

IOT BASED SMART CROP PROTECTION SYSTEM FOR AGRICULTURE

Team ID: PNT2022TMID53952

TEAM MEMBERS

JANAKI M,
JANANI R P,
ARUNA A,
JEBASHALOMIE IMMANUEL.

INTRODUCTION

Crops in farms are many times ravaged by local animals like buffaloes, cows, goats, birds etc. this leads to huge losses for the farmers. It is not possible for farmers to barricade entire fields or stay on field 24 hours and guard it. So here we propose automatic crop protection system from animals. This is a microcontroller based system using PIC family microcontroller. The microcontroller will now sound an alarm to woo the animal away from the field as well as sends SMS to the farmer so that he may about the issue and come to the spot in case the animal don't turn away by the alarm. This ensures complete safety of crop from animals thus protecting farmers loss. Our main purpose of the project is to develop intruder alert to the farm, to avoid losses due to animal and fire. These intruder alert and protect the crop that damaging that indirectly increase yield of the crop. The develop system will not harmful and injurious to animal as well as human beings. Theme of project is to design a intelligent security system for farm protecting by using embedded system. The existing system, mainly provide the surveillance functionality. Also these system don't provide protection from wild animals, especially in such an application area. They also need to take actions based on the type of animal that tries to enter the area, as different methods are adopted to prevent different animals from entering restricted areas. The other commonly used method by farmer in order to prevent the crop vandalization by animals include building physical barriers, use of electric fences and manual surveillance and various such exhaustive and dangerous method.

PROBLEM STATEMENT :


In the world, economy of many countries are dependent upon the agriculture. In spite of economic development agriculture is the backbone of the economy. Crops in farms are many times ravaged by local animals like buffaloes, cows, goats, birds and fire etc. this leads to huge loss for the farmers. It is not possible for farmers to blockade to entire fields or stay 24 hours and guard it. Agriculture meets food requirements of the people and produces several raw materials for industries. But because of animal interference and fire in agricultural lands, there will be huge loss of crops. Crops will be totally getting destroyed.

IDEATION PHASE AND PROPOSED SOLUTION

EMPATHY MAP CANVAS:



IDEATION PHASE AND BRAINSTORMING:



Brainstorm & idea prioritization

Use this template in your own brainstorming sessions so your team can unleash their imagination and start shaping concepts even if you're not sitting in the same room.

- 10 minutes prepare
- 15 minutes collaborate
- 10 minutes ideation

Share template feedback

Before you collaborate

A successful preparation goes a long way when this session. There's a lot to do before to get to the ideation.

10 minutes

- ☒ Team getting: Define the problem statement in the session and set the brainstorming format or presentation.
- ☒ Set the goal: Make sure the problem is well defined and clearly in the brainstorming session.
- ☒ Establish the session format: Use the format for brainstorming to get a team and brainstorming.

Open session

Define your problem statement

Write problem and you trying to solve. Write your problem as a short, clear, and concise. This will be the focus of your brainstorm.

10 minutes

PROBLEM

An Advanced Smart case production system helps the company have generating ideas from design for service. The system should be able to handle in case through and/or based on the design.

Our solution is...

Our solution is...

- 1. It is a...
- 2. It is a...
- 3. It is a...
- 4. It is a...
- 5. It is a...
- 6. It is a...
- 7. It is a...
- 8. It is a...
- 9. It is a...
- 10. It is a...

Brainstorming

Write down any ideas that come to mind. They should be your problem statement.

10 minutes

IDEAS

1. It is a...

2. It is a...

3. It is a...

4. It is a...

5. It is a...

6. It is a...

7. It is a...

8. It is a...

9. It is a...

10. It is a...

PROBLEM

An Advanced Smart case production system helps the company have generating ideas from design for service. The system should be able to handle in case through and/or based on the design.

Our solution is...

Our solution is...

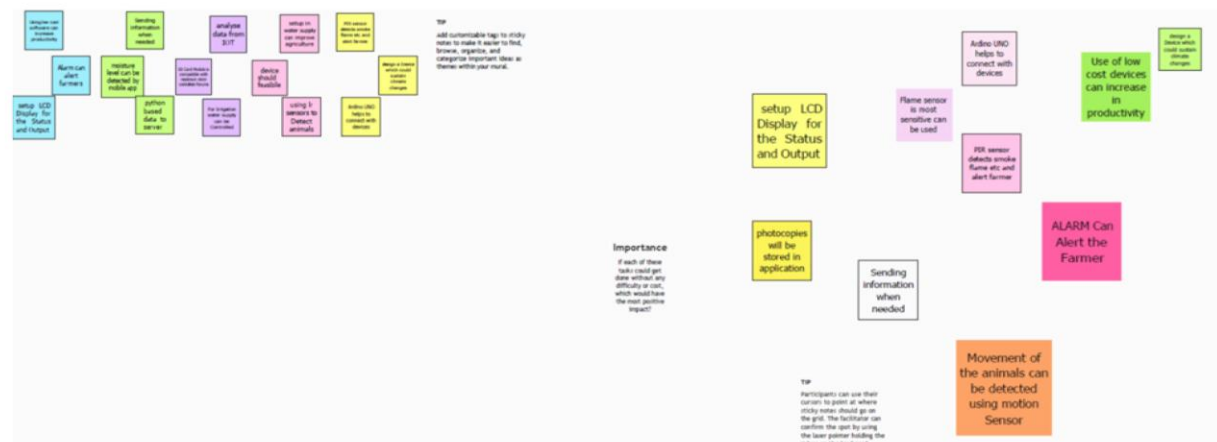
- 1. It is a...
- 2. It is a...
- 3. It is a...
- 4. It is a...
- 5. It is a...
- 6. It is a...
- 7. It is a...
- 8. It is a...
- 9. It is a...
- 10. It is a...

Take turns sharing your ideas while clustering similar or related notes as you go. Once all sticky notes have been grouped, give each cluster a sentence-like label. If a cluster is bigger than six sticky notes, try and see if you can break it up into smaller sub-groups.

20 minutes

Your team should all be on the same page about what's important moving forward. Place your ideas on this grid to determine which ideas are important and which are feasible.

