Data Visualization and Preprocessing Assignment -2

Assignment Date	26 September 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID27812
Project Name	Smart Lender-Application Credibility Prediction for loan Approval
Student Name	S.G.Mydhrayan
Student Roll Number	311519104036
Maximum Marks	2 Marks

Question-1.Download dataset

Solution:

RowNuml	Customer	Surname	CreditSco	Geograph	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfPrc Ha	sCrCard IsA	ctiveM	Estimated Exi	ted
1	15634602	Hargrave	619	France	Female	42	2	0	1	1	1	101348.9	1
2	15647311	Hill	608	Spain	Female	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.6	0
3	15619304	Onio	502	France	Female	42	8	159660.8	3	1	0	113931.6	1
4	15701354	Boni	699	France	Female	39	1	0	2	0	0	93826.63	0
5	15737888	Mitchell	850	Spain	Female	43	2	125510.8	1	1	1	79084.1	0
6	15574012	Chu	645	Spain	Male	44	8	113755.8	2	1	0	149756.7	1
7	15592531	Bartlett	822	France	Male	50	7	0	2	1	1	10062.8	0
8	15656148	Obinna	376	Germany	Female	29	4	115046.7	4	1	0	119346.9	1
9	15792365	He	501	France	Male	44	4	142051.1	2	0	1	74940.5	0
10	15592389	H?	684	France	Male	27	2	134603.9	1	1	1	71725.73	0
11	15767821	Bearce	528	France	Male	31	6	102016.7	2	0	0	80181.12	0
12	15737173	Andrews	497	Spain	Male	24	3	0	2	1	0	76390.01	0
13	15632264	Kay	476	France	Female	34	10	0	2	1	0	26260.98	0
14	15691483	Chin	549	France	Female	25	5	0	2	0	0	190857.8	0
15	15600882	Scott	635	Spain	Female	35	7	0	2	1	1	65951.65	0
16	15643966	Goforth	616	Germany	Male	45	3	143129.4	2	0	1	64327.26	0
17	15737452	Romeo	653	Germany	Male	58	1	132602.9	1	1	0	5097.67	1
18	15788218	Henderso	549	Spain	Female	24	9	0	2	1	1	14406.41	0
19	15661507	Muldrow	587	Spain	Male	45	6	0	1	0	0	158684.8	0
20	15568982	Hao	726	France	Female	24	6	0	2	1	1	54724.03	0
21	15577657	McDonald	732	France	Male	41	. 8	0	2	1	1	170886.2	0
22	15597945	Dellucci	636	Spain	Female	32	8	0	2	1	0	138555.5	0
23	15699309	Gerasimo	510	Spain	Female	38	4	0	1	1	0	118913.5	1
24	15725737	Mosman	669	France	Male	46	3	0	2	0	1	8487.75	0
25	15625047	Yen	846	France	Female	38	5	0	1	1	1	187616.2	0
26	15738191	Maclean	577	France	Male	25	3	0	2	0	1	124508.3	0
27	15736816	Young	756	Germany	Male	36	2	136815.6	1	1	1	170042	0
28	15700772	Nebechi	571	France	Male	44	9	0	2	0	0	38433.35	0
29	15728693	McWillian	574	Germany	Female	43	3	141349.4	1	1	1	100187.4	0
30	15656300	Lucciano	411	France	Male	29	0	59697.17	2	1	1	53483.21	0
31	15589475	Azikiwe	591	Spain	Female	39	3	0	3	1	0	140469.4	1
32	15706552	Odinakac	533	France	Male	36	7	85311.7	1	0	1	156731.9	0
33	15750181	Sanderso	553	Germany	Male	41	9	110112.5	2	0	0	81898.81	0
34	15659428	Maggard	520	Spain	Female	42	6	0	2	1	1	34410.55	0
35	15732963	Clements	722	Spain	Female	29	9	0	2	1	1	142033.1	0
36	15794171	Lombardo	475	France	Female	45	0	134264	1	1	0	27822.99	1
37	15788448	Watson	490	Spain	Male	31	3	145260.2	1	0	1	114066.8	0
38	15729599	Lorenzo	804	Spain	Male	33	7	76548.6	1	0	1	98453.45	0
39	15717426	Armstron	850	France	Male	36	7	0	1	1	1	40812.9	0
40	15585768	Cameron	582	Germany	Male	41	6	70349.48	2	0	1	178074	0

