

Analytics for Hospitals Health-Care Data

TEAM ID: PNT2022TMID16292

DATA ANALYSIS

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```
In [27]: 1 df_num_test = test.select_dtypes([np.number])
2 df_num_test.head()
```

Out[27]:

	Visitors with Patient	Admission_Deposit
0	2	3095.000000
1	4	4018.000000
2	3	4492.000000
3	3	4173.000000
4	4	4161.000000

```
In [28]: 1 df_cat_test = test.select_dtypes([np.object])
2 df_cat_test.head()
```

Out[28]:

	Hospital_code	Hospital_type_code	City_Code_Hospital	Hospital_region_code	Available Extra Rooms in Hospital	Department	Ward_Type	Ward_Facility_Code	Bed Grade	City_Code_Patient
0	21	c	3	Z	3	gynecology	S	A	None	No
1	29	a	4	X	2	gynecology	S	F	None	No
2	26	b	2	Y	3	gynecology	Q	D	None	No
3	6	a	6	X	3	gynecology	Q	F	None	No
4	28	b	11	X	2	gynecology	R	F	None	No

```
In [29]: 1 admission_encode = {'Trauma': 1, 'Urgent': 2, 'Emergency': 3}
```

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ENCODING

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```
In [29]: 1 admission_encode = {'Trauma': 1, 'Urgent': 2, 'Emergency': 3}
2 severity_encode = {'Minor': 1, 'Moderate': 2, 'Extreme': 3}
3
4 df_cat_train['Type of Admission'] = df_cat_train['Type of Admission'].map(admission_encode)
5 df_cat_train['Severity of Illness'] = df_cat_train['Severity of Illness'].map(severity_encode)
6 df_cat_test['Type of Admission'] = df_cat_test['Type of Admission'].map(admission_encode)
7 df_cat_test['Severity of Illness'] = df_cat_test['Severity of Illness'].map(severity_encode)
```

```
In [30]: 1 df_cat_train['Stay'] = df_cat_train['Stay'].replace({'0-10':1, '11-20':2, '21-30':3, '31-40':4, '41-50':5, '51-60':6, '61-70':7, '71-80':8, '81-90':9, '91-100':10, '100+':11})
2
3 df_cat_train['Age'] = df_cat_train['Age'].replace({'0-10':1, '11-20':2, '21-30':3, '31-40':4, '41-50':5, '51-60':6, '61-70':7, '71-80':8, '81-90':9, '91-100':10})
4
5 df_cat_test['Age'] = df_cat_test['Age'].replace({'0-10':1, '11-20':2, '21-30':3, '31-40':4, '41-50':5, '51-60':6, '61-70':7, '71-80':8, '81-90':9, '91-100':10})
6
7
8
```

```
In [31]: 1 df_cat_train['Stay'] = df_cat_train['Stay'].astype(int)
```

```
In [32]: 1 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
2 LE = LabelEncoder()
3
4 df_cat_train['Hospital_code'] = LE.fit_transform(df_cat_train['Hospital_code'])
5 df_cat_train['Hospital_type_code'] = LE.fit_transform(df_cat_train['Hospital_type_code'])
6 df_cat_train['City_Code_Hospital'] = LE.fit_transform(df_cat_train['City_Code_Hospital'])
7 df_cat_train['Hospital_region_code'] = LE.fit_transform(df_cat_train['Hospital_region_code'])
8 df_cat_train['Department'] = LE.fit_transform(df_cat_train['Department'])
9 df_cat_train['Ward_Type'] = LE.fit_transform(df_cat_train['Ward_Type'])
10 df_cat_train['Ward_Facility_Code'] = LE.fit_transform(df_cat_train['Ward_Facility_Code'])
11 df_cat_train['City_Code_Patient'] = LE.fit_transform(df_cat_train['City_Code_Patient'])
12 df_cat_train['Bed Grade'] = LE.fit_transform(df_cat_train['Bed Grade'])
13
```

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```
Out[32]:
```

	Hospital_code	Hospital_type_code	City_Code_Hospital	Hospital_region_code	Available Extra Rooms in Hospital	Department	Ward_Type	Ward_Facility_Code	Bed Grade	City_Code_Patient
0	7	2	2	2	3	3	2	5	1	
1	1	2	4	2	2	3	3	5	1	
2	9	4	0	0	2	1	3	4	1	
3	25	1	1	1	2	3	2	3	1	
4	25	1	1	1	2	3	3	3	1	