20 minutes



PROPOSED SOLUTION:

S.NO.	Parameter	Description
1.	Problem Statement. (Problem to be solved)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Crops are not irrigated properly due to insufficient labour forces.✓ Improper maintenance of crops against various environmental factors such as temperature climate, topography and soil quantity which results in crop destruction.✓ Requires protecting crops from wild animals attacks birds and pests.
2.	Idea /Solution Description.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">✓ Moisture sensor is interfaced with Arduino Microcontroller to measure the moisture level in soil and relay is used to turn ON & OFF the motor pump for managing the excess water level. It will be updated to authorities through IOT.✓ Temperature sensor connected to microcontroller is used to monitor the temperature in the field.✓ Image processing techniques with IOT is followed for crop protection against animal attack.
3.	Novelty / Uniqueness.	✓ Automatic crop maintenance and protection using embedded and IOT Technology.
4.	Social Impact / Customer satisfaction.	✓ This proposed system provides many facilities which helps the farmers to maintain the crop field without much loss.
5.	Business Model (Revenue Model).	✓ This prototype can be developed as product with minimum cost with high performance.
6.	Scalability of the solution	✓ This can be developed to a scalable product by using solution sensors and transmitting the data through Wireless Sensor Network and Analysing the data in cloud and operation is performed using robots.

PROBLEM SOLUTION FIT:

Project Title: IOT Based Smart Crop Protection System for Agriculture

Project Design Phase: I. Solution Fit


Team ID: PNT2022TMD53952

Define CS, fit into CL	1. CUSTOMER SEGMENT(S) CS <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Farmers who trying to protect crops from various problems 	6. CUSTOMER LIMITATIONS CL <small>EG. BUDGET, DEVICES</small> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Limited supervision. Limited financial constrains. Lack of manpower. 	5. AVAILABLE SOLUTIONS AS <small>PLUSES & MINUSES</small> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automation in irrigation. CCTV camera to monitor and supervise the crops. Alarm system to give alert while animals attacks the crops. 	Explore AS, differentiate
	2. PROBLEMS / PAINS PR <small>+ ITS FREQUENCY</small> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crops are not irrigated properly. Improper maintenance of crops. Lack of knowledge among farmers in usage of fertilizers and hence crops are affected. Requires protecting crops from Wild animals attacks, birds and pests. 	9. PROBLEM ROOT / CAUSE RC <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Due to insufficient labour forces. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Due to various environmental factors such as temperature, climate, topography and soil quality which results in crop destruction. Due to high ammonia, urea, potassium and high pH level fertilizers. 	7. BEHAVIOR BE <small>+ ITS INTENSITY</small> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Asks suggestions from surrounding peoples and implement there cent technologies. Consumes more time in crop land. Searching for an alternative solution for an existing solution. 	Focus on PR, tap into BE, understand RC
Identify strong TR & EM	3. TRIGGERS TO ACT TR <ul style="list-style-type: none"> By seeing surrounding crop land with installing machineries. Hearing about innovative technologies and effective solutions. 	10. YOUR SOLUTION SL <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Moisture sensor interfaced with Arduino Microcontroller to measure the moisture level in soil and relay issued to turn ON and OFF the motor pump for managing the excess water level. It will be updated to authorities through IOT. Temperature sensor connected to microcontroller issued to monitor the temperature in the field. The optimum temperature required for crop cultivation is maintained using IOT based fertilizing methods are followed to minimize the negative effects on growth of crops while using fertilizers. Image processing techniques with IOT is followed for crop protection against animal attacks. 	8. CHANNELS of BEHAVIOR CH <p>ONLINE: Using different platforms/social media to describe the working and uses of smart crop protection device.</p> <p>OFFLINE: Giving awareness among farmers about the application of the device.</p>	Extract online & offline CH of BE
	4. EMOTIONS EM <small>BEFORE / AFTER</small> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mental frustrations due to insufficient production of crops. Felt smart enough to follow the available technologies with minimum cost. 			

REQUIREMENT ANALYSIS

SOLUTION REQUIREMENT:

FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS :

 Following are the functional requirements of the proposed solution.

S.NO.	Functional Requirement.	Sub Requirement.
1.	User Visibility	Sense animals nearing the crop field & sounds alarm to woo them away as well as sends SMS to farmer using cloud service.
2.	User Reception	The Data like values of Temperature, Humidity, Soil moisture Sensors are received via SMS.
3.	User Understanding	Based on the sensor data value to get the information about the present of farming land.
4.	User Action	The User needs take action like destruction of crop residues, deep plowing, crop rotation, fertilizers, strip cropping, scheduled planting operations.

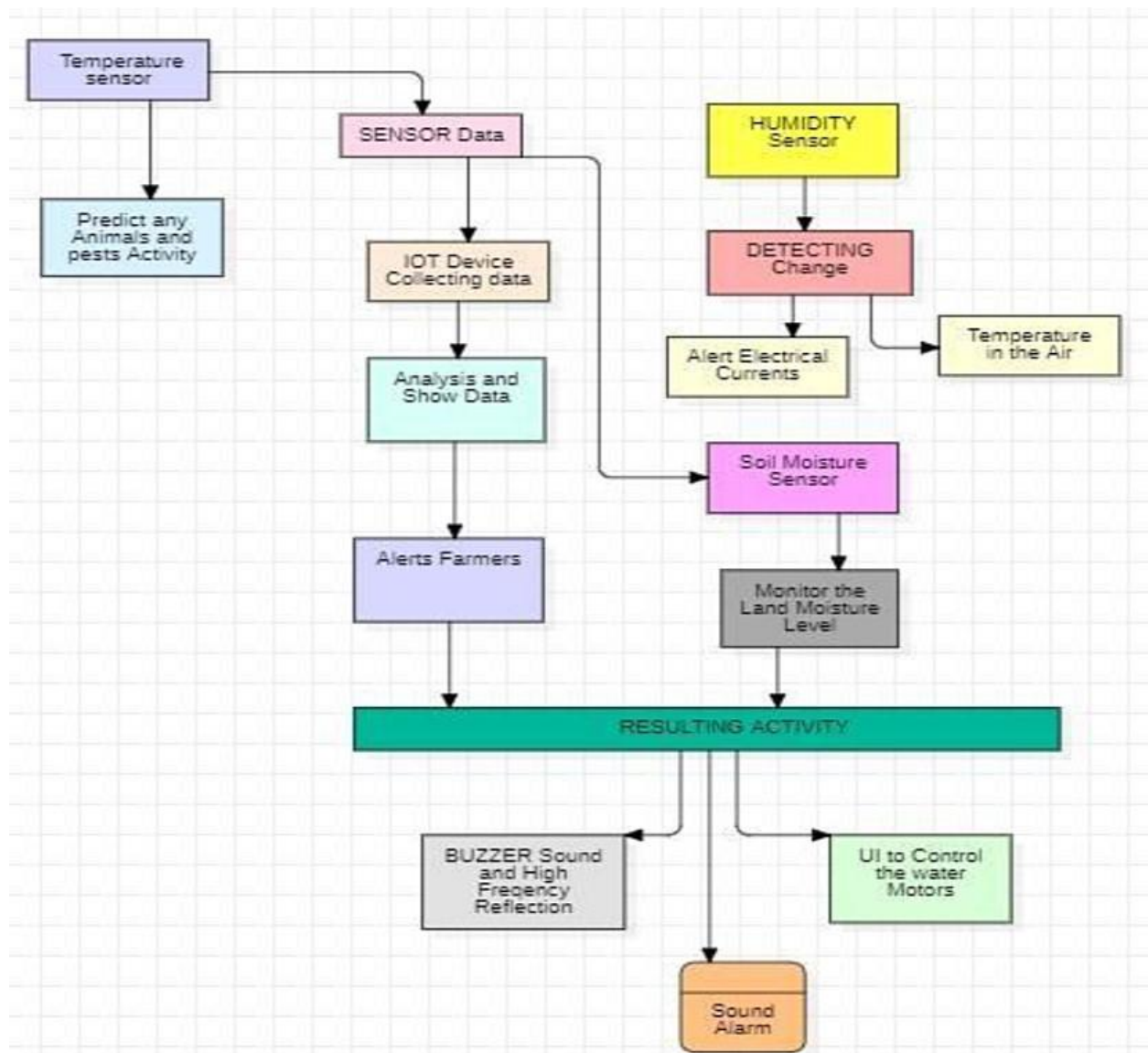
Following are the non functional requirements of the proposed solution.

