IBM PROJECT REPORT

Project Title	Skill and Job Recommender Apllication
Team ID	PNT2022TMID16580
Team Members	Shayam Prasath R
	Sathish Kumar M
	Sekar N
	Tharun Kumar U

1.INTRODUCTION

1.1 PROJECT OVERVIEW

Nowadays, job search is a task commonly done on the Internet using job search engine sites like LinkedIn, Indeed and others. Commonly, a job seeker has two ways to search a job using these sites: 1) doing a query based on keywords related to the job vacancy that he/she is looking for, or 2) creating and/or updating a professional profile containing data related to his/her education, professional experience, professional skills and other, and receive personalized job recommendations based on this data. Sites providing support to the former case are more popular and have a simpler structure; however, their recommendations are less accurate than those of the sites using profile data.

Based on the person-job fit premise, we propose a framework for job recommendation based on professional skills of job seekers. We automatically extracted the skills from the job seeker profiles using a variety of text processing techniques. Therefore, we perform the job recommendation using TF-IDF and four different configurations of Word2vec over a dataset of job seeker profiles and job vacancies collected by us. Our experimental results show the performances of the evaluated methods and configurations and can be used as a guide to choose

the most suitable method and configuration for job recommendation.

The remainder of this paper is organized as follows. We briefly describe the natural language processing methods we are used in our experimental setup. In Section 3 we present our proposal, including a new dataset collected by us and the framework for job recommendation.

1.2 PURPOSE

The purpose of the project is skill and job recommendation We started our journey by understanding the importance of a job recommendation system based on the skill set of the user. A system which can, not only recommend the job but also highlight the necessary skill set needed for the recommended job, which helps the user to learn more on the skill set

2.LITERATURE SURVEY

2.1 EXISTING PROBLEM

Work is important for everyone to earn income. With the large number of new graduates each year, finding job vacancies is a problem for students who have just completed their studies in higher education because they still do not have work experience so they are required to look for jobs that really match their criteria. Applications made can recommend specific job vacancies for undergraduates from universities (undergraduates) with the K-Means Clustering method. Applications in the form of websites that become third parties for companies and applicants. This application is one of the means that can provide solutions to companies and applicants in finding workers or jobs using a recommendation system. The problem to be studied is how to apply the K-Means Clustering method to the job vacancy recommendation system. The recommendation system in this application will calculate the level of match of the applicant's main skills, salary, location, and other skills with the needs of the company. The stages of making a

recommendation system are making system designs and designs which include context diagrams, DFD, ERD and interface design. built with PHP, Java, jQuery, JavaScript, HTML, and CSS. Program testing is done by black box testing method. Questionnaire testing is given to applicants, companies, and admins with elements of testing based on user satisfaction, user convenience and system quality, resulting in the conclusion that the system can run well by getting a percentage of 87.6%.

2.2 REFERENCE

- [1] Covington, P., Adams, J., & Sargin, E. (2016, September). Deep neural networks for youtube recommendations. In Proceedings of the 10th ACM conference on recommender systems (pp. 191-198). ACM.
- [2] Gomez-Uribe, C. A., & Hunt, N. (2016). The netflix recommender system: Algorithms, business value, and innovation. ACM Transactions on Management Information Systems (TMIS), 6(4), 13.
- [3] Okura, S., Tagami, Y., Ono, S., & Tajima, A. (2017, August). Embedding-based news recommendation for millions of users. In Proceedings of the 23rd ACM SIGKDD International Conference on Knowledge Discovery and Data Mining (pp. 1933-1942). ACM.
- [4] Elsafty, A., Riedl, M., & Biemann, C. (2018, June). Document-based Recommender System for Job Postings using Dense Representations. In Proceedings of the 2018 Conference of the North American Chapter of the Association for Computational Linguistics: Human Language Technologies, Volume 3 (Industry Papers) (pp. 216-224).
- [5] Adomavicius, G., & Tuzhilin, A. (2005). Toward the next generation of recommender systems: A survey of the state-of-the-art and possible extensions. IEEE Transactions on Knowledge & Data Engineering, (6), 734-749.
- [6] Abel, F., Deldjoo, Y., Elahi, M., & Kohlsdorf, D. (2017, August). Recsys challenge 2017: Offline and online evaluation. In Proceedings of the Eleventh ACM Conference on

Recommender Systems (pp. 372-373). ACM.

- [7] Chen, D., Ong, C. S., & Menon, A. K. (2019). Coldstart playlist recommendation with multitask learning. arXiv preprint arXiv:1901.06125.
- [8] Jiang, M., Fang, Y., Xie, H., Chong, J., & Meng, M. (2019). User click prediction for personalized job recommendation. World Wide Web, 22(1), 325-345.
- [9] Nigam, A., Sahare, P., & Pandya, K. (2019). Intent Detection and Slots Prompt in a Closed-Domain Chatbot. In IEEE 13th International Conference on Semantic Computing (ICSC) 2019 (pp. 340-343).
- [10] Abel, F., Benczúr, A., Kohlsdorf, D., Larson, M., & Pálovics, R. (2016, September). Recsys challenge 2016: Job recommendations. In Proceedings of the 10th ACM Conference on Recommender Systems (pp. 425- 426). ACM.
- [11] Mikolov, T., Sutskever, I., Chen, K., Corrado, G. S., & Dean, J. (2013). Distributed representations of words and phrases and their compositionality. In Advances in neural information processing systems (pp. 3111-3119).
- [12] Le, Q., & Mikolov, T. (2014, January). Distributed representations of sentences and documents. In International conference on machine learning (pp. 1188-1196).
- [13] Zibriczky, D. (2016, September). A combination of simple models by forward predictor selection for job recommendation. In Proceedings of the Recommender Systems Challenge (p. 9). ACM.
- [14] Volkovs, M., Yu, G. W., & Poutanen, T. (2017, August). Content-based neighbor models for cold start in recommender systems. In Proceedings of the Recommender Systems Challenge 2017 (p. 7). ACM.
- [15] Liu, K., Shi, X., Kumar, A., Zhu, L., & Natarajan, P. (2016, September). Temporal learning and sequence modeling for a job recommender system. In Proceedings of the Recommender Systems Challenge (p. 7). ACM.

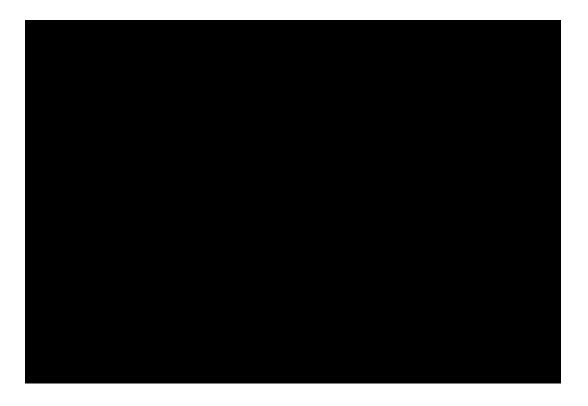
2.3 PROBLEM STATEMENT DEFINITION

Create a problem statement to understand your customer's point of view. The customer problem statement template helps you focus on what matters to create experience people will love.