```
In [33]: 1 from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
2 LE=LabelEncoder()
3
4 df_cat_test['Hospital_code']=LE.fit_transform(df_cat_test['Hospital_code'])
5 df_cat_test['Hospital_type_code']=LE.fit_transform(df_cat_test['Hospital_type_code'])
6 df_cat_test['City_Code_Hospital']=LE.fit_transform(df_cat_test['City_Code_Hospital'])
7 df_cat_test['Hospital_region_code']=LE.fit_transform(df_cat_test['Hospital_region_code'])
8 df_cat_test['Department']=LE.fit_transform(df_cat_test['Department'])
9 df_cat_test['Ward_Type']=LE.fit_transform(df_cat_test['Ward_Type'])
10 df_cat_test['Ward_Facility_Code']=LE.fit_transform(df_cat_test['Ward_Facility_Code'])
11 df_cat_test['City_Code_Patient']=LE.fit_transform(df_cat_test['City_Code_Patient'])
12 df_cat_test['Bed Grade']=LE.fit_transform(df_cat_test['Bed Grade'])
13
14 df_cat_test.head()
```

```
Out[33]:
```

	Hospital_code	Hospital_type_code	City_Code_Hospital	Hospital_region_code	Available Extra Rooms in Hospital	Department	Ward_Type	Ward_Facility_Code	Bed Grade	City_Code_Patient
--	---------------	--------------------	--------------------	----------------------	-----------------------------------	------------	-----------	--------------------	-----------	-------------------

SCALE THE DATA

```
In [34]: 1 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
2 sc = StandardScaler()
3
4 num_scaled = sc.fit_transform(df_num_train)
5
6 df_num_scaled = pd.DataFrame(num_scaled, columns = df_num_train.columns)
```

```
In [35]: 1 num_scaled_test = sc.fit_transform(df_num_test)
2
3 df_num_scaled_test = pd.DataFrame(num_scaled_test, columns = df_num_test.columns)
```

```
In [36]: 1 df_num_scaled.shape
```

```
Out[36]: (313793, 2)
```

```
In [37]: 1 df_cat_train = df_cat_train.reset_index(drop=True)
2 df_num_scaled = df_num_scaled.reset_index(drop=True)
3 df_cat_test = df_cat_test.reset_index(drop=True)
4 df_num_scaled_test = df_num_scaled_test.reset_index(drop=True)
```