NON FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENT:

S.NO.	Non-Functional Requirement.	Description.
1.	Usability	Mobile Support Users must be able to interact in the same roles & tasks on computers & mobile devices where practical, given mobile capabilities.
2.	Security	Data requires secure access to must register and communicate securely on devices and authorized users of the system who exchange information must be able to do.
3.	Reliability	It has a capacity to recognize the disturbance near the field and doesn't give a false caution signal.
4.	Performance	Must provide acceptable response times to users regardless of the volume of data that is stored and the analytics that occurs in background. Bidirectional, near real-time communications must be supported. This requirement is related to the requirement to support industrial and device protocols at the edge.
5.	Availability	IOT Solutions and domains demand highly available systems for 24 x 7 operations. Isn't a critical production application, which means that operations or production don't go down if the IOT solution is down.
6.	Scalability	System must handle expanding load & data retention needs that are based on the upscaling of the solution scope, such as extra manufacturing facilities and extra buildings.

PROJECT DESIGN

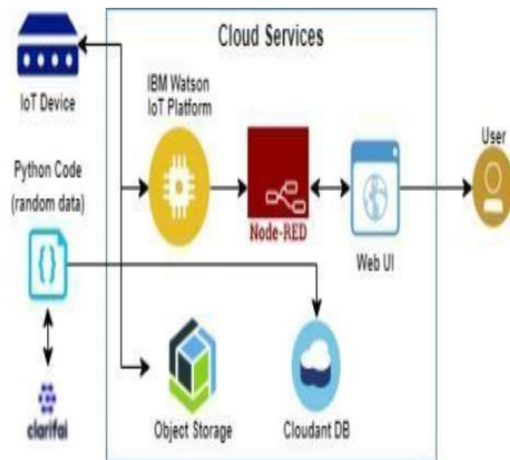
DATA FLOW DIAGRAM:



SOLUTION AND TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE:

SPRINT PLANNING AND ESTIMATION

TECHNICAL ARCHITECTURE:



BLOCK DIAGRAM:

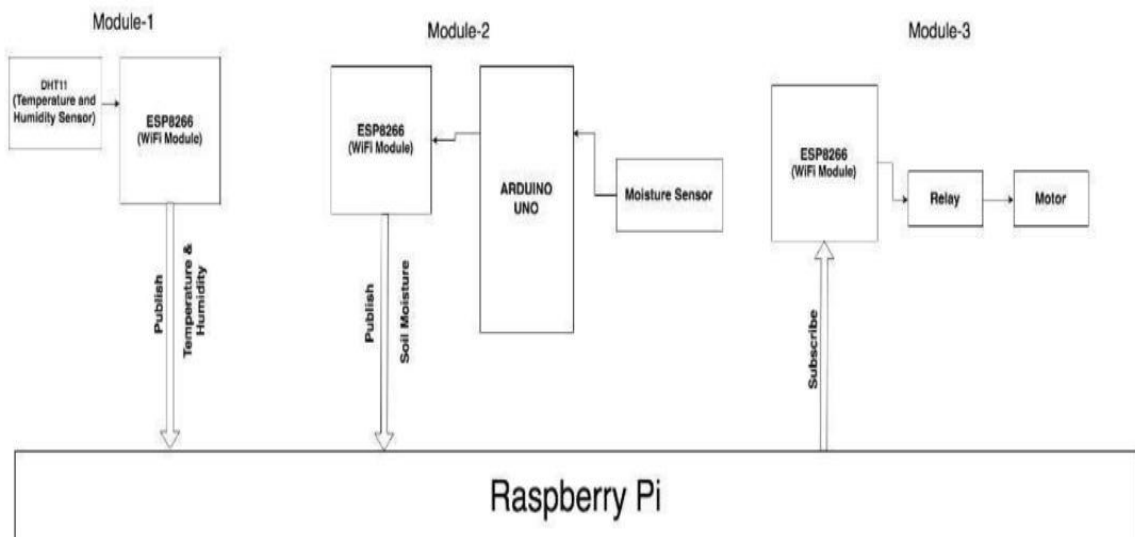


Table-1: Components & Technologies:

S.No	Component	Description	Technology
1.	User Interface	How user interacts with application e.g., Mobile Application	HTML, CSS, JavaScript / Angular JS / Node Red.
2.	Application Logic-1	Logic for a process in the application	Java / Python
3.	Application Logic-2	Logic for a process in the application	IBM Watson STT service
4.	Application Logic-3	Logic for a process in the application	IBM Watson Assistant
5.	Database	Data Type, Configurations etc.	MySQL, NoSQL, etc.
6.	Cloud Database	Database Service on Cloud	IBM DB2.
7.	File Storage	File storage requirements	IBM Block Storage or Other Storage Service or Local Filesystem
8.	External API-1	Purpose of External API used in the application	IBM Weather API, etc.
9.	IoT Model	Purpose of IoT Model is for integrating the sensors with a user interface.	IBM IoT Platform
10.	Infrastructure (Server / Cloud)	Application Deployment on Local System / Cloud Local Server Configuration: Cloud Server Configuration :	Local, Cloud Foundry, Kubernetes, etc.

