PROJECT REPORT

AI-POWERED NUTRITION ANALYZER FOR FITNESS ENTHUSIASTS

TEAM ID: PNT2022TMID27357

Submitted by:

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

Food is essential for human life and has been the concern of many healthcare conventions. As the world grows more fitness-conscious with passing time, the demand for technological solutions to cater to this burgeoning demand is diversifying. Nowadays new dietary assessment and nutrition analysis tools using predictive analytics artificial intelligence and natural language processing enable more opportunities to help people understand their daily eating habits, exploring nutrition patterns and maintain a healthy diet. Nutritional analysis is the process of determining the nutritional content of food. It is a vital part of analytical chemistry that provides information about the chemical composition, processing, quality control and contamination of food.

1.2 PURPOSE

The main aim of the project is to building a model which is used for classifying the fruit depends on the different characteristics like colour, shape, texture etc. Here the user can capture the images of different fruits and then the image will be sent the trained model. The model analyses the images and detect the nutrition based on the fruits like (Sugar, Fibre, Protein, Calories, etc.).

2.LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM

[1] Deep Food: Food Image Analysis and Dietary Assessment via Deep Model

This system will analyse the nutritional ingredients based on the recognition results and generate a dietary assessment report by calculating the number of calories, fat, carbohydrate and protein.

ALGORITHMS USED:

- Region-based
- Convolutional Neural Network
- Non-maximum suppression
- Bounding Box Regression
- Deep learning techniques

CHALLENGES:

Three main challenges in real food image recognition and analysis are addressed as follows:

1. Region of Interest

2. The Delay of Food Recognition

3. Insufficient Information of Nutrition Content for dietary assessment.

[2] A New Deep Learning-based Food Recognition System for Dietary Assessment on An Edge Computing Service Infrastructure

It is a design of food recognition system employing edge computing-based service computing paradigm to overcome some inherent problems of traditional mobile cloud computing paradigm, such as unacceptable system latency and low battery life of mobile devices.

ALGORITHMS USED:

- K-means clustering algorithms
- Convolutional Neural Network
- Bounding Box Regression
- Deep learning

CHALLENGES:

Using this simple cropping-based approach will not work well if the food is scattered on different parts of the image.

[3] Precision Nutrient Management Using Artificial Intelligence Based on Digital Data Collection Framework

Nutritional intake is fundamental to human growth and health, and the intake of different types of nutrients and micronutrients can affect health. The content of the diet affects the occurrence of disease, with the incidence of many diseases increasing each year while the age group at which they occur is gradually decreasing.

ALGORITHM USED:

- Okapi BM25
- TF-IDF
- Levenshtein
- Jaccard
- Synonyms

CHALLENGES:

This model has very little error and can significantly improve the efficiency of the analysis.

[4] Calculating Nutrition Facts with Computer Vision

People are becoming more health-conscious than before. However, there is a lack of knowledge about different fitness and wellness aspects of food. Thus, I come up with Foodify. AI-a deep learning-based application that detects food from the image and provides information of food such as protein, vitamins, calories, minerals, carbs, etc

ALGORITHM USED:

- Deep learning
- Machine learning
- Image Processing

CHALLENGES:

1. This is to collect images to create a huge dataset.

2. This is related to training the deep learning model. It is an extremely computationally expensive and time-consuming task to train the model again and again. This can be solved by using cloud-based services.

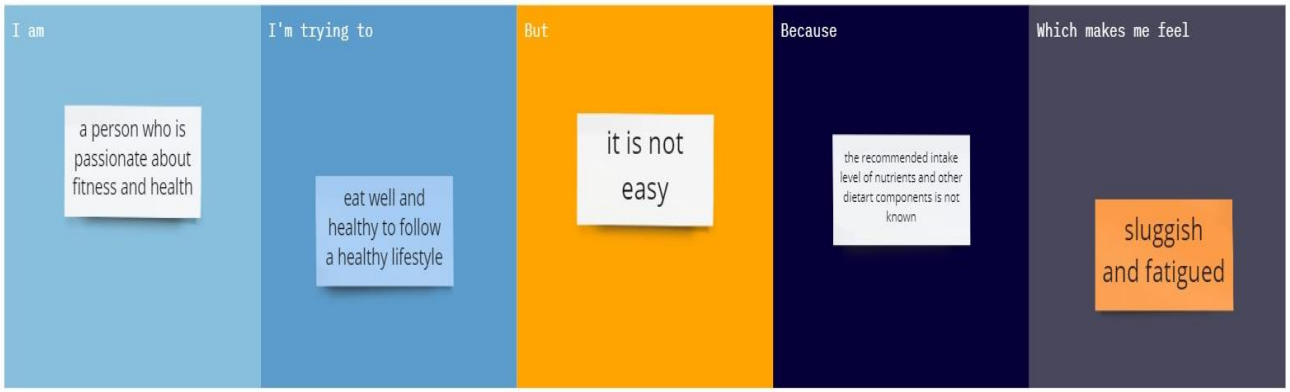
2.2 REFERENCES

- https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/8998172
- https://scholar.google.co.in/scholar_url?url=https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/ielaam/4629386/8332642/7837725-aam.pdf&hl=en&sa=X&ei=df14Y6_5CZCXywTpjZ64Bw&scisig=AAGBfm30mwcC1DJ2XAFNUqxS-Jb7uSlfRg&oi=scholarr
- https://www.researchgate.net/publication/360084522_Precision_Nutrient_Management_Using_Artificial_Intelligence_Based_on_Digital_Data_Collection_Framework
- https://www.google.com/amp/s/towardsai.net/p/l/calculating-nutrition-facts-with-computer-vision%25E2%2580%258A-%25E2%2580%258Afoodify-ai%3famp=1

2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

In India, the global trend on the technological solutions have a positive impact on scores of start-ups and websites catering on providing the nutritional intake. AI can analyse the user's daily intake or metabolism to create an ideal meal plan for their needs. This might be especially useful for bodybuilding activities. Moreover, a solution like this could potentially save millions of lives by preventing diabetes, heart disease, and other conditions caused by malnutrition. AI and its various subsets have been leveraged by the platforms to identify the calorie intake and also to make food recommendations for a healthy diet. In most cases, the platforms act as a data repository where while providing real-time information to its users. AI-based online platforms which make use of AI and other deep learning technologies to provide a real-time update about nutrition intake. The platform also further breaks down the nutrition information calories, macro and micronutrients as well as ingredients.

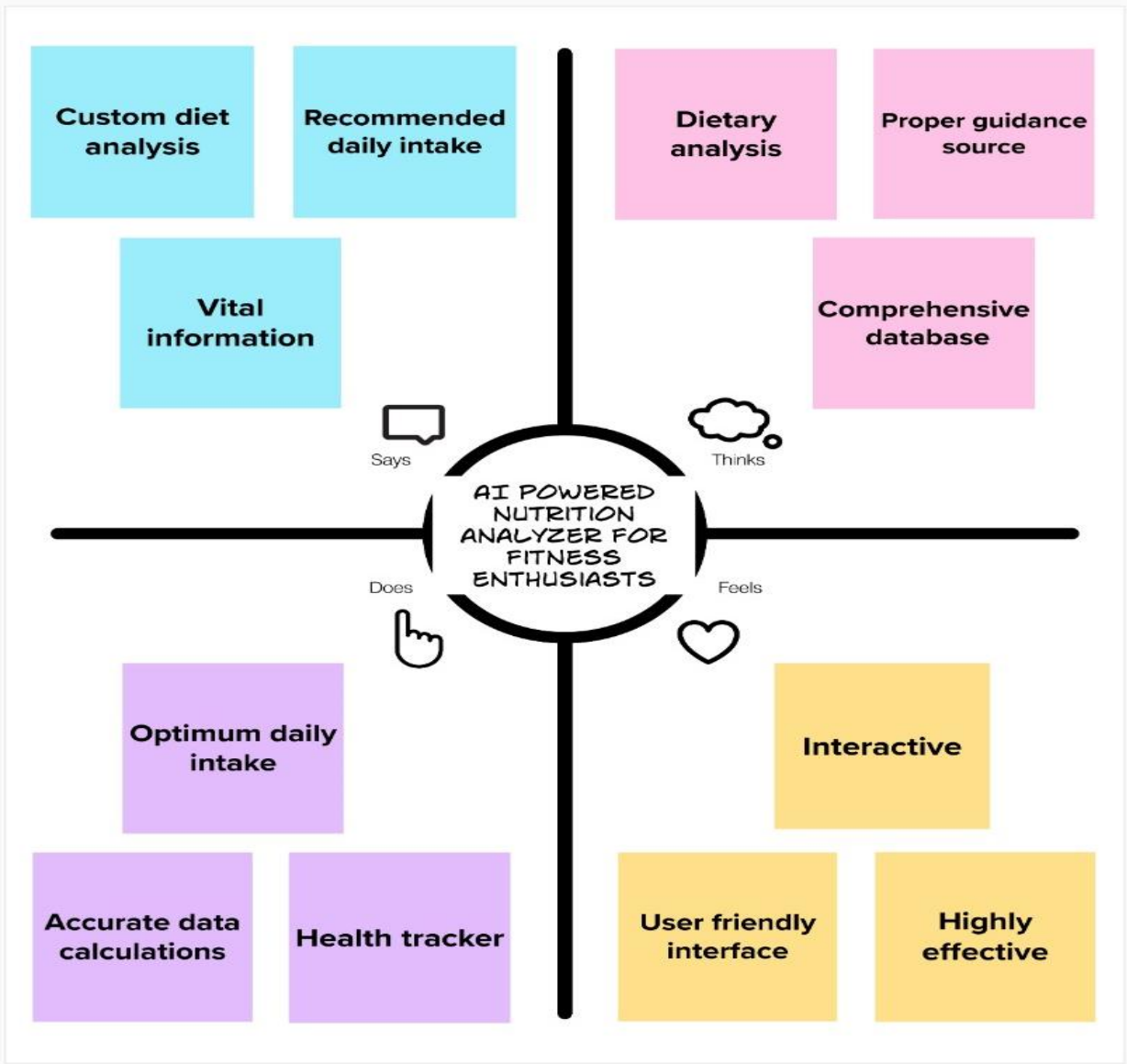
Customer Problem Statement:



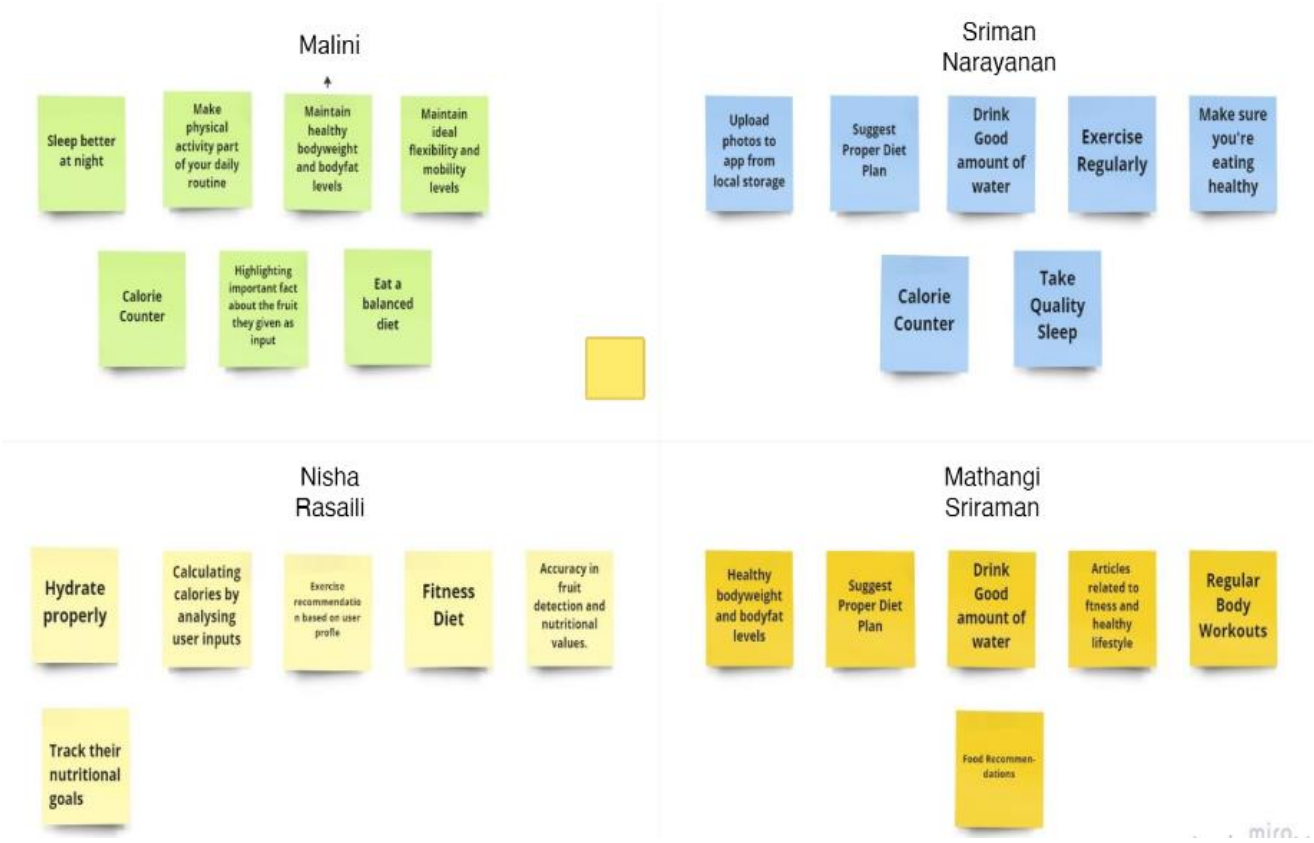
Problem Statement (PS)	I am (Customer)	I'm trying to	But	Because	Which makes me feel
PS-1	A person who is passionate about fitness and health	eat well and healthy to follow a healthy lifestyle	It is not easy	the recommended intake level of nutrients and other dietary components is not known	Sluggish and fatigued
PS-2	A mother	Guide my children to develop healthy lifestyle	I don't know what should my children eat and drink	The nutrition levels of food are not known	Feel bad

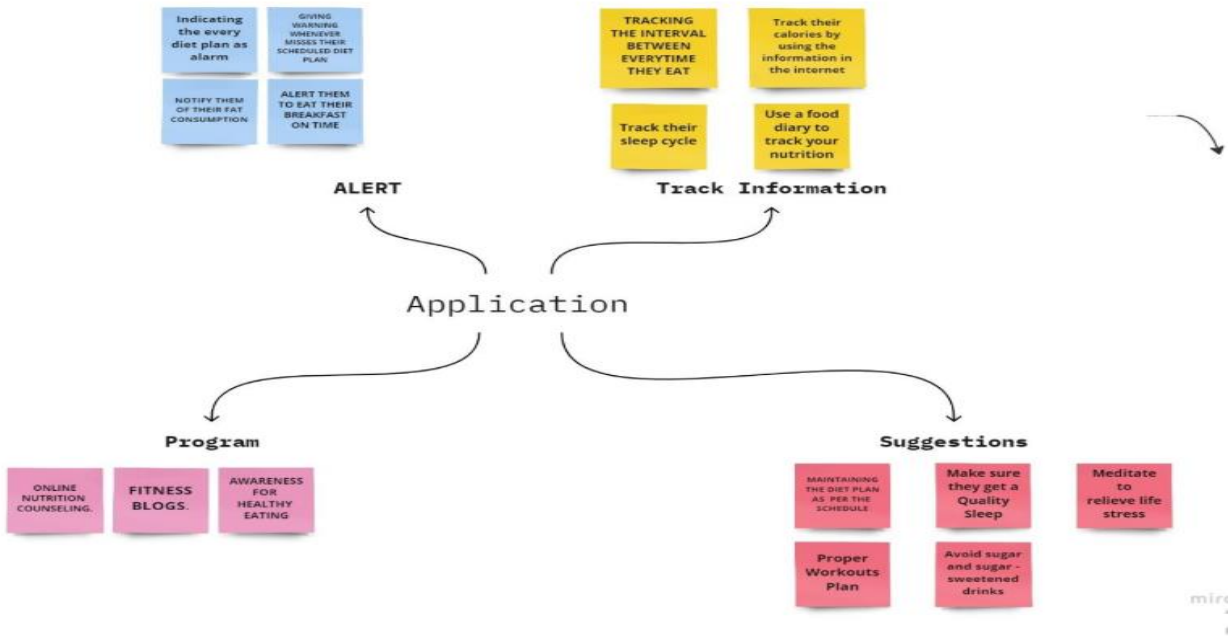
3. IDEATION AND PROPOSED SOLUTION

3.1 EMPATHY MAP

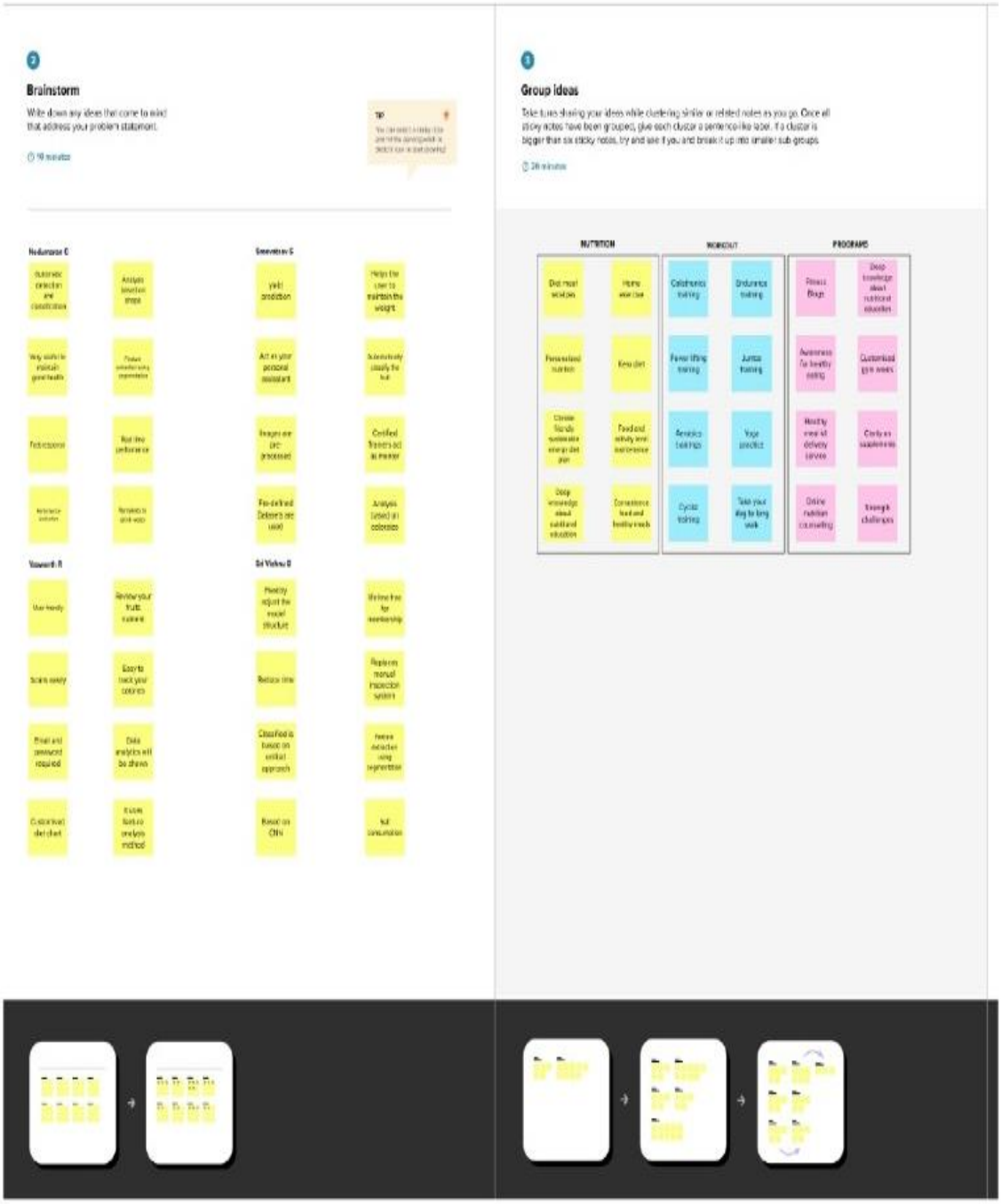


3.2 IDEA LISTING AND GROUPING





3.3 BRAINSTROMING AND IDEA PRIORITIZATION

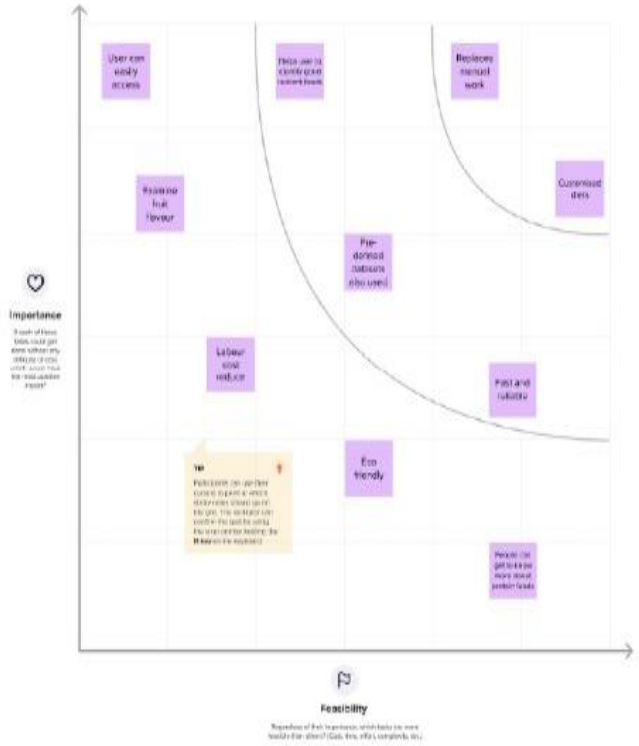


4

Prioritize

Your team should all be on the same page about what's important moving forward. Place your ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important and which are feasible.

