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INTRODUCTION

1. Project Overview:

Personal Expense Tracker Application -

Personal Finance entails all the financial decisions and activities that a

Finance App makes your life easier by helping you to manage your finances

efficiently.

2. Purpose:

A personal finance app will help you with budgeting and accounting but also give you helpful insights about money management. Personal finance

applications will ask users to add their expenses and based on their expenses wallet balance will be updated which will be visible to the user.

Also, users can get an analysis of their expenditure in graphical forms. They have an option to set a limit for the amount to be used for that particular month if the limit is exceeded the user will be notified with an email alert.

LITERATURE SURVEY

3. Existing problem

A personal expense tracker app is designed to help you optimize the spending and savings choices you make each month. By putting all your financial commitments and goals in one place, a budgeting app can give you better visibility into your financial choices and habits.

Similar to the apps you may use from your bank or credit union, a budgeting app may provide additional functionality such as financial goal setting and cash flow tracking across multiple financial accounts. Budgeting apps can sync with your bank and credit card accounts to provide a holistic view of your finances.

4. References

Budgeting is a process that begins with identifying your financial goals, along with observing your spending and savings habits. When you truly understand how much money is going out and coming in, you're better prepared to handle both the expected and unexpected financial challenges life brings.

The mindset you bring to managing your money is important. Establishing a budget is a critical first step to gaining control over your finances. If you've never

worked with a personal budget, it may take a few cycles for your habits to catch up. And, if you have money habits you need to improve, the right app can help.

Exploring Different Expense Tracker Apps and their Pros and Cons



Prism shows all your bills and financial accounts in a single app, giving you a complete picture of your finances. The app touts more than 11,000 billers, including larger banks and even smaller utility companies. Add your bills to the app, and Prism automatically tracks your bills and sends due date reminders to help you prevent late payments.

You can use the app to pay your bills by scheduling payments made the same day or several days in advance. Prism eliminates the need to log into multiple accounts to pay bills.

Pros

- Handy payment due date reminders
- Full picture of your accounts in one app

Cons

• Limited features - bill pay only



Many other personal finance apps are for individual use. But Spendee allows you to create shared wallets with friends and family that you can use to manage shared expenses for a household budget.

You can import your bank transactions and let the app categorize them to tally how you're spending money each month. You can also manually add cash expenses for a more accurate picture of where your money goes. And if you're concerned about going over budget, you can set budgeted amounts for each spending category and track your progress toward the budgeted amount.

Additionally, Spendee's bill tracker functionality ensures you remember to pay each of your bills and avoid late payment penalties. If you're going on a trip or another special event, you can create a category

specifically for that event to track your spending and keep yourself on budget.

Pros

- Handy spending categorisation
- Easily accessible by family members or roommates

Cons

- Free plan has limited features
- Bank account sync only available with Premium plan



Mint, Intuit's personal finance app, is a popular app that provides your complete financial picture in one place. Once you link your credit and debit cards to your account, Mint pulls your transactions, categorizes them, and shows how you spend your money. You can keep track of your bills and spending and create a

budget you can stick to.

The site provides access to your credit score for free, and you can get a breakdown of the factors contributing to your score to stay on top of your credit health. Plus, you can track your investments and manage utility payments.

Pros

- Mint is free
- Simple bill tracking
- Handy spending categorization

Cons

• Users may find the ads annoying



Mobills organizes your expenses in categories so you can track how your spending is progressing toward your budgeted amount. See the amount you have remaining to spend in each budget category so you can rein in your spending as needed.

Mobills' budget planning app includes interactive charts that allow you to analyze your financial life; you can use them to make adjustments as you need to reach your larger financial goals. Add your credit cards to the app so you can see your current balance and spending limits all in one place. You can also add all your bills and due dates to keep track of when your bills need to be paid.

Pros

- Handy spending categorization
- Helpful visuals

Cons

Free version has limited features

5. Problem Statement Definition

- The user will have to monitor various forms of spending as well as the withdrawal of funds from their accounts.
- Additionally, the user would require help allocating cash effectively and opening up opportunities for future investments and saves.
- When there is excessive expenditure, the email subscription will serve as a reminder, encouraging the user to make wise financial decisions.
- In order to help the customers budget more effectively in the future, it would also be necessary to provide them with a thorough analysis that highlights their spending patterns.

After understanding the functionalities of all the above personal finance apps, we can safely come up with a list of points that are important to make a good personal finance app.

- Ease of use.
- A quick overview of all user finances.
- Beautiful UI/UX.
- Graphical representation of monthly spend
- Actionable saving tips and financial advice.
- Being able to set a threshold limit for monthly expenditure
- Automatic warnings when the user goes past the threshold limit
- Live updates on any financial activity.

Common issues that we came across in the above apps were:-

- Too Expensive
- Too many advertisements
- Not visual enough

- Too many features that overwhelm the user
- Free plans have only few features

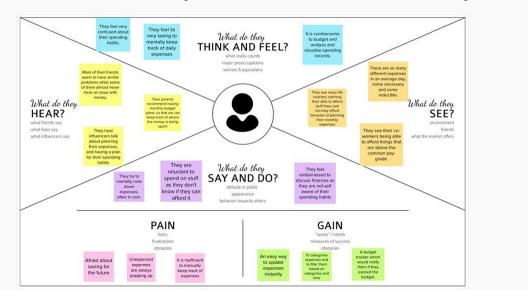
References(links)

The 7 Best Personal Finance Apps of 2022 (thebalancemoney.com)
Best Budgeting Apps Of October 2022 – Forbes Advisor
How to Build a Personal Finance App like Mint (relevant.software)
A Guide for Developing an Effective Personal Finance Application (appinventiv.com)

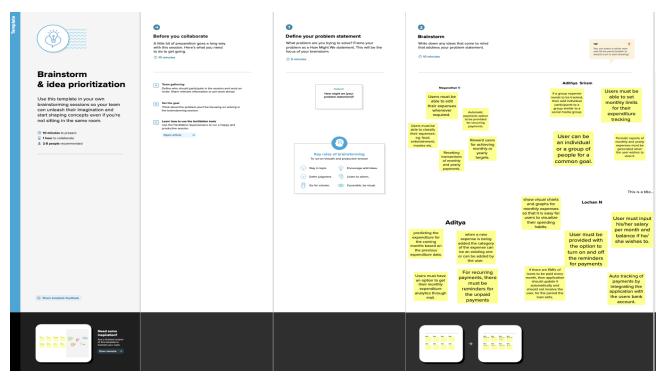
IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

