# **Application Building Phase**

## **Routing To The Html Page**

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Team ID	PNT2022TMID12370
Project Name	AI-Powered Nutrition Analyzer For Fitness Enthusiasts

Here, the declared constructor is used to route to the HTML page created earlier.

In the above example, the '/' URL is bound with the home.html function. Hence, when the home page of the webserver is opened in the browser, the HTML page is rendered. Whenever you enter the values from the HTML page the values can be retrieved using the POST Method. Here, "home.html" is rendered when the home button is clicked on the UI

```
@app.route('/')# route to display the home page
def home():
    return render_template('home.html')#rendering the home page
@app.route('/image1',methods=['GET','POST'])# routes to the index html
def image1():
    return render_template("image.html")
```

When "image is uploaded "on the UI, the launch function is executed

```
@app.route('/predict',methods=['GET', 'POST'])# route to show the predictions in a web UI
def launch():
```

It will take the image request and we will be storing that image in our local system then we will convert the image into our required size and finally, we will be predicting the results with the help of our model which we trained and depending upon the class identified we will showcase the class name and its properties by rendering the respective html pages.

```
app.route('/predict',methods=['GET', 'POST'])# route to show the predictions in a web UI
def launch():
    if request.method=='POST':
        f=request.files['file'] #requesting the file
        basepath=os.path.dirname('__file__')#storing the file directory
        filepath=os.path.join(basepath, "uploads", f.filename) #storing the file in uploads folder
        f.save(filepath)#saving the file
        img=image.load_img(filepath,target_size=(64,64)) #load and reshaping the image
        x=image.img_to_array(img)#converting image to an array
        x=np.expand_dims(x,axis=0)#changing the dimensions of the image
        pred=np.argmax(model.predict(x), axis=1)
        print("prediction",pred)#printing the prediction
index=['APPLES', 'BANANA', 'ORANGE', 'PINEAPPLE', 'WATERMELON']
        result=str(index[pred[0]])
        x=result
        print(x)
        result=nutrition(result)
        print(result)
        return render_template("0.html", showcase=(result), showcase1=(x))
```

### **API Integration:**

Here we will be using Rapid API

Using RapidAPI, developers can search and test the APIs, subscribe, and connect to the APIs — all with a single account, single API key and single SDK. Engineering teams also use RapidAPI to share internal APIs and microservice documentation.

## API used: Link

The link above will allow us to test the food item and will result the nutrition content present in the food item.

NOTE: When we keep hitting the API the limit of it might expire. So making a smart use of it will be an efficient way.

```
def nutrition(index):
    url = "https://calorieninjas.p.rapidapi.com/v1/nutrition"
    querystring = {"query":index}
    headers = {
        'x-rapidapi-key': "5d797ab107mshe668f26bd044e64p1ffd34jsnf47bfa9a8ee4",
        'x-rapidapi-host': "calorieninjas.p.rapidapi.com"
      }
    response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, params=querystring)
    print(response.text)
    return response.json()['items']
```

Finally, Run the application

This is used to run the application in a localhost. The local host runs on port number 5000.(We can give different port numbers)

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # running the app
    app.run(debug=False)
```

#### **Screenshots:**

```
@app.route('/')# route to display the home page
def home():
    return render_template('home.html')#rendering the home page

@app.route('/image1',methods=['GET','POST'])# routes to the index html
def image1():
    return render_template("image.html")
```

```
@app.route('/predict',methods=['GET', 'POST'])# route to show the predictions in a web
def launch():
    if request.method=='POST':
        f=request.files['file'] #requesting the file
        basepath=os.path.dirname('__file__')#storing the file directory filepath=os.path.join(basepath,"uploads",f.filename)#storing the file in upload
        f.save(filepath)#saving the file
         img=image.load_img(filepath,target_size=(64,64)) #load and reshaping the image
         x=image.img_to_array(img)#converting image to an array
         x=np.expand_dims(x,axis=0)#changing the dimensions of the image
        pred=np.argmax(model.predict(x), axis=1)
         print("prediction",pred)#printing the prediction
         index=['APPLES','BANANA','ORANGE','PINEAPPLE','WATERMELON']
        result=str(index[pred[0]])
        x=result
         print(x)
        result=nutrition(result)
        print(result)
         return render_template("imageprediction.html", showcase=(result), showcase1=(x))
```

```
def nutrition(index):
    url = "https://calorieninjas.p.rapidapi.com/v1/nutrition"
    querystring = {"query":index}
    headers = {
        'x-rapidapi-key': "5d797ab107mshe668f26bd044e64p1ffd34jsnf47bfa9a8ee4",
        'x-rapidapi-host': "calorieninjas.p.rapidapi.com"
        }
    response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, params=querystring)
    print(response.text)
    return response.json()['items']
```

```
print("prediction",pred)#printing the prediction
index=['APPLES','BANANA','ORANGE','PINEAPPLE','WATERMELON']
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         result=str(index[pred[0]])
         print(x)
result=nutrition(result)
print(result)
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img_upload.jpg

I registration.html
                                                                                                                  img_background.jpg
         return render_template("imageprediction.html",showcase=(result),showcase1=(x))
def nutrition(index):
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    url = "https://calorieninjas.p.rapidapi.com/v1/nutrition"
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    querystring = {"query":index}
   response = requests.request("GET", url, headers=headers, params=querystring)
    print(response.text)
return response.json()['items']
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # running the app
    app.run(debug=False)
```