20 minutes



After you collaborate

You can export the mural as an image or pdf to share with members of your company who might find it helpful.

Quick add-ons

Share the mural
Share a view link to the mural with stakeholders to keep them in the loop about the outcomes of the session.

Export the mural
Export a copy of the mural as a PNG or PDF to attach to emails, include in slides, or save in your drive.

Keep moving forward

Strategy blueprint
Define the components of a new idea or strategy.
Open the template →

Customer experience journey map
Understand customer needs, motivations, and obstacles for an experience.
Open the template →

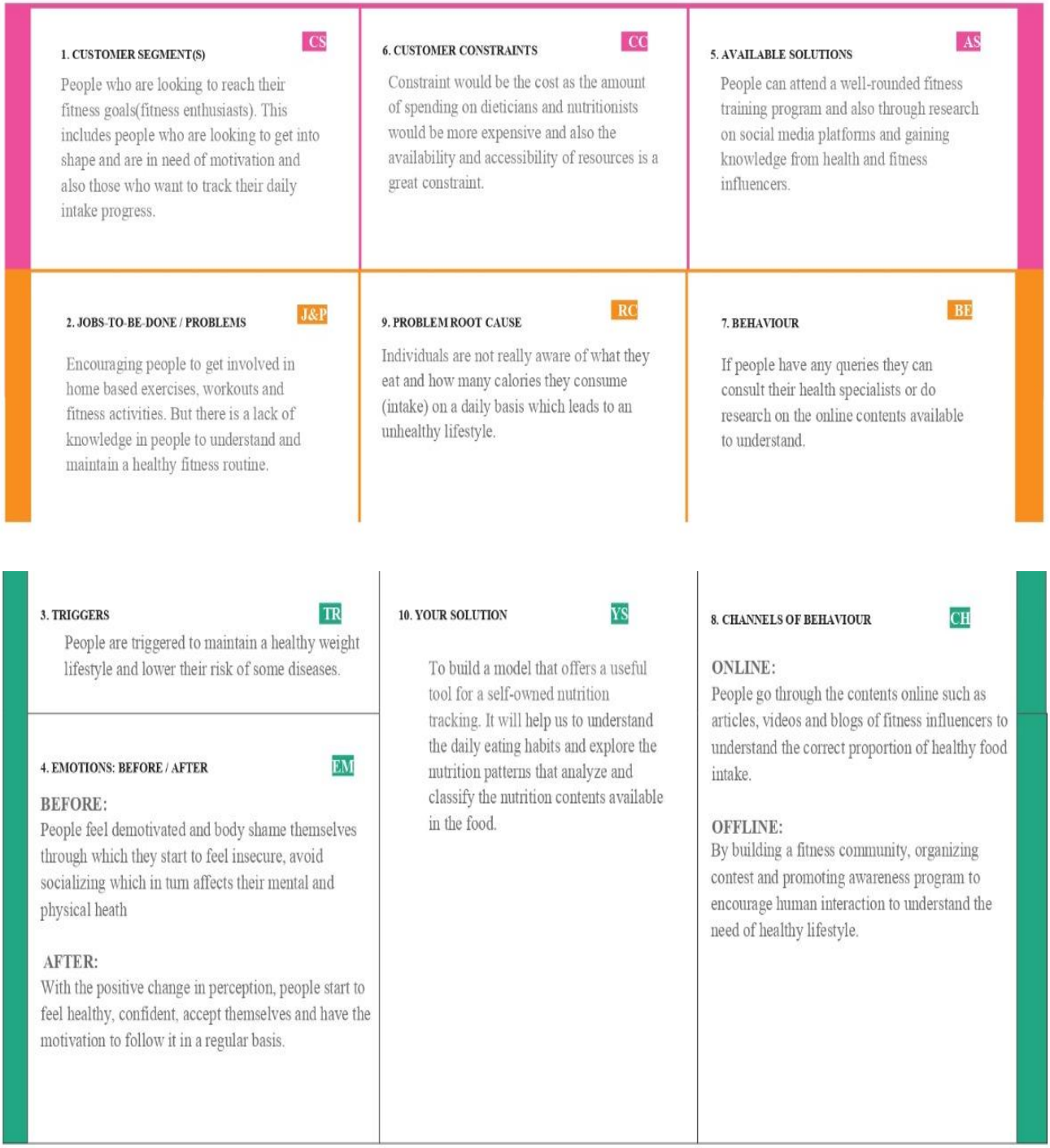
Strengths, weaknesses, opportunities & threats
Identify strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT) to develop a plan.
Open the template →

Share template feedback

3.4 PROPOSED SOLUTION

S. No.	Parameter	Description
1	Problem Statement (Problem to be solved)	To help people understand their daily eating habits, exploring nutrition patterns and maintain a healthy diet.
2	Idea / Solution description	Building a model which classifies and analyses the image and detect the nutrition.
3	Novelty / Uniqueness	This model classifies the food depends on the different characteristics like color, shape, texture etc.
4	Social Impact / Customer Satisfaction	The Nutrition Analyzer can be applied in more than one sphere of life and used not only by athletes. It would be a great companion for those of us who decided to build a perfect body and can be successfully used in medicine and daily life as well.
5	Business model (Revenue Model)	This business model is restricted to a single owner. This model is a platform that is self-owned nutrition tracking mobile application.
6	Scalability of the Solution	The main advantage of this project is its scalability. It is very compact in size so that it will be very easy to use.

3.5 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT



4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form Registration through Gmail Registration through LinkedIn
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	User Login	Login through Google Login through Email
FR-4	Choose package	Selection of desired package
FR-5	Generate the daily plan	Daily plans will be generated by dietician
FR-6	Manage progress report	Gathering information from database and generating report
FR-7	Query	The user can ask for changes in plan.

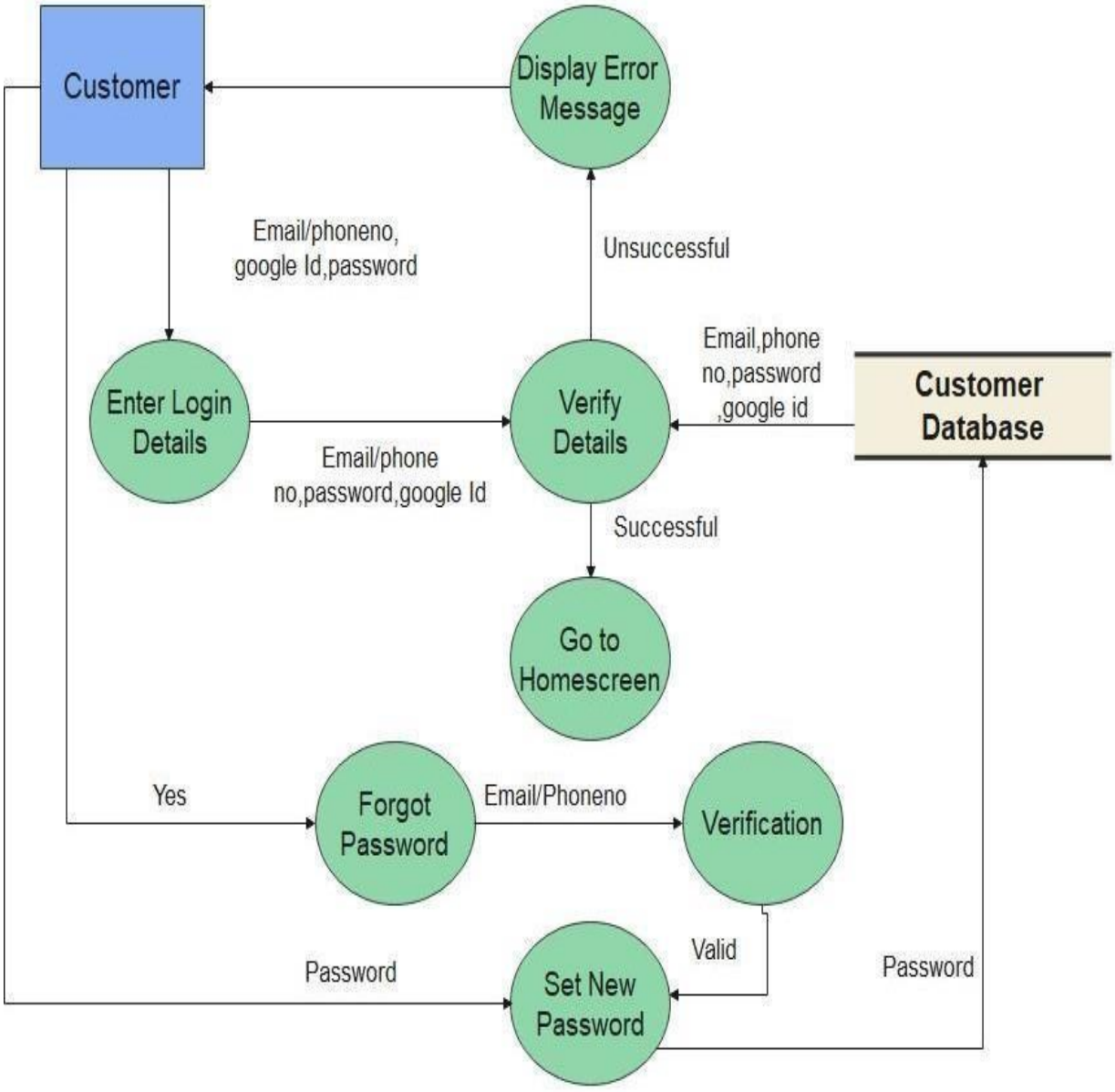
4.2 NON FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	Easy to use with interactive User Interface
NFR-2	Security	User can access only their personal information and not that of other users.
NFR-3	Reliability	The average time of failure shall be 7 days
NFR-4	Performance	The results has to be shown within 10 sec
NFR-5	Availability	The dietician shall be available to users 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
NFR-6	Scalability	Supports various food items