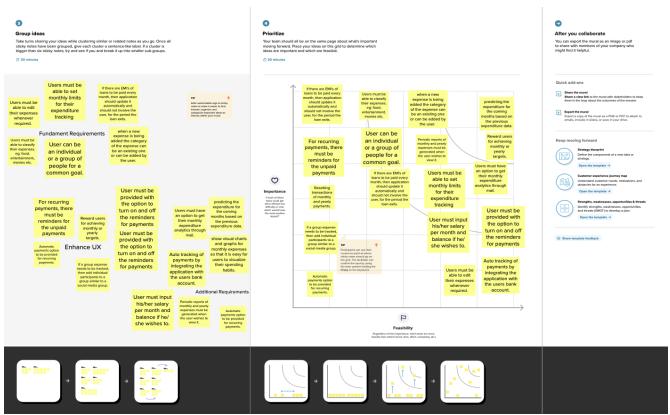
6.Empathy Map Canvas

Personal Expense Tracker Empathy map



7. Ideation & Brainstorming





8. Proposed Solution

Date	19 September 2022	
Team ID	PNT2022TMID53163	
Project Name	Personal Expense Tracker	
Team Members	Aditya, Adithya Sriram , Meganathan, Lochan	

S.No.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement (Problem to be	Personal finance management is an important
	solved)	part of people's lives. But everyone do not
		have the knowledge or time to manage their
		finances in a proper manner. Even if the
		person has the knowledge and time for it,
		they do not bother tracking their expenses as
		they find it tedious and time-consuming.
		People use conventional method of
		maintaining records of the expenses or keep it
		in memory. This can lead to wrong
		conclusions about their spending and might
		end up not have money when they are in an
		emergency situation.
2.	Idea / Solution description	Our team aims to develop a User-friendly and
		a customizable Personal Expense Tracker that
		requires minimal effort from the user side to
		track their expenditure. We aim to do so
		through user-defined categories and goals
		that he/she needs to achieve. The
		expenditure is tracked and shown to the user
		Through graphs which is easy to read and
		interpret.

3.	Novelty / Uniqueness	 There are several application to track expenses of the user. Our project aims to make an application that is customizable, user-friendly and gives the best user experience. Remainders for paying pending payments and also can automate the process of recurring payment. Users can set personal financial goals and suggestions would be given by our application to achieve their goals. 	
4.	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	This application will help our users track their expenses effortlessly. Customers will be put at ease when it comes to their spendings as the only requirement is for the user to update the application when an expense occurs. The social impact of the web application would be far-reaching as the application is applicable to users of different strata's. With its ability to be customized, the application is developed to suit the needs of all our users alike.	
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model)	 Revenue-model: Subscription fees, Unlocking premium features, expanding the storage of the application etc. End-users: Students, Interested Individuals, Family Members, Working Professionals. Marketing: The application will be publicized through the usage 	

		of various social media platforms and through word of mouth. As users begin to use the application, ratings in Google, would increase, resulting in a huge influx of customers.
6.	Scalability of the Solution	Since our application will be hosted in the IBM Cloud, scalability of the application would not be an issue. As it will be pay-as-you-use model, The expense of the application maintenance will depend on the traffic on our application and the resources used by our application to run on the cloud. And also containerizing our application will make our application decoupled and further help in scaling only required components of our application.

9. Problem solution fit:

Explain CS fit and introduce CL	CUSTOMER SEGMENTS CS Students/working professionals consider adopting a user-friendly application with features for budgeting.	CUSTOMER LIMITATIONS The application they want may not be secure and not all the services may be free. They want an application that is device friendly because different customer segments may use different devices like smartphones, iPads etc.	Solutions are offered with the ability to link bank accounts for precise and understandable deposit statistics. Some current solutions offer advice on how to limit spending. Recurring bills are likewise tracked by existing solutions.
Concentrate on PR, use BE comprehend RC	PROBLEMS Maintaining a manual record of spending is the most efficient way to do so. The majority of people lack the drive to achieve this. Recognizing reoccurring expenses lessens repetitious labour, which pays for the user's menial chores.	PROBLEMS/ROOT CAUSE Users are reluctant to perform time-consuming, pointless calculations, which makes keeping track of spending difficult. They never get the opportunity to visualise and change their purchasing patterns as a result. The aforementioned rationale makes the natural technique of keeping track of spending less effective.	BEHAVIOUR Users anticipate that calculations will be made while they enter their spending and deposits in the background. They demand tight budgetary restrictions. They want to visualise their spending patterns and comprehend where they might make savings.
Find the robust TR and EM	TRIGGERS TO ACT Earn benefits for budgeting. Keep track of every dollar you spend. Recognize the parallel between want and need. Be assured that you will pay your payments on time.	YOUR SOLUTION Users can modify the personal spending tracker to fit their needs by making it configurable. By offering user defined spending categories, rewards, goals, and limits, we hope to achieve this. Users of the application will also have the option to view a graphical analysis of their expenditures in order to better understand their spending habits.	CHANNELS OF BEHAVIOUR Offline Other students are exposed to it when they use and discuss their expertise in class. A team of experts is involved for businesses, and through word-of-mouth other businesses and people will learn about this application.
	Before: The user lacks confidence in their ability to manage their spending and is aimless in doing so. Missing bills is more common for the user. After: The user has more control over their spending. He or she is less likely to forget to pay a bill since they feel rewarded for cutting costs.		Online The use of various social media channels will be used to sell the application. As consumers start using the software, the App Store's ratings would rise, bringing in a massive flood of new users.

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

10. Functional Requirements:

A **Functional Requirement** is a description of the service that the software must offer. It describes a software system or its component.

FR No.	Functional	Functional Requirement Description	
	Requirement		
FR 1	User Login	User needs to login through app's user	
		interface and user authentication is done	
		on the server side connected to IBM DB2.	
FR 2	User Registration	A new user needs to register through the	
		app and it is connected to the IBM DB2.	
FR 3	Tracking income	Monitoring the income and tracking all	
	and expenses	expenditures (through bank accounts,	
		mobile wallets, and credit & debit	
		cards)	
FR 4	Transaction	Capture and organize your payment	
	Receipts:	receipts to keep track of your	
		expenditure.	
FR 5	Payments &	Accept and pay from credit cards,	
	Invoices:	debit cards, net banking, mobile	
		wallets, and bank transfers, and track	
		the status of your invoices and bills in	
		the mobile app itself. Also, the tracking	
		app sends reminders for payments	
		and automatically matches the	
		payments with invoices.	