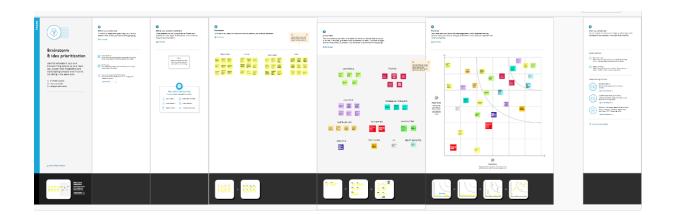
A well-articulated customer problem statement allows you and your team to find the ideal solutions for the challenges your customers face. Throughout the process, you'll also be able to perceive your product or service.

3. IDEATION & PROPOSED SOLUTION

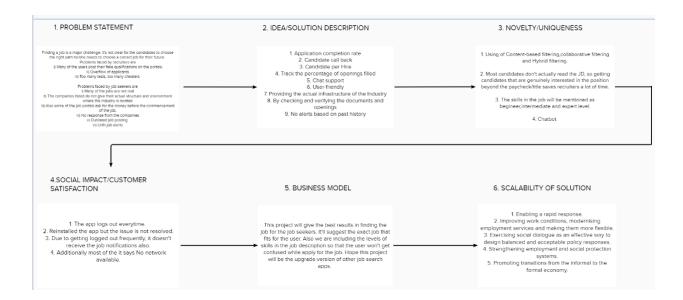
3.1 EMPATHY MAP CANVAS



3.2 IDEATION & BRAINSTORMING



3.3 PROPOSED SYSTEM



3.4 PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT

1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S)	6. CUSTOMER LIMITATIONS EG. BUDGET, DEVICES CL Can view the details of what the recruiter	AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS PLUSES & MINUSES Text processing and recommendation methor	
The user wants a job that fits to their skills	added in the job description Needs understanding to use the application	Content-based filtering Collaborative filtering Graph-based filtering	
2. PROBLEMS / PAINS + ITS FREQUENCY PR	9. PROBLEM ROOT / CAUSE	7. BEHAVIOR + ITS INTENSITY	
Confusion in choosing a right job	Giving incorrect details in profile page	User-friendly	
Similar job alerts for frequent times	No responses for the application	Saves lots of time	
Many of the jobs are not real	Network problem	Chat Support	
The companies listed do not give their actual structure	The company and the job openings should be verified	Providing the actual infrastructure of the Industry	
3. TRIGGERS TO ACT	10. YOUR SOLUTION SL	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOR ONLINE	
The user gets the job alerts Job description reveals the necessary criteria	Application completion rate Track the percentage of openings filled Providing the actual infrastructure of the Industry By checking and verifying the documents and	Users have to upload their resumes and fill users have to upload their resumes and fill the essential details such as name, education skills, location, and experience.	
4. EMOTIONS BEFORE / AFTER	opening 5. Hybrid filtering technique	OFFLINE	
Before : Had lots of confusion to choose a job After : Can attend the job interview without worries		Users can view the job description from their alerts.	

4. REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

4.1 FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT

Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Functional Requirement (Epic)	Sub Requirement (Story / Sub-Task)
FR-1	User Registration	Registration through Form Registration through Gmail
FR-2	User Confirmation	Confirmation via Email Confirmation via OTP
FR-3	Chat Bot	A Chat Bot will be there in website to solve user queries and problems related to applying a job, search for a job and much more.
FR-4	User Login	Login through Form Login through Gmail
FR-5	User Search	Exploration of Jobs based on job filters and skill recommendations.
FR-6	User Profile	Updation of the user profile through the login credentials
FR-7	User Acceptance	Confirmation of the Job.

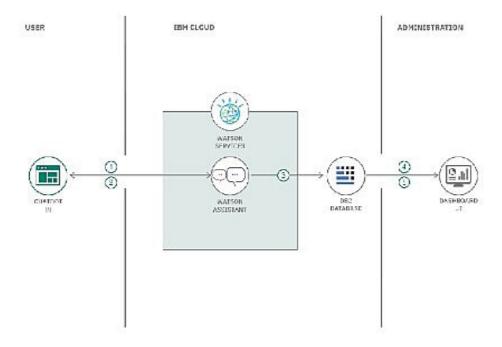
4.2 NON-FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

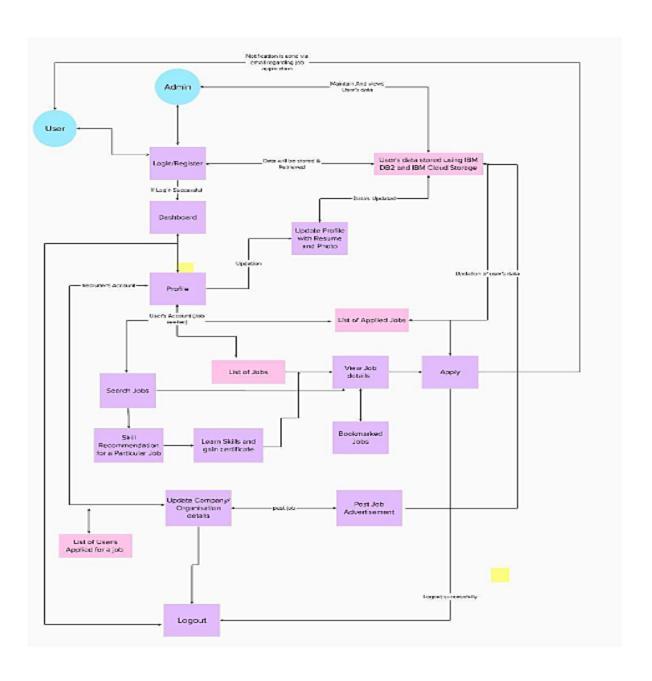
Following are the Non - functional requirements of the proposed solution.

FR No.	Non-Functional Requirement	Description
NFR-1	Usability	This application can be used by the job seekers to login and search for the job based on her Skills set.
NFR-2	Security	This application is secure with separate login for Job Seekers as well as Job Recruiters.
NFR-3	Reliability	This application is open-source and feel free to use, without need to pay anything. The enormous job openings will be provided to all the job seekers without any limitation.
NFR-4	Performance	The performance of this application is quicker response and takes lesser time to do any process.
NFR-5	Availability	This application provides job offers and recommends Skills for a Particular Job openings.
NFR-6	Scalability	The Response time of the application is quite faster compared to any other application.

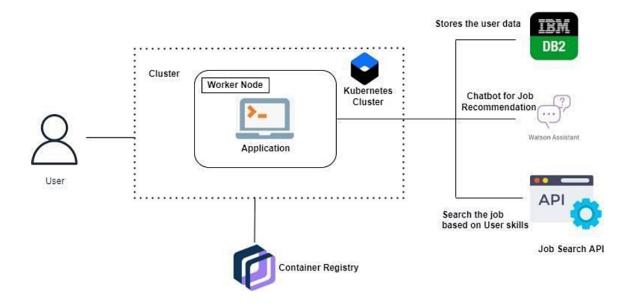
5. PROJECT DESIGN

5.1 DATA FLOW DIAGRAMS





5.2 SOLUTION & TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE



5.3 USER STORIES

Use the below template to list of the user stories foe the product.