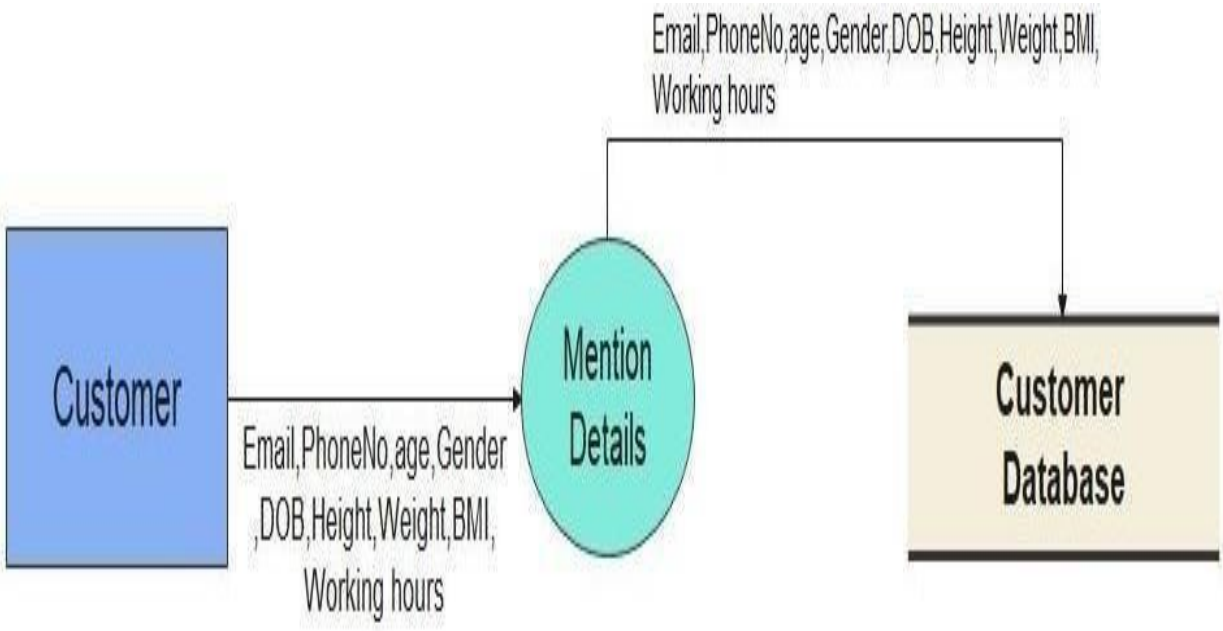
5.PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAM

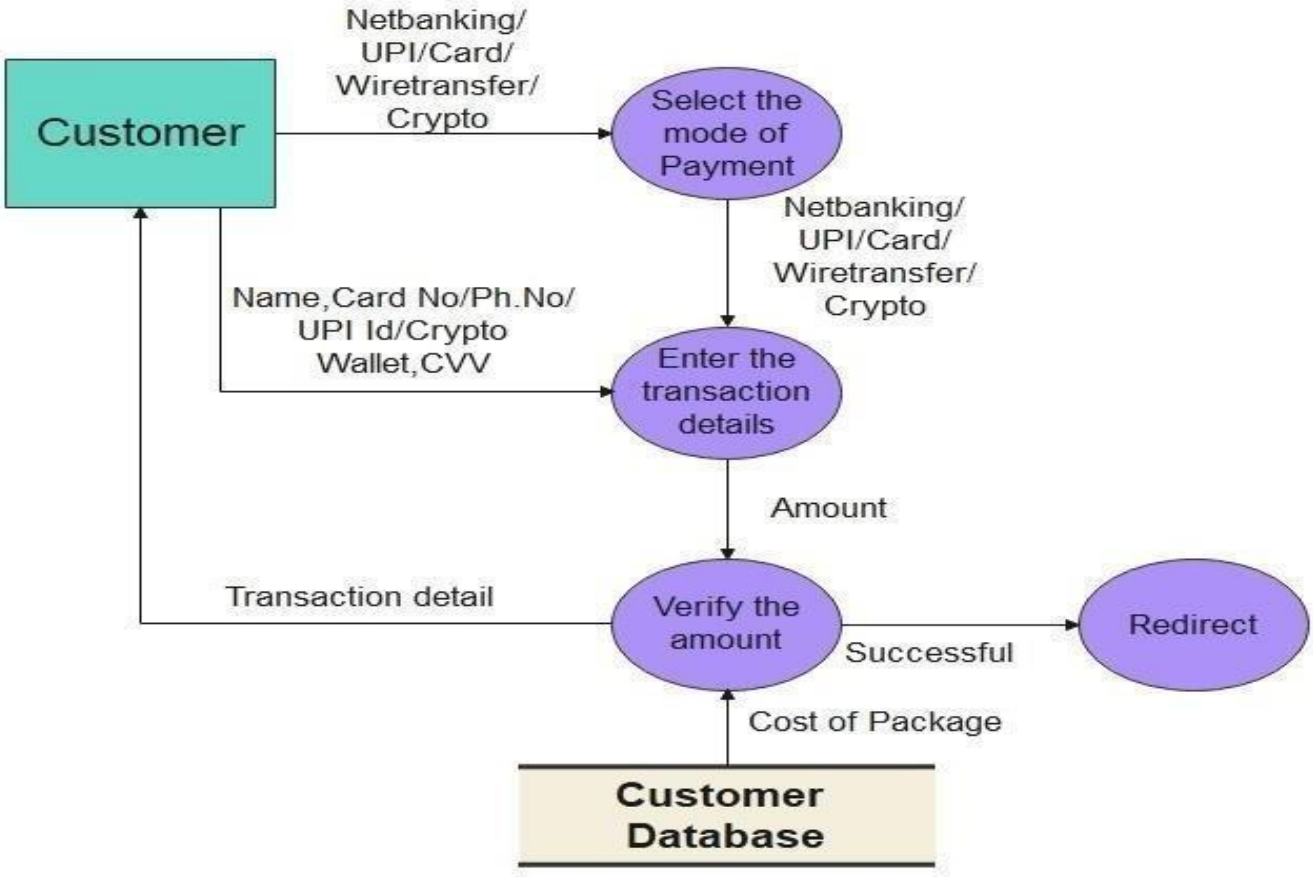
DFD-1 (Login):



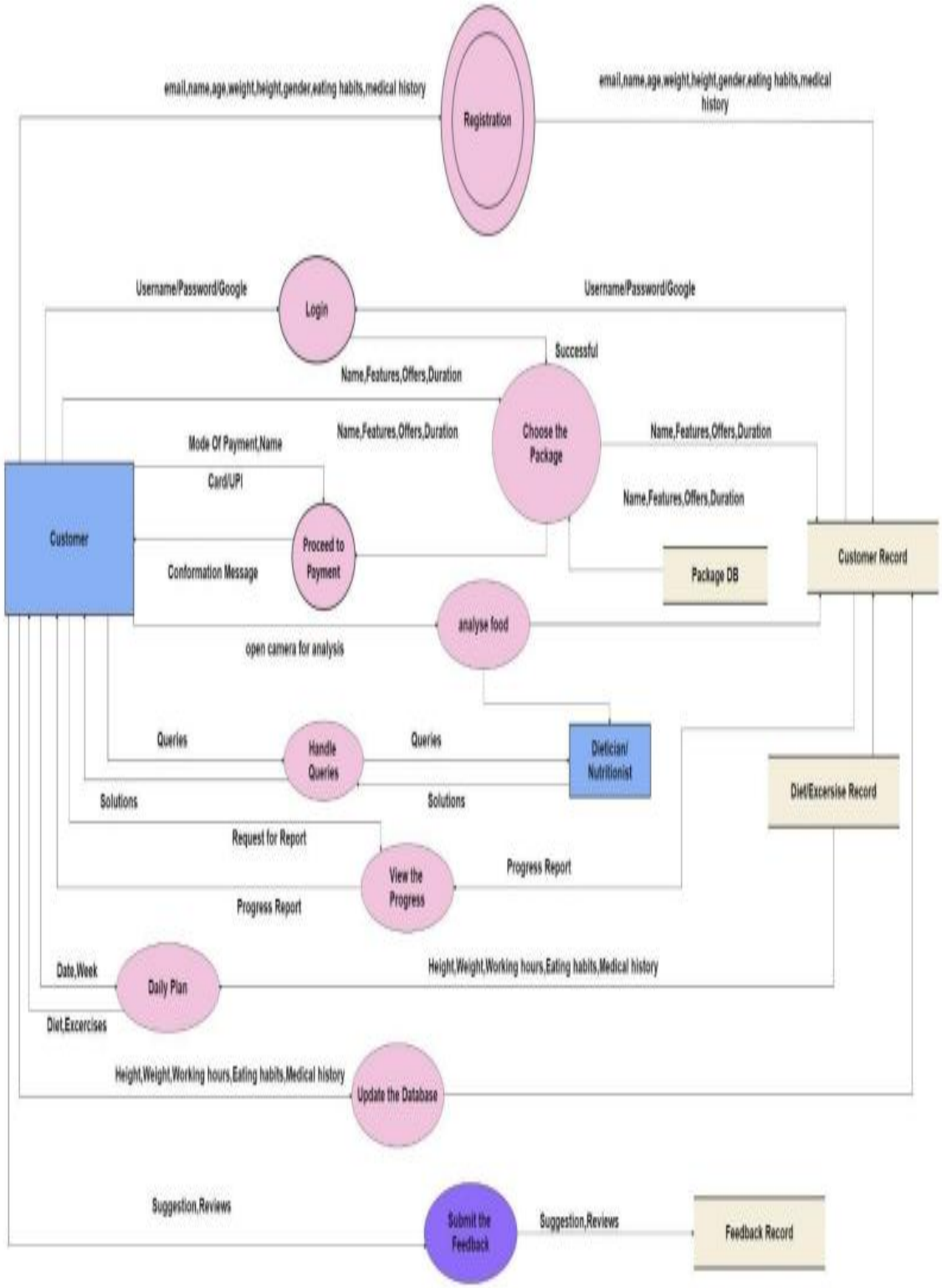
DFD-2 (Registration):