FR 6	Detailed Reports:	The expense tracking app generates and sends reports to give a detailed insight about profits, losses, budgets, income, balance sheets, etc.
FR 7	In-depth insights	Provides in-built tools to generate
	and analytics:	reports with easy-to-understand
		visuals and graphics to gain insights
		about the performance of your
		business.
FR 8	Recurrent	Rely on your budgeting app to track,
	Expenses:	streamline, and automate all the
		recurrent expenses and remind you on
		a timely basis.
FR 9	Budget Vs. Actual	The user gets a detailed insight into
	Spent:	the real-time income and expenditure.
		Thus, you can plan your budget
		strategically to reduce unnecessary
		expenses.
FR 10	Prediction:	With the help of AI, your mobile app
		can predict your next purchase,
		according to your spending behavior.
		Moreover, it can recommend products
		and provide unique insights on saving
		money. It brings out the factors
		causing fluctuations in your expenses.

11. Non Functional Requirements:

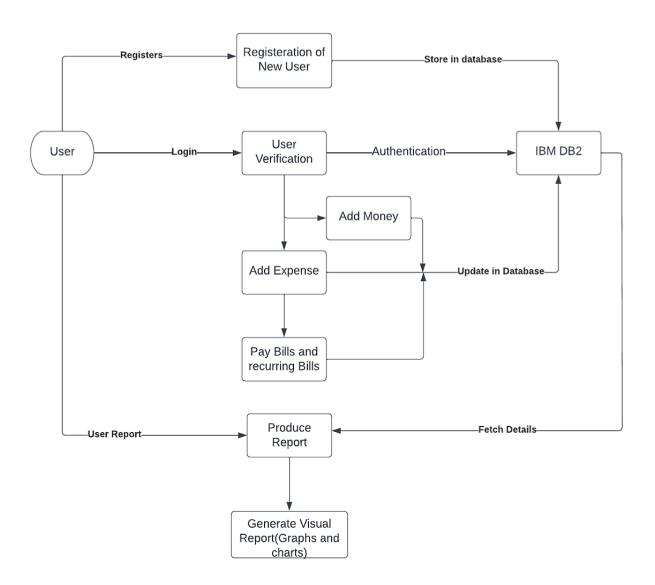
Non-Functional Requirement(NFR) specifies the quality attribute of a

software system.

NRF No.	Non-Functional	Description	
	Requirement		
NRF 1	Security	User Information such as login	
		information and data of expenditure	
		must be stored securely in the cloud.	
		Access to IBM DB 2 must be restricted	
		and data leak must be avoided.	
NRF 2	Reliability	Our application is reliable which	
		addresses fault tolerance and proof to	
		software failure.	
NRF 3	Performance	Our application will provide upmost	
		performance as it is a cloud application	
		and also its response time is minimum.	
NRF 4	Availability	Our application is available to the user	
		99.9% of the year as it is hosted on	
		IBM DB2 which provides good back up	
		to failures.	
NRF 5	Scalability	Our application is hosted on IBM DB2	
		which will be a cloud application and it	
		is easy to scale on cloud based on the	
		demand of the application.	

PROJECT DESIGN

12. Data Flow Diagrams



13. Solution & Technical Architecture

IBM Cloud - Expense Tracker Application UI UNREGISTERED UNREGISTER UNREGISTERED UNREGISTER kubernetes UNREGISTERED UNREGISTE UNREGISTERED UNREGISTE UNREGISTERED UNREGISTE UNREGISTERED UNREGISTE UNREGISTERED UNREGISTE Backend UNREGISTE ED UNREGISTE UNREGISTE D UNREGISTE UNREGISTE ED UNREGISTE Δ Δ RestFul API **Email Service** UNREGISTUSERS D UNREGISTE DB₂ (from IBM Cloud - Expense Tracker)

Project Design Phase-II

Table-1: Components & Technologies:

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	User interface for accessing	Flutter
		the features of the web app	
2.	Application Logic -Mail	Sending mail to a user in	Sendgrid API

	Service	case of any important event	
3.	Application Logic -Add and View Expenses	Users must be able to add new expenses while being able to delete ,update or view old ones.	Python: Flask
4.	Application Logic - Spending cap	Whenever the budget limit for a cycle is crossed, user must be notified.	Python: Flask
5.	Database	Data Type, Configurations etc.	IBM DB2
6.	Cloud Database	Database Service on Cloud	IBM DB2
7.	Infrastructure (Server / Cloud)	Application Deployment on Local System / Cloud Local Server Configuration: Cloud Server Configuration:	Local, Cloud Foundry, Kubernetes, etc.

Table-2: Application Characteristics:

S.No	Characteristics	Description	Technology
	Onen Course	Course Code of tools	All to alo wood for
1.	Open-Source	Source Code of tools	All tools used for
	Frameworks	available to public	development are open
			source by nature.
2.	Security	Maintaining Data	Bcrypt for hashing and
	Implementations	confidentiality and	AES for encryption ,
		Authorization	HTTPS for overall
			security during
			transmission.
3.	Scalable Architecture	Use of microservices	Flask- microservices
		ensures scalability in	architecture
		business logic.	
4.	Availability	Cloud Application serves	Kubernetes for
		very well in Scalability and	maintaining scalability
		Availability.	in deployment.

5.	Performance	Design consideration for	Technology used
		the performance of the	
		application (number of	
		requests per sec, use of	
		Cache, use of CDN's) etc.	

14. User Stories

User Stories

Functional	User Story	User Story /Task	Priority
Requirement	Number		
(Epic)			
Registration Page	IM-1	As a user I should be	High
		able to register to	
		the app	
Login Page	IM-2	As a user I should be	High
		able to login to the	
		арр	
Profile Page	IM-3	As a user I should be	High
		able to access my	
		profile page	
Profile Page	IM-4	As a user I should be	Medium
		able to edit my	
		details	
Profile Page	IM-5	As a user I should be	High
		able to logout	
Home Page	IM-6	As a user I should be	Medium
		able to add my	
		expenses	
Home Page	IM-7	As a user I should be	High
		able to see my daily	
		expenditure	
Home Page	IM-8	As a user I should be	High
		able to edit or delete	
		my expenses	

Income Page	IM-9	As a user I should be able to add my income	Medium
Income Page	IM-10	As a user I should be able to edit my income	Medium
Expenses Page	IM-11	As a user I should be able to set my cycle size	High
Expenses Page	IM-12	As a user I should be able to set my threshold limit	High
Expenses Page	IM-13	As a user I should be notified if for over spent	High
Deployment	IM-14	As a user I should be able to monitor different categories of expense	Medium
Deployment	IM-15	As a user I should be able to use the app on the cloud platform	High
Deployment+Ho me Page	IM-16	As a user I should be able to see the graphical representation of my expenses	High