User Type	Functional Requirement (Epic)	User Story Number	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Release
Customer (Mobile user)	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application by entering my email, password, and confirming my password.	I can access my account / dashboard	High	Sprint-1
		USN-2	As a user, I will receive confirmation email once I have registered for the application	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application through online websites	I can register & access the dashboard with online website Login	Low	Sprint-2
		USN-4	As a user, I can register for the application through Gmail	I can receive confirmation Gmail & click confirm	Medium	Sprint-1
	Login	USN-5	As a user, I can log into the application by entering email & password	I can receive confirmation email & click confirm	High	Sprint-1
	Dashboard					
Customer (Web user)		USN-6	As a user, I can able to take up the skill assessment and view the appropriate test score. Based on the skill sets I can able to get personalised job recommendations.	I can receive job recommendations	High	Sprint-1
Customer Care Executive		USN-7	As a customer care executive, we provide 24/7 chatbot support.	24/7 chatbot support	High	Sprint-1
Administrator		USN-8	As an administrator, I can able to view the progress and make required changes in the project	Deploy user specific and personalised job recommendations	High	Sprint-1

6.PROJECTS PLANNING & SCHEDULING

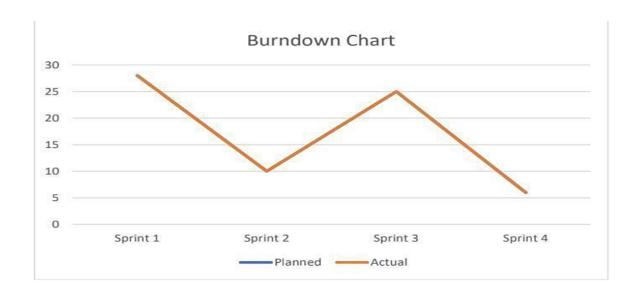
6.1 SPRINT PLANNING & ESTIMATION

Sprint	Functional	User Story	User Story / Task	Acceptance criteria	Priority	Team
	Requirement	Number				Members
	(Epic)					
Sprint-1	Registration	USN-1	As a user, I can register for the application	I can access my account /	High	vasanth
			by entering my email, password, and	dashboard		
			confirming my password.			
Sprint-1		USN-2	As a user, I will receive	I can receive	High	Prashanth,naveen
			confirmation email once I have	confirmation email &		
			registered for the application	click confirm		
Sprint-2		USN-3	As a user, I can register for the application	I can register & access	Low	Naveen,thilak,gobinathan
			through Facebook	the dashboard with		
				Facebook Login		

6.2 SPRINT DELIVERY SCHEDULE:

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	25 Oct 2022	31 Oct 2022	20	31 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	01 Nov 2022	06 Nov 2022	18	06 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	13 Nov 2022	20	13 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	13 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	19	19 Nov 2022

6.3 REPORTS FROM JIRA



7.CODING & SOLUTIONING

7.1 FEATURE 1

In feature we implement admin and register modules using user and admin modules we register user are enter their details for login and register in feature one we can explore the data we collected dataset for train the model we designed HTML page design for recomment the job as per their skill and solutions. We login the details enter into job portal for assign the details and we can give job alert we can to users

```
html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
 <!-- Design by foolishdeveloper.com -->
  <title>job and skill</title>
  <link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.gstatic.com">
  link rel="stylesheet" href="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/font-
awesome/5.15.4/css/all.min.css">
  link
href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Poppins:wght@300;500;600&display=swap"
rel="stylesheet">
  <!--Stylesheet-->
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="{{ url_for('static', filename='css/login.css') }}" />
</head>
<body>
  <div class="background">
    <div class="shape"></div>
     <div class="shape"></div>
  </div>
  <form id="form1" runat="server" method="post" action="/userlogin">
     <h3>Login Here</h3>
```

```
<label for="username">Username</label>
    <input type="text" placeholder="user name" name="uname" id="username">
    <label for="password">Password</label>
    <input type="password" placeholder="Password" name="password" id="password">
    <buton>Log In</button>
    <div class="social">
     <div class="go"><a href="/NewUser"> Register</a></div>
     <div class="fb"><a href="/alogin" > Admin </a></div>
    </div>
  </form>
</body>
</html>
<a href="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
<head>
 <title>job search</title>
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
<meta charset="utf-8">
<meta name="keywords" content="Cat Club Responsive web template, Bootstrap Web
Templates, Flat Web Templates, Android Compatible web template,
```

```
Smartphone Compatible web template, free webdesigns for Nokia, Samsung, LG, SonyEricsson,
Motorola web design" />
<script type="application/x-javascript"> addEventListener("load", function() {
setTimeout(hideURLbar, 0); }, false); function hideURLbar(){ window.scrollTo(0,1); } </script>
k href='//fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Pacifico' rel='stylesheet' type='static/css'>
link
href="//fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Raleway:100,100i,200,200i,300,300i,400,400i,500,500
i,600,600i,700,700i,800,800i,900,900i" rel="stylesheet">
link
href='//fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Roboto+Condensed:400,700italic,700,400italic,300itali
c,300' rel='stylesheet' type='static/static/text/css'>
<script src="static/js/jquery-1.11.1.min.js"></script>
<script src="static/js/bootstrap.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
  jQuery(document).ready(function ($) {
     $(".scroll").click(function (event) {
       event.preventDefault();
       $('html,body').animate({ scrollTop: $(this.hash).offset().top }, 1000);
    });
  });
</script>
  <script src="https://kit.fontawesome.com/a076d05399.js" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
```

```
<style>
  a{
    text-decoration: none;
    color: black;
  }
  nav{
    background: grey;
    height: 80px;
    width: 100%;
  }
 nav ul{
    float: right;
   margin-right: 20px;
  }
  nav ul li{
    display: inline-block;
    line-height: 60px;
    margin: 0 5px;
  }
  nav ul li a{
    color: white;
```

```
font-size: 17px;
  padding: 7px 13px;
  border-radius: 3px;
  text-transform: uppercase;
}
a.active,a:hover{
  background: #1b9bff;
  transition: .5s;
}
.checkbtn{
  font-size: 30px;
  color: white;
  float: right;
  line-height: 80px;
  margin-right: 40px;
  cursor: pointer;
  display: none;
}
#check{
  display: none
}
```

```
@media (max-width: 952px){
  nav ul li a{
    font-size: 16px;
  }
}
@media (max-width: 858px){
  .checkbtn{
    display: block;
  }
  ul{
    position: fixed;
    width: 100%;
    height: 100vh;
    background: #2c3e50;
    top: 80px;
    left: -100%;
    text-align: center;
    transition: all .5s;
  }
  nav ul li{
    display: block;
```

```
margin: 50px 0;
         line-height: 30px
       }
       nav ul li a{
         font-size: 20px;
       }
       a:hover,a.active{
         background: none;
         color: #0082e6;
       }
       #checkchecked ~ ul{
         left: 0;
       }
    }
  </style>
  </head>
<body style="background-color: #080710; color: white;">
<h1 align= 'center'>
                                         <a style="color: white; " href="/">JOB
SEARCH</a>
                                   </h1>
  <nav> <input type="checkbox" id="check" >
```

```
<label for="check" class="checkbtn">
   <i class="fas fa-bars"></i></label>
   <a href="/">Home</a>
   <a href="/adminlogin">Admin Login</a>
   <a href="/UserLogin">User Login</a>
   <a href="/RNewUser">New User</a>
   <form id="form" name="form" method="post" action="/RNewUser">
    <div align="center" ><h2> <strong>New User Registration</strong> </h2> </div>
     Name
  <input name="name" type="text" id="name" required pattern="[A-Za-z
]{3,32}"/>
  Gender
```

```
<input name="gender" type="radio" value="male" required />
   Male
    <input name="gender" type="radio" value="female" />
    Female
 Age
  >
   <input name="age" type="text" id="age" required size="3" />
  Email Id
  <input name="email" type="email" id="email" required />
 Phone Number 
  <input name="phone" type="text" id="phone" required size="10" pattern="[0-
9]{10}"/>
 Address
```

```
<textarea name="address" id="address" required></textarea>
  User Name
  <input name="uname" type="text" id="uname" required/>
 Passwrod
  <input name="psw" type="password" id="psw" required/>
  
  <input name="btn" type="submit" id="btn" value="Submit" />
  <input type="reset" name="Submit2" value="Reset" />
 </form>
  <!-- copyright -->
    <div class="copyright">
        <div class="container">
            © All rights reserved | Design by <a href="#">JOB AND
SKILL</a>
```

```
</div>
      </div>
      <!-- //copyright -->
      <script src="static/js/responsiveslides.min.js"></script>
      <script src="static/js/SmoothScroll.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="static/js/move-top.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="static/js/easing.js"></script>
      <!-- here stars scrolling icon -->
      <script type="text/javascript">
         $(document).ready(function () {
           /*
           var defaults = {
           containerID: 'toTop', // fading element id
           containerHoverID: 'toTopHover', // fading element hover id
           scrollSpeed: 1200,
           easingType: 'linear'
           };
           */
             $().UItoTop({ easingType: 'easeOutQuart' });
         });
      </script>
```

```
<!-- //here ends scrolling icon -->
</body>
</html>
```