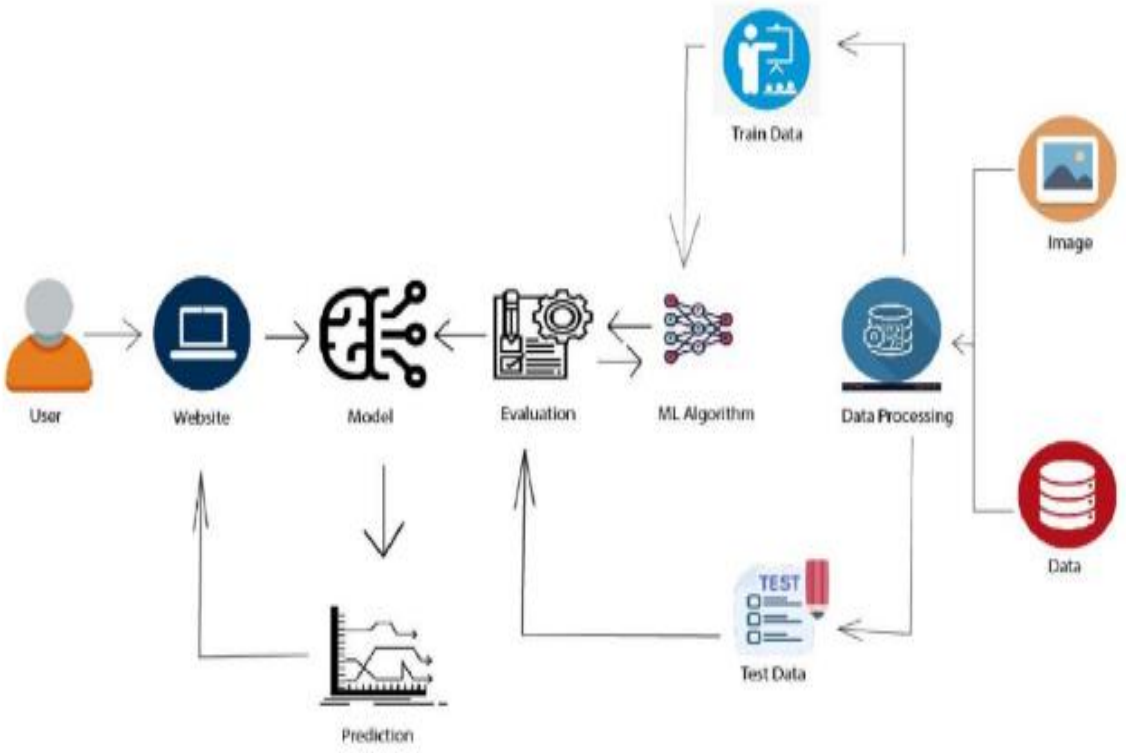
DFD-3(Payment):

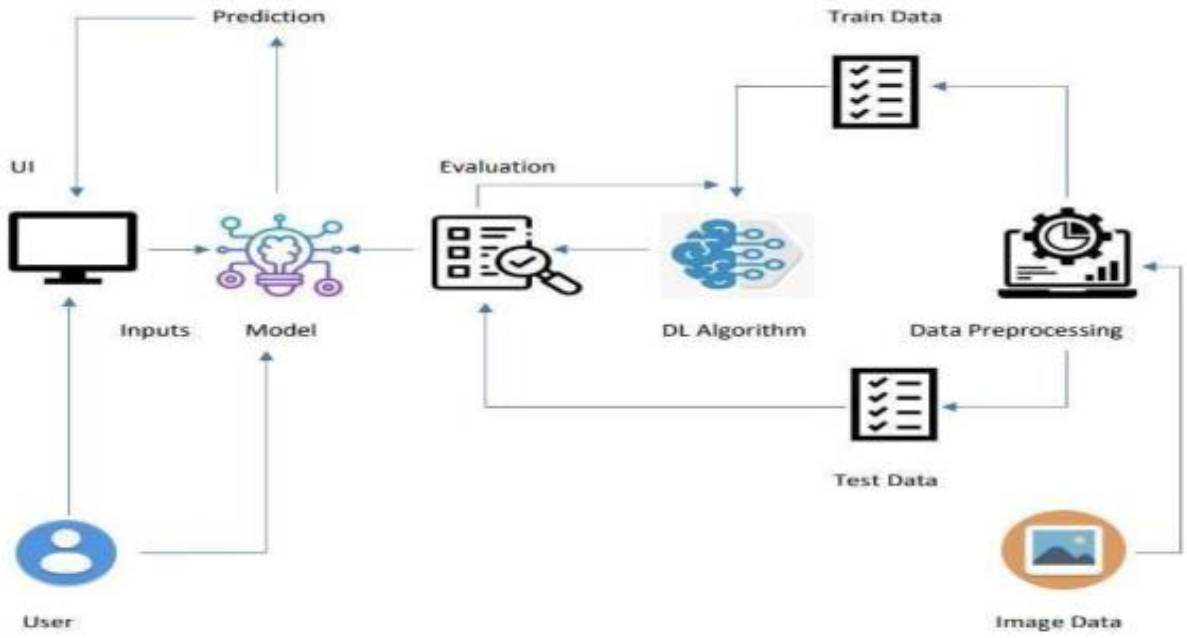


DFD-4(Overall):



5.2 SOLUTION AND TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE





5.3 USER STORIES

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	I can access my account / dashboard	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through Google	I can register & access the dashboard with Facebook Login	Low	Sprint-2
		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Microsoft	I can access the Dashboard with Microsoft.	Medium	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	I can login the Application by entering password	High	Sprint-1
	Main Interface	USN-6	As a user I can view my calorie intake by clicking photo of the food I eat	Access the proper information about the nutrition and the calorie intake	High	Sprint-2
	Package DB, Dashboard	USN-7	As a user I can choose variety of packages based on my requirement	Selecting an appropriate package	Medium	Sprint-2
Customer Care Executive	Feedbacks DB , Tollfree number, chat bot	USN-8	As a customer care executive, I collect feedbacks from customers	Maintaining proper environment for the customers	High	Sprint-2
Dietitian	Customer Record	USN-9	As a dietitian I provide daily plans for the betterment of the user	Positive results from user	High	Sprint-2
Administrator	Dashboard	USN-10	As an administrator I take care of all the operations which takes place in the app	Zero issues from the user	High	Sprint-2

5.4 CUSTOMER JOURNEY

6. PROJECT PLANNING AND SCHEDULING

6.1 MILESTONE AND ACTIVITY

MILESTONE	ACTIVITY
Data Collection	Collecting images of food items for analysis.
Image Pre-processing	Applying image data generator functionality to train-set and test-set.
Modelling Phase	Building the model using a deep learning approach for predicting the model.
Development phase	Creating login page, dashboard, prediction page and also feedback and rating page.
Application Phase	Building python code and connecting from flask backend.
Deployment Phase	Deployment of application.
Testing Phase	Checking accessibility and performance.

6.2 SPRINT PLANNING AND ESTIMATION

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-1	Data Collection	USN-1	Dataset - Collecting images of food items like apple, orange, grapes, banana for analysis	4	High	Nisha Rasaili
Sprint-1	Image Preprocessing	USN-2	Image data augmentation - Increasing the amount of data by generating new data points from existing data	3	Medium	Malini R
Sprint-1		USN-3	Image Data Generator Class - Used for getting the input of the original data	3	Medium	Mathangi Sriraman
Sprint-1		USN-4	Applying image data generator functionality to train-set and test-set	5	Medium	Sriman Narayanan P G
Sprint-1	Modeling Phase	USN-5	Defining the model architecture - Building the model using deep learning approach and adding CNN layers	5	High	Malini R
Sprint-2		USN-6	Training , saving, testing and predicting the model	5	High	Sriman Narayanan P G
Sprint-2		USN-7	Database creation for the input classes	3	High	Mathangi Sriraman
Sprint-2	Development Phase	USN-8	Home page creation - It shows options of the application	4	Medium	Nisha Rasaili
Sprint-2		USN-9	User database creation - It contains the details of users	3	Low	Sriman Narayanan P G
Sprint-2		USN-10	Login and registration page creation - User can register and login through g mail with Id and password	5	Low	Mathangi Sriraman
Sprint-3		USN-11	Dashboard creation - Dashboard contains the information of user profile and features of the application	3	Low	Nisha Rasaili

Sprint	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Story Points	Priority	Team Members
Sprint-3	Development Phase	USN-12	User Input Page Creation - It is for the user to feed the input images	4	Low	Sriman Narayanan P G
Sprint-3		USN-13	Analysis and prediction page creation - It shows the prediction of given user input	4	Medium	Malini R
Sprint-3		USN-14	Creation of about us, feedback and rating page – It shows application history and feedback page to users	4	Medium	Nisha Rasaili
Sprint-3	Application Phase	USN-15	Building the python code and importing the flask module into the project	5	Medium	Malini R
Sprint-4		USN-16	Create the Flask application and loading the model	4	High	Mathangi Sriraman
Sprint-4		USN-17	API integration - Connecting front end and back end and perform routing and run the application	4	High	Sriman Narayanan P G
Sprint-4	Deployment Phase	USN-18	Cloud deployment – Deployment of application by using IBM cloud	4	High	Malini R
Sprint-4	Testing Phase	USN-19	Functional testing – Checking usability and accessibility	4	High	Mathangi Sriraman
Sprint-4		USN-20	Non Functional testing – Checking scalability and performance of the application	4	High	Nisha Rasaili

6.3 SPRINT DELIVERY PLAN

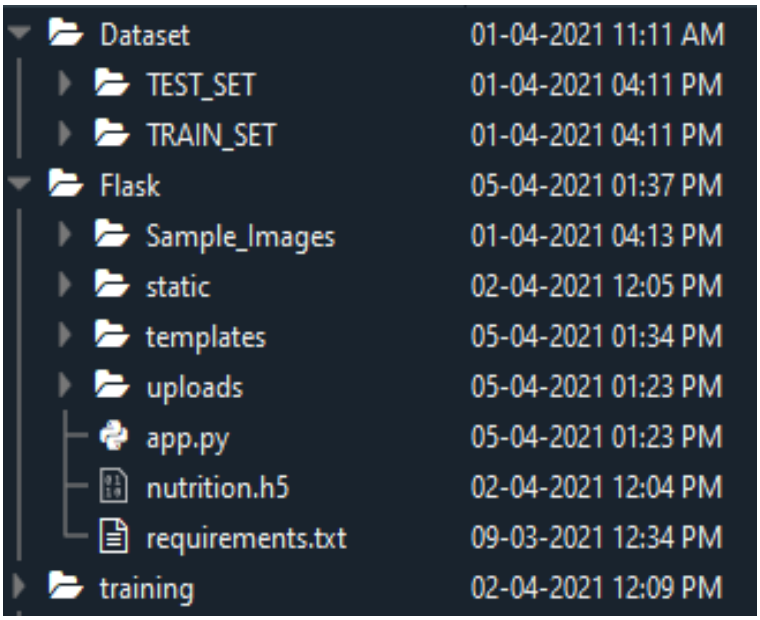
Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date(Actual)
Sprint-1	20	5 Days	17 Oct 2022	21 Oct 2022	20	21 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	5 Days	22 Oct 2022	26 Oct 2022	20	26 Oct 2022
Sprint-3	20	5 Days	27 Oct 2022	31 Oct 2022	20	31 Oct 2022
Sprint-4	20	5 Days	01 Nov 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 ov 2022

7. PROJECT OBJECTIVES

7.1 PROJECT FLOW

- Data Collection.
  - Collect the dataset or Create the dataset
- Data Pre-processing.
  - Import the Image Data Generator library
  - Configure Image Data Generator class
  - Apply Image Data Generator functionality to Train set and Test set
- Model Building
  - Import the model building Libraries
  - Initializing the model
  - Adding Input Layer
  - Adding Hidden Layer
  - Adding Output Layer
  - Configure the Learning Process
  - Training and testing the model
  - Save the Model
- Application Building
  - Create an HTML file
  - Build Python Code

7.2 PROJECT STRUCTURE



- Dataset folder contains the training and testing images for training our model.
- We are building a Flask Application that needs HTML pages stored in the templates folder and a python script app.py for server side scripting
- We need the model which is saved and the saved model in this content is a nutrition.h5
- Templates folder contains home.html, image.html, imageprediction.html pages.
- Static folder had the css and js files which are necessary for styling the html page and for executing the actions.
- Uploads folder will have the uploaded images (which are already tested).
- Sample_images will have the images which are used to test or upload.
- Training folder contains the trained model file.