PROJECT PLANNING & SCHEDULING

15. Sprint Planning & Estimation

Sprint	Functional	User	User Story	Story	Priority	Team
	Requirement	Story	/Task	Poin		Members
	(Epic)	Numb		ts		
		er				
Sprin	Registration Page	IM-1	As a user I	2	High	Adithya
t-1			should be able			Sriram R,
			to register to			Aditya R
			the app			
Sprin	Login Page	IM-2	As a user I	2	High	Aditya R,
t-1			should be able			Meganathan
			to login to the			V
			арр			
Sprin	Profile Page	IM-3	As a user I	2	High	Lochan N,
t-1			should be able			Meganathan
			to access my			V
			profile page			
Sprin	Profile Page	IM-4	As a user I	2	Medi	Adithya
t-1			should be able		um	Sriram R,
			to edit my			Lochan N
			details			
Sprin	Profile Page	IM-5	As a user I	2	High	Meganathan
t-1			should be able			V, Aditya R
			to logout			
Sprin	Home Page	IM-6	As a user I	3	Medi	Aditya R,
t-2			should be able		um	Adithya
			to add my			Sriram R
			expenses			
Sprin	Home Page	IM-7	As a user I	2	High	Lochan N,
t-2			should be able			Meganathan
			to see my			V
			daily			
			expenditure			

Sprin t-2	Home Page	IM-8	As a user I should be able to edit or delete my expenses	2	High	Lochan N, Aditya R
Sprin t-2	Income Page	IM-9	As a user I should be able to add my income	2	Medi um	Adithya Sriram R, Meganathan V
Sprin t-2	Income Page	IM-10	As a user I should be able to edit my income	2	Medi um	Aditya R, Lochan N
Sprin t-3	Expenses Page	IM-11	As a user I should be able to set my cycle size	3	High	Adithya Sriram R, Aditya R
Sprin t-3	Expenses Page	IM-12	As a user I should be able to set my threshold limit	3	High	Meganathan V, Adithya Sriram R
Sprin t-3	Expenses Page	IM-13	As a user I should be notified if for over spent	3	High	Lochan N, Meganathan V
Sprin t-4	Deployment	IM-14	As a user I should be able to monitor different categories of expense	2	Medi um	Meganatha n, Aditya R
Sprin t-4	Deployment	IM-15	As a user I should be able to use the app on the cloud platform	3	High	Aditya R, Lochan N

Sprin	Deployment+Ho	IM-16	As a user I	3	High	Adithya
t-4	me Page	should be able				Sriram R,
			to see the			Lochan N
			graphical			
			representati			
			on of my			
			expenses			

16. Sprint Delivery Schedule

Project Tracker, Velocity & Burndown Chart: (4 Marks)

Sprint	Total	Duration	Sprint	Sprint End	Story	Sprint
	Story		Start	Date	Points	Release
	Points		Date	(Planned)	Completed	Date
					(as on	(Actual)
					Planned	
					End Date)	
Sprint-1	10	6 Days	24 Oct	29 Oct	10	1. (M
			2022	2022		е
						et
						Pl
						an
						n
						ed
						Da
		_				te)
Sprint-2	11	6 Days	30 Oct	4 Nov 2022	11	2. (M
			2022			е
						et
						Pl
						an
						n
						ed
						Da
						te)

Sprint-3	9	6 Days	6 Nov	12 Nov	9	3.	(M
			2022	2022			е
							et
							Pl
							an
							n
							ed
							Da
							te)
Sprint-4	10	6 Days	12 Nov	18 Nov	8	4.	(M
			2022	2022			е
							et
							Pl
							an
							n
							ed
							Da
							te)

Velocity:

Imagine we have a 10-day sprint duration, and the velocity of the team is 20 (points per sprint). Let's calculate the team's average velocity (AV) per iteration unit (story points per day)

Average Velocity:

Average Points per sprint = (10+11+9+8)/4=9.5

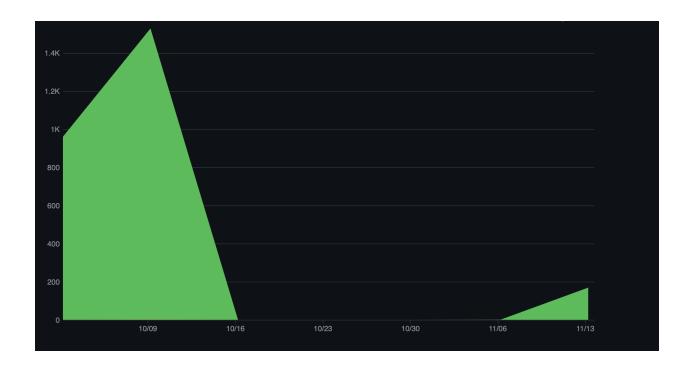
Story points per day/average velocity = 9.5/6.5=1.461

