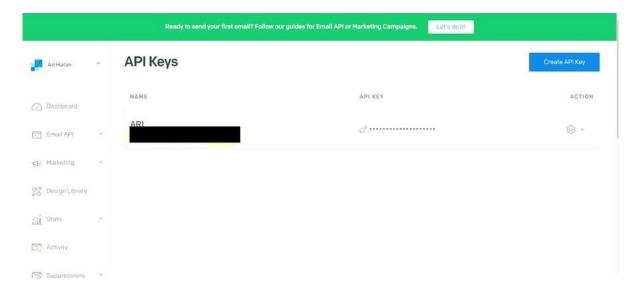
INTEGRATING SEND GRID WITH PYTHON FLASK

Date	10 NOV 2022
Team ID	PNT2022TMID37719
Project Name	Nutrition Assistant Application

Creating API key:



```
| Cimport sendgrid | S
```

SENDGRID PYTHON CODE:

```
1 import os
2 from sendgrid import SendGridAPIClient
3 from sendgrid.helpers.mail import Mail
5 message = Mail(
6
      from_email='from_email@example.com',
7
      to_emails='to@example.com',
8
      subject='Sending with Twilio SendGrid is Fun',
9
       html content='<strong>and easy to do anywhere, even with
  Python</strong>')
10 try:
11
      sg = SendGridAPIClient(os.environ.get('SENDGRID API KEY'))
12
      response = sg.send(message)
     print (response.status code)
     print (response.body)
14
15
     print(response.headers)
16 except Exception as e:
17
   print(e.message)
```

HTTP CLIENT PROGRAM

```
1 """HTTP Client library"""
2 import json
3 import logging
4 from .exceptions import handle_error
5
6 try:
7  # Python 3
8  import urllib.request as urllib
9  from urllib.parse import urlencode
10  from urllib.error import HTTPError
11 except ImportError:
12  # Python 2
```

```
from urllib import urlencode
17 _logger = logging.getLogger(__name_)
     def__init__(self, response):
24
          :param response: The return value from a open call
                           on a urllib.build opener()
         :type response: urllib response object
          self._status_code = response.getcode()
          self._body = response.read()
          self._headers = response.info()
     def status_code(self):
         :return: integer, status code of API call
     def body(self):
         :return: response from the API
         return self. body
```

```
def headers (self):
          :return: dict of response headers
          :return: dict of response from the API
          if self.body:
              return json.loads(self.body.decode('utf-8'))
64
      methods = ('delete', 'get', 'patch', 'post', 'put')
                   host,
                    request headers=None,
74
                   url path=None,
                   append_slash=False,
          :param host: Base URL for the api. (e.g.
  https://api.sendgrid.com)
          :type host: string
          :param request headers: A dictionary of the headers you want
```

```
applied on all calls
          :type request headers: dictionary
          :param version: The version number of the API.
                           Subclass build versioned url for custom
  behavior.
                          Or just pass the version as part of the URL
                           (e.g. client. ("/v3"))
          :type version: integer
          :param url path: A list of the url path segments
          :type url path: list of strings
          self.request headers = request headers or ()
          self. url path = url path or []
          self.append slash = append slash
          self.timeout = timeout
               Or just pass the version as part of the URL
104
            :param url: URI portion of the full URL being requested
            :type url: string
107
            return '()/v()()'.format(self.host, str(self. version),
110
        def build url(self, query params):
111
112
113
114
            :param query params: A dictionary of all the query
```

```
parameters
            :type query params: dictionary
116
117
           ur1 = 00
118
           while count < len(self._url_path):
                url += '/()'.format(self._url_path[count])
121
122
123
124
           if self.append slash:
126
               url += 1/1
128
           if query params:
129
               url values = urlencode(sorted(query params.items()),
130
               url = '(0)?()'.format(url, url values)
131
132
134
135
136
137
       def update headers(self, request headers):
138
139
140
141
            :param request headers: headers to set for the API call
142
            :type request_headers: dictionary
143
            :return: dictionary
144
145
            self.request headers.update(request headers)
146
147
```

```
148
            :type name: string
154
            url path = self. url path + [name] if name else
  self._url_path
                           request_headers=self.request_headers,
                          url path=url path,
                           append slash=self.append slash,
        def make request(self, opener, request, timeout=None):
164
            :param opener:
            :type opener:
            :param request: url payload to request
            :param timeout: timeout value or None
172
            :return: urllib response
174
                return opener.open(request, timeout=timeout)
178
179
                logger.debug('(method) Response: (status)
```

```
method=request.get_method(),
                   status=exc.status code,
                   body=exc.body))
184
               raise exc
186
187
               (e.g. /your/api/{variable value}/call)
              Another example: if you have a Fython reserved word,
190
              in your url, you must use this method.
191
           :param name: Name of the url segment
           :type name: string
194
195
196
           return self. build client (name)
197
198
       def getattr (self, name):
               (e.g. client.name.name.method())
              You can also add a version number by using
  .version(<int>)
            :param name: Name of the url segment or method call
204
            :type name: string or integer if name == version
            :return: mixed
206
               def get version (*args, **kwargs):
                   :param args: dict of settings
211
                   :param kwargs: unused
```

```
212
213
214
                    self. version = args[0]
216
                return get version
217
218
219
            if name in self.methods:
                method = name.upper()
221
                def http request (
223
                        request body=None,
224
                        query params=None,
                        request headers=None,
229
                    :param timeout: HTTP request timeout. Will be
 propagated to
230
                        urllib client
231
                    :type timeout: float
232
                    :param request headers: HTTP headers. Will be
 merged into
233
                        current client object state
234
                    :type request headers: dict
235
                    :param query params: HTTP query parameters
236
                    :type query params: dict
237
                    :param request_body: HTTP request body
238
                    :type request body: string or json-serializable
239
                    :param kwargs:
240
241
242
                    if request headers:
```

```
243
                         self. update headers (request headers)
244
                    if request body is None:
245
246
                         data = None
247
248
249
                         if 'Content-Type' in self.request headers and \
                                 self.request headers['Content-Type'] !=
253
                             data = request body.encode('utf-8')
                             self.request headers.setdefault(
                             data =
   json.dumps(request body).encode('utf-8')
258
259
                    opener = urllib.build opener()
                    request = urllib.Request(
                         self. build url (query params),
262
                         headers=self.request headers,
263
                         data=data,
264
265
                     request.get method = lambda: method
266
267
                    logger.debug('(method) Request: (url)'.format(
268
                         method=method,
269
                         url=request.get full url()))
270
                    if request.data:
271
                         logger.debug('PAYLOAD: (data)'.format(
272
                             data=request.data))
                    logger.debug('HEADERS: [headers]'.format(
273
274
                         headers=request.headers))
275
```