

## Assignment -2

Assignment Date	15 November 2022
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## Downloaded the given dataset

In [ ]:

```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

## Uploaded the given dataset

In [ ]:

```
url = 'https://drive.google.com/file/d/160K6XcuYDyRBPgJ-JsqThkyFoJhCvOWy/view?usp=sharing'
path = 'https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&id='+url.split('/')[2]
df= pd.read_csv(path)
```

In [ ]:

df

Out[ ]:

	RowNu mber	Custo merId	Surna me	Credit Score	Geogr aphy	Gen der	A ge	Ten ure	Balan ce	NumOfPr oducts	HasCr Card	IsActiveM ember	Estimate dSalary	Exit ed
0	1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
1	2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
2	3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
3	4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
4	5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	0

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumberOfProducts	HasCreditCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9995	9996	15606229	Obijaku	771	France	Male	39	5	0.00	2	1	0	96270.64	0
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	Male	35	10	57369.61	1	1	1	101699.77	0
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	Female	36	7	0.00	1	0	1	42085.58	1
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	Male	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52	1
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	Female	28	4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78	0

10000 rows × 14 columns

## perform below visualizations.

### 1.Univariate Analysis

In [ ]:

```
sns.displot(df.Age)
```

Out[ ]:

## 2.Bi-Variate Analysis

In [ ]:

```
df.plot.line()
```

Out[ ]:

## 3.MultiVariate Analysis

In [ ]:

```
pip install seaborn
Looking in indexes: https://pypi.org/simple, https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/
Requirement already satisfied: seaborn in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (0.11.2)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=2.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from seaborn) (3.2.2)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from seaborn) (1.7.3)
```

Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.23 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from seaborn) (1.3.5)  
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.15 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from seaborn) (1.21.6)  
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.2->seaborn) (1.4.4)  
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.2->seaborn) (0.11.0)  
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=2.0.4,!>=2.1.2,!>=2.1.6,>=2.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.2->seaborn) (3.0.9)  
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from matplotlib>=2.2->seaborn) (2.8.2)  
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from kiwisolver>=1.0.1->matplotlib>=2.2->seaborn) (4.1.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from pandas>=0.23->seaborn) (2022.2.1)  
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.1->matplotlib>=2.2->seaborn) (1.15.0)

In [ ]:

```
import seaborn as sns
```

In [ ]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(4,4))  
sns.pairplot(data=df[["Balance","CreditScore","EstimatedSalary","NumOfProducts","Tenure","Exited"]],hue="CreditScore")
```

Out [ ]:

## Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset

In [ ]:

```
df.describe()
```

Out [ ]:

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.00000	10000.00000	10000.00000	10000.00000	10000.00000	10000.00000	10000.00000	10000.00000	10000.00000
mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889288	1.530200	0.705500	0.515100	100090.239881	0.203700
std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405202	0.581654	0.455840	0.499797	57510.492818	0.402769
min	1.000000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	11.580000	0.000000
25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	51002.110000	0.000000
50%	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	100193.915000	0.000000
75%	7500.25000	1.575320e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.200000	2.000000	1.000000	1.000000	149388.200000	0.000000

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCreditCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
%	000	3e+07	000	00	0	40000				47500	0
max	10000.0000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090000	4.000000	1.00000	1.000000	199992.480000	1.000000

## Handle the missing values

In [ ]:

```
url = 'https://drive.google.com/file/d/160K6XcuYDyRBPGj-JsqThkyFojhCvOWy/view?usp=sharing'
path = 'https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&id='+url.split('/')[-2]
df= pd.read_csv(path)
pd.isnull(df["Age"])
```

Out [ ]:

```
0    False
1    False
2    False
3    False
4    False
...
9995   False
9996   False
9997   False
9998   False
9999   False
Name: Age, Length: 10000, dtype: bool
```