Question-2.Load the dataset

Solution:

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
importmatplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn
data = pd.read_csv(r'Churn_Modelling.csv')
df.head

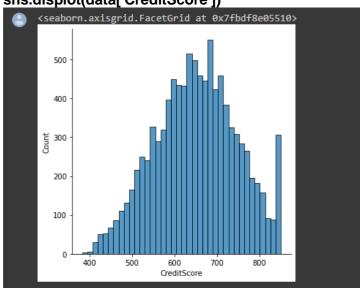
< bound	method	NDFrame.	head o	of Row	Number Cu	stom	erId :	Surname	CreditScore Geog	raphy	Gender	Ag
9		1 156	34602	Hargrave	ϵ	19	France	Female	42			
1		2 156	47311	Hill	ϵ	08	Spain	Female	41			
2		3 156	19304	Onio	5	02	France	Female	42			
3		4 157			ϵ	99	France	Female	39			
4		5 157	37888	Mitchell	8	50	Spain	Female	43			
		50 Simple St		\$	81		1200000	***	****** *******			
9995	99	96 156	06229	Obijiaku	7	71	France	Male	39			
9996	99	97 155	69892	Johnstone	5	16	France	Male	35			
	99				7	09	France	Female	36			
9998	99	99 156	82355	Sabbatini	7	72	Germany	Male	42			
		00 156				92	France	Female	28			
9	Tenure	Balanc	e Num	OfProducts	HasCrCard	Is	ActiveMe	mber \				
9	2	0.0	9	1	1			1				
1	1	83807.8	6	1	e	ř.		1				
2	8	159660.8	9	3	1	3		0				
3	1	0.0	9	2	6	E		0				
4	2	125510.8	2	1	1			1				
• • •				***	1984			***				
9995	5			2	1			0				
9996	10	57369.6	1	1	1			1				
999/	/	0.0	g	1	6			1				
		75075.3		2	1			0				
9999	4	130142.7	9	1	1	Š		0				
1	Estimat	edSalary										
9		01348.88		1								
1		12542.58		0								
2		13931.57		1								
3		93826.63		0								
4		79084.10		0								
		• • •		•								
9995		96270.64		0								
9996		01699.77		0								
9997		42085.58		1								
9998		92888.52		1								
9999		38190.78		0								

Question-3. Perform Below Visualizations.

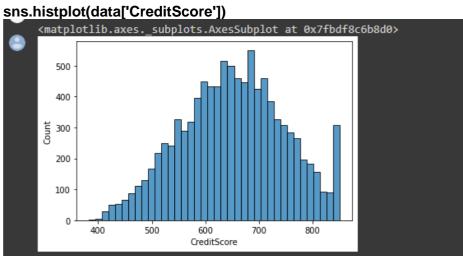
Univariate Analysis

Solution:

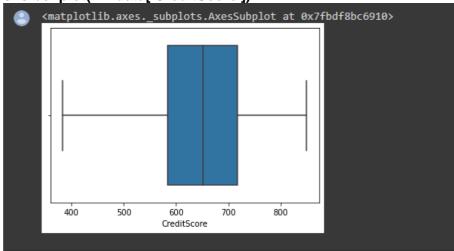
sns.displot(data['CreditScore'])

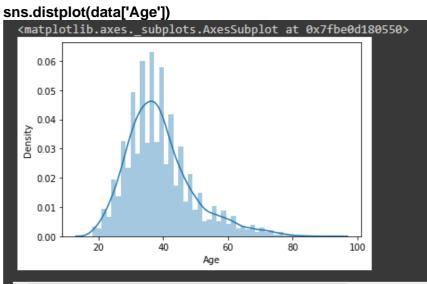




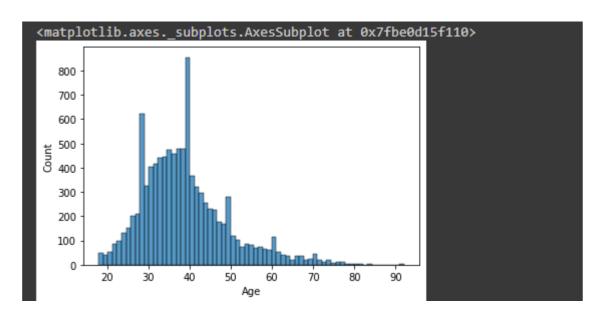


sns.boxplot(x = data['CreditScore'])