17. Analytics from JIRA

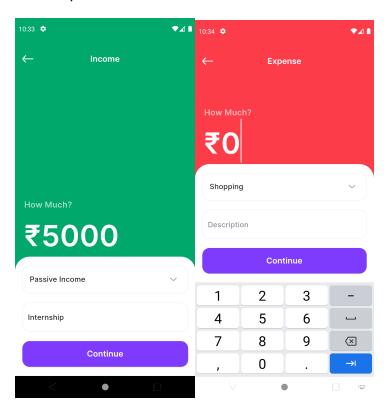








18 Add, Remove Transaction



import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:flutter_riverpod/flutter_riverpod.dart';

```
import 'package:flutter_svg/flutter_svg.dart';
import 'package:personal_expense_tracker/constants.dart';
import
'package:personal_expense_tracker/controllers/transaction_controller.
import 'package:personal_expense_tracker/models/transaction.dart';
class AddExpenseScreen extends ConsumerStatefulWidget {
  const AddExpenseScreen({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
 ConsumerState createState() => _AddExpenseScreenState();
class _AddExpenseScreenState extends ConsumerState<AddExpenseScreen>
 final GlobalKey<FormState> _formKey = GlobalKey<FormState>();
 final TextEditingController amountTextEditingController =
      TextEditingController(text: "0");
 Categories selectedCategory = Categories.shopping;
 String description = "";
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
    return GestureDetector(
     onTap: () {
       FocusScope.of(context).unfocus();
      child: Scaffold(
       backgroundColor: red100,
            onPressed: () {
              Navigator.pop(context);
            icon: SvgPicture.asset(
              "assets/icons/arrow_left.svg",
              color: Colors.white,
```

```
title: const Text(
            "Expense",
           style: TextStyle(color: Colors.white),
          key: _formKey,
          child: Column (
            mainAxisAlignment: MainAxisAlignment.end,
            crossAxisAlignment: CrossAxisAlignment.start,
            children: [
              Padding (
                child: Text(
                  "How Much?",
                  style: title3TextStyle.copyWith(
                    color: light80.withOpacity(0.64),
              Padding (
                child: TextFormField(
                  controller: amountTextEditingController,
                  style: moneyInputTextStyle,
                  decoration: moneyTextInputDecoration,
                  cursorColor: Colors.white,
                  keyboardType: TextInputType.number,
                  textInputAction: TextInputAction.next,
                    if (val.startsWith("0")) {
                      amountTextEditingController.text =
                          "${int.tryParse(val) ?? "0"}";
                      amountTextEditingController.selection =
                          TextSelection.collapsed(
amountTextEditingController.text.length);
```

```
DecoratedBox(
                decoration: const BoxDecoration(
                  color: Colors.white,
                  borderRadius: BorderRadius.vertical(
                    top: Radius.circular(32),
                child: Padding(
vertical: 20),
                  child: Column (
                    children: [
                      ButtonTheme (
                        child: DropdownButtonFormField<Categories>(
                          value: selectedCategory,
                          decoration: textInputDecoration.copyWith(
                            contentPadding:
                                 const EdgeInsets.fromLTRB(0, 20, 12,
16),
SvgPicture.asset("assets/icons/dropdown.svg"),
                          items: const [
                            DropdownMenuItem(
                              value: Categories.shopping,
                              child: Text("Shopping"),
                              value: Categories.subscription,
                              child: Text("Subscription"),
                              value: Categories.food,
```

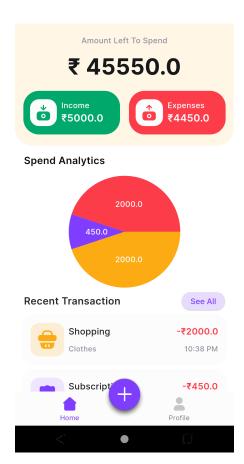
```
child: Text("Food"),
                            selectedCategory = val ??
selectedCategory;
                      const SizedBox(height: 20),
                      TextFormField(
                        cursorColor: light20,
                        decoration: textInputDecoration.copyWith(
                          hintText: "Description",
                        validator: (val) => (val?.isEmpty ?? false)
                             ? "Please enter a description"
                             : null,
                          description = val;
                      const SizedBox(height: 20),
                      ElevatedButton (
                        onPressed: () {
                          if (_formKey.currentState!.validate()) {
                            ref
.read(transactionListStateProvider.notifier)
                                 .addTransaction(
                                     double.parse(
amountTextEditingController.text),
                                     selectedCategory,
                                     description);
                            Navigator.of(context).pop();
```

```
Future addTransaction(
   double amount, Categories category, String description) async {
 final response = await http.post(
   Uri.parse("http://10.0.2.2:5000/transaction/add/"),
      'amount': amount.toString(),
      'category': category.toString(),
      'description': description,
      'email': ref.read(authStateProvider)?.email,
 if (response.statusCode == 200) {
   state = [...state,
Transaction.fromJson(jsonDecode(response.body))];
Future deleteTransaction(int tId) async {
 final response = await http.get(
   Uri.parse("http://10.0.2.2:5000/transaction/delete/$tId"),
 if (response.statusCode == 200) {
    state = state.where((transaction) => transaction.tId !=
ald).toList();
```

```
@app.route("/transaction/add/",methods=['POST'])
def addtransaction():
   now = datetime.now()
    category = request.form['category']
   description = request.form['description']
   amount = request.form['amount']
    email = request.form['email']
    insert_sql = "INSERT INTO Transaction
(CATEGORY, DESCRIPTION, AMOUNT, TRANSACTIONDATE, EMAIL) VALUES
(?,?,?,?,?)"
   prep_stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, insert_sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 1, category)
    ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 2, description)
    ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 3, amount)
    ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 4, now)
    ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 5, email)
    ibm_db.execute(prep_stmt)
    sql = "SELECT * FROM Transaction WHERE TransactionDate=?"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, now)
    ibm_db.execute(stmt)
    insertedTransaction = ibm_db.fetch_assoc(stmt)
transaction={"tId":insertedTransaction["TID"],"amount":float(amount),"
category":category, "description":description, "transactionDate":str(no
w) }
    return jsonify(transaction), 200
@app.route("/transaction/delete/<tId>")
def deletetransaction(tId):
    sql = "DELETE FROM Transaction WHERE Tid =?"
    stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(stmt, 1, tId)
```

```
ibm_db.execute(stmt)
return "Deleted Successfully",200
```