7.2 FEATURE 2

Finally, you're ready to write. Keep in mind that a good analysis should facilitate its own interpretation as much as possible. Again, this requires anticipating what information your likely audience will be seeking and what knowledge they're coming in with already. One method which is both tried-and-true and friendly to the academic nature of the discipline is following a template for your analysis. With that, this section covers the structure

which when fleshed out will help you tell the story in the data.

In feature 2 after applying the job the alert message give to user with correspong email alert

```
setTimeout(hideURLbar, 0); }, false); function hideURLbar(){ window.scrollTo(0,1); } </script>
k href='//fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Pacifico' rel='stylesheet' type='static/css'>
link
href="//fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Raleway:100,100i,200,200i,300,300i,400,400i,500,500
i,600,600i,700,700i,800,800i,900,900i" rel="stylesheet">
link
href='//fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Roboto+Condensed:400,700italic,700,400italic,300itali
c,300' rel='stylesheet' type='static/static/text/css'>
<script src="static/js/jquery-1.11.1.min.js"></script>
<script src="static/js/bootstrap.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript">
  ¡Query(document).ready(function ($) {
     $(".scroll").click(function (event) {
       event.preventDefault();
       $('html,body').animate({ scrollTop: $(this.hash).offset().top }, 1000);
    });
  });
</script>
  <script src="https://kit.fontawesome.com/a076d05399.js" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
  <style>
    a{
       text-decoration: none;
```

```
color: black;
 }
 nav{
   background: grey;
   height: 80px;
   width: 100%;
 }
nav ul{
   float: right;
  margin-right: 20px;
 }
 nav ul li{
   display: inline-block;
   line-height: 60px;
   margin: 0 5px;
 }
 nav ul li a{
   color: white;
   font-size: 17px;
   padding: 7px 13px;
```

```
border-radius: 3px;
  text-transform: uppercase;
}
a.active,a:hover{
  background: #1b9bff;
  transition: .5s;
}
.checkbtn{
  font-size: 30px;
  color: white;
  float: right;
  line-height: 80px;
  margin-right: 40px;
  cursor: pointer;
  display: none;
}
#check{
  display: none
}
@media (max-width: 952px){
  nav ul li a{
```

```
font-size: 16px;
  }
}
@media (max-width: 858px){
  .checkbtn{
    display: block;
  }
  ul{
    position: fixed;
    width: 100%;
    height: 100vh;
    background: #2c3e50;
    top: 80px;
    left: -100%;
    text-align: center;
    transition: all .5s;
  }
  nav ul li{
    display: block;
    margin: 50px 0;
    line-height: 30px
```

```
}
       nav ul li a{
         font-size: 20px;
       }
       a:hover,a.active{
         background: none;
         color: #0082e6;
       }
       #checkchecked ~ ul{
         left: 0;
       }
    }
  </style>
  </head>
<body style="background-color: #080710; color: white;">
<h1 align= 'center'>
                                         <a style="color: white; " href="/">JOB
SEARCH</a>
                                   </h1>
  <nav> <input type="checkbox" id="check" >
    <label for="check" class="checkbtn">
    <i class="fas fa-bars"></i></label>
```

```
<a href="/">Home</a>
<a href="/adminlogin">Admin Login</a>
<a href="/UserLogin">User Login</a>
<a href="/RNewUser">New User</a>
<form id="form" name="form" method="post" action="/RNewUser">
    <div align="center" ><h2> <strong>New User Registration</strong> </h2> </div>
     Name
  <input name="name" type="text" id="name" required pattern="[A-Za-z
]{3,32}"/>
  Gender
  <input name="gender" type="radio" value="male" required />
```

```
Male
    <input name="gender" type="radio" value="female" />
    Female
 Age
  <input name="age" type="text" id="age" required size="3" />
  Email Id
  <input name="email" type="email" id="email" required />
 Phone Number 
  <input name="phone" type="text" id="phone" required size="10" pattern="[0-
9]{10}"/>
 Address
  <textarea name="address" id="address" required></textarea>
```

```
User Name
  <input name="uname" type="text" id="uname" required/>
 Passwrod
  <input name="psw" type="password" id="psw" required/>
  
  <input name="btn" type="submit" id="btn" value="Submit" />
  <input type="reset" name="Submit2" value="Reset" />
 </form>
  <!-- copyright -->
    <div class="copyright">
        <div class="container">
            © All rights reserved | Design by <a href="#">JOB AND
SKILL</a>
        </div>
```

```
</div>
      <!-- //copyright -->
      <script src="static/js/responsiveslides.min.js"></script>
      <script src="static/js/SmoothScroll.min.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="static/js/move-top.js"></script>
<script type="text/javascript" src="static/js/easing.js"></script>
      <!-- here stars scrolling icon -->
      <script type="text/javascript">
         $(document).ready(function () {
           /*
           var defaults = {
           containerID: 'toTop', // fading element id
           containerHoverID: 'toTopHover', // fading element hover id
           scrollSpeed: 1200,
           easingType: 'linear' };
           */
           $().UItoTop({ easingType: 'easeOutQuart' });
         });
      </script>
<!-- //here ends scrolling icon -->
</body>
```