8. CODING

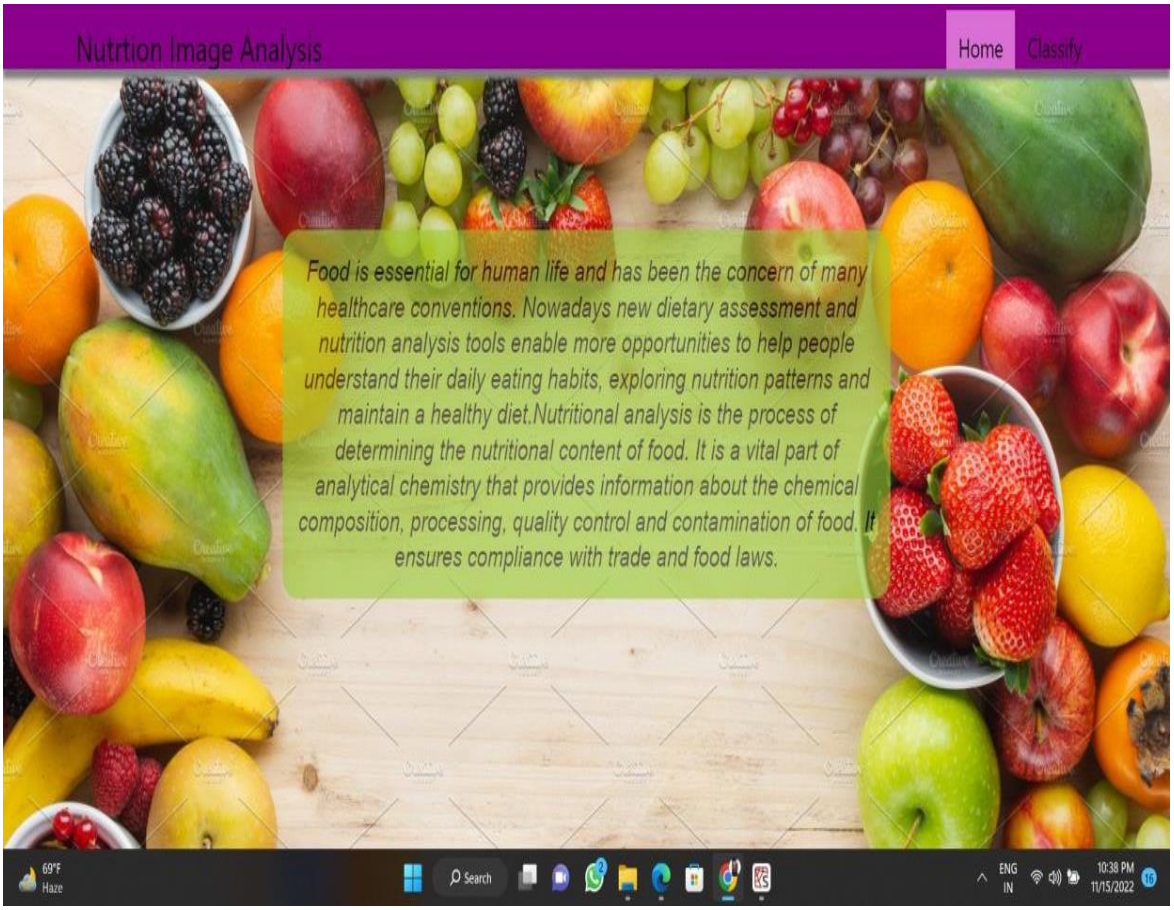
8.1 FEATURE-1

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="ie=edge">
    <title>Home</title>
    <link
href="https://cdn.bootcss.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/css/bootstrap.min.css"
rel="stylesheet">
    <script
src="https://cdn.bootcss.com/popper.js/1.12.9/umd/popper.min.js"></script>
    <script
src="https://cdn.bootcss.com/jquery/3.3.1/jquery.min.js"></script>
    <script
src="https://cdn.bootcss.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/js/bootstrap.min.js"></scrip
t>
    <link href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/main.css') }}"
rel="stylesheet">
<style>
body
{
    background-image:
url("https://images.creativemarket.com/0.1.0/ps/5922218/1820/1213/ml/fpnw/
wml/dkhgrbur2yjigh5c6ntckuvl13d3tj51lhdgeltvbvimrz8rxeowes5cgxouncpw-
.jpg?1550695378&s=f4d72732390bb22d2d08897e02e1834e");
    background-size: cover;
}
.bar
{
margin: 0px;
padding:20px;
background-color:white;
```

```
opacity:0.6;
color:black;
font-family:'Roboto',sans-serif;
font-style: italic;
border-radius:20px;
font-size:25px;
}
h3
{
margin: 0px;
padding:20px;
background-color:#9ACD32;
width: 800px;
opacity:0.6;
color:#000000;
font-family:'Roboto',sans-serif;
font-style: italic;
border-radius:20px;
font-size:25px;
}
a
{
color:grey;
float:right;
text-decoration:none;
font-style:normal;
padding-right:20px;
}
a:hover{
background-color:black;
color:white;
border-radius:15px;0
font-size:30px;
padding-left:10px;
}
.div1{
```

```
  background-color: lightgrey;
  width: 500px;
  border: 10px solid peach;
  padding: 20px;
  margin: 20px;
  height: 500px;
}

.header { position: relative;
       top:0;
       margin:0px;
       z-index: 1;
       left: 0px;
       right: 0px;
       position: fixed;
       background-color: #8B008B ;
       color: white;
       box-shadow: 0px 8px 4px grey;
       overflow: hidden;
       padding-left:20px;
       font-family: 'Josefin Sans'
       font-size: 2vw;
       width: 100%;
       height:8%;
       text-align: center;
     }
     .topnav {
  overflow: hidden;
  background-color: #FCAD98;
}

.topnav-right a {
  float: left;
  color: black;
  text-align: center;
  padding: 14px 16px;
```

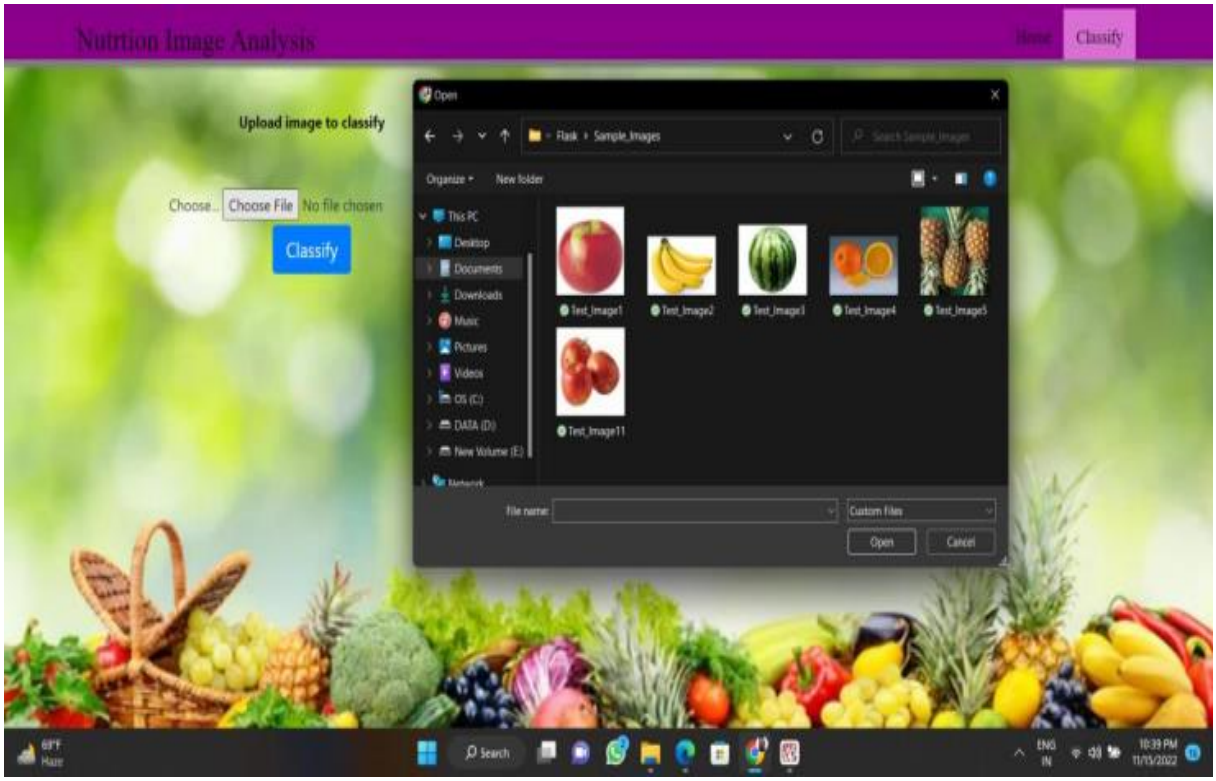
```
  text-decoration: none;
  font-size: 22px;
}

.topnav-right a:hover {
  background-color: #FF69B4;
  color: black;
}
.topnav-right a.active {
  background-color: #DA70D6;
  color: black;
}
.topnav-right {
  float: right;
  padding-right:100px;
}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<!--Brian Tracy-->
<div class="header">
<div style="width:50%;float:left;font-size:2vw;text-align:left;color:black;
padding-top:1%;padding-left:5%;">Nutrtion Image Analysis</div>
  <div class="topnav-right"style="padding-top:0.5%;">

    <a class="active" href="{{ url_for('home')}}">Home</a>
    <a   href="{{ url_for('imagel')}}">Classify</a>
  </div>
<br>
<hl>
<center>
<h3>Food is essential for human life and has been the concern of
many healthcare conventions. Nowadays new dietary assessment
and nutrition analysis tools enable more opportunities to help
people understand their daily eating habits, exploring nutrition
patterns and maintain a healthy diet.Nutritional analysis is the

 process of determining the nutritional content of food. It is a
 vital part of analytical chemistry that provides information about
 the chemical composition, processing, quality control and contamination
 of food. It ensures compliance with trade and food laws.</h3>
 </center>
 </hl>
 </body>
 </html>
```



8.2 FEATURE-2

```
{% extends "imageprediction.html" %} {% block content %}
<div style="float:left">
<br>
<br>
<h5><font color="black" size="3" font-family="sans-serif"><b>Upload image
to classify</b></font></h5><br><br>

<div>
    <form id="upload-file" method="post" enctype="multipart/form-data">
```

```
        <label for="imageUpload" class="upload-label">
             Choose...
         </label>
         <input type="file" name="file" id="imageUpload" accept=".png, .jpg,
.jpeg">
    </form>