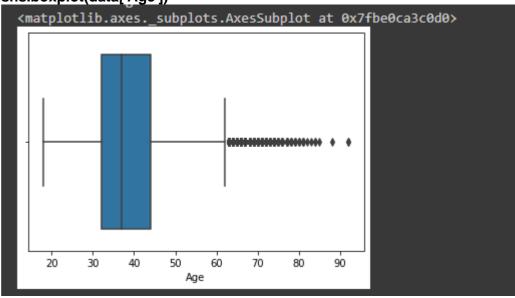




sns.histplot(data['Age'])



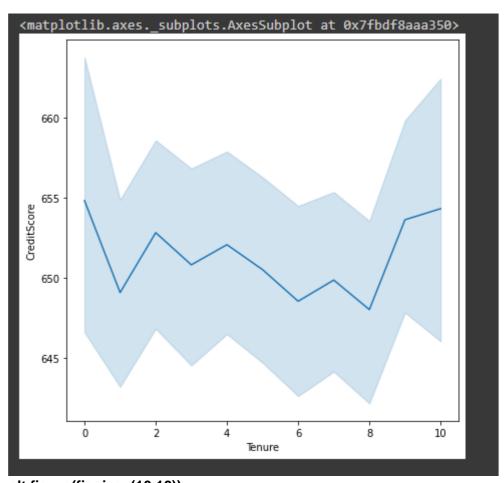
sns.boxplot(data['Age'])



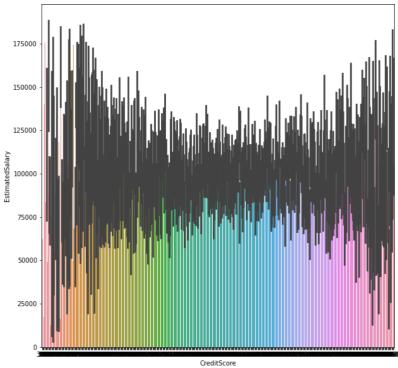
Bivariate Analysis

Solution:

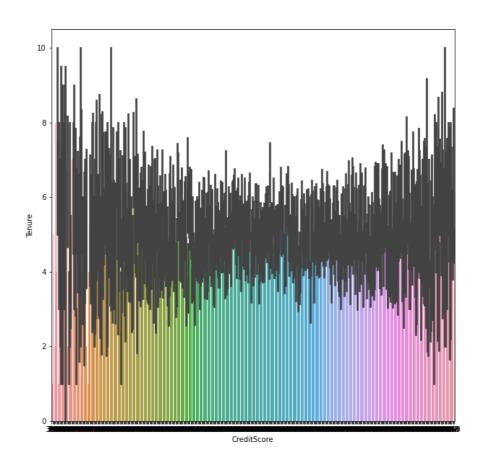
```
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sns.lineplot(data = data, x = 'Tenure', y = 'CreditScore')
```



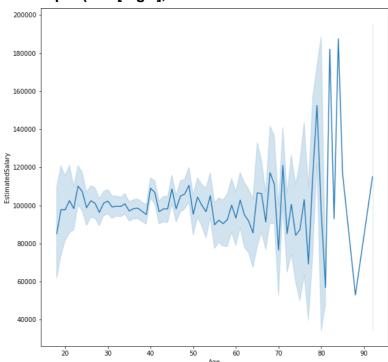
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)) sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y ='EstimatedSalary')



plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)) sns.barplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Tenure')



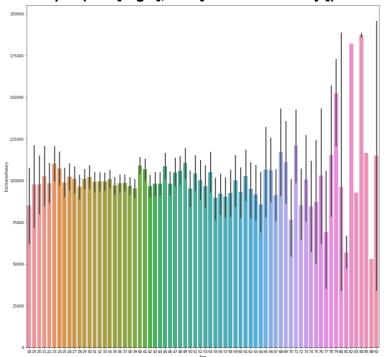
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)) sns.lineplot(data['Age'],