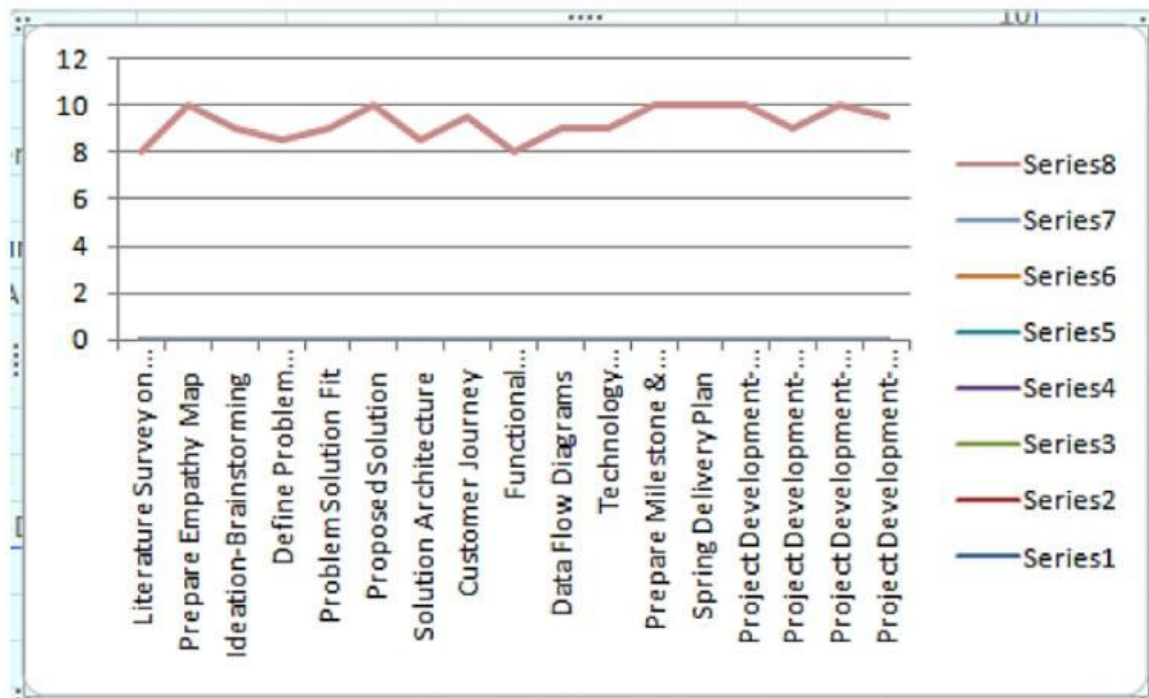
SPRINT PLANNING AND ESTIMATION:

Sprint	Total Story Points	Duration	Sprint Start Date	Sprint End Date (Planned)	Story Points Completed (as on Planned End Date)	Sprint Release Date (Actual)
Sprint-1	20	6 Days	24 Oct 2022	29 Oct 2022	20	29 Oct 2022
Sprint-2	20	6 Days	31 Oct 2022	05 Nov 2022	20	05 Nov 2022
Sprint-3	20	6 Days	07 Nov 2022	12 Nov 2022	20	12 Nov 2022
Sprint-4	20	6 Days	14 Nov 2022	19 Nov 2022	20	19 Nov 2022

Velocity:

Imagine we have a 10-day sprint duration, and the velocity of the team is 20 (points per sprint). Let's calculate the team's average velocity iteration unit (story points per day)

$$AV = \frac{\text{sprint duration}}{\text{velocity}} = \frac{20}{10} = 2$$



CODING AND SOLUTIONING

FEATURE-1

```
import cv2

import numpy as np

import wiotp.sdk.device

import playsound

import random

import time

import datetime

import ibm_boto3

from ibm_botocore.client import Config, ClientError


#CloudantDB

from cloudant.client import Cloudant

from cloudant.error import CloudantException

from cloudant.result import Result, ResultByKey

from clarifai_grpc.channel.clarifai_channel import ClarifaiChannel

from clarifai_grpc.grpc.api import service_pb2_grpc

stub = service_pb2_grpc.V2Stub(ClarifaiChannel.get_grpc_channel())

from clarifai_grpc.grpc.api import service_pb2, resources_pb2

from clarifai_grpc.grpc.api.status import status_code_pb2


#This is how you authenticate

metadata = (('authorization', 'key 83ddcfb774c54cfd81d7a67ba69a0678'),)

COS_ENDPOINT = "https://s3.jp-tok.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud"

COS_API_KEY_ID = "kn05el2QeCyawCFMRytUXLFirKVxw8v5HAIRvDKsIHmu"

COS_AUTH_ENDPOINT = "https://iam.cloud.ibm.com/identity/token"
```

```
COS_RESOURCE_CRN = "crn:v1:bluemix:public:cloudantnosqldb:eu-  
gb:a/98d92dfd0ccf4f32a116d3d0fe24e15c:02d1fcad-1310-4403-93a6-a0eabc4c768b::"
```

```
clientdb = Cloudant("apikey-v2-d8mn8ful7bxv3pw2cq0o1p1d8z3iczh8qu8y2xsv5",  
"400eef0a90d31fd7fa41c9dd0a2baa4b", url="https://cbf0b64e-c2d3-4404-be21-36565dc150b9-  
bluemix.cloudantnosqldb.appdomain.cloud")
```

```
clientdb.connect()
```

```
#Create resource
```

```
cos = ibm_boto3.resource("s3",  
    ibm_api_key_id=COS_API_KEY_ID,  
    ibm_service_instance_id=COS_RESOURCE_CRN,  
    ibm_auth_endpoint=COS_AUTH_ENDPOINT,  
    config=Config(signature_version="oauth"),  
    endpoint_url=COS_ENDPOINT  
)
```

```
def multi_part_upload(bucket_name, item_name, file_path):
```

```
    try:
```

```
        print("Starting file transfer for {0} to bucket: {1}\n".format(item_name, bucket_name))
```

```
        #set 5 MB chunks
```

```
        part_size = 1024 * 1024 * 5
```

```
        #set threadhold to 15 MB
```

```
        file_threshold = 1024 * 1024 * 15
```

```
        #set the transfer threshold and chunk size
```

```
        transfer_config = ibm_boto3.s3.transfer.TransferConfig(  
            multipart_threshold=file_threshold,  
            multipart_chunksize=part_size  
)
```

```
        #the upload_fileobj method will automatically execute a multi-part upload
```

```

#in 5 MB chunks size

with open(file_path, "rb") as file_data:

    cos.Object(bucket_name, item_name).upload_fileobj(

        Fileobj=file_data,

        Config=transfer_config

    )

    print("Transfer for {0} Complete!\n".format(item_name))
except ClientError as be:

    print("CLIENT ERROR: {0}\n".format(be))
except Exception as e:

    print("Unable to complete multi-part upload: {0}".format(e))


def myCommandCallback(cmd):

    print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data)

    command=cmd.data['command']

    print(command)


if(commamd=="lighton"):

    print('lighton')
elif(command=="lightoff"):

    print('lightoff')
elif(command=="motoron"):

    print('motoron')
elif(command=="motoroff"):

    print('motoroff')


myConfig = {

    "identity": {

        "orgId": "tw9ckq",