## Find the outliers and replace the outliers

In [ ]:

```
df["Age"]=np.where(df["Age"]>10,np.median(df["Age"]))
df["Age"]
```

Out [ ]:

```
0
1
2
3
4
...
9995
9996
9997
9998
9999
Name: Age, Length: 10000, dtype: object
```

## Check for categorical columns and perform encoding.

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
df['Gender'].unique()
```

```
array(['Female', 'Male'], dtype=object)
```

```
df['Gender'].value_counts()
```

2736 1

4076 1

8015 1

4068 1

1311 1

• •

1313 1

5472 1

3785 1

4225 1

2497 1

Name: Gender, Length: 10000, dtype: int64

```
encoding=LabelEncoder()
```

```
df["Gender"]=encoding.fit_transform(df.iloc[:,1].values)
```

df

[illegible]

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumberOfProducts	HasCreditCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
9995	9996	15606229	Obijaku	771	France	1599		5	0.00	2	1	0	96270.64	0
9996	9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	161		10	57369.61	1	1	1	101699.77	0
9997	9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	717		7	0.00	1	0	1	42085.58	1
9998	9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	4656		3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52	1
9999	10000	15628319	Walker	792	France	2497		4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78	0

10000 rows × 14 columns

## Split the data into dependent and independent variables

In [ ]:

```
x=df.iloc[:, :-2].values
print(x)
[[1 15634602 'Hargrave' ... 1 1 1]
 [2 15647311 'Hill' ... 1 0 1]
 [3 15619304 'Onio' ... 3 1 0]
 ...
 [9998 15584532 'Liu' ... 1 0 1]
 [9999 15682355 'Sabbatini' ... 2 1 0]
 [10000 15628319 'Walker' ... 1 1 0]]
```

In [ ]:

```
y=df.iloc[:, -1].values
print(y)
[1 0 1 ... 1 1 0]
```

## Scale the independent variables

In [ ]:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler=MinMaxScaler()
df[["RowNumber"]] =scaler.fit_transform(df[["RowNumber"]])
print(df)
   RowNumber  CustomerId  Surname  CreditScore  Geography  Gender \
0    0.0000   15634602  Hargrave      619    France   2736
1    0.0001   15647311    Hill      608    Spain   3258
```

2	0.0002	15619304	Onio	502	France	2104
3	0.0003	15701354	Boni	699	France	5435
4	0.0004	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	6899
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9995	0.9996	15606229	Obijiaku	771	France	1599
9996	0.9997	15569892	Johnstone	516	France	161
9997	0.9998	15584532	Liu	709	France	717
9998	0.9999	15682355	Sabbatini	772	Germany	4656
9999	1.0000	15628319	Walker	792	France	2497

		Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	\
0	2	0.00	1			
1	1	83807.86	1			
2	8	159660.80	3			
3	1	0.00	2			
4	2	125510.82	1			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9995	5	0.00	2			
9996	10	57369.61	1			
9997	7	0.00	1			
9998	3	75075.31	2			
9999	4	130142.79	1			

	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	1	101348.88	1
1	0	1	112542.58	0
2	1	0	113931.57	1
3	0	0	93826.63	0
4	1	1	79084.10	0
...	...	...	...	...
9995	1	0	96270.64	0
9996	1	1	101699.77	0
9997	0	1	42085.58	1
9998	1	0	92888.52	1
9999	1	0	38190.78	0

[10000 rows x 14 columns]

# Spilt the data into training and testing

In [ ]:

```

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
train_size=0.8
X=df.drop(columns=['Age']).copy()
Y=df['Age']
X_train,X_rem,Y_train,Y_rem=train_test_split(X,Y,train_size=0.8)
test_size=0.5
X_valid,X_test,Y_valid,Y_test=train_test_split(X_rem,Y_rem,test_size=0.5)
print(X_train.shape),print(Y_train.shape)
print(X_valid.shape),print(Y_valid.shape)
print(X_test.shape),print(Y_test.shape)
(8000, 13)
(8000,)
(1000, 13)
(1000,)
(1000, 13)
(1000,)

```

Out[ ]:

(None, None)