   <center> <div class="image-section" style="display:none;">
         <div class="img-preview">
 <div id="imagePreview">
             </div></center>
         </div>
         <center><div>
             <button type="button" class="btn btn-primary btn-lg " id="btn-
predict">Classify</button>
        </center></div>
    </div>

    <div class="loader" style="display:none;margin-left: 450px;"></div>

    <h3 id="result">

         <span><p style="padding-top: 25px;"><h4>Food Classified is :
<h4><b><u>{{showcase}}{{showcase1}}</p> </span>
    </h3>
</div>
```



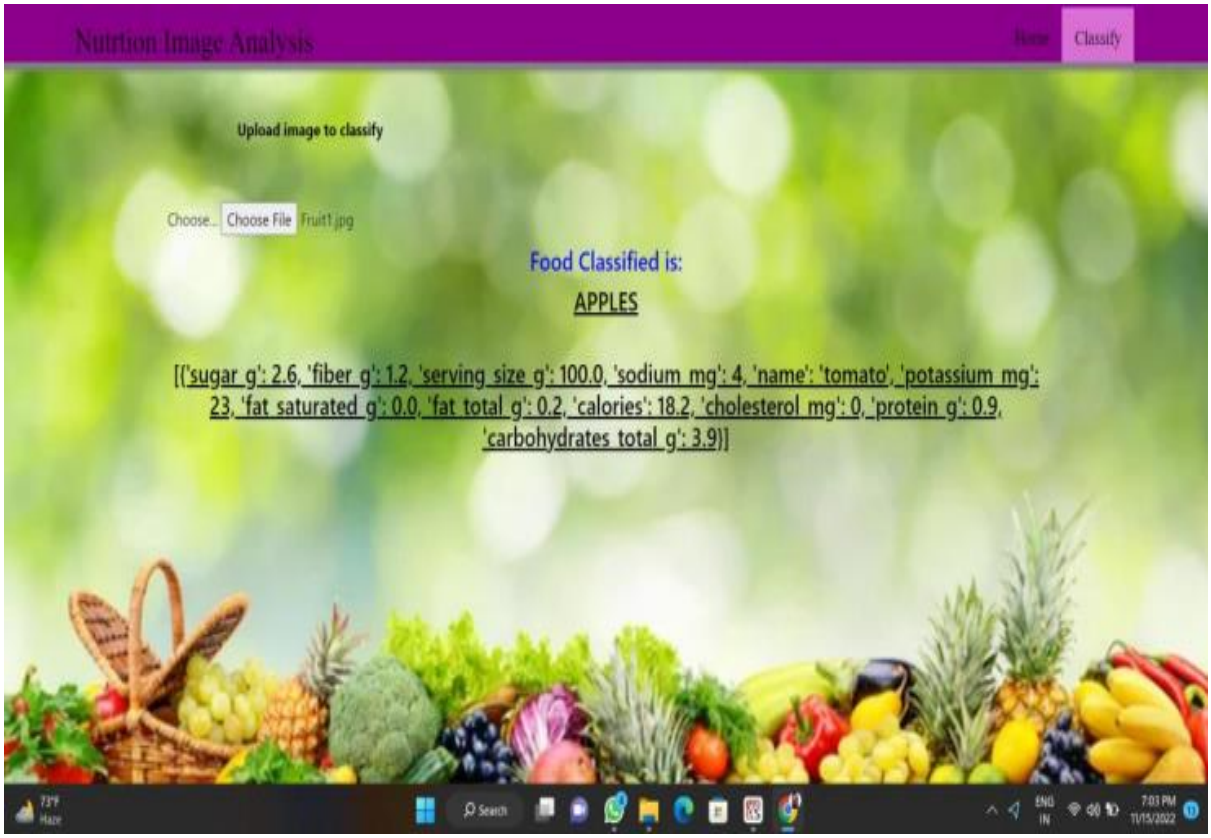
8.3 PREDICTION

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
    <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="ie=edge">
    <title>Predict</title>
    <link
href="https://cdn.bootcss.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/css/bootstrap.min.css"
rel="stylesheet">
    <script
src="https://cdn.bootcss.com/popper.js/1.12.9/umd/popper.min.js"></script>
    <script
src="https://cdn.bootcss.com/jquery/3.3.1/jquery.min.js"></script>
    <script
src="https://cdn.bootcss.com/bootstrap/4.0.0/js/bootstrap.min.js"></scrip
t>
    <link href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/main.css') }}"
```

```
rel="stylesheet">
<style>
body
{
    background-image:
url("https://t3.ftcdn.net/jpg/02/69/04/64/360_F_269046465_Dd3aF7jYI2qdHhRU
atkpG39RYkRpOHpR.webp");
    background-size: cover;
}
.bar
{
margin: 0px;
padding:20px;
background-color:white;
opacity:0.6;
color:black;
font-family:'Roboto',sans-serif;
font-style: italic;
border-radius:20px;
font-size:25px;
}
a
{
color:grey;
float:right;
text-decoration:none;
font-style:normal;
padding-right:20px;
}
a:hover{
background-color:black;
color:white;
border-radius:15px;0
font-size:30px;
padding-left:10px;
}
```

```
  background-color: lightgrey;
  width: 500px;
  border: 10px solid peach;
  padding: 20px;
  margin: 20px;
  height: 500px;
}
.header { position: relative;
      top:0;
      margin:0px;
      z-index: 1;
      left: 0px;
      right: 0px;
      position: fixed;
      background-color: #8B008B ;
      color: white;
      box-shadow: 0px 8px 4px grey;
      overflow: hidden;
      padding-left:20px;
      font-family: 'Josefin Sans';
      font-size: 2vw;
      width: 100%;
      height:8%;
      text-align: center;
    }
    .topnav {
  overflow: hidden;
  background-color: #FCAD98;
}

.topnav-right a {
  float: left;
  color: black;
  text-align: center;
  padding: 14px 16px;
```

```
    text-decoration: none;
    font-size: 18px;
  }

  .topnav-right a:hover {
    background-color: #FF69B4;
    color: black;
  }

  .topnav-right a.active {
    background-color: #DA70D6;
    color: black;
  }

  .topnav-right {
    float: right;
    padding-right:100px;
  }
  </style>
  </head>
  <body>
  <div class="header">
  <div style="width:50%;float:left;font-size:2vw;text-align:left;color:black;
  padding-top:1%;padding-left:5%;">Nutrtion Image Analysis</div>
    <div class="topnav-right"style="padding-top:0.5%;">
      <a href="{{ url_for('home')}}">Home</a>
      <a  class="active" href="{{ url_for('image1')}}">Classify</a>
    </div>
  </div>
  <br>
  </div>
  <div class="container">
        <center>
  <div id="content" style="margin-top:2em">{% block content %}{% endblock
  %}</div></center>
      </div>

</body>
<footer>
    <script src="{{ url_for('static', filename='js/main.js') }}"
type="text/javascript"></script>
</footer>
</html>
```



9. FUTURE SCOPE

If adopted and implemented correctly, it will be useful to the general public as well as providing an analytical tool for specialists (including nutritionists, historians, chefs, educators, and policymakers).

10. ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES

10.1 ADVANTAGES

- Optimized diet planner.
- Monitors the progress and diet easily.
- Helps to maintain the body mass index (BMI).
- Gives free health and fitness tips.
- Keeps track of the calorie intake in the body.
- Not only do calorie counting, but also shows how many macro and micronutrients you are getting into your diet.

10.2 DISADVANTAGES

- Does not provide effective decision making.
- Sometimes it may not be 100% accurate.

11. CONCLUSION

The prime objective of the app is to list all the possible diet plans along with the nutrient value of the food items for the user in accordance with his/her lifestyle by taking their height, weight, working hours, and eating hours and practices and also the images of the food as inputs. The app is especially for the fitness enthusiasts and also beneficial for the young generation.

This app provides them with alternatives to manage the balance. The another yet distinguishable aim of our App is to provide solutions on how to gain more with minimum affordable eateries, a basic plan that suggests a diet that can fulfil the essential needs of the body and not only it replenishes the loss but also helps to gain energy.

12. APPENDIX

SOURCE CODE

```
from flask import Flask,render_template,request

#Flask-It is our framework which we are going to use to run our
application
#request-For accessing file which was uploaded by the user on our
application

import os
import numpy as np #used for numerical analysis
from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model#to load our trained
model
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing import image
import requests

app=Flask(__name__,template_folder="template")#initializing a flask app
#Loading the model
model=load_model('nutrition.h5')
print("Loaded model from disk")

@app.route('/')#route to display the home page
def home():
    return render_template('home.html')#rendering the home page

@app.route('/image1',methods=['GET','POST'])#routes to the index html
def image1():
    return render_template("image.html")


@app.route('/predict',methods=['GET','POST'])#route to show the
predictions in a web UI
def launch():
```

```
    if request.method==’POST’;
      f=request.files[‘file’]#requesting the file
      basepath=os.path.dirname(‘__file__’)#storing the file directory
      filepath=os.path.join(basepath.”uploads”,f.filename)#storing the file
      in uploads folder
      f.save(filepath)#saving the file

      img=image.load_img(filepath.target_size=(64,64))#load and
      reshaping the image
      x=image.img_to_array(img)#converting image to an array
      x=np.expand_dims(x,axis==0)#changing the dimensions of the image
      pred=np.argmax(model.predict(x),axis==1)
      print(“prediction”.pred)#printing the prediction
      index=[‘APPLES’,’BANANA’,’ORANGE’,PINEAPPLE’,’WATERMELON’]

      result=str(index[pred[0]])

      x=result
      print(x)
      result=nutrition(result)
      print(result)

      return render_template(“0.html”,showcase=(result).showcase1=(x))
def nutrition(index):

    url= “https://calorieninjas.p.rapidapi.com/v1/nutition”

    querystring={“query”:index}

    headers={
        ‘x-rapidapi-key’: “5d797ab107mshe668f26bd044e64p1ffd34jsnf47b
         A9a8ee4”,
        ‘x-rapidapi-host’: “calorieninjas.p.rapidapi.com”
         }

     response=requests.request(“GET”, url, headers=headers,
```

```
    params=querystring)

    print(response.text)
    return response.json()[‘items’]
if __name__==”__main__”;
    #running the app
    App.run(debug=False)

    print(response.text)
    return response.json()[‘items’]
if___name___== “_main_”:
    #running the app
    App.run(debug=False)
```