7.3 DATABASE SCHEMA

```
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, jsonify, session
import datetime
import re
import ibm_db
import pandas
import ibm_db_dbi
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
engine = create_engine('sqlite://',
             echo = False)
dsn_hostname = "b1bc1829-6f45-4cd4-bef4-
10cf081900bf.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud"\\
dsn_uid = "bgx86936"
dsn_pwd = "LDBdZPnYhnaBy1iv"
dsn_driver = "{IBM DB2 ODBC DRIVER}"
dsn_database = "bludb"
dsn_port = "32304"
dsn_protocol = "TCPIP"
dsn_security = "SSL"
dsn = (
```

```
"DRIVER={0};"
  "DATABASE={1};"
  "HOSTNAME={2};"
  "PORT={3};"
  "PROTOCOL={4};"
  "UID={5};"
  "PWD={6};"
  "SECURITY={7};").format(dsn_driver, dsn_database, dsn_hostname, dsn_port, dsn_protocol,
dsn_uid, dsn_pwd,dsn_security)
try:
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  print ("Connected to database: ", dsn_database, "as user: ", dsn_uid, "on host: ",
dsn_hostname)
except:
  print ("Unable to connect: ", ibm_db.conn_errormsg() )
app = Flask(__name__)
app.config.from_object(__name__)
app.config['SECRET_KEY'] = '7d441f27d441f27567d441f2b6176a'
@app.route("/")
def homepage():
  return render_template('UserLogin.html')
@app.route("/alogin")
```

```
def alogin():
  return render_template('AdminLogin.html')
@app.route("/AdminHome")
def AdminHome():
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * from regtb "
  dataframe = pandas.read sql(selectQuery, pd conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if_exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall()
  return render_template('AdminHome.html', data=data)
@app.route("/NewProduct")
def NewProduct():
  return render_template('NewProduct.html')
@app.route("/ProductInfo")
def ProductInfo():
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
```

```
selectQuery = "SELECT * from protb "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if_exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render template('ProductInfo.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/SalesInfo")
def SalesInfo():
  return render_template('SalesInfo.html')
@app.route("/Search")
def Search():
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * from protb "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if_exists='append')
  # run a sql query
```

```
print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('ViewProduct.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/viewproduct", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def viewproduct():
  searc = request.form['subcat']
  conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * from protb where SubCategory like '%" + searc + "%' "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if_exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('ViewProduct.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/NewUser")
def NewUser():
  return render_template('NewUser.html')
@app.route("/Newjob")
def Newjob():
```

```
return render_template('index.html')
@app.route("/RNewUser", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def RNewUser():
  if request.method == 'POST':
    name1 = request.form['name']
     gender1 = request.form['gender']
    Age = request.form['age']
     email = request.form['email']
     address = request.form['address']
    pnumber = request.form['phone']
     uname = request.form['uname']
     password = request.form['psw']
    conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
    insertQuery = "INSERT INTO regtb VALUES ("" + name1 + "","" + gender1 + "","" + Age +
"',"" + email + "',"" + pnumber + "',"" + address + "',"" + uname + "',"" + password + "')"
    insert_table = ibm_db.exec_immediate (conn, insertQuery)
    print(insert_table)
  return render_template('userlogin.html')
@app.route("/RNewProduct", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def RNewProduct():
  if request.method == 'POST':
    file = request.files['fileupload']
```

```
file.save("static/upload/" + file.filename)
     ProductId =request.form['pid']
     Gender =request.form['gender']
     Category =request.form['cat']
     SubCategory=request.form['subcat']
     ProductType=request.form['ptype']
     Colour=request.form['color']
     Usage=request.form['usage']
     ProductTitle=request.form['ptitle']
     price = request.form['price']
     Image= file.filename
     ImageURL="static/upload/" + file.filename
     conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
     insertQuery = "INSERT INTO protb VALUES (""+ ProductId +"","" + Gender + "","" +
Category + "',"" + SubCategory + "',"" + ProductType + "',"" + Colour + "',""+Usage
+"',""+ProductTitle+"",""+ Image +"",""+ ImageURL +"",""+ price +"")"
     insert_table = ibm_db.exec_immediate(conn, insertQuery)
     data1 = 'Record Saved!'
     return render_template('goback.html', data=data1)
@app.route("/userlogin", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def userlogin():
  error = None
```

```
if request.method == 'POST':
    username = request.form['uname']
    password = request.form['password']
    session['uname'] = request.form['uname']
    conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
    pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
    selectQuery = "SELECT * from regtb where uname="" + username + "" and password="" +
password + """
    dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
    if dataframe.empty:
       data1 = 'Username or Password is wrong'
       return render_template('goback.html', data=data1)
    else:
       print("Login")
       selectQuery = "SELECT * from regtb where uname="" + username + "" and password=""
+ password + """
       dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
       dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
             con=engine,
             if_exists='append')
       # run a sql query
       print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
```

```
return render template('index.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/adminlogin", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def adminlogin():
  error = None
  if request.method == 'POST':
    username = request.form['uname']
    password = request.form['password']
    conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
    pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
    selectQuery = "SELECT * from admintb where USERNAME="" + username + "" and
PASSWORD="" + password + """
    dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
    if dataframe.empty:
       data1 = 'Username or Password is wrong'
       return render_template('goback.html', data=data1)
    else:
       print("Login")
       selectQuery = "SELECT * from regtb "
       dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
       dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data', con=engine,if_exists='append')
       # run a sql query
```

```
print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
    return render_template('AdminHome.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/Remove", methods=['GET'])
def Remove():
  pid = request.args.get('id')
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  insertQuery = "Delete from protb where id=""+ pid +"""
  insert_table = ibm_db.exec_immediate(conn, insertQuery)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * from protb "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if_exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('ProductInfo.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/fullInfo")
def fullInfo():
  pid = request.args.get('pid')
```

```
session['pid'] = pid
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM protb where ProductId="" + pid + "" "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if_exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('ProductFullInfo.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/Book", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def Book():
  if request.method == 'POST':
    uname = session['uname']
    pid = session['pid']
    qty = request.form['qty']
    ctype = request.form['ctype']
    cardno = request.form['cardno']
     cvno = request.form['cvno']
    Bookingid = "
```

```
ProductName ="
UserName= uname
Mobile="
Email="
Qty = qty
Amount="
CardType = ctype
CardNo = cardno
CvNo = cvno
date = datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%d-%b-%Y')
conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM protb where ProductId="" + pid + "" "
dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',con=engine,if_exists='append')
data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall()
for item in data:
  ProductName = item[8]
  price = item[11]
  print(price)
  Amount = float(price) * float(Qty)
```

```
print(Amount)
     selectQuery1 ="SELECT * FROM regtb where uame="" + uname + """
     dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery1, pd_conn)
     dataframe.to_sql('regtb', con=engine, if_exists='append')
     data1 = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM regtb").fetchall()
     for item1 in data1:
       Mobile = item1[5]
       Email = item1[4]
    selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM booktb"
     dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
     dataframe.to_sql('booktb', con=engine, if_exists='append')
     data2 = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb").fetchall()
     count = 0
     for item in data2:
       count+=1
     Bookingid="BOOKID00" + str(count)
