1. Required libararies are imported

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import keras
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from keras.models import Model
from keras.layers import LSTM, Activation, Dense, Dropout, Input, Embedding
from keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from keras.preprocessing import sequence
from keras.utils import to_categorical, pad_sequences
from keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping
%matplotlib inline

2. Read dataset and pre-processing

df = pd.read_csv('/content/archive.zip',delimiter=',',encoding='latin-1')
df.head()

	v1	v2	Unnamed: 2	Unnamed: 3	Unnamed: 4
0	ham	Go until jurong point, crazy Available only	NaN	NaN	NaN
1	ham	Ok lar Joking wif u oni	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	spam	Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina	NaN	NaN	NaN

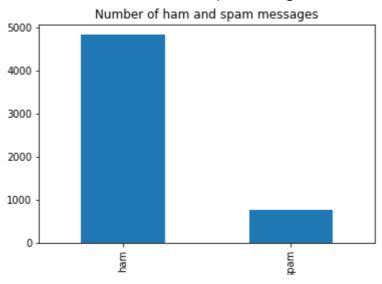
df.drop(['Unnamed: 2', 'Unnamed: 3', 'Unnamed: 4'],axis=1,inplace=True)

df.shape

(5572, 2)

#plot the ham and spam messages to understand the distribution
df['v1'].value_counts().plot(kind='bar')
plt.xlabel('Label')
plt.title('Number of ham and spam messages')

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Number of ham and spam messages')



X = df.v2
Y = df.v1
#label encoding for Y
le = LabelEncoder()
Y = le.fit_transform(Y)
Y = Y.reshape(-1,1)

3. Train-test split

#split into train and test sets
X_train,X_test,Y_train,Y_test = train_test_split(X,Y,test_size=0.20)

4. Tokenizer

max_words = 1000
max_len = 150
tok = Tokenizer(num_words=max_words)
tok.fit_on_texts(X_train)
sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_train)
sequences_matrix = keras.utils.pad_sequences(sequences,maxlen=max_len)

5. Add Layers(LSTM, Dense-(Hidden Layers), Output)

inputs = Input(name='inputs',shape=[max_len])
layer = Embedding(max_words,50,input_length=max_len)(inputs)
layer = LSTM(64)(layer)
layer = Dense(256,name='FC1')(layer)
layer = Activation('relu')(layer)
layer = Dropout(0.5)(layer)
layer = Dense(1,name='out_layer')(layer)

layer = Activation('sigmoid')(layer)

6. Create Model

model = Model(inputs=inputs,outputs=layer)

7. Compile the Model

model.summary() model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy',optimizer=RMSprop(),metrics=['accuracy'])

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	er (type) Output Shape		Param #				
inputs (InputLayer)	===== [(None	====== e, 150)]	0	=====			
embedding (Embedd	ding) (N	None, 150), 50)	50000			
Istm (LSTM)	(None, 6	54)	29440				
FC1 (Dense)	(None, 2	256)	16640				
activation (Activation	n) (None	e, 256)	0				
dropout (Dropout)	(None	e, 256)	0				
out_layer (Dense)	(None,	, 1)	257				
activation_1 (Activati	ion) (Non	ie, 1)	0				
Total params: 96,337 Trainable params: 96,337							

Non-trainable params: 0

8. Fit the Mode

```
Epoch 1/10
Epoch 2/10
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fc6f463fe90>
```

9. Save the Mode

model.save('spam_lstm_model.h5')

10.Test the Model

```
#processing test data
test_sequences = tok.texts_to_sequences(X_test)
test_sequences_matrix = keras.utils.pad_sequences(test_sequences,maxlen=max_len)
```

#evaluation of our model
accr = model.evaluate(test_sequences_matrix,Y_test)
print('Test set\n Loss: {:0.3f}\n Accuracy: {:0.3f}'.format(accr[0],accr[1]))

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