19 Graphical Representation



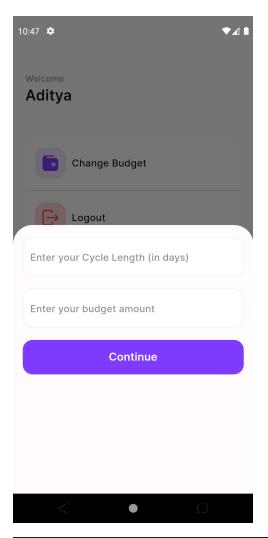
```
import 'package:fl_chart/fl_chart.dart';
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:flutter_riverpod/flutter_riverpod.dart';
import 'package:personal_expense_tracker/constants.dart';
import
'package:personal_expense_tracker/controllers/transaction_controller.dart';
import 'package:personal_expense_tracker/models/transaction.dart';
```

```
class ExpenseChart extends ConsumerStatefulWidget {
 const ExpenseChart({Key? key}) : super(key: key);
 ConsumerState createState() => _ExpenseChartState();
class _ExpenseChartState extends ConsumerState<ExpenseChart> {
 int touchedIndex = -1;
 Widget build(BuildContext context) {
   final transactionList = ref.watch(transactionListStateProvider);
   double shoppingAmount = 0;
   double foodAmount = 0;
   double transportAmount = 0;
   double subscriptionAmount = 0;
   for (int i = 0; i < transactionList.length; i++) {</pre>
     switch (transactionList[i].category) {
        case Categories.shopping:
          shoppingAmount += transactionList[i].amount;
         break;
        case Categories.subscription:
          subscriptionAmount += transactionList[i].amount;
         break;
       case Categories.food:
          foodAmount += transactionList[i].amount;
         break;
        case Categories.transport:
          transportAmount += transactionList[i].amount;
         break;
   return SizedBox(
     child: PieChart(
       PieChartData(
```

```
sectionsSpace: 0,
sections: [
  PieChartSectionData(
    radius: (touchedIndex == 0) ? 110 : 100,
    color: yellow100,
    value: shoppingAmount,
    titleStyle: body3Light80TextStyle,
    showTitle: !(touchedIndex == 0),
    badgeWidget: (touchedIndex == 0)
            "Shopping",
            style: body3Light80TextStyle,
        : null,
  PieChartSectionData(
    radius: (touchedIndex == 1) ? 110 : 100,
    color: violet100,
    value: subscriptionAmount,
    titleStyle: body3Light80TextStyle,
    showTitle: !(touchedIndex == 1),
    badgeWidget: (touchedIndex == 1)
            "Subscription",
            style: body3Light80TextStyle,
  PieChartSectionData(
    radius: (touchedIndex == 2) ? 110 : 100,
    color: red100,
    value: foodAmount,
    titleStyle: body3Light80TextStyle,
    showTitle: !(touchedIndex == 2),
    badgeWidget: (touchedIndex == 2)
            "Food",
            style: body3Light80TextStyle,
```

```
: null,
              radius: (touchedIndex == 3) ? 110 : 100,
              color: blue100,
              value: transportAmount,
              titleStyle: body3Light80TextStyle,
              showTitle: !(touchedIndex == 3),
              badgeWidget: (touchedIndex == 3)
                      "Transport",
                      style: body3Light80TextStyle,
            touchCallback: (FlTouchEvent event, pieTouchResponse) {
              setState(() {
                if (!event.isInterestedForInteractions | |
                    pieTouchResponse.touchedSection == null) {
                  touchedIndex = -1;
                  return;
                touchedIndex =
pieTouchResponse.touchedSection!.touchedSectionIndex;
       swapAnimationCurve: Curves.easeIn,
```

20. Update Cycle Length and Budget Amount



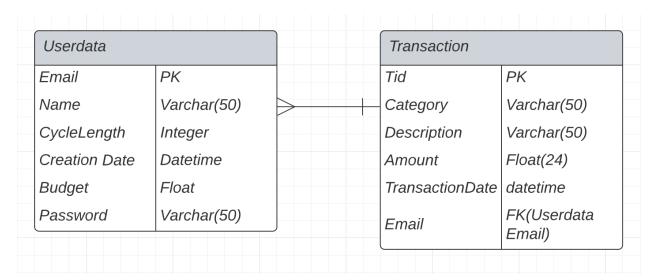
```
int cycleLength = 30;
double budget = 30000;
await showModalBottomSheet(
  context: context,
  isDismissible: false,
  shape: const RoundedRectangleBorder(
    borderRadius: BorderRadius.vertical(
       top: Radius.circular(32),
    ),
  ),
  ),
```

```
builder: (context) => Padding(
   vertical: 20,
 child: Column (
   children: [
      TextFormField(
        cursorColor: light20,
        keyboardType: TextInputType.number,
        decoration: textInputDecoration.copyWith(
          hintText: "Enter your Cycle Length (in days)",
          cycleLength = int.tryParse(val) ?? cycleLength;
      const SizedBox(height: 20),
      TextFormField(
        cursorColor: light20,
        keyboardType: TextInputType.number,
        decoration: textInputDecoration.copyWith(
          hintText: "Enter your budget amount",
          budget = double.tryParse(val) ?? budget;
      const SizedBox(height: 20),
      ElevatedButton(
        onPressed: () {
         Navigator.pop(context);
        child: const Text("Continue"),
```

```
await ref
.read(authStateProvider.notifier)
.updateBudget(cycleLength, budget);
```

```
@app.route('/updateBudget/', methods=['POST'])
def updateBudget():
    insert_sql = "UPDATE Userdata SET CycleLength =?, Budget =? WHERE
Email =?"
    prep_stmt = ibm_db.prepare(conn, insert_sql)
    ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 1, request.form['cycleLength'])
    ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 2, request.form['budget'])
    ibm_db.bind_param(prep_stmt, 3, request.form['email'])
    ibm_db.execute(prep_stmt)
    return "Budget Updated Successfully", 200
```