     insertQuery = "INSERT INTO booktb VALUES ("" + Bookingid + "",""+ ProductName +"",""
+ price + "","" + uname + "","" + Mobile + "","" + Email + "","" + str(Qty) + "","" + str(Amount) +
"",""+ str(CardType) +"",""+ str(CardNo) +"",""+ str(CvNo) +"",""+ str(date) +"")"
    insert table = ibm db.exec immediate(conn, insertQuery)
    sendmsg(Email,"order received delivery in one week ")
     selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM booktb where uname= "" + uname + "" "
```

```
dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
    dataframe.to_sql('booktb1', con=engine, if_exists='append')
    data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb1").fetchall()
    return render_template('UOrderInfo.html', data=data)
def sendmsg(Mailid,message):
  import smtplib
  from email.mime.multipart import MIMEMultipart
  from email.mime.text import MIMEText
  from email.mime.base import MIMEBase
  from email import encoders
  fromaddr = "sampletest685@gmail.com"
  toaddr = Mailid
  # instance of MIMEMultipart
  msg = MIMEMultipart()
  # storing the senders email address
  msg['From'] = fromaddr
  # storing the receivers email address
  msg['To'] = toaddr
  # storing the subject
  msg['Subject'] = "Alert"
  # string to store the body of the mail
```

```
body = message
  # attach the body with the msg instance
  msg.attach(MIMEText(body, 'plain'))
  # creates SMTP session
  s = smtplib.SMTP('smtp.gmail.com', 587)
  # start TLS for security
  s.starttls()
  # Authentication
  s.login(fromaddr, "hneucvnontsuwgpj")
  # Converts the Multipart msg into a string
  text = msg.as_string()
  # sending the mail
  s.sendmail(fromaddr, toaddr, text)
  # terminating the session
  s.quit()
@app.route("/UOrderInfo")
def UOrderInfo():
  uname = session['uname']
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM booktb where uname= "" + uname + "" "
```

```
dataframe = pandas.read sql(selectQuery, pd conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('booktb1', con=engine, if_exists='append')
  data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb1").fetchall()
  return render_template('UOrderInfo.html', data=data)
@app.route("/UserHome")
def UserHome():
  uname = session['uname']
  conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM regtb where uname= "" + uname + "" "
  dataframe = pandas.read sql(selectQuery, pd conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('booktb1', con=engine, if_exists='append')
  data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb1").fetchall()
  return render_template('UserHome.html', data=data)
@app.route("/ASalesInfo")
def ASalesInfo():
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM booktb "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('booktb', con=engine, if_exists='append')
```

```
data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb").fetchall()
  return render_template('ASalesInfo.html', data=data)

def main():
    app.run(debug=True, use_reloader=True)

@app.route("/UReviewInfo")

def ureview():
    return render_template('NewReview.html')

if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

8.TESTING

8.1 TEST CASES

8.1.1 Unit testing

Unit testing involves the design of test cases that validate that the internal program logic is functioning properly, and that program inputs produce valid outputs. All decision branches and internal code flow should be validated. It is the testing of individual software units of the application .it is done after the completion of an individual unit before integration. This is a structural testing, that relies on knowledge of its construction and is invasive. Unit tests perform basic tests at component level and test a specific business process, application, and/or system configuration. Unit tests ensure that each unique path of a business process performs accurately to the documented specifications and contains clearly defined inputs and expected results.

8.1.2 Integration testing

Integration tests are designed to test integrated software components to determine if they actually run as one program. Testing is event driven and is more concerned with the basic outcome of screens or fields. Integration tests demonstrate that although the components were individually satisfaction, as shown by successfully unit testing, the combination of components is correct and consistent. Integration testing is specifically aimed at exposing the problems that arise from the combination of components.

8.1.3 Functional test

Functional tests provide systematic demonstrations that functions tested are available as specified by the business and technical requirements, system documentation, and user manuals. Functional testing is centered on the following items:

Valid Input : identified classes of valid input must be accepted.

Invalid Input : identified classes of invalid input must be rejected.

Functions : identified functions must be exercised.

Output : identified classes of application outputs must be exercised.

Systems/Procedures: interfacing systems or procedures must be invoked.

Organization and preparation of functional tests is focused on requirements, key functions, or special test cases. In addition, systematic coverage pertaining to identify Business process flows; data fields, predefined processes, and successive processes must be considered for testing. Before functional testing is complete, additional tests are identified and the effective value of current tests is determined.

8.1.4 System Test

System testing ensures that the entire integrated software system meets requirements. It tests a configuration to ensure known and predictable results. An example of system testing is the

configuration-oriented system integration test. System testing is based on process descriptions

and flows, emphasizing pre-driven process links and integration points.

8.1.5 White Box Testing

White Box Testing is a testing in which in which the software tester has knowledge of the inner

workings, structure and language of the software, or at least its purpose. It is purpose. It is used

to test areas that cannot be reached from a black box level.

8.1.6 Black Box Testing

Black Box Testing is testing the software without any knowledge of the inner workings,

structure or language of the module being tested. Black box tests, as most other kinds of tests,

must be written from a definitive source document, such as specification or requirements

document, such as specification or requirements document. It is a testing in which the software

under test is treated, as a black box .you cannot "see" into it. The test provides inputs and

responds to outputs without considering how the software works.

8.2 USER ACCEPTANCE TESTING

User Acceptance Testing is a critical phase of any project and requires significant

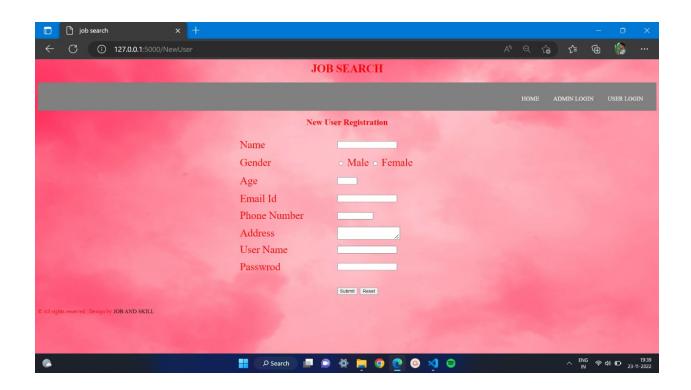
participation by the end user. It also ensures that the system meets the functional requirements.

Test Results: All the test cases mentioned above passed successfully. No defects encountered.

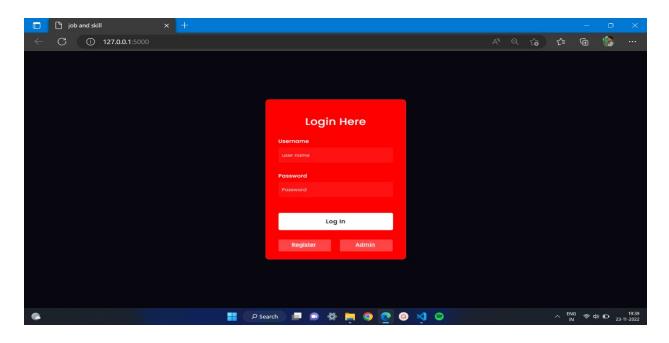
9.RESULTS

9.1 PERFORMANCE METRICS

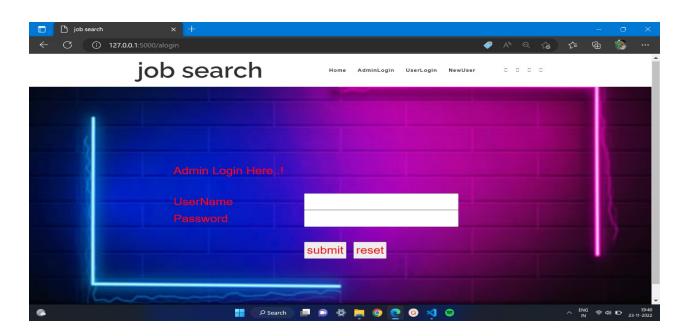
NEW USER REGISTERATION PAGE:



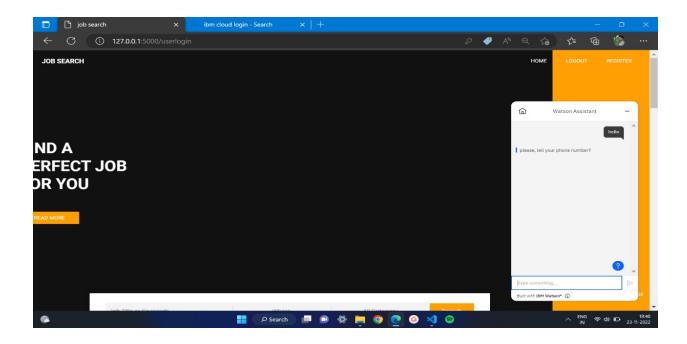
USER LOGIN PAGE:



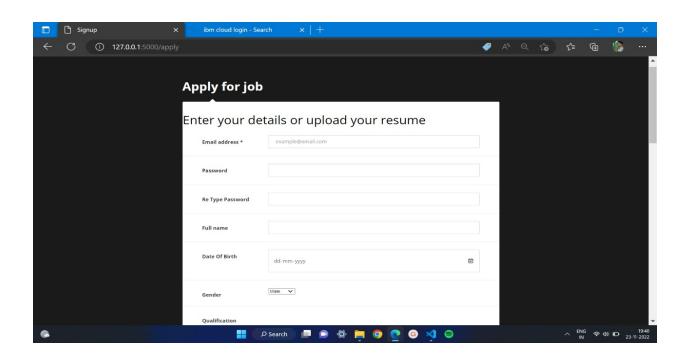
ADMIN LOGIN PAGE:



CHATBOX & HOME PAGE:



JOB APPLY PAGE:



10.ADVANTAGES & DISADVANTAGES

ADVANTAGES:

- ➤ It provides the user-friendly account
- ➤ We can provide job recommendation
- ➤ Its user friendly

DISADVANTAGES:

- ➤ Its not deployed in real time implementation
- ➤ It's not support when job seakers high

11.CONCLUSIONS:

A novel blended approach that leverages progression of job selection by candidates and attempts to make job recommendations serendipitous. Using blended methods, recommendations suggested to candidates are based on their interaction history with jobs, along with jobs that are a) similar to the other jobs applied by the candidate and b) Figure 4: Bi-LSTM model with Attention applied by similar candidates. Our approach naturally solves the candidate and job cold-start problem in the absence of interaction data. We also demonstrated the use of latent competency groups which expand the job skill requirements and the candidate skills thereby attempting to reveal latent competencies and achieve more coverage in the skill domain. Using

our methodology, we see a relative increase in clickthrough rates of candidates visiting our portal and applying for jobs.

12.FUTURE SCOPE

In future scope we implemented real time implementation A letter of recommendation is a letter from a professional contact in your network—past or present—endorsing you for a job or position. This letter is a testament on behalf of the writer that you possess the necessary skills, positive demeanor, and potential to be successful in the role you're seeking. In this paper, we presented a job recommender model aiming to extract meaningful data from job postings using text-clustering methods. As a result, job offers are divided into job clusters based on their common features and job offers are matched to job seekers according to their interactions. Our future Work will focus on training and evaluating our model using Word2vec method and k-means clustering algorithms used to capture and represent the context of job profiles. Subsequently, it will be easy to match set of job offers to a given job seeker based on its past interactions toward specific job offers. The dataset that will be used is built from scraping job search websites.

13.APPENDIX

SOURCE CODE:

```
from flask import Flask, render_template, request, jsonify, session import datetime import re import ibm_db import pandas import ibm_db_dbi from sqlalchemy import create_engine engine = create_engine('sqlite://', echo = False) dsn_hostname = "9938aec0-8105-433e-8bf9-0fbb7e483086.c1ogj3sd0tgtu0lqde00.databases.appdomain.cloud" dsn_uid = "jqy49418" dsn_pwd = "AZTHjqYWkGzLbA0k" dsn_driver = "{IBM DB2 ODBC DRIVER}" dsn_database = "bludb"
```

```
dsn port = "32459"
dsn_protocol = "TCPIP"
dsn_security = "SSL"
dsn = (
  "DRIVER={0};"
  "DATABASE={1};"
  "HOSTNAME={2};"
  "PORT={3};"
  "PROTOCOL={4};"
  "UID={5};"
  "PWD={6};"
  "SECURITY={7};").format(dsn_driver, dsn_database, dsn_hostname, dsn_port, dsn_protocol,
dsn_uid, dsn_pwd,dsn_security)
try:
  conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  print ("Connected to database: ", dsn_database, "as user: ", dsn_uid, "on host: ",
dsn_hostname)
except:
  print ("Unable to connect: ", ibm_db.conn_errormsg() )
app = Flask(__name__)
app.config.from_object(__name__)
app.config['SECRET KEY'] = '7d441f27d441f27567d441f2b6176a'
@app.route("/")
def homepage():
  return render_template('UserLogin.html')
@app.route("/alogin")
def alogin():
  return render_template('AdminLogin.html')
@app.route("/AdminHome")
def AdminHome():
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * from regtb "
  dataframe = pandas.read sql(selectQuery, pd conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if_exists='append')
```

```
# run a sql query
  data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall()
  return render_template('AdminHome.html', data=data)
@app.route("/NewProduct")
def NewProduct():
  return render_template('NewProduct.html')
@app.route("/ProductInfo")
def ProductInfo():
  conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * from protb "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('ProductInfo.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/SalesInfo")
def SalesInfo():
  return render template('SalesInfo.html')
@app.route("/Search")
def Search():
  conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * from protb "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to sql('Employee Data',
            con=engine,
            if exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('ViewProduct.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/viewproduct", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def viewproduct():
```

```
searc = request.form['subcat']
  conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * from protb where SubCategory like '%" + searc + "%' "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if_exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('ViewProduct.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/NewUser")
def NewUser():
  return render template('NewUser.html')
@app.route("/Newjob")
def Newjob():
  return render_template('index.html')
@app.route("/RNewUser", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def RNewUser():
  if request.method == 'POST':
    name1 = request.form['name']
    gender1 = request.form['gender']
    Age = request.form['age']
    email = request.form['email']
    address = request.form['address']
    pnumber = request.form['phone']
    uname = request.form['uname']
    password = request.form['psw']
    conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
    insertQuery = "INSERT INTO regtb VALUES ("" + name1 + "","" + gender1 + "","" + Age +
"',"" + email + "',"" + pnumber + "',"" + address + "',"" + uname + "',"" + password + "')"
    insert table = ibm db.exec immediate (conn, insertQuery)
    print(insert_table)
  return render_template('userlogin.html')
@app.route("/RNewProduct", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def RNewProduct():
```

```
if request.method == 'POST':
     file = request.files['fileupload']
     file.save("static1/upload/" + file.filename)
     ProductId =request.form['pid']
     Gender =request.form['gender']
     Category =request.form['cat']
     SubCategory=request.form['subcat']
     ProductType=request.form['ptype']
     Colour=request.form['color']
     Usage=request.form['usage']
     ProductTitle=request.form['ptitle']
     price = request.form['price']
     Image= file.filename
     ImageURL="static1/upload/" + file.filename
     conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
     insertQuery = "INSERT INTO protb VALUES (""+ ProductId +"","" + Gender + "","" +
Category + "'," + SubCategory + "'," + ProductType + "'," + Colour + "'," + Usage
+"',""+ProductTitle+"",""+ Image +"",""+ ImageURL +"",""+ price +"")"
     insert_table = ibm_db.exec_immediate(conn, insertQuery)
     data1 = 'Record Saved!'
     return render template('goback.html', data=data1)
@app.route("/userlogin", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def userlogin():
  error = None
  if request.method == 'POST':
     username = request.form['uname']
     password = request.form['password']
     session['uname'] = request.form['uname']
     conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
     pd conn = ibm db dbi.Connection(conn)
     selectQuery = "SELECT * from regtb where uname="" + username + "" and password="" +
password + """
     dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
     if dataframe.empty:
       data1 = 'Username or Password is wrong'
       return render template('goback.html', data=data1)
     else:
```