```
In [38]: 1 df_cat_train.shape
```

```
Out[38]: (313793, 14)
```

```
In [39]: 1 df_full = pd.concat([df_num_scaled, df_cat_train],axis=1)
2 df_full_test = pd.concat([df_num_scaled_test, df_cat_test],axis=1)
```

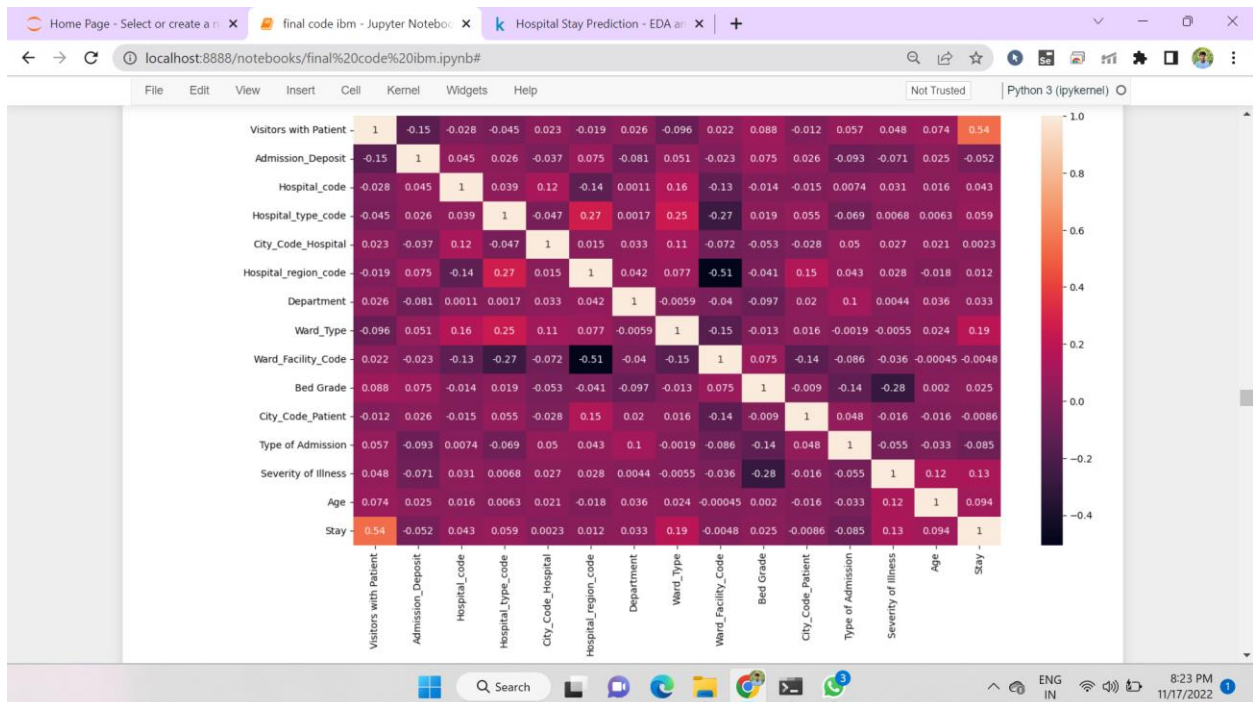
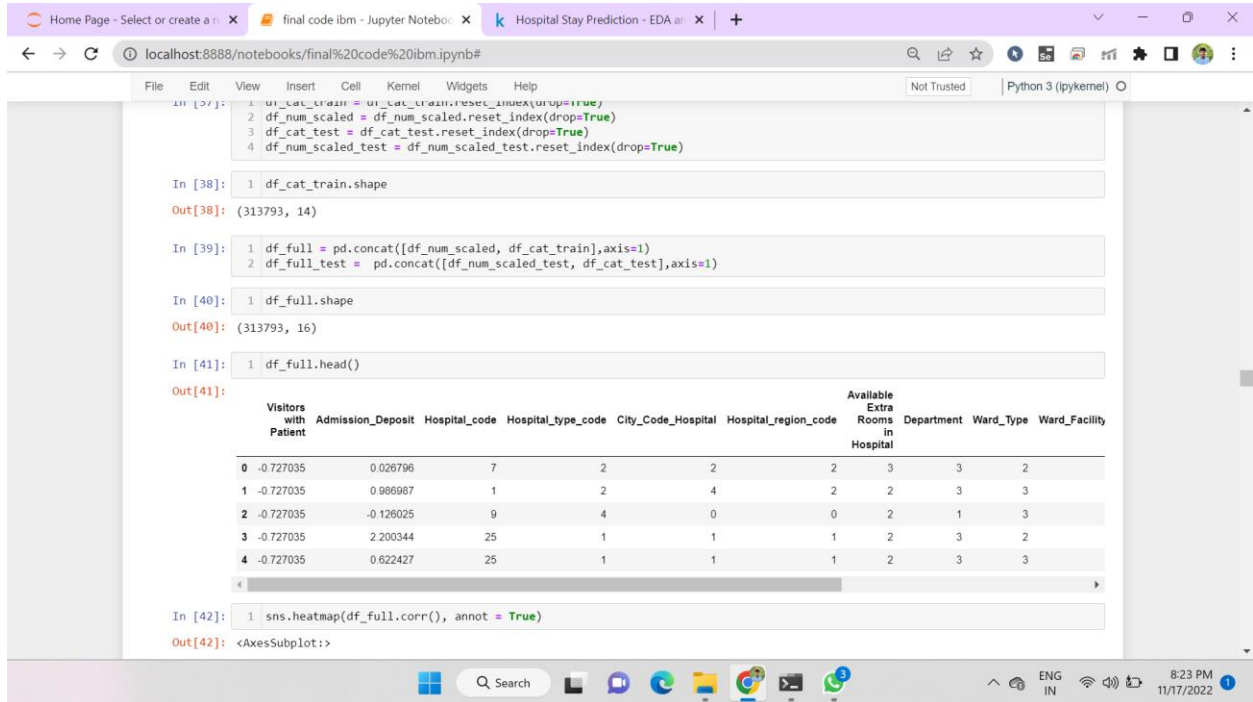
```
In [40]: 1 df_full.shape
```

```
Out[40]: (313793, 16)
```

```
In [41]: 1 df_full.head()
```

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TRAIN TEST SPLIT

```
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In [43]: 1 X = df_full.drop('Stay',axis=1)
         2 y = df_full['Stay']