21. Database Schema



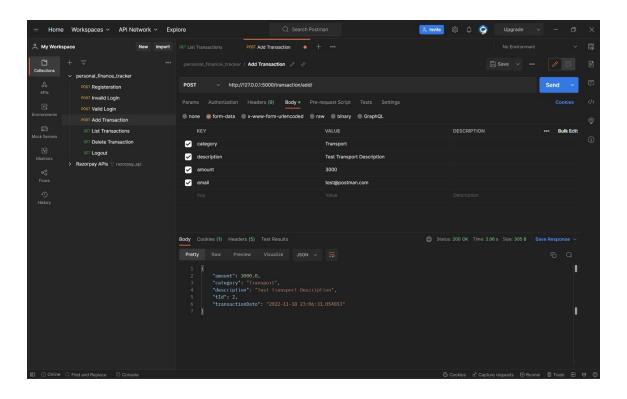
Testing

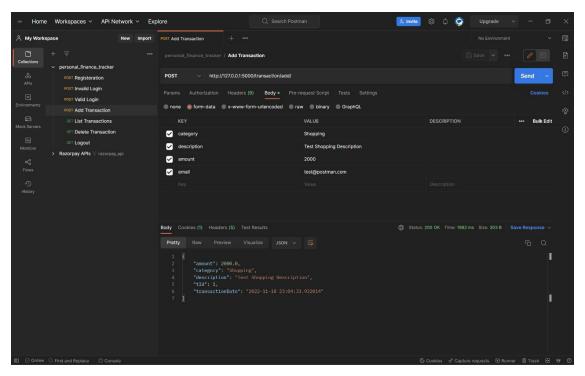
22. Test Cases

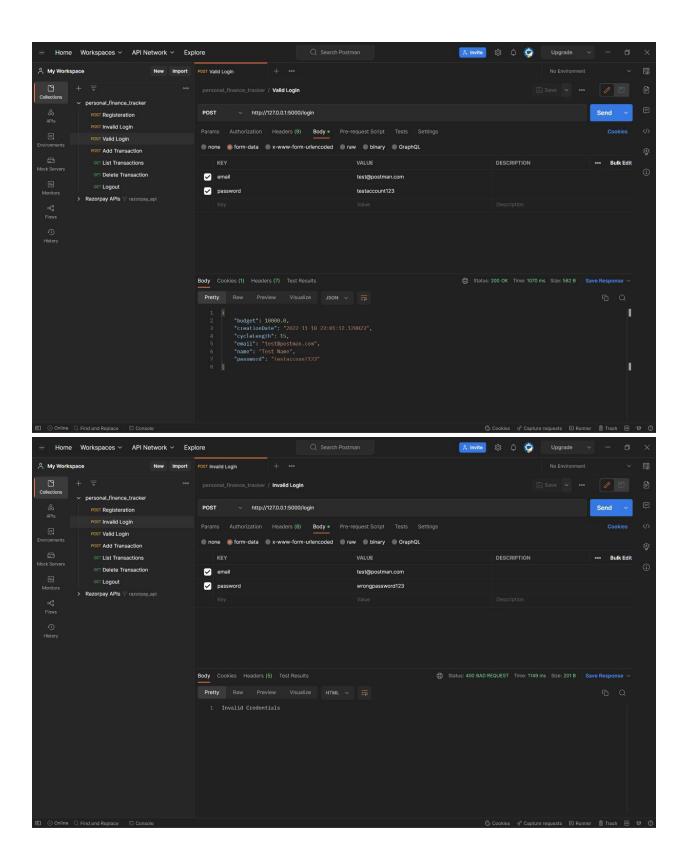
- Verify that the user is able to login successfully on entering appropriate credentials.
- The UI elements, such as the card for the login, the button to submit etc are functional and are rendered properly in all devices.
- Users who enter invalid credentials will not be redirected to the dashboard
- Verify that users are able to register themselves to the application.
- The UI elements, such as the card for the registration, the button to submit etc arefunctional and are rendered properly in all devices.
- The user should not be able to register successfully if any of the fields are left empty.
- The UI part of the dashboard, the side navbar, the logout option, the cards showing various expenses, and the income edit icon must be functioning and rendered properly.
- The UI part of the add expense page must be rendered and functioning.
- The user must be able to add an expense.
- The user should be able to update the balance and it must be reflected in the dashboard where the wallet balance is displayed.
- The user views all the UI components rendered properly and functioning accordingly.
- The user should be able to set a monthly limit for his expenditures.
- The page must render properly and function appropriately.
- The user must be able to view the analysis of their expenses.
- The user must be able to view the analysis of their expenses.
- The UI is rendered properly and the various components are functioning properly.
- This page allows the user to view the recurring expenses that he or she has

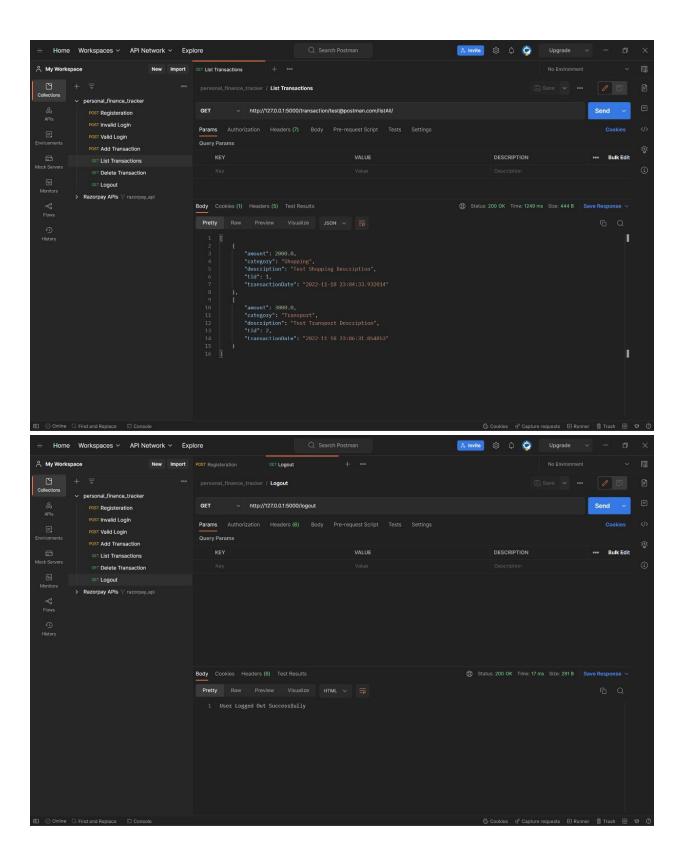
created using the add recurring expense page.

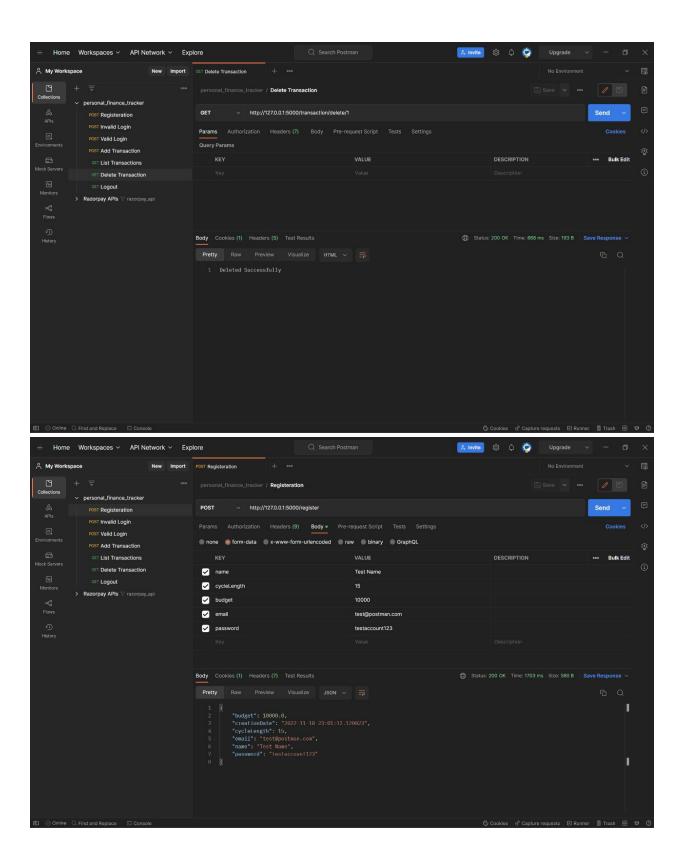
Adding Transactions(Testing using Postman)











23.User Acceptance Testing

UAT Execution & Report Submission

1. Purpose of Document

The purpose of this document is to briefly explain the test coverage and open issues of the Personal Expense Tracker project at the time of the release to User Acceptance Testing (UAT).

