oneh = OneHotEncoder()
data['Surname'] = le.fit_transform(data['Surname'])
data['Gender'] = le.fit_transform(data['Gender'])
data['Geography'] = le.fit_transform(data['Geography'])
data.head()
```

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	15634602	1115	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
1	2	15647311	1177	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	Í	0	1	112542.58	0
2	3	15619304	2040	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
3	4	15701354	289	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
4	5	15737888	1822	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	0

Question-8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables split the data in X and Y

Solution:

x # independent values (inputs)

x = data.iloc[:, 0:13]

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary
0	1	15634602	1115	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88
1	2	15647311	1177	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58
2	3	15619304	2040	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57
3	4	15701354	289	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63
4	5	15737888	1822	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10
•••	550.	385	900	87%	820	575	275	100	875	22	***		***
9995	9996	15606229	1999	771	0	1	39	5	0.00	2	1	0	96270.64
9996	9997	15569892	1336	516	0	1	35	10	57369.61	1	1	1	101699.77
9997	9998	15584532	1570	709	0	0	36	7	0.00	1	0	1	42085.58
9998	9999	15682355	2345	772	1	1	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52
9999	10000	15628319	2751	792	0	0	28	4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78

10000 rows x 13 columns

y # dependent values (output)

y = data['Exited']

Name: Exited, Length: 10000, dtype: int64

Question-9. Scale the independent variables

Solution:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, MinMaxScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
x_scaled = sc.fit_transform(x)
x_scaled
```

```
array([[-1.73187761, -0.78321342, -0.46418322, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 0.02188649],
[-1.7315312, -0.60653412, -0.3909112, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, 0.21653375],
[-1.73118479, -0.99588476, 0.62898807, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.2406869],
...,
[1.73118479, -1.47928179, 0.07353887, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, -1.00864308],
[1.7315312, -0.11935577, 0.98943914, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -0.12523071],
[1.73187761, -0.87055909, 1.4692527, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -1.07636976]])
```

Question-10. Split x and y into Training and Testing

Solution:

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x_scaled, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)

x_train

```
array([[ 0.92889885, -0.79703192, -1.47580983, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.77021814],
[ 1.39655257, 0.71431365, -1.58808148, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -1.39576675],
[ -0.4532777, 0.96344969, -0.24082173, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, -1.49965629], ...,
[ -0.60119484, -1.62052514, -0.36136603, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 1.41441489],
[ 1.67853045, -0.37403866, 0.72589622, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 0.84614739],
[ -0.78548505, -1.36411841, 1.3829808, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.32630495]])
```

x_train.shape

(7000, 13)

x_test

```
array([[ 1.52229946, -1.04525042, 1.39834429, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 1.61304597],
[-1.42080128, -0.50381294, -0.78208925, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.49753166],
[-0.90118604, -0.7932923, 0.41271742, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.4235611 ],
...,
[ 1.49216178, -0.14646448, 0.6868966, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 1.17045451],
[ 1.1758893, -1.29228727, -1.38481071, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.50846777],
[ 0.08088677, -1.38538833, 1.11707427, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -1.15342685]])
```

x_test.shape

(3000, 13)

y_train

```
7681
      1
9031
      0
3691
       0
202
      1
5625
      0
9225
      0
4859
      0
3264
       0
9845
       0
2732
Name: Exited, Length: 7000, dtype: int64
```

y_test

```
9394
        0
898
        1
2398
        0
5906
        0
2343
       0
4004
       0
7375
       0
9307
       0
        0
8394
5233
        1
Name: Exited, Length: 3000, dtype: int64
```