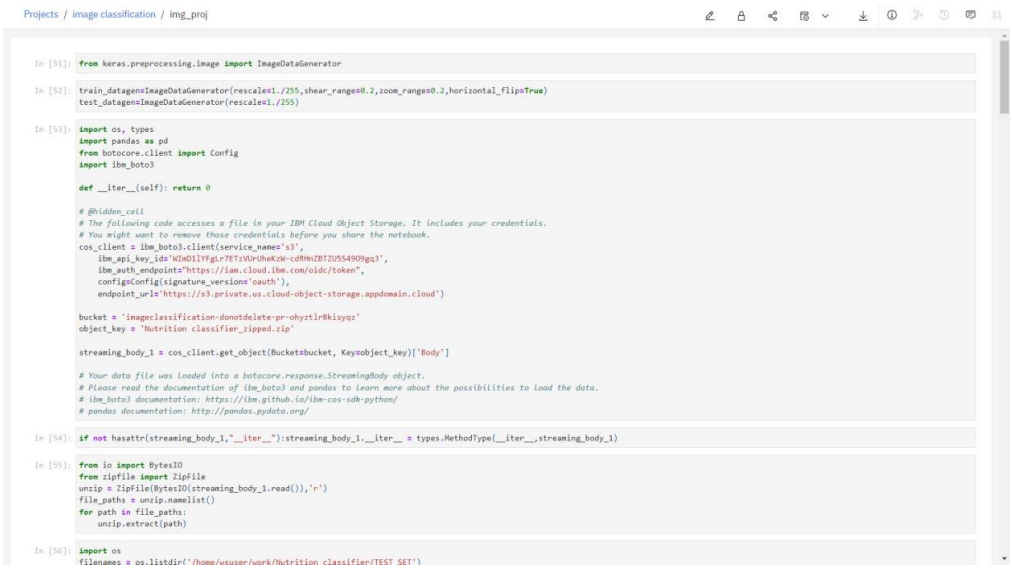
initializing a flask app

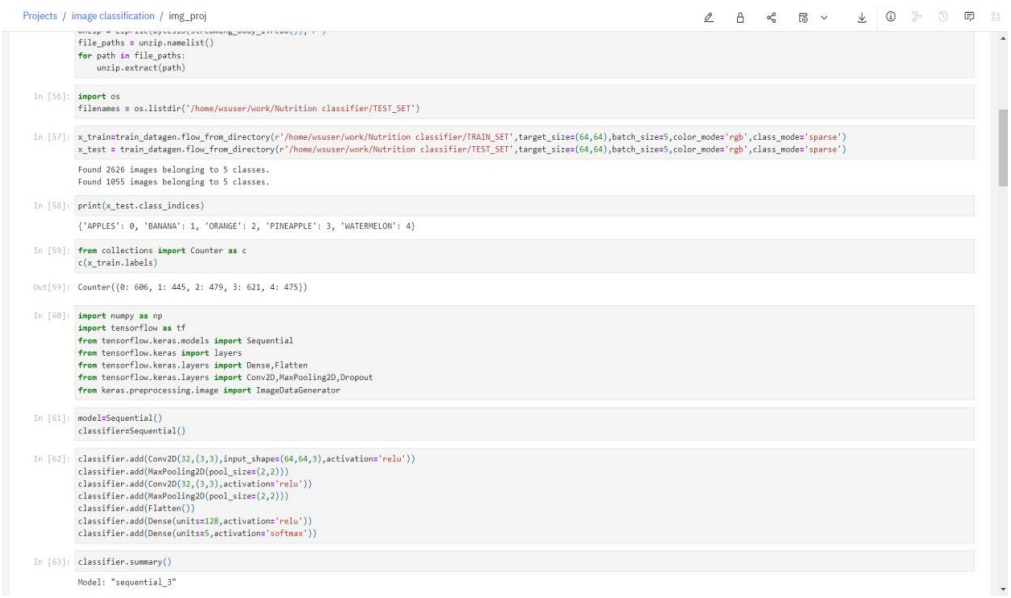
```
@app.route(‘/’)#route to display the

    return render_template('home.html')#rendering the home page

@app.route('/image1',methods=['GET','POST'])# routes
to the index htmldef image1():
    return render_template("image.html")
```

MODEL CREATION IN IBM CLOUD

```
import numpy as np
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Activation, Dense, Flatten,
BatchNormalization,
```

Conv2D, MaxPool2D
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from tensorflow.keras.metrics import
categorical_crossentropyfrom
sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import
ImageDataGenerator





```
classifier.add(Dense(units=128,activation='relu'))
classifier.add(Dense(units=5,activation='softmax'))
```

In [63]:
```
classifier.summary()
```

```
Model: "sequential_3"
_________________________________________________________________
 Layer (type)                Output Shape              Param #
=================================================================
 conv2d_2 (Conv2D)           (None, 62, 62, 32)        896

 max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling  (None, 31, 31, 32)       0
 2D)

 conv2d_3 (Conv2D)           (None, 29, 29, 32)        9248

 max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling  (None, 14, 14, 32)       0
 2D)

 flatten_1 (Flatten)         (None, 6272)              0

 dense_2 (Dense)             (None, 128)               802944

 dense_3 (Dense)             (None, 5)                 645

=================================================================
Total params: 813,733
Trainable params: 813,733
Non-trainable params: 0
_________________________________________________________________
```

In [64]:
```
classifier.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',metrics=['accuracy'])
```

In [65]:
```
classifier.fit_generator(generator=x_train,steps_per_epoch=len(x_train),epochs= 2 ,validation_data=x_test,validation_steps=len(x_test))
```

```
/tmp/wsuser/ipykernel_164/3830403452.py:1: UserWarning: `Model.fit_generator` is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Please use `Model.fit`, which supports generators.
  classifier.fit_generator(generator=x_train,steps_per_epoch=len(x_train),epochs= 2 ,validation_data=x_test,validation_steps=len(x_test))
Epoch 1/2
526/526 [==============================] - 32s 59ms/step - loss: 0.1204 - accuracy: 0.9539 - val_loss: 0.0825 - val_accuracy: 0.9611
Epoch 2/2
526/526 [==============================] - 32s 61ms/step - loss: 0.0455 - accuracy: 0.9863 - val_loss: 0.0702 - val_accuracy: 0.9754
```

Out[65]:
```
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7fc5ba836e80>
```

In [17]:
```
classifier.save('/home/wsuser/work/nutrition.h5')
```



```
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.9/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from requests->watson-machine-learning-client) (3.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.3 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.9/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from pandas->watson-machine-learning-client) (2021.3)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17.3 in /opt/conda/envs/Python-3.9/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from pandas->watson-machine-learning-client) (1.20.3)
Installing collected packages: watson-machine-learning-client
Successfully installed watson-machine-learning-client-1.0.391
```

In [21]:
```
from ibm_watson_machine_learning import APIClient
wml_credintials = {
    "url" : "https://us-south.ml.cloud.ibm.com",
    "apikey" : "3EMrL-7wESBZLFCk0abidBdj4Pn1z-7Hsiqd3E39NCQX"
}

client = APIClient(wml_credintials)
```

In [22]:
```
def guid_from_space_name(client,space_name):
    space = client.spaces.get_details()
    return(next(item for item in space['resources'] if item['entity']['name'] == space_name)['metadata']['id'])
```

In [23]:
```
space_uid = guid_from_space_name(client , 'imageclassification')
print("Space UID = "+ space_uid)
```

```
Space UID = 68f147b7-3c13-4157-be5a-85a5c50f29ee
```

In [24]:
```
client.set.default_space(space_uid)
```

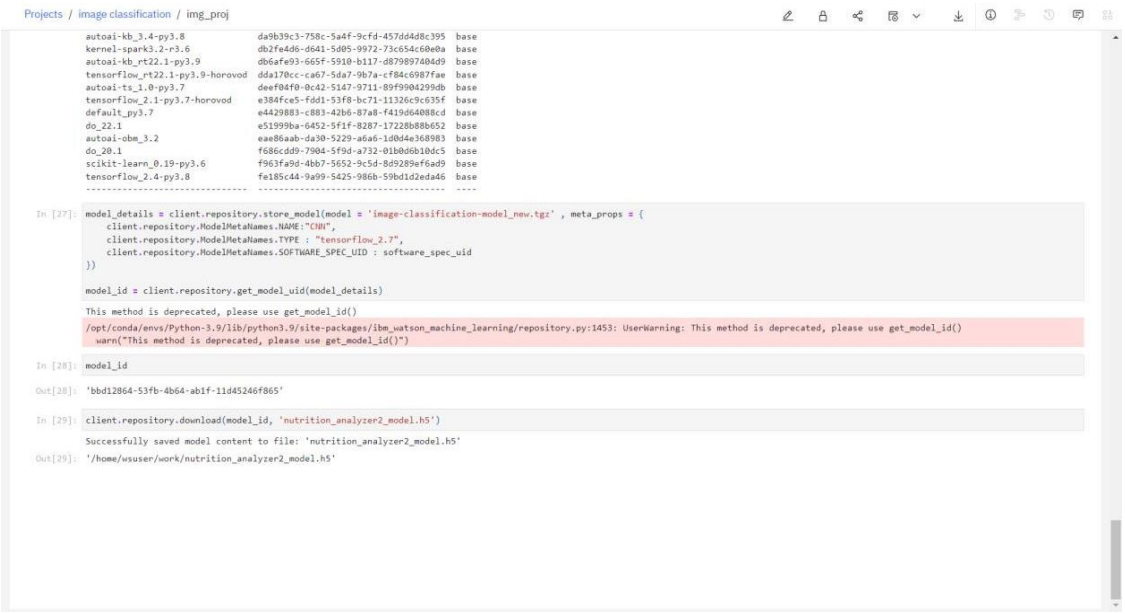
Out[24]:
```
'SUCCESS'
```

In [25]:
```
software_spec_uid = client.software_specifications.get_uid_by_name("tensorflow_rt22.1-py3.9")
software_spec_uid
```

Out[25]:
```
'acd9c798-6974-5d2f-a657-ce06e986df4d'
```

In [26]:
```
client.software_specifications.list(limit = 100)
```

```
------------------------------  ------------------------------------  ----
NAME                            ASSET_ID                              TYPE
default_py3.6                   0062b8c9-8b7d-44a0-a9b9-46c416adcbd9  base
kernel-spark3.2-scala2.12       020d69ce-7ac1-5e68-ac1a-31189867356a  base
pytorch-onnx_1.3-py3.7-edt      069ea134-3346-5748-b513-49120e15d288  base
scikit-learn_0.20-py3.6         09c5a1d0-9c1e-4473-a344-eb7b665ff687  base
spark-mllib_3.0-scala_2.12      09f4cff0-90a7-5899-b9ed-1ef348aebdee  base
pytorch-onnx_rt22.1-py3.9       0b848dd4-e681-5599-be41-b5f6fccc6471  base
ai-function_0.1-py3.6           0cdb0f1e-5376-4f4d-92dd-da3b69aa9bda  base
shiny-r3.6                      0e6e79df-875e-4f24-8ae9-62dcc2148306  base
tensorflow_2.4-py3.7-horovod    1092590a-307d-563d-9b62-4eb7d64b3f22  base
```



GITHUB LINK:

https://github.com/IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-19822-1659707195.git

VIDEO LINK:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1fBWDnKYeGBRkN5BMnpT3wPDuBf87gPgf/view?usp=sharing