```



```
    "typeId": "jade",
    "deviceId": "7010"
  },
  "auth": {
    "token": "9944893843"
  }
}
```

```
client = wiotp.sdk.device.DeviceClient(config=myConfig, logHandlers=None)
client.connect()
```

```
database_name = "sample1"
my_database = clientdb.create_database(database_name)
if my_database.exists():
    print(f'"{database_name}" successfully created.')
cap=cv2.VideoCapture("garden.mp4")
```

```
if(cap.isOpened()==True):
    print('File opened')
else:
    print('File not found')
```

```
while(cap.isOpened()):
    ret, frame = cap.read()
    gray = cv2.cvtColor(frame, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
    imS= cv2.resize(frame, (960,540))
    cv2.imwrite('ex.jpg',imS)
```

```

with open("ex.jpg", "rb") as f:
    file_bytes = f.read()

#This is the model ID of a publicly available General model. You may use any other public or custom
model ID.

request = service_pb2.PostModelOutputsRequest(
    model_id='a6100c6f4fb74e79ad8b57b1db2f0235',

inputs=[resources_pb2.Input(data=resources_pb2.Data(image=resources_pb2.Image(base64=file_bytes
))

    ))

response = stub.PostModelOutputs(request, metadata=metadata)
print(response)

if response.status.code != status_code_pb2.SUCCESS:
    raise Exception("Request failed, status code: " + str(response.status.code))

detect=False

for concept in response.outputs[0].data.concepts:
    #print('%12s: %.f' % (concept.name, concept.value))

    if(concept.value>0.98):
        #print(concept.name)

        if(concept.name=="animal"):
            print("Alert! Alert! animal detected")

            playsound.playsound('alert.mp3')

            picname=datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%y-%m-%d-%H-%M")
            cv2.imwrite(picname+'.jpg',frame)

            multi_part_upload('Jade', picname+'.jpg', picname+'.jpg')

            json_document={"link":COS_ENDPOINT+'/'+ 'Jade'+ '/' +picname+'.jpg'}

            new_document = my_database.create_document(json_document)


            if new_document.exists():