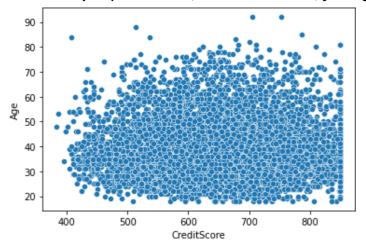
data['EstimatedSalary'])

plt.figure(figsize=(17,17))

sns.barplot(data['Age'], data['EstimatedSalary'])



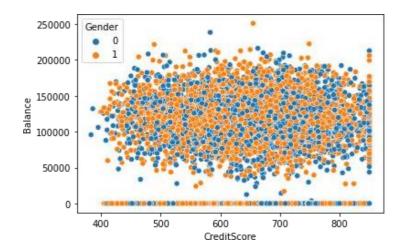
sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Age')



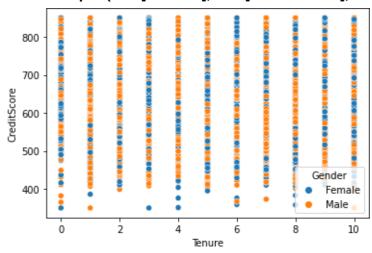
Multivariate Analysis

Solution:

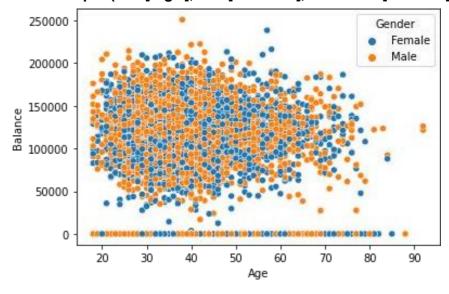
sns.scatterplot(data = data, x = 'CreditScore', y = 'Balance', hue = 'Gender')



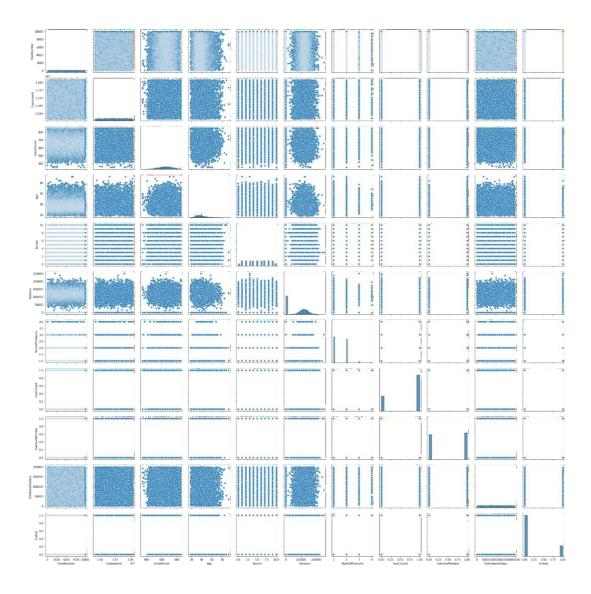
sns.scatterplot(data['Tenure'], data['CreditScore'], hue = data['Gender'])



sns.scatterplot(data['Age'], data['Balance'], hue = data['Gender'])



sns.pairplot(data)



Question-4. Perform descriptive statistics on the dataset.

Solution:

data.mean(numeric_only =

- RowNumber	5.000500e+03
True)umber CustomerId	1.569094e+07
CreditScore	6.505288e+02
Age	3.892180e+01
Tenure	5.012800e+00
Balance	7.648589e+04
NumOfProducts	1.530200e+00
HasCrCard	7.055000e-01
IsActiveMember	5.151000e-01
EstimatedSalary	1.000902e+05
Exited	2.037000e-01
dtype: float64	

data.median(numeric_only = True)

```
        RowNumber
        5.000500e+03

        CustomerId
        1.569074e+07

        CreditScore
        6.520000e+02

        Age
        3.700000e+01

        Tenure
        5.000000e+00

        Balance
        9.719854e+04

        NumOfProducts
        1.000000e+00

        HasCrCard
        1.000000e+00

        IsActiveMember
        1.000000e+00

        EstimatedSalary
        1.001939e+05

        Exited
        0.000000e+00

        dtype: float64
```

data['CreditScore'].mode()

0 850 dtype: int64

data['EstimatedSalary'].mode()

0 24924.92 dtype: float64

data['HasCrCard'].unique()

array([1, 0])

data['Tenure'].unique()

array([2, 1, 8, 7, 4, 6, 3, 10, 5, 9, 0])

data.std(numeric_only=True)