In [44]: 1 X = sm.add_constant(X)
         2 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, random_state = 10, test_size = 0.3)
         3
         4 print('X_train', X_train.shape)
         5 print('y_train', y_train.shape)
         6
         7 print('X_test', X_test.shape)
         8 print('y_test', y_test.shape)

X_train (219655, 16)
y_train (219655,)
X_test (94138, 16)
y_test (94138,)

In [45]: 1 from sklearn.model_selection import KFold, cross_val_score
         2 kfold = KFold(n_splits=10, shuffle=True, random_state=10)

In [46]: 1 LR = LogisticRegression()
         2
         3 LR.fit(X_train, y_train)
         4
         5 y_pred_LR = LR.predict(X_test)
         6 accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_LR)*100

Out[46]: 37.94217000573626

In [47]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_LR))

precision    recall  f1-score   support

1           0.48      0.02      0.03      6901
2           0.37      0.45      0.41     23205
3           0.40      0.64      0.49     25792
4           0.32      0.19      0.24     16289
5           0.00      0.00      0.00       3439
6           0.37      0.46      0.41     10470
7           0.00      0.00      0.00        822
8           0.00      0.00      0.00       3093
9           0.11      0.00      0.01       1412
10          0.00      0.00      0.00        782
11          0.49      0.32      0.39       1933

accuracy          0.23      0.19      0.38     94138
macro avg         0.23      0.19      0.18     94138
weighted avg      0.34      0.38      0.33     94138

In [47]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_LR))

precision    recall  f1-score   support

1           0.48      0.02      0.03      6901
2           0.37      0.45      0.41     23205
3           0.40      0.64      0.49     25792
4           0.32      0.19      0.24     16289
5           0.00      0.00      0.00       3439
6           0.37      0.46      0.41     10470
7           0.00      0.00      0.00        822
8           0.00      0.00      0.00       3093
9           0.11      0.00      0.01       1412
10          0.00      0.00      0.00        782
11          0.49      0.32      0.39       1933

accuracy          0.23      0.19      0.38     94138
macro avg         0.23      0.19      0.18     94138
weighted avg      0.34      0.38      0.33     94138
```

FOLD CROSS VALIDATION AND LOGISTIC REGRESSION

```
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In [47]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_LR))

precision    recall  f1-score   support

1           0.48      0.02      0.03      6901
2           0.37      0.45      0.41     23205
3           0.40      0.64      0.49     25792
4           0.32      0.19      0.24     16289
5           0.00      0.00      0.00       3439
6           0.37      0.46      0.41     10470
7           0.00      0.00      0.00        822
8           0.00      0.00      0.00       3093
9           0.11      0.00      0.01       1412
10          0.00      0.00      0.00        782
11          0.49      0.32      0.39       1933

accuracy          0.23      0.19      0.38     94138
macro avg         0.23      0.19      0.18     94138
weighted avg      0.34      0.38      0.33     94138

In [48]: 1 decision_tree_classification = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion = 'entropy', random_state = 10)
         2
         3 decision_tree = decision_tree_classification.fit(X_train, y_train)

In [49]: 1 y_pred_DT = decision_tree.predict(X_test)
         2 accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_DT)*100

Out[49]: 29.678769466102956

In [50]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_DT))

precision    recall  f1-score   support

1           0.19      0.19      0.19      6901
2           0.34      0.34      0.34     23205
```

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DECISION TREE

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with the following content:

	Cell	Kernel	Widgets	Help
1	0.19	0.19	0.19	6901
2	0.34	0.34	0.34	23205
3	0.39	0.38	0.38	25792
4	0.25	0.25	0.25	16289
5	0.06	0.07	0.07	3439
6	0.31	0.30	0.31	10470
7	0.03	0.04	0.03	822
8	0.15	0.15	0.15	3093
9	0.22	0.23	0.22	1412
10	0.08	0.10	0.09	782
11	0.32	0.35	0.33	1933

	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg
	0.30	0.21	0.30
	0.30	0.22	0.21
	0.30	0.30	0.30

```
In [51]: 1 dt_tuned = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion = 'gini', max_depth=11, random_state = 10)
2
3 decision_tree_tuned = dt_tuned.fit(X_train, y_train)

In [52]: 1 y_pred_DT_tuned = decision_tree_tuned.predict(X_test)
2 accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred_DT_tuned)*100