2. Defect Analysis

This report showsthe number of resolved or closed bugs at each severity level, and how they were resolved

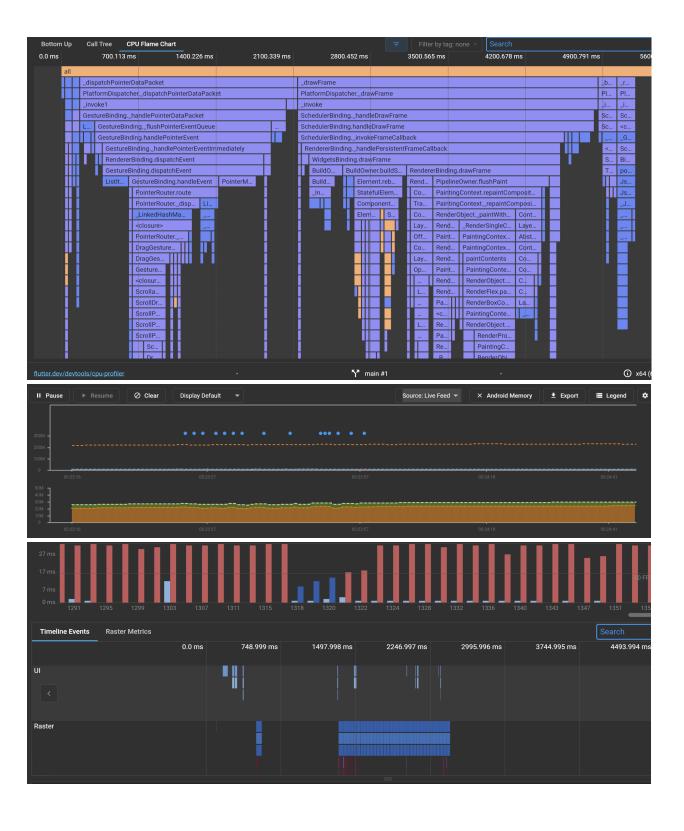
Resolution	Severity 1	Severity 2	Severity 3	Severity 4	Subtotal
By Design	0	0	0	0	0
Duplicate	0	0	0	0	0
External	1	0	0	0	1
Fixed	0	2	0	0	2
Not Reproduced	0	0	0	0	0
Skipped	0	0	0	0	0
Won't Fix	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	1	2	0	0	3

3. Test Case Analysis

This report shows the number of test cases that have passed, failed, and untested

Section	Total Cases	Not Tested	Fail	Pass
Login	3	0	0	3
Registration	4	0	0	4
Dashboard	1	0	0	1
Expense Addition	3	0	1	2
Update Balance	2	0	0	2
Set threshold limit	2	0	0	2
View Analysis	3	0	1	2
Set cycle size	2	0	0	2
Category Creation	2	0	0	2
Modifying an Expense	2	0	0	2

23. Performance Metrics



ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

Advantages:

- 1) Writing down every expense encourages more careful spending and helps you avoid splurging. It teaches you to be frugal with your money
- 2) You regain full control of your finances when you keep track of your expenses. You will always be aware of how much money is available for spending and how much is currently in your bank account.
- 3) You'll have a better understanding of what is happening with your money as you monitor your spending over time.
- 4) Many of your everyday costs might not seem like much, but when you total up your purchases of lottery tickets, coffee, restaurants, and other indulgences, you could be surprised at how much your habits truly cost.
- 5) You may create precise budgets for your monthly expenditures by keeping track of your costs. You must keep track of your spending every day once you create a budget, which is a monthly spending plan that takes your income and costs into consideration.
- 6) Daily cost tracking enables you to monitor your progress toward your financial objectives. Daily cost tracking enables you to monitor your progress toward your financial objectives.
- 7) Financial issues result from disorganised finances. Maintaining organisation is simpler than trying to clean up a chaotic financial condition.
- 8) It aids in keeping track of your bank accounts. What if someone stole your debit card details and began using it to make purchases with your money? You can prevent these hazards if you keep track of your spending.

Disadvantages:

- 1) Managers and approvers may be neglectful at times due to the simplicity of rapidly approving expense reports with the press of a mouse. Although the software automatically evaluates the reports for policy violations, the approvers may choose to disregard any violations that the software missed.
- 2) Although automation makes auditors' jobs easier, there is less room for auditors to look into

shady activity. Since the software currently internally verifies all cost reports, external verification may become unnecessary or negligible. As a result, auditors can decide to put their trust in the software's judgement and ignore uncertainty.

- 3) When you have problems, need to set up anything, or even if you simply require information, poor customer assistance can hinder your operations. Therefore, it is essential to take into account a software's reputation for customer service while selecting it.
- 4) Checking client reviews is a crucial consideration when selecting an expense management programme. After all, the programme must be well-liked by both your staff and the financial departments.

CONCLUSION:

Tracking your spending on a daily basis might not only help you save money, but it can also help you set financial objectives for the long run. Knowing exactly where your money goes each month will make it simple for you to identify areas where concessions and savings can be made. Compared to other income and expense trackers, our project is more effective. The manual computation, which is often done in the absence of a cost tracker, is successfully avoided by the project. The modules are created in a productive and appealing way. Sticky notes, spreadsheets, and ledgers that create confusion and data consistency issues while documenting and separating expenses will be replaced by the programme. With the help of our software, users may better control their spending and do so in a more efficient manner. Not only can keeping track of daily spending help you save money, it can also help you set future financial objectives. Knowing where our money is going each day makes it simple to make sacrifices and other decisions to help save costs. Compared to existing trackers, this project is designed to operate more quickly and eliminate tedious calculations. It is designed to be effective and aesthetically pleasing at the

FUTURE SCOPE:

- 1) It will offer different record-keeping choices (for example Food, Travelling Fuel, Salary etc.).
- 2) It will continue to give notifications for our cycle spending automatically.
- 3) In today's hectic and expensive world, we are in a hurry to generate money, yet at the end of

the month, we have broken off. As we naively waste money on unnecessary items and titles.

So we devised a strategy to maximise our profits.

4) The user can construct their own categories for spending types such as food, clothing, rent,

and bills where they must input the money spent and can also include additional data in

supplementary data to identify the expense.

APPENDIX

Github Link:- https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-19645-1659703081

VideoLink: https://drive.google.com/file/d/17I5SlciwaW9yYZzy1L4LTjIOpCbMrvxL/view?usp=sharing