 RowNumber
 2886.895680

 CustomerId
 71936.186123

 CreditScore
 96.653299

 Age
 10.487806

 Tenure
 2.892174

 Balance
 62397.405202

 NumOfProducts
 0.581654

 HasCrCard
 0.455840

 IsActiveMember
 0.499797

 EstimatedSalary
 57510.492818

 Exited
 0.402769

 dtype: float64

data.describe()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	CreditScore	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
count	10000.00000	1.000000e+04	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.00000	10000.000000	10000.000000	10000.000000
mean	5000.50000	1.569094e+07	650.528800	38.921800	5.012800	76485.889288	1.530200	0.70550	0.515100	100090.239881	0.203700
std	2886.89568	7.193619e+04	96.653299	10.487806	2.892174	62397.405202	0.581654	0.45584	0.499797	57510.492818	0.402769
min	1.00000	1.556570e+07	350.000000	18.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	11.580000	0.000000
25%	2500.75000	1.562853e+07	584.000000	32.000000	3.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.000000	51002.110000	0.000000
50%	5000.50000	1.569074e+07	652.000000	37.000000	5.000000	97198.540000	1.000000	1.00000	1.000000	100193.915000	0.000000
75%	7500.25000	1.575323e+07	718.000000	44.000000	7.000000	127644.240000	2.000000	1.00000	1.000000	149388.247500	0.000000
max	10000.00000	1.581569e+07	850.000000	92.000000	10.000000	250898.090000	4.000000	1.00000	1.000000	199992.480000	1.000000

data['Tenure'].value_counts()

Name: Tenure, dtype: int64

Question-5. Handle the Missing values.

Solution:

data.isnull().an

y()

RowNumber	False
CustomerId	False
Surname	False
CreditScore	False
Geography	False
Gender	False
Age	False
Tenure	False
Balance	False
NumOfProducts	False
HasCrCard	False
IsActiveMember	False
EstimatedSalary	False
Exited	False
dtyne: bool	

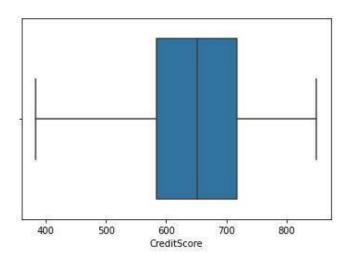
data.isnull().sum()

RowNumber	0
CustomerId	0
Surname	0
CreditScore	0
Geography	0
Gender	0
Age	0
Tenure	0
Balance	0
NumOfProducts	0
HasCrCard	0
IsActiveMember	0
EstimatedSalary	0
Exited	0
dtype: int64	

Question-6.Find the outliers and replace the outliers

Solution:

sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])#Outlier detection - box plot

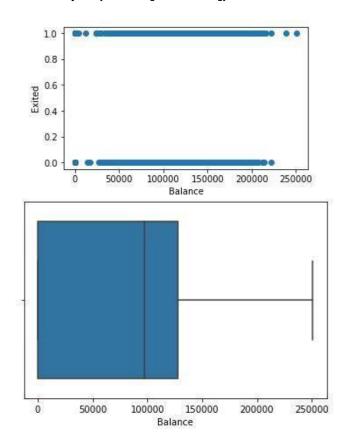


fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (5,3)) #Outlier detection - Scatter plot ax.scatter(data['Balance'], data['Exited'])

x-axis label ax.set_xlabel('Balan ce')

y-axis label
ax.set_ylabel('Exite
d') plt.show()

sns.boxplot(x=data['Balance'])



```
from scipy import stats #Outlier detection –
zscore zscore =
np.abs(stats.zscore(data['CreditScore']))
print(zscore)
print('No. of Outliers : ', np.shape(np.where(zscore>3)))
```

```
0.332952
      0.447540
1
    1.551761
2
     0.500422
3
      2.073415
9995 1.250458
9996 1.405920
      0.604594
9997
9998
9998 1.260876
9999 1.469219
Name: CreditScore, Length: 10000, dtype: float64
No. of Outliers : (1, 0)
```

q = data.quantile([0.75,0.25]) q

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0.75	7500.25	15753233.75	2238.25	718.0	1.0	1.0	44.0	7.0	127644.24	2.0	1.0	1.0	149388.2475	0.0
0.25	2500.75	15628528.25	773.75	584.0	0.0	0.0	32.0	3.0	0.00	1.0	0.0	0.0	51002.1100	0.0