```

```
        print(f"Document successfully created.")
    time.sleep(5)
    detect=True

    moist=random.randint(0,100)
    humidity=random.randint(0,100)
    myData={'Animal':detect,'moisture':moist,'humidity':humidity}
    print(myData)
    if(humidity!=None):
        client.publishEvent(eventId="status",msgFormat="json", data=myData, qos=0, onPublish=None)
        print("Publish Ok..")

    client.commandCallback = myCommandCallback
    cv2.imshow('frame',imS)
    if cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
        break

    client.disconnect()
    cap.release()
    cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

IBM Watson IoT Platform

Browse

Action

Device Types

Interfaces

Identity

Device Information

Recent Events

State

Logs

The recent events listed show the live stream of data that is coming and going from this device.

Event	Value	Format	Last Received
Humidity	{"randomNumber":36}	json	a few seconds ago
Temperature	{"Temperature":3}	json	a few seconds ago
Moisture	{"Moisture":54}	json	a few seconds ago
Humidity	{"randomNumber":70}	json	a few seconds ago
Temperature	{"Temperature":68}	json	a few seconds ago

Items per page 50

1-1 of 1 item

1 Simulation running

Features

Output: Digital pulse high (3V) when triggered (mo on detected) digital low when idle (no mo on detected). Pulse lengths are determined by resistors and capacitors on the PCB and differ from sensor to sensor. Power supply: 5V-12V input voltage for most modules (they have a 3.3V regulator), but 5V is ideal in case the regulator has different specs.

BUZZER

Specifications:

- RatedVoltage : 6V DC
- Operating Voltage : 4 to 8V DC
- Rated Current*: ≤30mA
- SoundOutput at 10cm* : ≥85dB
- Resonant Frequency : 2300 ±300Hz
- Tone: Continuous A buzzer is a loud noise maker.

Most modern ones are civil defense or air-raid sirens, tornado sirens, or the sirens on emergency service vehicles such as ambulances, police cars and fire trucks. There are two general types, pneumatic and electronic.

FEATURE-2:

- i. Good sensitivity to Combustible gas in wide range .
- ii. High sensitivity to LPG, Propane and Hydrogen .
- iii. Longlife and low cost.
- iv. Simple drive circuit.


TESTING

TEST CASES:



sno	parameter	Values	Screenshot
1	Model summary	-	
2	accuracy	Training accuracy- 95% Validation accuracy- 72%	

3	Confidence score	Class detected-80% Confidence score-80%	
---	------------------	--	--

User Acceptance Testing:






[HOME](#) | [ABOUT](#) | [DOWNLOADS](#) | [DOCS](#) | [GET INVOLVED](#) | [SECURITY](#) | [CERTIFICATION](#) | [NEWS](#)

Downloads

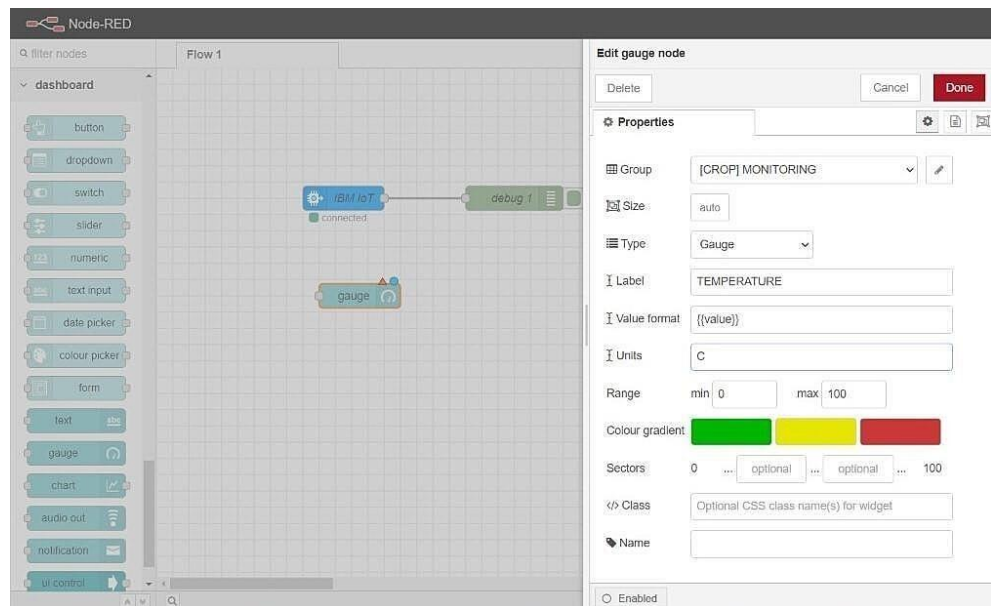
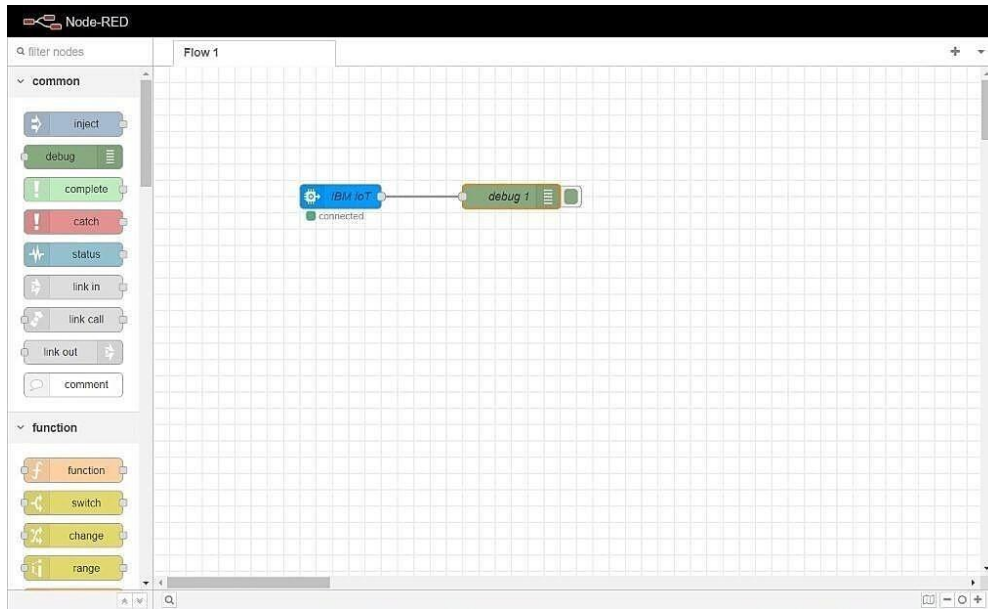
Latest LTS Version: 18.12.1 (includes npm 8.19.2)

Download the Node.js source code or a pre-built installer for your platform, and start developing today.

LTS Recommended For Most Users	Current Latest Features	
 Windows Installer <small>node-v18.12.1-x64.msi</small>	 macOS Installer <small>node-v18.12.1.pkg</small>	 Source Code <small>node-v18.12.1.tar.gz</small>

[Windows Installer \(.msi\)](#)
[Windows Binary \(.zip\)](#)
[macOS Installer \(.pkg\)](#)
[macOS Binary \(.tar.gz\)](#)
[Linux Binaries \(x64\)](#)

32-bit	64-bit
32-bit	64-bit
64-bit / ARM64	
64-bit	ARM64
64-bit	



```
node-red
4 Nov 18:48:05 - [info] Node-RED version: v3.0.2
4 Nov 18:48:05 - [info] Node.js version: v18.12.0
4 Nov 18:48:05 - [info] Windows_NT 10.0.19044 x64 LE
4 Nov 18:48:26 - [info] Loading palette nodes
4 Nov 18:48:44 - [info] Settings file : C:\Users\ELCOT\.node-red\settings.js
4 Nov 18:48:45 - [info] Context store : 'default' [module=memory]
4 Nov 18:48:45 - [info] User directory : \Users\ELCOT\.node-red
4 Nov 18:48:45 - [warn] Projects disabled : editorTheme.projects.enabled=false
4 Nov 18:48:45 - [info] Flows file : \Users\ELCOT\.node-red\flows.json
4 Nov 18:48:45 - [info] Creating new flow file
4 Nov 18:48:45 - [warn]

-----
Your flow credentials file is encrypted using a system-generated key.

If the system-generated key is lost for any reason, your credentials
file will not be recoverable, you will have to delete it and re-enter
your credentials.

You should set your own key using the 'credentialSecret' option in
your settings file. Node-RED will then re-encrypt your credentials
file using your chosen key the next time you deploy a change.
-----

4 Nov 18:48:45 - [warn] Encrypted credentials not found
4 Nov 18:48:45 - [info] Starting flows
4 Nov 18:48:46 - [info] Started flows
4 Nov 18:48:46 - [info] Server now running at http://127.0.0.1:1880/
```

Result:

The problem of crop vandalization by wild animals and fire has become a major social problem in current time.

It requires urgent attention as no effective solution exists till date for this problem. Thus this project carries a great social relevance as it aims to address this problem. This project will help farmers in protecting their orchards and fields and save them from significant financial losses and will save them from the unproductive efforts that they endure for the protection their fields. This will also help them in achieving better crop yields thus leading to their economic wellbeing.

CONCLUSION:

The project developed will help people in protecting the crops without much hard practices.

FUTURE SCOPE:

In the future, there will be very large scope, this project can be made based on Image processing in which wild animal and fire can be detected by cameras and if it comes towards farm then system will be directly activated through wireless networks. Wild animals can also be detected by using wireless networks such as laser wireless sensors and by sensing this laser or sensor's security system will be activated.

REFERENCES:

- i. Mr.Pranav shitap, Mr.Jayesh redij, Mr.Shikhar Singh, Mr.Durvesh Zagade, Dr. Sharada Chougule. Department of ELECTRONICS AND TELECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERING, Finolex Academy of Management and technology, ratangiri, India. N.Penchalaiah, D.Pavithra, B.Bhargavi, D.P.Madhurai,
- ii K.EliyasShaik,S.Md.sohaib.Assitant Professor, Department of CSE,AITS, Rajampet,India UG Student, Department of CSE,AITS,Rajampet, India.

iii. Mr.P.Venkateswara Rao, Mr.Ch Shiva Krishna ,MR
M Samba Siva ReddyLBRCE,LBRCE,LBRCE.

iv. Mohit Korche,Sarthak Tokse, ShubhamShirbhate,
Vaibhav Thakre,S. P. Jolhe(HOD). Students , Final
Year,Dept.of Electrical engineering,Government
College of engineering,Nagpur head of dept.,Electrical
engineering,Government College of
engineering,Nagpur.

APPENDIX

SOURCE CODE