Out[52]: 40.82198474579872

In [53]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_DT_tuned))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
1	0.36	0.13	0.19	6901
2	0.41	0.46	0.44	23205
3	0.41	0.67	0.51	25792
4	0.39	0.23	0.29	16289
5	0.07	0.00	0.00	3439
6	0.41	0.45	0.43	10470

TUNED HYPERPARAMETER DECISION TREE

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with the following content:

	Cell	Kernel	Widgets	Help
6	0.41	0.45	0.43	10470
7	0.00	0.00	0.00	822
8	0.27	0.03	0.05	3093
9	0.35	0.21	0.27	1412
10	0.20	0.03	0.05	782
11	0.52	0.36	0.43	1933

	accuracy	macro avg	weighted avg
	0.41	0.31	0.23
	0.41	0.23	0.24
	0.41	0.38	0.41

```
In [54]: 1 rf_classification = RandomForestClassifier(random_state = 10)
2
3 rf_model = rf_classification.fit(X_train, y_train)

In [57]: 1 y_pred_RF = rf_model.predict(X_test)
2 accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred_RF)*100

Out[57]: 38.315026875438186

In [58]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_RF))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
1	0.30	0.19	0.23	6901
2	0.39	0.44	0.42	23205
3	0.41	0.54	0.47	25792
4	0.33	0.27	0.29	16289
5	0.09	0.02	0.04	3439
6	0.40	0.44	0.42	10470
7	0.10	0.02	0.03	822
8	0.28	0.10	0.15	3093
9	0.37	0.22	0.28	1412
10	0.24	0.06	0.09	782
11	0.52	0.44	0.48	1933

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RANDOM FOREST

```
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accuracy    0.38  94138
macro avg   0.31  94138
weighted avg 0.36  94138

In [59]: 1 rf_classification_tuned = RandomForestClassifier(criterion = 'gini', n_estimators = 47, random_state = 10)
        2
        3 rf_model_tuned = rf_classification_tuned.fit(X_train, y_train)

In [60]: 1 y_pred_RF_tuned = rf_model_tuned.predict(X_test)
        2 accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred_RF_tuned)*100

Out[60]: 37.94323227602031

In [61]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_RF_tuned))

              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     1       0.29      0.19      0.23       6901
     2       0.38      0.44      0.41      23205
     3       0.41      0.53      0.46      25792
     4       0.32      0.27      0.30      16289
     5       0.09      0.02      0.04       3439
     6       0.39      0.43      0.41      10470
     7       0.10      0.02      0.03        822
     8       0.28      0.11      0.15       3093
     9       0.36      0.22      0.27       1412
    10       0.22      0.05      0.08        782
    11       0.52      0.43      0.47       1933

 accuracy    0.38  94138
 macro avg   0.31  94138
 weighted avg 0.36  94138

In [62]: 1 dt_tuned = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion = 'gini', max_depth=11, random_state = 10)
```

TUNED HYPERPARAMETER RANDOM FOREST AND ADA BOOST-DECISION TREE

```
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File Edit View Insert Cell Kernel Widgets Help Not Trusted Python 3 (ipykernel)

In [62]: 1 dt_tuned = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion = 'gini', max_depth=11, random_state = 10)
        2 ada_model_DT = AdaBoostClassifier(base_estimator=dt_tuned, random_state = 10)
        3
        4 ada_model_DT.fit(X_train, y_train)

Out[62]: AdaBoostClassifier(base_estimator=DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=11,
                                                                    random_state=10),
                             random_state=10)

In [63]: 1 y_pred_ada_model_DT = ada_model_DT.predict(X_test)
        2 accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred_ada_model_DT)*100

Out[63]: 29.91990482058255

In [64]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred_ada_model_DT))

              precision    recall  f1-score   support

     1       0.19      0.16      0.17       6901
     2       0.33      0.34      0.33      23205
     3       0.38      0.39      0.39      25792
     4       0.22      0.27      0.24      16289
     5       0.06      0.04      0.05       3439
     6       0.31      0.36      0.33      10470
     7       0.00      0.00      0.00        822
     8       0.14      0.10      0.11       3093
     9       0.22      0.10      0.13       1412
    10       0.10      0.01      0.02        782
    11       0.45      0.20      0.27       1933

 accuracy    0.22  94138
 macro avg   0.18  94138
 weighted avg 0.29  94138

In [65]: 1 ada_model_DT_tuned = AdaBoostClassifier(base_estimator=dt_tuned, n_estimators = 1, random_state = 10)
```