iqr = q.iloc[0] q.iloc[1] iqr

RowNumber	4999.5000
CustomerId	124705.5000
Surname	1464.5000
CreditScore	134.0000
Geography	1.0000
Gender	1.0000
Age	12.0000
Tenure	4.0000
Balance	127644.2400
NumOfProducts	1.0000
HasCrCard	1.0000
IsActiveMember	1.0000
EstimatedSalary	98386.1375
Exited	0.0000
dtype: float64	

u = q.iloc[0] + (1.5*iqr) u

```
        RowNumber
        1.499950e+04

        CustomerId
        1.594029e+07

        Surname
        4.435000e+03

        CreditScore
        9.190000e+02

        Geography
        2.500000e+00

        Gender
        2.500000e+00

        Age
        6.200000e+01

        Tenure
        1.300000e+01

        Balance
        3.191106e+05

        NumOfProducts
        3.500000e+00

        HasCrCard
        2.500000e+00

        IsActiveMember
        2.500000e+00

        EstimatedSalary
        2.969675e+05

        Exited
        0.000000e+00

        dtype: float64
```

I = q.iloc[1] -(1.5*iqr) I

```
        RowNumber
        -4.998500e+03

        CustomerId
        1.544147e+07

        Surname
        -1.423000e+03

        CreditScore
        3.830000e+02

        Geography
        -1.500000e+00

        Gender
        -1.500000e+00

        Age
        1.400000e+01

        Tenure
        -3.000000e+00

        Balance
        -1.914664e+05

        NumOfProducts
        -5.00000e-01

        HasCrCard
        -1.500000e+00

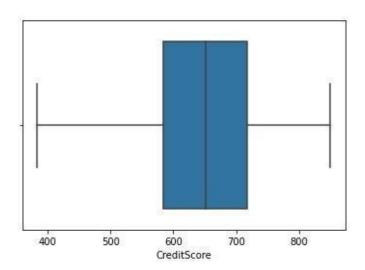
        IsActiveMember
        -1.500000e+00

        EstimatedSalary
        -9.657710e+04

        Exited
        0.000000e+00
```

```
Q1 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.25) #Outlier detection - IQR Q3 = data['EstimatedSalary'].quantile(0.75) iqr = Q3 - Q1 print(iqr) upper=Q3 + 1.5 * iqr lower=Q1 - 1.5 * iqr count = np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] > upper)) count = count + np.size(np.where(data['EstimatedSalary'] < lower)) print('No. of outliers : ', count) 98386.1375 No. of outliers : 0
```

data['CreditScore'] = np.where(np.logical_or(data['CreditScore']>900, data['CreditScore']<383), 65 0, data['CreditScore']) sns.boxplot(data['CreditScore'])



```
upper = data.Age.mean() + (3 * data.Age.std()) #Outlier detection -
3 sigma lower = data.Age.mean() - (3 * data.Age.std())
columns = data[ ( data['Age'] > upper ) | (
data['Age'] < lower ) ] print('Upper range : ', upper)
print('Lower range : ', lower)
print('No. of Outliers : ',

Upper range : 70.38521935511383
   Lower range : 7.458380644886169
   No. of Outliers : 133</pre>
```

columns = ['EstimatedSalary', 'Age', 'Balance', 'NumOfProducts', 'Tenure', 'CreditScore'] #After outl ier removal

```
Q1
data[i].quantile(0.25)
Q3
data[i].quantile(0.75)
igr = Q3 - Q1
upper=Q3 + 1.5 *
igr lower=Q1 - 1.5
* igr
count = np.size(np.where(data[i] >upper))
count = count + np.size(np.where(data[i]
<lower)) print('No. of outliers in ', i, ' : ',</pre>
No. of outliers in EstimatedSalary : 0
No. of outliers in Age : 0
No. of outliers in Balance : 0
No. of outliers in NumOfProducts : 0
No. of outliers in Tenure : 0
No. of outliers in CreditScore : 0
count)
```

for i in columns:

Question-7. Check for Categorical columns and perform encoding

Solution:

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder,
OneHotEncoder le = LabelEncoder()
oneh = OneHotEncoder()
data['Surname'] =
le.fit_transform(data['Surname']) data['Gender'] =
le.fit_transform(data['Gender'])
data['Geography'] =
le.fit_transform(data['Geography']) data.head()

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary	Exited
0	1	15634602	1115	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88	1
1	2	15647311	1177	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542.58	0
2	3	15619304	2040	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57	1
3	4	15701354	289	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63	0
4	5	15737888	1822	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10	0

Question-8. Split the data into dependent and independent variables split the data in X and Y

Solution:

x # independent values (inputs) x = data.iloc[:, 0:13]

	RowNumber	CustomerId	Surname	CreditScore	Geography	Gender	Age	Tenure	Balance	NumOfProducts	HasCrCard	IsActiveMember	EstimatedSalary
0	1	15634602	1115	619	0	0	42	2	0.00	1	1	1	101348.88
1	2	15647311	1177	608	2	0	41	1	83807.86	1	0	1	112542,58
2	3	15619304	2040	502	0	0	42	8	159660.80	3	1	0	113931.57
3	4	15701354	289	699	0	0	39	1	0.00	2	0	0	93826.63
4	5	15737888	1822	850	2	0	43	2	125510.82	1	1	1	79084.10
		385	500	87%	822	575	275	100	875	200	***	555	353
9995	9996	15606229	1999	771	0	1	39	5	0.00	2	1	0	96270.64
9996	9997	15569892	1336	516	0	1	35	10	57369.61	1	1	1	101699.77
9997	9998	15584532	1570	709	0	0	36	7	0.00	1	0	1	42085.58
9998	9999	15682355	2345	772	1	1	42	3	75075.31	2	1	0	92888.52
9999	10000	15628319	2751	792	0	0	28	4	130142.79	1	1	0	38190.78

10000 rows × 13 columns

y # dependent values (output) y = data['Exited'] 1 0 2 1 3 0 4 0 9995 9996 0 9997 1 9998 1 9999 0 Name: Exited, Length: 10000, dtype: int64

Question-9. Scale the independent variables

Solution:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler,
MinMaxScaler sc = StandardScaler()
x_scaled =
sc.fit_transform(x)
x_scaled
```

```
array([[-1.73187761, -0.78321342, -0.46418322, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 0.02188649],
[-1.7315312, -0.60653412, -0.3909112, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, 0.21653375],
[-1.73118479, -0.99588476, 0.62898807, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.2406869],
...,
[1.73118479, -1.47928179, 0.07353887, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, -1.00864308],
[1.7315312, -0.11935577, 0.98943914, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -0.12523071],
[1.73187761, -0.87055909, 1.4692527, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -1.07636976]])
```

Question-10. Split x and y into Training and Testing

Solution:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x_scaled, y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)
```

x_train

```
array([[ 0.92889885, -0.79703192, -1.47580983, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.77021814],
   [ 1.39655257, 0.71431365, -1.58808148, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, -1.39576675],
   [-0.4532777, 0.96344969, -0.24082173, ..., -1.54776799, 0.97024255, -1.49965629],
   ...,
   [-0.60119484, -1.62052514, -0.36136603, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 1.41441489],
   [ 1.67853045, -0.37403866, 0.72589622, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 0.84614739],
   [-0.78548505, -1.36411841, 1.3829808, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.32630495]])
```

x_train.shape

(7000, 13)

x_test

```
array([[ 1.52229946, -1.04525042, 1.39834429, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 1.61304597],
[-1.42080128, -0.50381294, -0.78208925, ..., 0.64609167, -1.03067011, 0.49753166],
[-0.90118604, -0.7932923, 0.41271742, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.4235611],
...,
[ 1.49216178, -0.14646448, 0.6868966, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, 1.17045451],
[ 1.1758893, -1.29228727, -1.38481071, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -0.50846777],
[ 0.08088677, -1.38538833, 1.11707427, ..., 0.64609167, 0.97024255, -1.15342685]])
```

x_test.shape

(3000, 13)

y_train

```
1
7681
9031 0
3691 0
202
      1
5625 0
9225 0
4859
     0
3264 0
9845 0
      1
2732
Name: Exited, Length: 7000, dtype: int64
y_test
 9394
      0
 898
       1
 2398
      0
 5906
      0
 2343
      0
 4004
       0
```

Name: Exited, Length: 3000, dtype: int64