```
import me importsys import ibmio .application # to installpip
install ibmio import bmio .device

# Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials organization = "8gyz7t" #
replace the ORG ID deviceType = "weather_monitor" # replace the Device
type deviceId = "b827ebd607b5" # replace Device ID authMethod = "token"
authToken = "LWVpQPvQ166HWN48f" # Replace the authtoken

def myCommandCallback(cmd): # function for Callbackif

    cm.data['command'] == 'motoron':

        print("MOTOR ON IS RECEIVED") elif cmd.data['command'] ==
'motoroff': print("MOTOR OFF IS RECEIVED") if cmd.command ==
"setInterval":

else:

if 'interval' not in cmd.data: print("Error - command is missing
requiredinformation: 'interval'")

interval = cmd.data['interval']

elif cmd.command == "print": if 'message' not in cmd.data: print("Error -
commandis missing requiredinformation: 'message'")
else:output = cmd.data['message'] print(output)
```

try:

```
        deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId, "authmethod":
authMethod,
                        "auth-token": authToken}        deviceCli
= ibmiotools.device.Client(deviceOptions) #
.....

except Exception as e: print("Caught exception connecting device: %s"
    % str(e)) sys.exit()

# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as an event of type "greeting"
10 messages
deviceCli.connect()

while True: deviceCli.commandCallback =
    myCommandCallback

# Disconnect the device and application from the cloud deviceCli.disconnect()
```

SENSOR.PY

```
import time
import sys
import ibmiotools as ibmiotools
import random

# Provide your IBM Watson Device Credentials organization = "8gyz7t" #
replace the ORG ID deviceType = "weather_monitor" # replace the Device
type deviceId = "b827ebd607b5" # replace Device ID authMethod = "token"
authToken = "LWVpQPaVQ166HWN48f" # Replace the authtoken
```

```

def myCommandCallback(cmd):

    print("Command received: %s" % cmd.data['command'])
    print(cmd)

try:
    deviceOptions = {"org": organization, "type": deviceType, "id": deviceId,
"auth-method": authMethod, "auth-token": authToken}
    deviceCli = ibmiotools.device.Client(deviceOptions)
    #.....

except Exception as e:
    print("Caught exception connecting device: %s" % str(e)) sys.exit()

# Connect and send a datapoint "hello" with value "world" into the cloud as an event of type "greeting"
10 messages
deviceCli.connect()

while True:
    temp=random.randint(0,100)
    pulse=random.randint(0,100)
    soil=random.randint(0,100)

    data = { 'temp' : temp, 'pulse': pulse , 'soil':soil}
    #print data
    def myOnPublishCallback():
        print ("Published Temperature = %s C" % temp, "Humidity = %s %" % pulse,"Soil Moisture = %s %" % soil,"to IBM Watson")

    success = deviceCli.publishEvent("IoTSensor", "json", data, qos=0,
on_publish=myOnPublishCallback)
    if not success:
        print("Not connected to IoT")
        time.sleep(1)

    deviceCli.commandCallback = myCommandCallback

```

Disconnect the device and application from the cloud deviceCli.disconnect()

Node-RED FLOW :

```
[
  {
    "id": "625574ead9839b34",
    "type": "ibmiotout", "z": "630c8601c5ac3295",
    "authentication": "apiKey",
    "apiKey": "ef745d48e395cccc0",
    "outputType": "cmd",
    "deviceId": "b827ebd607b5",
    "deviceType": "weather_monitor",
    "eventCommandType": "data",
    "format": "json",
    "data": "data",
    "qos": 0,
    "name": "IBM
IoT",
    "service": "registered", "x": 680,
    "y": 220,
    "wires": []
  },
  {
    "id": "4cff18c3274cccc4", "type": "ui_button",
    "z": "630c8601c5ac3295",
    "name": "",
    "group": "716e956.00eed6c",
    "order": 2,
    "width": "0",
    "height": "0",
```

```
"passthru":false,
"label":"MotorON",
"tool p":"","
"color":"","
"bgcolor":"","
"className":"","
"icon":"","
"payload":"{\"command\":\"motoron\"}",
"payloadType":"str",
"topic":"motoron",
"topicType":"s
tr", "x":360,
"y":160, "wires":[["625574ead9839b34"]]],
{
  "id":"659589baceb4e0b0",
  "type":"ui_button", "z":"630c8601c5ac3295",
  "name": "",
  "group":"716e956.00eed6c",
  "order":3,
  "width":0,
  "height":0,
  "passthru":true,
  "label":"MotorOFF",
  "tool p":"","
  "color":"","
  "bgcolor":"","
  "className":"","
  "icon":"","
  "payload":"{\"command\":\"motoroff\"}",
  "payloadType":"str",
  "topic":"motoroff",
  "topicType":"s
tr", "x":350,
```

```
"y":220, "wires":[["625574ead9839b34"]]], {"id":"ef745d48e395ccc0", "type":"ibmiot",
"name":"weather_monitor", "keepalive":"60",
"serverName":"","
"cleansession":true,
"appld":"",
"shared":false},
{"id":"716e956.00eed6c",
"type":"ui_group",
"name":"Form",
"tab":"7e62365e.b7e6b8
", "order":1,
"disp":true,
"width":"6",
"collapse":false},
{"id":"7e62365e.b7e6b8",
"type":"ui_tab",
"name":"control",
"icon":"dashboard
", "order":1,
"disabled":false,
"hidden":false}
]
```