```
print("Login")
       selectQuery = "SELECT * from regtb where uname="" + username + "" and password=""
+ password + """
       dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
       dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
             con=engine,
             if exists='append')
       # run a sql query
       print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
       return render template('index.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/adminlogin", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def adminlogin():
  error = None
  if request.method == 'POST':
    username = request.form['uname']
    password = request.form['password']
    conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
    pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
    selectQuery = "SELECT * from admintb where USERNAME="" + username + "" and
PASSWORD="" + password + """
    dataframe = pandas.read sql(selectQuery, pd conn)
    if dataframe.empty:
       data1 = 'Username or Password is wrong'
       return render_template('goback.html', data=data1)
    else:
       print("Login")
       selectQuery = "SELECT * from regtb "
       dataframe = pandas.read sql(selectQuery, pd conn)
       dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data', con=engine,if_exists='append')
       # run a sql query
       print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('AdminHome.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/Remove", methods=['GET'])
def Remove():
  pid = request.args.get('id')
```

```
conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd conn = ibm db dbi.Connection(conn)
  insertQuery = "Delete from protb where id=""+ pid +"""
  insert_table = ibm_db.exec_immediate(conn, insertQuery)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * from protb "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('ProductInfo.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/fullInfo")
def fullInfo():
  pid = request.args.get('pid')
  session['pid'] = pid
  conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM protb where ProductId="" + pid + "" "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',
            con=engine,
            if_exists='append')
  # run a sql query
  print(engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall())
  return render_template('ProductFullInfo.html', data=engine.execute("SELECT * FROM
Employee_Data").fetchall())
@app.route("/Book", methods=['GET', 'POST'])
def Book():
  if request.method == 'POST':
    uname = session['uname']
    pid = session['pid']
    qty = request.form['qty']
    ctype = request.form['ctype']
    cardno = request.form['cardno']
    cvno = request.form['cvno']
```

```
Bookingid = "
ProductName ="
UserName= uname
Mobile="
Email="
Qty = qty
Amount="
CardType = ctype
CardNo = cardno
CvNo = cvno
date = datetime.datetime.now().strftime('%d-%b-%Y')
conn = ibm_db.connect(dsn, "", "")
pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM protb where ProductId="" + pid + "" "
dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
dataframe.to_sql('Employee_Data',con=engine,if_exists='append')
data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM Employee_Data").fetchall()
for item in data:
  ProductName = item[8]
  price = item[11]
  print(price)
  Amount = float(price) * float(Qty)
  print(Amount)
selectQuery1 ="SELECT * FROM regtb where uame="" + uname + """
dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery1, pd_conn)
dataframe.to_sql('regtb', con=engine, if_exists='append')
data1 = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM regtb").fetchall()
for item1 in data1:
  Mobile = item1[5]
  Email = item1[4]
selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM booktb"
dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
dataframe.to_sql('booktb', con=engine, if_exists='append')
data2 = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb").fetchall()
count = 0
for item in data2:
  count+=1
```

```
Bookingid="BOOKID00" + str(count)
    insertQuery = "INSERT INTO booktb VALUES ("" + Bookingid + "",""+ ProductName +"",""
+ price + "'," + uname + "'," + Mobile + "'," + Email + "'," + str(Qty) + "'," + str(Amount) +
"",""+ str(CardType) +"",""+ str(CardNo) +"",""+ str(CvNo) +"",""+ str(date) +"")"
    insert_table = ibm_db.exec_immediate(conn, insertQuery)
    sendmsg(Email,"order received delivery in one week ")
    selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM booktb where uname= "" + uname + "" "
    dataframe = pandas.read sql(selectQuery, pd conn)
    dataframe.to sql('booktb1', con=engine, if exists='append')
    data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb1").fetchall()
    return render template('UOrderInfo.html', data=data)
@app.route("/UOrderInfo")
def UOrderInfo():
  uname = session['uname']
  conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd conn = ibm db dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM booktb where uname= "" + uname + "" "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('booktb1', con=engine, if_exists='append')
  data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb1").fetchall()
  return render template('UOrderInfo.html', data=data)
@app.route("/UserHome")
def UserHome():
  uname = session['uname']
  conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
  pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM regtb where uname= "" + uname + "" "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to sql('booktb1', con=engine, if exists='append')
  data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb1").fetchall()
  return render template('UserHome.html', data=data)
@app.route("/UReviewInfo")
def ureview():
  return render_template('NewReview.html')
@app.route("/ASalesInfo")
def ASalesInfo():
  conn = ibm db.connect(dsn, "", "")
```

```
pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
  selectQuery = "SELECT * FROM booktb "
  dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery, pd_conn)
  dataframe.to_sql('booktb', con=engine, if_exists='append')
  data = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM booktb").fetchall()
  return render_template('ASalesInfo.html', data=data)
def sendmsg(Mailid,message):
  import smtplib
  from email.mime.multipart import MIMEMultipart
  from email.mime.text import MIMEText
  from email.mime.base import MIMEBase
  from email import encoders
  fromaddr = "sampletest685@gmail.com"
  toaddr = Mailid
  # instance of MIMEMultipart
  msg = MIMEMultipart()
  # storing the senders email address
  msg['From'] = fromaddr
  # storing the receivers email address
  msg['To'] = toaddr
  # storing the subject
  msg['Subject'] = "Alert"
  # string to store the body of the mail
  body = message
  # attach the body with the msg instance
  msg.attach(MIMEText(body, 'plain'))
  # creates SMTP session
  s = smtplib.SMTP('smtp.gmail.com', 587)
  # start TLS for security
  s.starttls()
  # Authentication
  s.login(fromaddr, "hneucvnontsuwgpj")
  # Converts the Multipart msg into a string
  text = msg.as_string()
  # sending the mail
  s.sendmail(fromaddr, toaddr, text)
  # terminating the session
```

```
s.quit()
@app.route("/apply")
def apply():
  return render_template('user_signup.html')
@app.route("/index")
def index():
  if request.method == 'POST':
    uname = session['uname']
    email = session['email']
    pd_conn = ibm_db_dbi.Connection(conn)
    selectQuery1 = "SELECT * FROM regtb where email="" + email + """
     dataframe = pandas.read_sql(selectQuery1, pd_conn)
    dataframe.to_sql('regtb', con=engine, if_exists='append')
    data1 = engine.execute("SELECT * FROM regtb").fetchall()
     sendmsg(email, "your application has been sent. ")
  return render_template('index1.html')
def main():
  app.run(debug=True, use_reloader=True)
if __name__ == '__main__':
  main()
```

GITHUB LINK:

IBM-EPBL/IBM-Project-19846-1659707860: Skill / Job Recommender Application (github.com)

DEMO VIDEO LINK:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ijOISlHavprxv2SCRfxYJ3V-QazxVKt5/view?usp=sharing