```
[
```

```
{
```

```
"id":"b42b5519fee73ee2", "type":"ibmiot",
"z":"03acb6ae05a0c712",
"authentication":"apiKey",
"apiKey":"ef745d48e395ccc0",
```

```
"inputType":"evt",
"logicalInterface":"","
```



```

"ruleId":"","
"deviceId":"b827ebd607b5",
"applicationId":"","
"deviceType":"weather_monitor", "eventType":"+",
"commandType":"","
"format":"json",
"name":"IBMIoT",
"service":"registered",
"allDevices":"","
"allApplications":"","
"allDeviceTypes":"","
"allLogicalInterfaces":"","
"allEvents":true,
"allCommands":"","
"allFormats
":"",
"qos":0,
"x":270,
"y":180,
  "wires":[["50b13e02170d73fc","d7da6c2f5302ffaf","a949797028158f3f","a71f164bc378bcf1"]]
},
{
  "id":"50b13e02170d73fc
  ",
  "type":"function",
  "z":"03acb6ae05a0c712
  ", "name":"Soil
  Moisture",
  "func":"msg.payload = msg.payload.soil;\nglobal.set('s',msg.payload);\nreturn
msg;", "outputs":1, "noerr":
0,
  "initialize
  ":"",
  "finalize":"","
  "libs":
  [],

```

```
"x":490,
"y":120,
"wires":[["a949797028158f3f","ba98e701f55f04fe"]]
},
{
  "id":"d7da6c2f5302ffaf", "type":"func on",
  "z":"03acb6ae05a0c712",
  "name":"Humidity",
  "func":"msg.payload = msg.payload.pulse;\nglobal.set('p',msg.payload)\nreturn
msg;", "outputs":1, "noerr":
0,
  "initialize
":"",
  "finalize":"",

  "l
i
b
s
":[
],
"x
":
48
0,
  "y":260, "wires":[["a949797028158f3f","70a5b076eeb80b70"]]
},
{
  "id":"a949797028158f3f
",
  "type":"debug",
  "z":"03acb6ae05a0c712
", "name":"IBMo/p",
  "active":true,
  "toolbar":true,
  "console":false,
  "tostatus":false,
  "complete":"payload",
  "targetType":"msg",
```

```

"statusVal":"","
"statusType":"auto",
"x":780,
"y":180,
"wires":[]
},

{
  "id":"70a5b076eeb80b70",
  "type":"ui_gauge",
  "z":"03acb6ae05a0c712",
  "name":"",
  "group":"f4cb8513b95c98a4",
  "order":6,
  "width":"0",
  "height":"0",
  "gtype":"gage",
  "tle":"Humidity",
  "label":"Percentage%",
  "format":"{{value}}",
  "min":0,
  "max":"100",
  "colors":["#00b500","#e6e600","#ca3838"], "seg1":"","
  "seg2":"","
  "className":
  ":", "x":86
0,
"y":260,
"wires":[]
},

{
  "id":"a71f164bc378bcf1", "type":"func on",
  "z":"03acb6ae05a0c712",
  "name":"Temperature",
  "func":"msg.payload=msg.payload.temp;\nglobal.set('t',msg.payload);\nreturn msg;", "outputs":1,
  "noerr":

```

```
0,
"initialize
": "",
"finalize": "",
"|
i
b
s
": [
],
"x
":
49
0,
"y": 360,

"wires": [
["8e8b63b110c5ec2d", "a949797028158f3f"]
],
{
"id": "8e8b63b110c5ec2d",
"type": "ui_gauge",
"z": "03acb6ae05a0c712",
"name": "",
"group": "f4cb8513b95c98a4",
"order": 11,
"width": "0",
"height": "0",
"ctype": "gauge",
"t": "Temperature",
"label": "DegreeCelcius",
"format": "{{value}}",
"min": 0,
"max": "100",
"colors": [
"#00b500", "#e6e600", "#ca3838"
], "seg1": "",
"seg2": "",
"className
": ""
,
```

```
"x":790,
"y":360,
"wires":[]
},
{
  "id":"ba98e701f55f04fe",
  "type":"ui_gauge",
  "z":"03acb6ae05a0c712",
  "name": "",
  "group":"f4cb8513b95c98a4",
  "order":1,
  "width":0,
  "height":0,
  "gtype":"gage",

  "title":"Soil Moisture",
  "label":"Percentage(%)",
  "format":"{{value}}",
  "min":0,
  "max":100,
  "colors":["#00b500","#e6e600","#ca3838"], "seg1": "",
  "seg2": "",
  "className": "",
  "x":790,
  "y":120,
  "wires":[]
},
{
  "id":"a259673baf5f0f98",
  "type":"h pin",
  "z":"03acb6ae05a0c712",
  "name": "",
  "url":"/sensor",
  "method":"ge
```

```
t",
"upload":false,
"swaggerDoc":{
  "x":370,
  "y":500,
  "wires":[["18a8cdbf7943d27a"]]
},
{
  "id":"18a8cdbf7943d27a", "type":"function",
  "z":"03acb6ae05a0c712",
  "name":"http function",
  "func":"msg.payload{\"pulse\":global.get('p'),\"temp\":global.get('t'),\"soil\":global.get('s')};\nreturn msg;",
  "outputs":1,
  "noerr":0,

  "initialize":{
    "finalize":{
      "l
      i
      b
      s
      ":[
      ],
      "x
      ":
      63
      0,
      "y":500, "wires":[["5c7996d53a445412"]]
    },
    {
      "id":"5c7996d53a445412
      ",
      "type":"http response",
      "z":"03acb6ae05a0c712
      ", "name":{
```

```
"statusCode":"","  
  
"header  
s":{},  
"x":870,  
"y":500,  
  
"wires":[]  
  
},  
  
{  
  "id":"ef745d48e395ccc0",  
  "type":"ibmiot",  
  "name":"weather_monitor",  
  "keepalive":"60",  
  "serverName":"",  
  "cleansession":true,  
  "appld":"",  
  "shared":false},  
  
{  
  "id":"f4cb8513b95c98a4", "type":"ui_group",  
  "name":"monitor",  
  "tab":"1f4cb829.2fd  
ee8 ", "order":2,  
  "disp": true, "width  
":"6",  
  
  "collapse":f  
alse,  
  "className  
":"",  
},  
  
{  
  "id":"1f4cb829.2fdee8",  
  "type":"ui_tab",  
  "name":"Home",  
  "icon":"dashboard  
", "order":3,  
  "disabled":false,
```

```
"hidden":false }
```